

Quiz #1 - MA27L Vector Calculus

June 10, 2025

Abdon Morales (am226923)

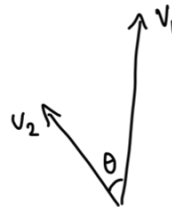
1. Consider the following vectors

$$v_1 = (2, -1, 1, 0, 1) \text{ and } v_2 = (1, 1, 0, -1, 2)$$

in \mathbb{R}^5 .

A. Dot Product and Planar Sketch

$$\begin{aligned} v_1 \cdot v_2 &= \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = 2(1) + (-1)(1) + (1)(0) + 0(-1) + 1(2) \\ &= 2 - 1 + 2 \\ &= \boxed{3} \end{aligned}$$



Which implies that the two vectors form an acute angle due to result of $v_1 \cdot v_2 > 0$.

B. Scalar Projection v_1 onto v_2 :

$$\text{proj } v_1 = v_1 \cdot \hat{v}_2 = |v_1| \cos \Theta$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{norm}(v_1) &= \sqrt{(2)^2 + (-1)^2 + (1)^2 + (0)^2 + (1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{4 + 1 + 1 + 1} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \sqrt{7}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{proj}(v_1 \mapsto v_2) &= \sqrt{7} \cdot \frac{3}{7} \\ &= \boxed{\frac{3}{\sqrt{7}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \Theta &= \frac{v_1 \cdot v_2}{|v_1| |v_2|} \\ &= \frac{3}{\sqrt{7} \cdot \sqrt{7}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{norm}(v_2) &= \sqrt{(1)^2 + (1)^2 + (0)^2 + (-1)^2 + (2)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{1 + 1 + 1 + 4} \\ &= \sqrt{7} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NOTE! } \text{proj } v_1 &\equiv \cancel{|v_1|} \frac{v_1 \cdot v_2}{\cancel{|v_1|} |v_2|} \\ &= \frac{v_1 \cdot v_2}{|v_2|} \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos \Theta = \frac{3}{7}$$

$\text{proj}(v_1 \mapsto v_2)$ represents the length of the shadow that v_1 casts onto the direction of v_2

