### 1(a). Caesar Cipher

```
class caesarCipher {
public static String encode(String enc, int offset) {
offset = offset \% 26 + 26;
StringBuilder encoded = new StringBuilder();
for (char i : enc.toCharArray()) {
if (Character.isLetter(i)) {
if (Character.isUpperCase(i)) {
encoded.append((char) ('A' + (i - 'A' + offset) % 26));
} else {
encoded.append((char) ('a' + (i - 'a' + offset) \% 26));
}
} else {
encoded.append(i);
}
return encoded.toString();
}
public static String decode(String enc, int offset) {
return encode(enc, 26 - offset);
}
public static void main(String[] args) throws java.lang.Exception {
String msg = "Transport";
System.out.println("Simulating Caesar Cipher\n----");
System.out.println("Input : " + msg);
System.out.printf("Encrypted Message : ");
System.out.println(caesarCipher.encode(msg, 3));
System.out.printf("Decrypted Message : ");
```

System.out.println(caesarCipher.decode(caesarCipher.encode(msg, 3), 3)); }}



## 1(b).Hill Cipher

```
class hillCipher {
/* 3x3 key matrix for 3 characters at once */
public static int[][] keymat = new int[][] \{ \{ 1, 2, 1 \}, \{ 2, 3, 2 \}, \}
{ 2, 2, 1 } }; /* key inverse matrix */
public static int[][] invkeymat = new int[][] \{ \{ -1, 0, 1 \}, \{ 2, -1, 0 \}, \{ -2, 2, -1 \} \}
} };
public static String key = "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ";
private static String encode(char a, char b, char c) {
String ret = "";
int x, y, z;
int posa = (int) a - 65;
int posb = (int) b - 65;
int posc = (int) c - 65;
x = posa * keymat[0][0] + posb * keymat[1][0] + posc * keymat[2][0];
y = posa * keymat[0][1] + posb * keymat[1][1] + posc * keymat[2][1];
z = posa * keymat[0][2] + posb * keymat[1][2] + posc * keymat[2][2];
a = \text{key.charAt}(x \% 26);
b = \text{key.charAt}(y \% 26);
c = \text{key.charAt}(z \% 26);
ret = "" + a + b + c;
return ret;
}
private static String decode(char a, char b, char c) {
String ret = "";
int x, y, z;
int posa = (int) a - 65;
```

```
int posb = (int) b - 65;
int posc = (int) c - 65;
x = posa * invkeymat[0][0] + posb * invkeymat[1][0] + posc *
invkeymat[2][0];
y = posa * invkeymat[0][1] + posb * invkeymat[1][1] + posc *
invkeymat[2][1];
z = posa * invkeymat[0][2] + posb * invkeymat[1][2] + posc *
invkeymat[2][2];
a = \text{key.charAt}((x \% 26 < 0) ? (26 + x \% 26) : (x \% 26));
b = \text{key.charAt}((y \% 26 < 0) ? (26 + y \% 26) : (y \% 26));
c = \text{key.charAt}((z \% 26 < 0) ? (26 + z \% 26) : (z \% 26));
ret = "" + a + b + c;
return ret;
public static void main(String[] args) throws java.lang.Exception {
String msg;
String enc = "";
String dec = "";
int n;
msg = ("Information");
System.out.println("simulation of Hill Cipher\n----");
System.out.println("Input message: " + msg);
msg = msg.toUpperCase();
msg = msg.replaceAll("\\s", "");
/* remove spaces */ n = msg.length() \% 3;
/* append padding text X */ if (n != 0) {
for (int i = 1; i \le (3 - n); i++) {
msg += 'X';
}
```

```
System.out.println("padded message : " + msg);
char[] pdchars = msg.toCharArray();
for (int i = 0; i < msg.length(); i += 3) {
  enc += encode(pdchars[i], pdchars[i + 1], pdchars[i + 2]);
}
System.out.println("encoded message : " + enc);
char[] dechars = enc.toCharArray();
for (int i = 0; i < enc.length(); i += 3) {
  dec += decode(dechars[i], dechars[i + 1], dechars[i + 2]);
}
System.out.println("decoded message : " + dec);
}</pre>
```

### 1(c). Playfair Cipher

```
import java.awt.Point;
class playfairCipher {
private static char[][] charTable;
private static Point∏ positions;
private static String prepareText(String s, boolean chgJtoI) {
s = s.toUpperCase().replaceAll("[^A-Z]", "");
return chgJtoI ? s.replace("J", "I") : s.replace("Q", "");
private static void createTbl(String key, boolean chgJtoI) {
charTable = new char[5][5];
positions = new Point[26];
String s = prepareText(key + "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ",
chgJtoI);
int len = s.length();
for (int i = 0, k = 0; i < len; i++) {
char c = s.charAt(i);
if (positions[c - 'A'] == null) {
charTable[k / 5][k \% 5] = c;
positions[c - 'A'] = new Point(k \% 5, k / 5);
k++;
private static String codec(StringBuilder txt, int dir) {
int len = txt.length();
for (int i = 0; i < len; i += 2) {
char a = txt.charAt(i);
char b = txt.charAt(i + 1);
```

```
int row1 = positions[a - 'A'].y;
int row2 = positions[b - 'A'].y;
int col1 = positions[a - 'A'].x;
int col2 = positions[b - 'A'].x;
if (row1 == row2) {
col1 = (col1 + dir) \% 5;
col2 = (col2 + dir) \% 5;
} else if (col1 == col2) {
row1 = (row1 + dir) \% 5;
row2 = (row2 + dir) \% 5;
} else {
int tmp = col1;
col1 = col2;
col2 = tmp;
txt.setCharAt(i, charTable[row1][col1]);
txt.setCharAt(i + 1, charTable[row2][col2]);
}
return txt.toString();
}
private static String encode(String s) {
StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder(s);
for (int i = 0; i < \text{sb.length}(); i += 2) {
if (i == sb.length() - 1) {
sb.append(sb.length() % 2 == 1 ? 'X' : "");
} else if (sb.charAt(i) == sb.charAt(i + 1)) {
sb.insert(i + 1, 'X');
return codec(sb, 1);
```

```
}
private static String decode(String s) {
return codec(new StringBuilder(s), 4);
 }
public static void main(String[] args) throws java.lang.Exception {
String key = "CSE";
String txt = "Communication Lab"; /* make sure string length is even */ /* change J
to I */
boolean chgJtoI = true;
createTbl(key, chgJtoI);
 String enc = encode(prepareText(txt, chgJtoI));
 System.out.println("Simulating Playfair Cipher\n----");
 System.out.println("Input Message : " + txt);
System.out.println("Encrypted Message : " + enc);
System.out.println("Decrypted Message: " + decode(enc));
    rosoft Windows [Version 10.0.22621.755]
Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved
 C:\Users\mklek>cd\
 C:\>cd security lab
 C:\security lab>javac hillCipher.java
 C:\security lab>java hillCipher
simulation of Hill Cipher
 ------input message : Information
padded message : INFORMATIONX
encoded message : SNNUZICVUIJL
decoded message : INFORMATIONX
 C:\security lab>javac playfairCipher.java
 C:\security lab>java playfairCipher
Simulating Playfair Cipher
 ------
Input Message : Communication Lab
Encrypted Message : BKREOROHSBUHKONSEZ
Decrypted Message : COMXMUNICATIONLABX
 C:\security lab>
```

# 1d. Vigenere Cipher

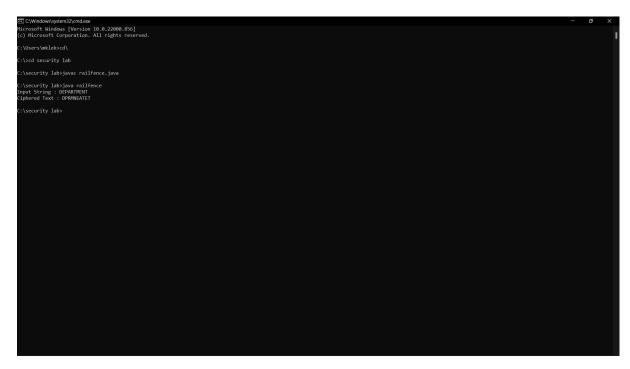
```
public class vigenereCipher {
static String encode(String text, final String key) {
String res = "";
text = text.toUpperCase();
for (int i = 0, j = 0; i < \text{text.length}(); i++) {
char c = text.charAt(i);
if (c < 'A' || c > 'Z') {
continue;
res += (char) ((c + key.charAt(j) - 2 * 'A') % 26 + 'A');
j = ++j \% key.length();
return res;
static String decode(String text, final String key) {
String res = "";
text = text.toUpperCase();
for (int i = 0, j = 0; i < \text{text.length}(); i++) {
char c = text.charAt(i);
if (c < 'A' || c > 'Z') {
continue;
res += (char) ((c - key.charAt(j) + 26) % 26 + 'A');
j = ++j \% key.length();
return res;
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) throws java.lang.Exception {
   String key = "VIGENERECIPHER";
   String msg = "Environment";
   System.out.println("Simulating Vigenere Cipher\n------");
   System.out.println("Input Message : " + msg);
   String enc = encode(msg, key);
   System.out.println("Encrypted Message : " + enc);
   System.out.println("Decrypted Message : " + decode(enc, key));
}
```

## 2(a).Rail Fence Cipher Transposition Technique

```
import java.util.*;
class RailFenceBasic{
int depth;
String Encryption(String plainText,int depth)throws Exception
 int r=depth,len=plainText.length();
 int c=len/depth;
 char mat[][]=new char[r][c];
 int k=0;
 String cipherText="";
 for(int i=0;i < c;i++)
 for(int j=0; j < r; j++)
  if(k!=len)
   mat[j][i]=plainText.charAt(k++);
  else
   mat[i][i]='X';
 for(int i=0;i < r;i++)
 for(int j=0; j < c; j++)
  cipherText+=mat[i][j];
 return cipherText;
String Decryption(String cipherText,int depth)throws Exception
 int r=depth,len=cipherText.length();
 int c=len/depth;
 char mat[][]=new char[r][c];
 int k=0;
 String plainText="";
```

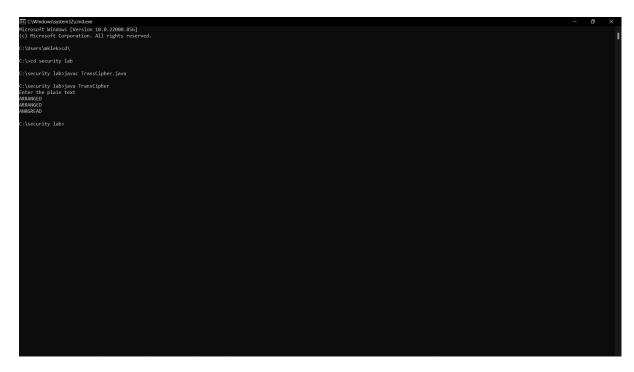
```
for(int i=0; i < r; i++)
 for(int j=0; j < c; j++)
  mat[i][j]=cipherText.charAt(k++);
 for(int i=0;i < c;i++)
 for(int j=0; j < r; j++)
  plainText+=mat[j][i];
 return plainText;
class RailFence{
public static void main(String args[])throws Exception
 RailFenceBasic rf=new RailFenceBasic();
          Scanner scn=new Scanner(System.in);
          int depth;
          String plainText,cipherText,decryptedText;
         System.out.println("Enter plain text:");
          plainText=scn.nextLine();
          System.out.println("Enter depth for Encryption:");
          depth=scn.nextInt();
 cipherText=rf.Encryption(plainText,depth);
 System.out.println("Encrypted text is:\n"+cipherText);
          decryptedText=rf.Decryption(cipherText, depth);
 System.out.println("Decrypted text is:\n"+decryptedText);
```



# 2(b).Row and Column Transformation Technique

```
import java.util.*;
class TransCipher {
public static void main(String args[]) {
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter the plain text");
String pl = sc.nextLine();
sc.close();
String s = "";
int start = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < pl.length(); i++) {
if(pl.charAt(i) == '') 
s = s + pl.substring(start, i);
start = i + 1;
s = s + pl.substring(start);
System.out.print(s);
System.out.println();
int k = s.length();
int l = 0;
int col = 4;
int row = s.length() / col;
char ch[][] = new char[row][col];
for (int i = 0; i < row; i++) {
for (int j = 0; j < col; j++) {
if (1 < k) {
ch[i][j] = s.charAt(1);
```

```
1++;
} else {
ch[i][j] = '\#';
char trans[][] = new char[col][row];
for (int i = 0; i < row; i++) {
for (int j = 0; j < col; j++) {
trans[j][i] = ch[i][j];
for (int i = 0; i < col; i++) {
for (int j = 0; j < row; j++) {
System.out.print(trans[i][j]);
System.out.println();
```



### 3.Data Encryption Standard (DES) Algorithm (User Message Encryption )

```
import java.security.InvalidKeyException;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
import javax.crypto.BadPaddingException;
import javax.crypto.Cipher;
import javax.crypto.IllegalBlockSizeException;
import javax.crypto.KeyGenerator;
import javax.crypto.NoSuchPaddingException;
import javax.crypto.SecretKey;
public class DES
public static void main(String[] argv) {
try{
System.out.println("Message Encryption Using DES Algorithm\n-----");
KeyGenerator keygenerator = KeyGenerator.getInstance("DES");
SecretKey myDesKey = keygenerator.generateKey();
Cipher desCipher;
desCipher = Cipher.getInstance("DES/ECB/PKCS5Padding");
desCipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT MODE, myDesKey);
byte[] text = "Secret Information ".getBytes();
System.out.println("Message [Byte Format] : " + text);
System.out.println("Message: " + new String(text));
byte[] textEncrypted = desCipher.doFinal(text);
System.out.println("Encrypted Message: " + textEncrypted);
desCipher.init(Cipher.DECRYPT MODE, myDesKey);
byte[] textDecrypted = desCipher.doFinal(textEncrypted);
System.out.println("Decrypted Message: " + new
String(textDecrypted));
```

```
}catch(NoSuchAlgorithmException e){
e.printStackTrace();
}catch(NoSuchPaddingException e){
e.printStackTrace();
}catch(InvalidKeyException e){
e.printStackTrace();
}catch(IllegalBlockSizeException e){
e.printStackTrace();
}catch(BadPaddingException e){
e.printStackTrace();
}
```

## 4. Advanced Encryption Standard (DES) Algorithm (URL Encryption)

```
import java.io.UnsupportedEncodingException;
import java.security.MessageDigest;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Base64;
import javax.crypto.Cipher;
import javax.crypto.spec.SecretKeySpec;
public class AES {
private static SecretKeySpec secretKey;
private static byte∏ key;
public static void setKey(String myKey) {
MessageDigest sha = null;
try {
key = myKey.getBytes("UTF-8");
sha = MessageDigest.getInstance("SHA-1");
key = sha.digest(key);
key = Arrays.copyOf(key, 16);
secretKey = new SecretKeySpec(key, "AES");
} catch (NoSuchAlgorithmException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
} catch (UnsupportedEncodingException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
}
public static String encrypt(String strToEncrypt, String secret) {
try {
setKey(secret);
```

```
Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES/ECB/PKCS5Padding");
cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT MODE, secretKey);
return
Base64.getEncoder().encodeToString(cipher.doFinal(strToEncrypt.getBytes("UTF-8")));
} catch (Exception e) {
System.out.println("Error while encrypting: " + e.toString());
return null;
public static String decrypt(String strToDecrypt, String secret) {
try {
setKey(secret);
Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES/ECB/PKCS5PADDING");
cipher.init(Cipher.DECRYPT MODE, secretKey);
return new
String(cipher.doFinal(Base64.getDecoder().decode(strToDecrypt)));
} catch (Exception e) {
System.out.println("Error while decrypting: " + e.toString());
return null;
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
final String secretKey = "annaUniversity";
String originalString = "www.annauniv.edu";
String encryptedString = AES.encrypt(originalString, secretKey);
String decryptedString = AES.decrypt(encryptedString, secretKey);
System.out.println("URL Encryption Using AES Algorithm\n-----");
System.out.println("Original URL: " + originalString);
System.out.println("Encrypted URL: " + encryptedString);
System.out.println("Decrypted URL: " + decryptedString);
```

}

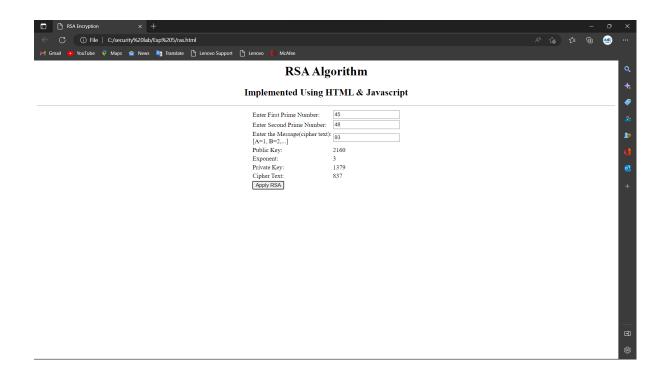


# 5. RSA Algorithm

<html></html>
<head></head>
<title>RSA Encryption</title>
<pre><meta content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" name="viewport"/></pre>
<body></body>
<center></center>
<h1>RSA Algorithm</h1>
<h2>Implemented Using HTML &amp; Javascript</h2>
<hr/> >
Enter First Prime Number:
<input id="p" type="number" value="53"/>
>
Enter Second Prime Number:
<input id="q" type="number" value="59"/>
Enter the Message(cipher text): br>[A=1, B=2,]
<input id="msg" type="number" value="89"/>
Public Key:

```
Exponent:
>
>
Private Key:
>
Cipher Text:
>
>
<button onclick="RSA();">Apply RSA</button>
</center>
</body>
<script type="text/javascript">
function RSA() {
```

```
var gcd, p, q, no, n, t, e, i, x;
gcd = function (a, b) { return (!b) ? a : gcd(b, a % b); };
p = document.getElementById('p').value;
q = document.getElementById('q').value;
no = document.getElementById('msg').value;
n = p * q;
t = (p - 1) * (q - 1);
for (e = 2; e < t; e++) {
if (\gcd(e, t) == 1) {
break;
}
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
x = 1 + i * t
if (x \% e == 0) {
d = x / e;
break;
}
ctt = Math.pow(no, e).toFixed(0);
ct = ctt \% n;
dtt = Math.pow(ct, d).toFixed(0);
dt = dtt \% n;
document.getElementById('publickey').innerHTML = n;
document.getElementById('exponent').innerHTML = e;
document.getElementById('privatekey').innerHTML = d;
document.getElementById('ciphertext').innerHTML = ct;
}
</script>
</html>
```



## 6. Diffie-Hellman key exchange algorithm

(S. Manoj Kumar-7577)

```
import java.util.*;
class DiffieHellmanAlgorithmExample {
  public static void main(String[] args)
     long P, G, x, a, y, b, ka, kb;
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Both the users should be agreed upon the public keys G and P");
     System.out.println("Enter value for public key G:");
     G = sc.nextLong();
     System.out.println("Enter value for public key P:");
     P = sc.nextLong();
     System.out.println("Enter value for private key a selected by user1:");
     a = sc.nextLong();
     System.out.println("Enter value for private key b selected by user2:");
     b = sc.nextLong();
     x = calculatePower(G, a, P);
    y = calculatePower(G, b, P);
     ka = calculatePower(y, a, P);
     kb = calculatePower(x, b, P);
     System.out.println("Secret key for User1 is:" + ka);
     System.out.println("Secret key for User2 is:" + kb);
  }
  private static long calculatePower(long x, long y, long P)
  {
    long result = 0;
    if (y == 1){
       return x;
     }
```

```
else {
    result = ((long)Math.pow(x, y)) % P;
    return result;
    }
}
```

## 7. SHA-1 Algorithm

```
import java.security.*;
public class sha {
public static void main(String[] a) {
try {
MessageDigest md = MessageDigest.getInstance("SHA1");
System.out.println("Message digest object info:\n-----");
System.out.println("Algorithm=" + md.getAlgorithm());
System.out.println("Provider=" + md.getProvider());
System.out.println("ToString=" + md.toString());
String input = "";
md.update(input.getBytes());
byte[] output = md.digest();
System.out.println();
System.out.println("SHA1(\"" + input + "\")=" + bytesToHex(output));
input = "abc";
md.update(input.getBytes());
output = md.digest();
System.out.println();
System.out.println("SHA1(\"" + input + "\")=" + bytesToHex(output));
input = "Jazz Music Night";
md.update(input.getBytes());
output = md.digest();
System.out.println();
System.out.println("SHA1(\"" + input + "\")=" + bytesToHex(output));
System.out.println();
} catch (Exception e) {
System.out.println("Exception:" + e);
```

```
}

private static String bytesToHex(byte[] b) {
    char hexDigit[] = { '0', '1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9', 'A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E', 'F' };
    StringBuffer buf = new StringBuffer();
    for (byte aB : b) {
        buf.append(hexDigit[(aB >> 4) & 0x0f]);
        buf.append(hexDigit[aB & 0x0f]);
    }
    return buf.toString();
}
```

## 8. Digital Signature Standard

```
import java.security.KeyPair;
import java.security.KeyPairGenerator;
import java.security.PrivateKey;
import java.security.Signature;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class CreatingDigitalSignature {
public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception {
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter some text");
String msg = sc.nextLine();
KeyPairGenerator keyPairGen = KeyPairGenerator.getInstance("DSA");
keyPairGen.initialize(2048);
KeyPair pair = keyPairGen.generateKeyPair();
PrivateKey privKey = pair.getPrivate();
Signature sign = Signature.getInstance("SHA256withDSA");
sign.initSign(privKey);
byte[] bytes = "msg".getBytes();
sign.update(bytes);
byte[] signature = sign.sign();
System.out.println("Digital signature for given text: "+new String(signature,
```

```
"UTF8"));
}
```

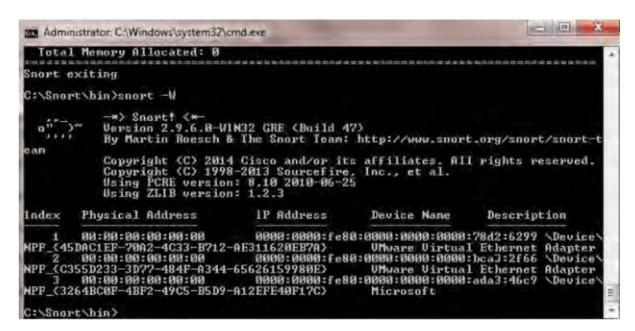
```
El CiWodowilydemi2/cmdee

- 0 X

Hitcrosoft Harlosoft Ha
```

### 9. Demonstration of Intrusion Detection System(IDS)

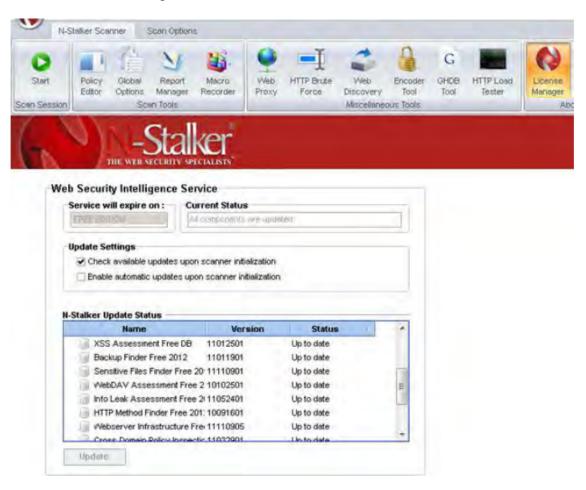
- 1. Download Snort from the Snort.org website.
- 2. Download Rules. must register to get the rules.
- 3. Double-click on the .exe to install snort.
- 4. Extract the Rules file. will need WinRAR for the .gz file.
- 5. Copy all files from the "rules" folder of the extracted folder. Now paste the rules into the "C:\Snort\rules" folder.
- 6. Copy the "snort. conf" file from the "etc" folder of the extracted folder. must paste it into the "C:\Snort\etc" folder.
- 7. Open a command prompt (cmd.exe) and navigate to the folder "C:\Snort\bin" folder. ( at the Prompt, type cd\snort\bin)
- 8. To start (execute) snort in sniffer mode use the following command: snort -dev -i 3 -i Indicates the interface number.

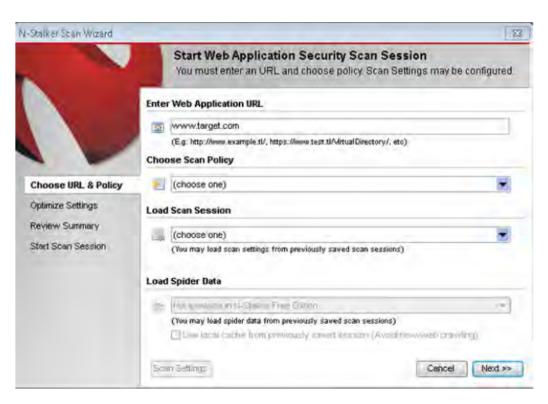


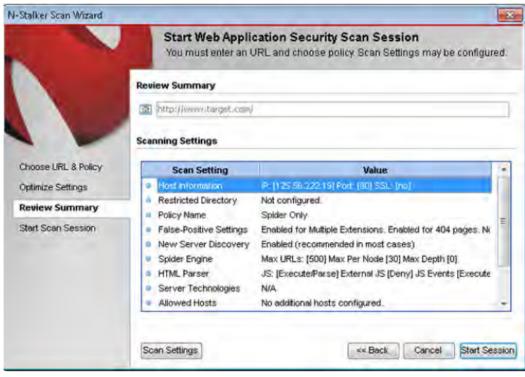
- 9. To run snort in IDS mode, will need to configure the file "snort. conf" according to r network environment.
- 10. To specify the network address that want to protect in snort.conf file, look for the following line.
- 11. To set the addresses of DNS SERVERS if have some on r network.
- 12. Change the RULE\_PATH variable to the path of the rules folder. var RULE\_PATH c:\snort\rules.
- 13. Change the path of all library files with the name and path on r system. and must change the path of snort dynamic preprocessor variable.
- 14. Change the path of the "dynamic engine" variable value in the "snort. conf" file.
- 15 Add the paths for the "include classification. config" and "include reference. config" files.
- 16. Remove the comment (#) on the line to allow ICMP rules, if it is commented with a #.
- 17. The comment of the ICMP-info rules comment if it is commented.
- 18. To add log files to store alerts generated by snort, search for the "output log" test in snort. conf and add the following line:
- 19. Comment (add a #) the whitelist \$WHITE LIST PATH/white list.rules and the blacklist
- 20. Comment out (#) the following lines:
- 21. Save the "snort. conf" file.
- 22. To start snort in IDS mode, run the following command:
- 23. Scan the computer running snort from another computer using PING or NMap (ZenMap).

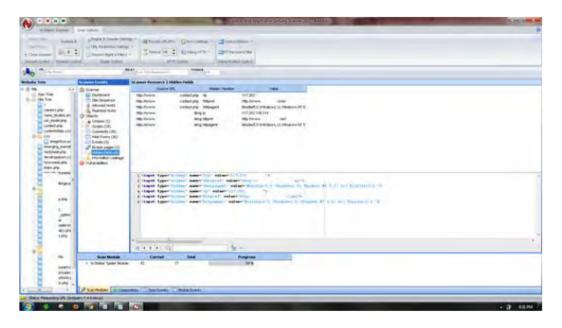
## 10. Exploring N-Stalker, a Vulnerability Assessment Tool

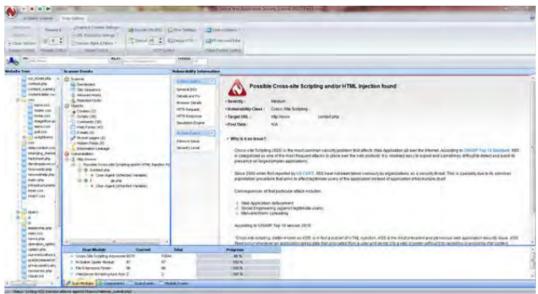
- 1. Start N-Stalker from a Windows computer. The program is installed under Start ➡ Programs ➡ N-Stalker ➡ N-Stalker Free Edition.
- 2. Enter a host address or a range of addresses to scan.
- 3. Click Start Scan.
- 4. After the scan completes, the N-Stalker Report Manager will prompt
- 5. To select a format for the resulting report and choose to Generate HTML.
- 6. Review the HTML report for vulnerabilities.









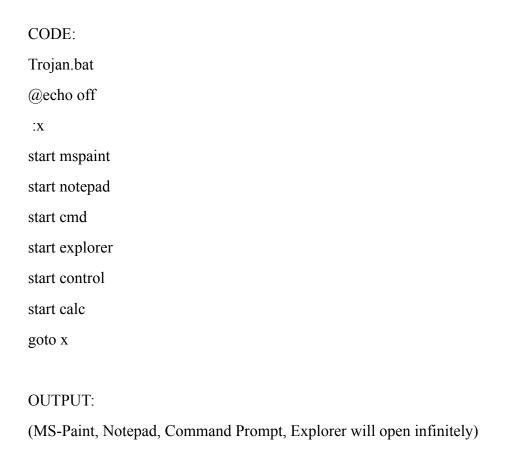


### 11(a) Defeating Malware - Building Trojans

#### Abdul Rahman S - 7881

### TROJAN:

- In computing, a Trojan horse, or trojan, is any malware which misleads users of its true intent.
- Trojans are generally spread by some form of social engineering, for example where a user is duped into executing an email attachment disguised to appear not suspicious, (e.g., a routine form to be filled in), or by clicking on some fake advertisement on social media or anywhere else.
- Although their payload can be anything, many modern forms act as a backdoor, contacting a controller which can then have unauthorized access to the affected computer.
- Trojans may allow an attacker to access users' personal information such as banking information, passwords, or personal identity.
- Example: Ransomware attacks are often carried out using a trojan.



## 11(b) Defeating Malware - Rootkit hunter

