

# UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

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CANDIDATE NAME								
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#### MATHEMATICS (SYLLABUS D)

4024/21

Paper 2

October/November 2012

2 hours 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials:

Geometrical instruments

Electronic calculator

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

#### Section A

Answer all questions.

#### Section B

Answer any four questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown in the space below that question.

Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

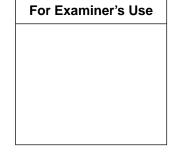
You are expected to use an electronic calculator to evaluate explicit numerical expressions.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For  $\pi$ , use either your calculator value or 3.142, unless the question requires the answer in terms of  $\pi$ .

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 100.



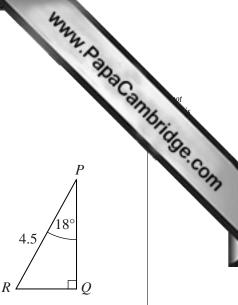
This document consists of 23 printed pages and 1 blank page.



## Section A [52 marks]

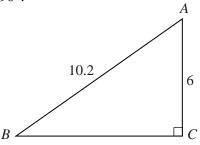
Answer all questions in this section.

1 (a) In triangle PQR,  $R\hat{P}Q = 18^{\circ}$ ,  $P\hat{Q}R = 90^{\circ}$  and PR = 4.5 m. Find PQ.



Answer ..... m [2]

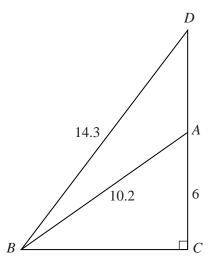
- **(b)** In triangle ABC, AB = 10.2 m, AC = 6 m and  $A\hat{C}B = 90^{\circ}$ .
  - (i) Find  $A\hat{B}C$ .



*Answer* ......[2]

3

(ii)



D is the point on CA produced such that  $BD = 14.3 \,\mathrm{m}$ .

Find AD.

*Answer* ..... m [4]

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2	(a)	(i)	Simplify	5p - (	(1-5p)+2.

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		bridge.con
Answer	[2]	

(ii) Solve the inequality 3 - 2x > 5.

**(b)** 
$$y = \frac{A + 2x}{x}$$
.

(i) Find y when x = A.

(ii) Rearrange the formula to make x the subject.

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- (c) Ada is x years old and Bill is y years old. Last year, Bill was 6 times as old as Ada.
  - (i) Form an equation in x and y and show that it simplifies to y = 6x 5.

[1]

(ii) In 19 years time, Bill will be twice as old as Ada.

Form another equation in x and y and show that it simplifies to y = 2x + 19.

[1]

(iii) Hence find the present ages of Ada and Bill.

Answer Ada's age ..... years

Bill's age ...... years [2]

1	Whe	n a p	makes pieces of furniture and sends them to a shop where they are sold. piece is sold, the shopkeeper receives 15% of the selling price, and Matthew receive able is sold for \$200.  Calculate the amount the shopkeeper receives.	Qt .
	he re		able is sold for \$200.	To.
		(i)	Calculate the amount the shopkeeper receives.	
			Answer \$[1]	
	(	(ii)	The cost of making this table was \$131.80.	
			Calculate the percentage profit that Matthew makes when this table is sold.	
			Answer % [3]	

lling price,

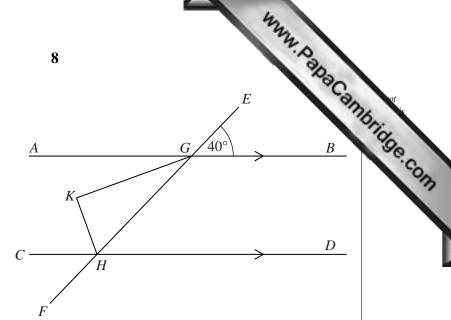
**(b)** Matthew made a bookcase.

The cost of making the bookcase was \$647.50. After the bookcase is sold and the shopkeeper has received 15% of the selling price, Matthew makes a profit of \$160.

Calculate the selling price of the bookcase.

Answer \$		[3]	
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(a) AB and CD are parallel. EGHF is a straight line. GK bisects  $A\widehat{GH}$  and HK bisects CĤG.  $E\hat{G}B = 40^{\circ}$ .



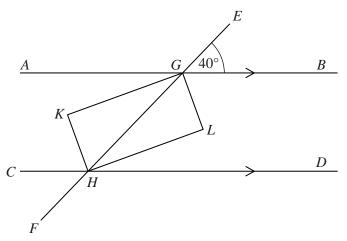
(**i**) Find *KĜH*.

Answer	Г11
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(ii) Find  $G\hat{H}K$ .

.....[1]

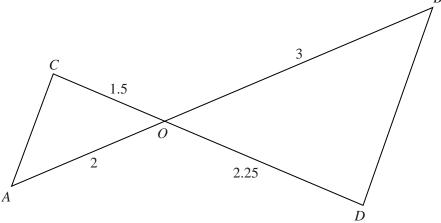
The bisectors of  $H\hat{G}B$  and  $D\hat{H}G$  intersect at L. (iii)



State the name of the special quadrilateral *HKGL* and give your reasons.

Answer HKGL is a	
because	
	[3]

**(b)** *AOB* and *COD* are straight lines.

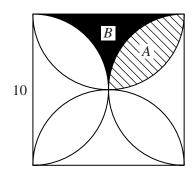


(i) Show that triangles *OCA* and *ODB* are similar.

Answer .					 	
		•••••		•••••	 	
						[2]
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 	[∠]

(ii) Given that BD = 2.7 cm, find AC.

1		г 1
Answer	 CIII	I





In **Diagram I**, four semicircles are drawn inside a square of side  $10 \, \text{cm}$ . Each semicircle has a side of the square as its diameter. Two regions, A and B, are shown.

(a) Calculate the perimeter of region A.

4		F 1 3
Answer	 cm	П

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(b) Calculate the perimeter of region B.

*Answer* ......cm [1]

**(c)** 

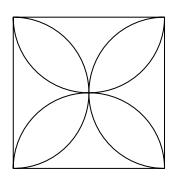


Diagram II

For Diagram II,

(i) draw all the lines of symmetry, [1]

(ii) state the order of rotational symmetry.

*Answer* .....[1]

(d) **Diagram III** shows the combined regions A and B shaded.

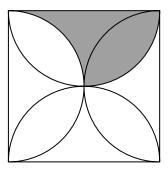


Diagram III

(i) Calculate the area of this shaded region.

Answer	cm <sup>2</sup>	[1]
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(ii) Hence calculate the area of region A shown in **Diagram I**.

Answer	cm <sup>2</sup>	[3]

			12			WWW. Papac	
The jour	ney times of 80	drivers are su	mmarised in tl	ne table.		acan	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
Time (t minutes)	$60 < t \le 80$	$80 < t \le 90$	$90 < t \le 95$	$95 < t \le 100$	$100 < t \le 110$	$110 < t \le 130$	Bridge Co
Number of drivers	4	10	14	20	24	8	.6

Answer		minutes	[3]
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**(b) (i)** A driver is chosen at random.

Find the probability that the journey time for this driver is 95 minutes or less.

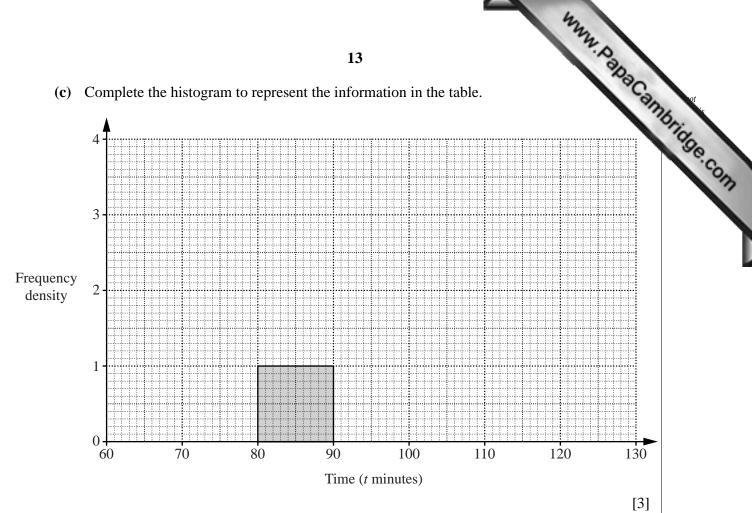
.....[1] Answer

(ii) Two drivers are chosen at random without replacement.

Calculate the probability that both their journey times are more than 100 minutes.

*Answer* ......[2]

(c) Complete the histogram to represent the information in the table.



## Section B [48 marks]

Answer four questions in this section.

Each question in this section carries 12 marks.

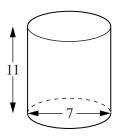
7 (a) Tuna chunks are sold in cylindrical tins.
The 130 g tin costs \$1.00 and the 185 g tin costs \$1.50.

Which one is the better value for money? Show all your working.

Answer	 [2]	ı
11101101	 L-J	ı

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**(b)** A closed cylindrical tin is 11 cm high and the base has a diameter of 7 cm.



(i) Calculate the volume of this tin.

Answer	 $cm^3$	[2]
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<i>Answer</i> cm <sup>2</sup> [	3]
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(iii) In addition to the surface area, a closed tin requires an extra 30 cm<sup>2</sup> of metal to allow the top, bottom and side to be joined together.

Calculate the area of metal required for 30 000 closed tins. Give your answer in square metres.

Answer .....  $m^2$  [2]

(c) Two geometrically similar jugs have volumes of 1000 cm<sup>3</sup> and 512 cm<sup>3</sup>.
 They have circular bases.
 The diameter of the base of the larger jug is 9 cm.

Calculate the diameter of the base of the smaller jug.





*Answer* ......cm [3]

$$y = x^3 - 2x^2 + 1.$$

The table below shows some values of x and the corresponding values of y, correct to 1 decimal place where appropriate.

X	-1	-0.5	0	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5
у	-2	0.4	1	0.6	0	-0.1	1	p

(	a`	Calculate $p$ .	Give	vour	ancwer	correct to	1	decimal	nlace
l	a,	) Calculate $p$ .	Give	your	answei	correct to	1	decimai	prace

- (b) On the graph paper opposite, using a scale of 2 cm to represent 1 unit on both axes, draw a horizontal x-axis for -2 ≤ x ≤ 3 and draw a vertical y-axis for -3 ≤ y ≤ 5.
   On your axes, plot the points given in the table and join them with a smooth curve. [3]
- (c) Use your graph to find all the solutions of  $x^3 2x^2 + 1 = 0$ .

Answer 
$$x = \dots [2]$$

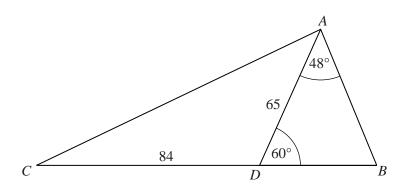
(d) By drawing a tangent, find the gradient of the curve at the point where x = -0.3.

- (e) The equation  $x^3 2x^2 x + 2 = 0$  can be solved by finding the intersection of the graphs of  $y = x^3 2x^2 + 1$  and the straight line y = x + a.
  - (i) Find the value of a.

(ii) Hence solve the equation  $x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2 = 0$ .

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A, B, C and D are four points on horizontal ground.

*CDB* is a straight line.

AD = 65 m and CD = 84 m.  $D\hat{A}B = 48^{\circ}$  and  $A\hat{D}B = 60^{\circ}$ .

(a) Calculate AB.

Answer	m	[3]
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**(b)** Calculate the area of triangle *ACD*.

Answer ..... 
$$m^2$$
 [2]

(c)	Calculate AC.	Bridge.com
	Answer m [4]	
<b>(d)</b>	A vertical tree of height 35 m stands at A.	
	P is the point on the line $BC$ such that the angle of elevation from the line $BC$ to the top of the tree is greatest.	
	Calculate this angle of elevation.	

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10 London is 320km from York.

A train travels from York to London at an average speed of x kilometres per hour.

(a) Write down an expression, in terms of x, for the time taken, in hours, for this train to travel from York to London.

Answer	 h	[1]

**(b)** A car travels from York to London.

The average speed of the car is 80 km/h slower than the average speed of the train.

Write down an expression, in terms of x, for the time taken, in hours, for the car to travel from York to London.

*Answer* ......h [2]

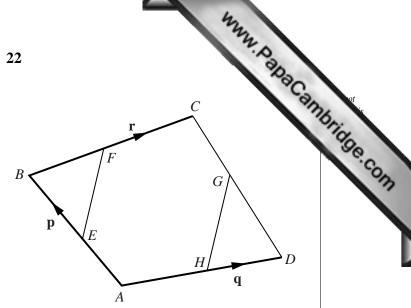
(c) The car took  $2\frac{1}{2}$  hours longer than the train.

Form an equation in x and show that it simplifies to  $x^2 - 80x - 10240 = 0$ .

	21	
(d)	Solve this equation, giving each solution correct to 1 decimal place.	bridge.com
(e)	Answer $x =$	

Answer ...... hours ...... minutes [2]

(a) E, F, G and H are the midpoints of 11 AB, BC, CD and DA respectively.  $\overrightarrow{AB} = \mathbf{p}, \overrightarrow{AD} = \mathbf{q} \text{ and } \overrightarrow{BC} = \mathbf{r}.$ 



- Find, in terms of  $\mathbf{p}$ ,  $\mathbf{q}$  and  $\mathbf{r}$  as appropriate
  - (a)  $\overrightarrow{EF}$ ,

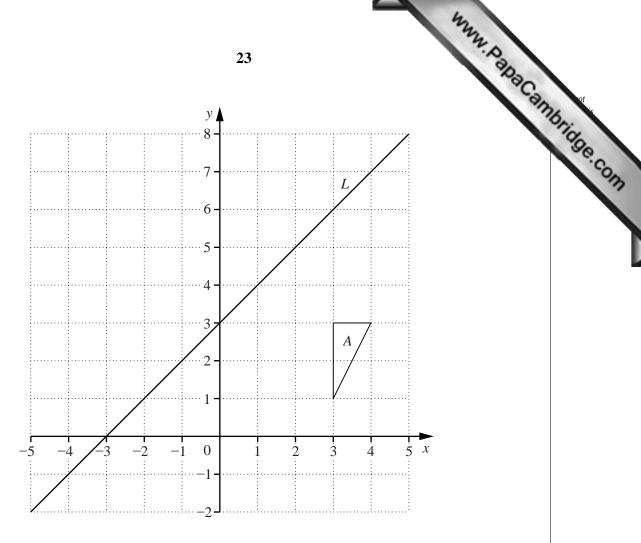
4	F 4 7	
Answer	  1	l

**(b)**  $\overrightarrow{DC}$ ,

(c)  $\overrightarrow{HG}$ , expressing the vector as simply as possible.

(ii) What conclusions can be drawn about the lines *EF* and *HG*?

**(b)** 



The grid shows triangle A and line L.

Triangle A is mapped onto triangle B by a reflection in line L. **(i)** Draw and label triangle *B*. [2]

Triangle A is mapped onto triangle C by a clockwise rotation of  $90^{\circ}$ , centre (0,3). (ii) Draw and label triangle *C*. [2]

Triangle C is mapped onto triangle D by a reflection in line L. (iii) Describe the single transformation that maps triangle B onto triangle D. 24

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