CHDX 03 SDG: 9

CHEMISTRY AND INSTRUMENTATION FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC

2 0 0 2

APPLICATIONS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: Synthesis, properties and applications of electrical and electronic devices.

COB2: Classification and types of fuel cells.

COB3: Types of sensors and their applications.

COB4: Principle, instrumentation and applications of analytical techniques.

MODULE I ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DEVICES 7

Solar Cell- Si solar cell, quantum dot solar cell, LCD: components, liquid crystals and their composition, electrodes — OLEDS: components, synthesis and modification of small molecules, polymers, phosphors - FRP-synthesis, properties and electrical applications - Solders: composition and uses — Capacitors: synthesis and modification of capacitor materials, fabrication.

MODULE II FUEL CELLS

7

Difference between batteries and fuel cells - classification of fuel cell (based on temperature and electrolyte) — principle, characteristic features, advantages, disadvantages and applications of polymer electrolyte membrane or proton exchange membrane fuel cell (PEMFC), direct methanol fuel cell (DMFC), alkaline fuel cell (AFC), phosphoric acid fuel cell (PAFC), molten carbonate fuel cell (MCFC), and solid oxide fuel cells (SOFC) microbial fuel cell, - hydrogen storage materials, challenges in using hydrogen as a fuel.

MODULE III SENSORS

7

Definition, receptor, transducer, classification of chemical sensors based on operating principle of transducer, lon-selective electrodes, Conductometric gas sensors (chemoresistors), Electrochemical sensors, Potentiometric MOSFET gas sensor, Touch sensors (oximeter, glucometer), Chemocapacitors, Biochips and microarray.

MODULE IV ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

9

Voltammetry: cyclic voltammetry, electrogravimetry - principle, instrumentation and applications of: UV-Vis spectrophotometry, Atomic emission spectroscopy-Photoluminescence spectrophotometry, atomic absorption spectrophotometry — FT-IR spectroscopy, Raman spectroscopy, TGA-DTA analyzer, TEM.

L -30; Total Hours - 30