



# STUDENT REPORT

## DETAILS

Name

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Roll Number

KUB23CSE002

## EXPERIMENT

Title

SUM OF NUMBERS AT PRIME FACTORS

Description

Prime factors of a positive integer are the prime numbers that divide that integer exactly.

Given an array arr of n integers and a positive integer num.

Let's suppose prime factorization of num is:  $p^a \times q^b \times r^c \times \dots \times z^f$ , where p,q,r...z are prime numbers.

Sum of numbers in array arr at indices of prime factors of number num is:  $a \times arr[p] + b \times arr[q] + c \times arr[r] + \dots + f \times arr[z]$ .

You are given an array arr of size n and a positive integer num. You are required to calculate the sum of numbers in arr as mentioned above, and print the same.

Note:

- If arr is empty, print -1.
- If prime factor of num not found as indices, print 0.

Input Format:

The input consists of three lines:

- The first line contains an integer, i.e. n.
- The second line contains an array arr of length of n.
- The third line contains an integer num

The input will be read from the STDIN by the candidates.

Output Format:

Print the sum that was mentioned in the problem statement.

Example:

Input:

6

11 21 32 45 1 23

6

Output:

77

Explanation:

$$6=2^1 \times 3^1$$

$$\text{sum}=1*\text{arr}[2]+1*\text{arr}[3]=1*32+1*45=77$$

**Source Code:**

```
def prime_factor_sum(arr, num):  
    if not arr:  
        return -1  
  
    # Function to get prime factors of num  
    def get_prime_factors(n):  
        factors = set()  
        for i in range(2, n + 1):  
            while n % i == 0:  
                factors.add(i)  
                n //= i  
        return factors  
  
    factors = get_prime_factors(num)  
    total_sum = sum(arr[f] for f in factors if f < len(arr))  
  
    return total_sum if total_sum > 0 else 0  
  
# Input reading  
n = int(input())  
arr = list(map(int, input().split()))  
num = int(input())  
print(prime_factor_sum(arr, num))
```

**RESULT**

2 / 5 Test Cases Passed | 40 %