



ASSIGNMENT # 01

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Department: Computer Science

Program: BSCS

Semester: Fall 2024

Section Code:

Course Title: Object Oriented programming

Course Code:

Course Instructor: Kamran khan

Lab Session 7 (Open-Ended Lab assignment)

Open Ended Lab	
Blooms Taxonomy	GAs
C3	GA-2
A2	GA-6

Title:

Build Your Own Mini Application with OOP

Objective:

To design and implement a mini-application using Object-Oriented Programming concepts. Students will apply OOP principles such as encapsulation, inheritance, polymorphism, and abstraction to develop a real-world application of their choice.

Methodology:**1. Proposal Submission (Initial Planning)**

Each student or team will submit a brief proposal outlining the application they want to create. The proposal should include:

- The problem they aim to solve.
- The application's purpose and expected functionality.
- A list of classes, objects, and methods they plan to implement.
- Justification for how they will use key OOP principles (encapsulation, inheritance, polymorphism, abstraction).

2. Design Phase (Class Diagram and Structure)

Develop a UML class diagram to represent the relationships between classes in their application.

- Identify attributes and methods for each class.
- Outline inheritance hierarchies and any abstract classes or interfaces.

3. Coding Phase (Implementing Core Features)

Implement the application based on the design plan. Emphasize:

- **Encapsulation:** Use private/protected attributes and appropriate getters and setters.
- **Inheritance:** Implement a base class and at least one derived class.
- **Polymorphism:** Use method overriding and polymorphic behavior where possible.
- **Abstraction:** If applicable, use abstract classes or interfaces.

4. Advanced Feature Implementation (Optional)

Add additional features or optimizations to enhance the application. Examples:

- **Persistence:** Save and retrieve data from a file or database.
- **Design Patterns:** Apply any relevant design patterns (e.g., Singleton, Factory).
- **Error Handling:** Implement error handling to manage invalid inputs or system errors.

Deliverables:

1. A one-page document detailing the application idea and initial design.
2. A class diagram with a brief explanation of each class and its responsibilities within the application.
3. A working codebase with well-documented code and inline comments explaining each class and method.
4. An enhanced version of the application code with documentation.

Suggested Application Ideas

Here are some open-ended application ideas to inspire creativity:

1. **Library Management System**
 - Track books, patrons, and loans.
 - Use inheritance for different book genres or patron types.
2. **Task Management App**
 - Create tasks, set deadlines, and assign priorities.
 - Use polymorphism for different task categories (e.g., Work, Personal).
3. **Inventory System for a Retail Store**
 - Manage stock, sales, and customer details.
 - Implement inheritance for different product categories.
4. **Simple Game (e.g., Card Game, Tic-Tac-Toe)**
 - Design classes for players, game mechanics, and rules.
 - Use polymorphism to support multiple types of moves or actions.
5. **Student Grading System**
 - Track student grades, subjects, and calculate averages.
 - Implement inheritance for different student categories (e.g., Full-Time, Part-Time).

Assessment Criteria

- **Creativity:** Originality and thoughtfulness of the application idea.
- **OOP Principles:** Proper and effective use of encapsulation, inheritance, polymorphism, and abstraction.
- **Design Quality:** Clarity, completeness, and accuracy of the class diagram.
- **Functionality:** The application works as expected and meets the initial requirements.
- **Code Quality:** Code readability, structure, and use of comments.
- **Documentation:** Quality of documentation, explaining the classes, methods, and program structure.

Reflection Report

After completing the project, each student/team will write a short reflection report addressing:

- Challenges faced during the project.
- How they applied each OOP concept.
- Potential improvements if given more time.

Learning Outcomes

By the end of this lab, students will:

- Gain hands-on experience in designing and implementing an OOP-based application.
- Understand and apply OOP principles in a real-world context.
- Develop skills in software planning, problem-solving, and project management

Code:

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;

class Person {
    private String name;
    private int age;
    private String contact;

    public Person(String name, int age, String contact) {
        this.name = name;
        this.age = age;
        this.contact = contact;
    }

    public String getName() {
        return name;
    }

    public int getAge() {
        return age;
    }

    public String getContact() {
        return contact;
    }

    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return "Name: " + name + ", Age: " + age + ", Contact: " + contact;
    }
}

class Employee extends Person {
    private static int employeeCounter = 0;
    private final int employeeId;
    private String designation;
    private double salary;

    public Employee(String name, int age, String contact, String designation,
double salary) {
        super(name, age, contact);
        this.employeeId = ++employeeCounter;
    }
}
```

```
        this.designation = designation;
        this.salary = salary;
    }

    public int getEmployeeId() {
        return employeeId;
    }

    public String getDesignation() {
        return designation;
    }

    public void setDesignation(String designation) {
        this.designation = designation;
    }

    public double getSalary() {
        return salary;
    }

    public void setSalary(double salary) {
        this.salary = salary;
    }

    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return "ID: " + employeeId + ", " + super.toString() + ", Designation: "
+ designation + ", Salary: " + salary;
    }
}

class EmployeeManagementSystem {
    private List<Employee> employees = new ArrayList<>();

    public void addEmployee(String name, int age, String contact, String
designation, double salary) {
        Employee emp = new Employee(name, age, contact, designation, salary);
        employees.add(emp);
        System.out.println("Employee " + name + " added successfully!");
    }

    public void viewEmployees() {
        if (employees.isEmpty()) {
            System.out.println("No employees found!");
        } else {
```

```
        for (Employee emp : employees) {
            System.out.println(emp);
        }
    }

    public void searchEmployee(String searchKey) {
        List<Employee> results = new ArrayList<>();
        for (Employee emp : employees) {
            if (String.valueOf(emp.getEmployeeId()).equalsIgnoreCase(searchKey)
                || emp.getName().equalsIgnoreCase(searchKey)) {
                results.add(emp);
            }
        }
        if (results.isEmpty()) {
            System.out.println("No matching employees found!");
        } else {
            for (Employee emp : results) {
                System.out.println(emp);
            }
        }
    }

    public void updateEmployee(int empId, String designation, Double salary) {
        for (Employee emp : employees) {
            if (emp.getEmployeeId() == empId) {
                if (designation != null) {
                    emp.setDesignation(designation);
                }
                if (salary != null) {
                    emp.setSalary(salary);
                }
                System.out.println("Employee " + empId + " updated successfully!");
                return;
            }
        }
        System.out.println("Employee not found!");
    }

    public void deleteEmployee(int empId) {
        Iterator<Employee> iterator = employees.iterator();
        while (iterator.hasNext()) {
            Employee emp = iterator.next();
            if (emp.getEmployeeId() == empId) {
```

```
        iterator.remove();
        System.out.println("Employee " + empId + " deleted
successfully!");
        return;
    }
}
System.out.println("Employee not found!");
}

public void saveToFile(String filename) {
    try (ObjectOutputStream oos = new ObjectOutputStream(new
FileOutputStream(filename))) {
        oos.writeObject(employees);
        System.out.println("Data saved to file successfully!");
    } catch (IOException e) {
        System.out.println("Error saving to file: " + e.getMessage());
    }
}

@SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
public void loadFromFile(String filename) {
    try (ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(new
FileInputStream(filename))) {
        employees = (List<Employee>) ois.readObject();
        System.out.println("Data loaded from file successfully!");
    } catch (IOException | ClassNotFoundException e) {
        System.out.println("Error loading from file: " + e.getMessage());
    }
}
}

public class EmployeeManagement {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        EmployeeManagementSystem system = new EmployeeManagementSystem();
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        while (true) {
            System.out.println("\n--- Employee Management System ---");
            System.out.println("1. Add Employee");
            System.out.println("2. View Employees");
            System.out.println("3. Search Employee");
            System.out.println("4. Update Employee");
            System.out.println("5. Delete Employee");
            System.out.println("6. Save to File");
            System.out.println("7. Load from File");
```



```
System.out.println("8. Exit");
System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");

int choice = scanner.nextInt();
scanner.nextLine();

switch (choice) {
    case 1:
        System.out.print("Enter name: ");
        String name = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Enter age: ");
        int age = scanner.nextInt();
        scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Enter contact: ");
        String contact = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Enter designation: ");
        String designation = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Enter salary: ");
        double salary = scanner.nextDouble();
        system.addEmployee(name, age, contact, designation, salary);
        break;

    case 2:
        system.viewEmployees();
        break;

    case 3:
        System.out.print("Enter employee ID or name to search: ");
        String searchKey = scanner.nextLine();
        system.searchEmployee(searchKey);
        break;

    case 4:
        System.out.print("Enter employee ID to update: ");
        int empId = scanner.nextInt();
        scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Enter new designation (leave blank to
skip): ");

        String newDesignation = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Enter new salary (leave blank to skip): ");
        String salaryInput = scanner.nextLine();
        Double newSalary = salaryInput.isEmpty() ? null :
Double.parseDouble(salaryInput);
        system.updateEmployee(empId, newDesignation.isEmpty() ? null
: newDesignation, newSalary);
```

```
        break;

    case 5:
        System.out.print("Enter employee ID to delete: ");
        empId = scanner.nextInt();
        system.deleteEmployee(empId);
        break;

    case 6:
        System.out.print("Enter filename to save: ");
        String saveFile = scanner.next();
        system.saveToFile(saveFile);
        break;

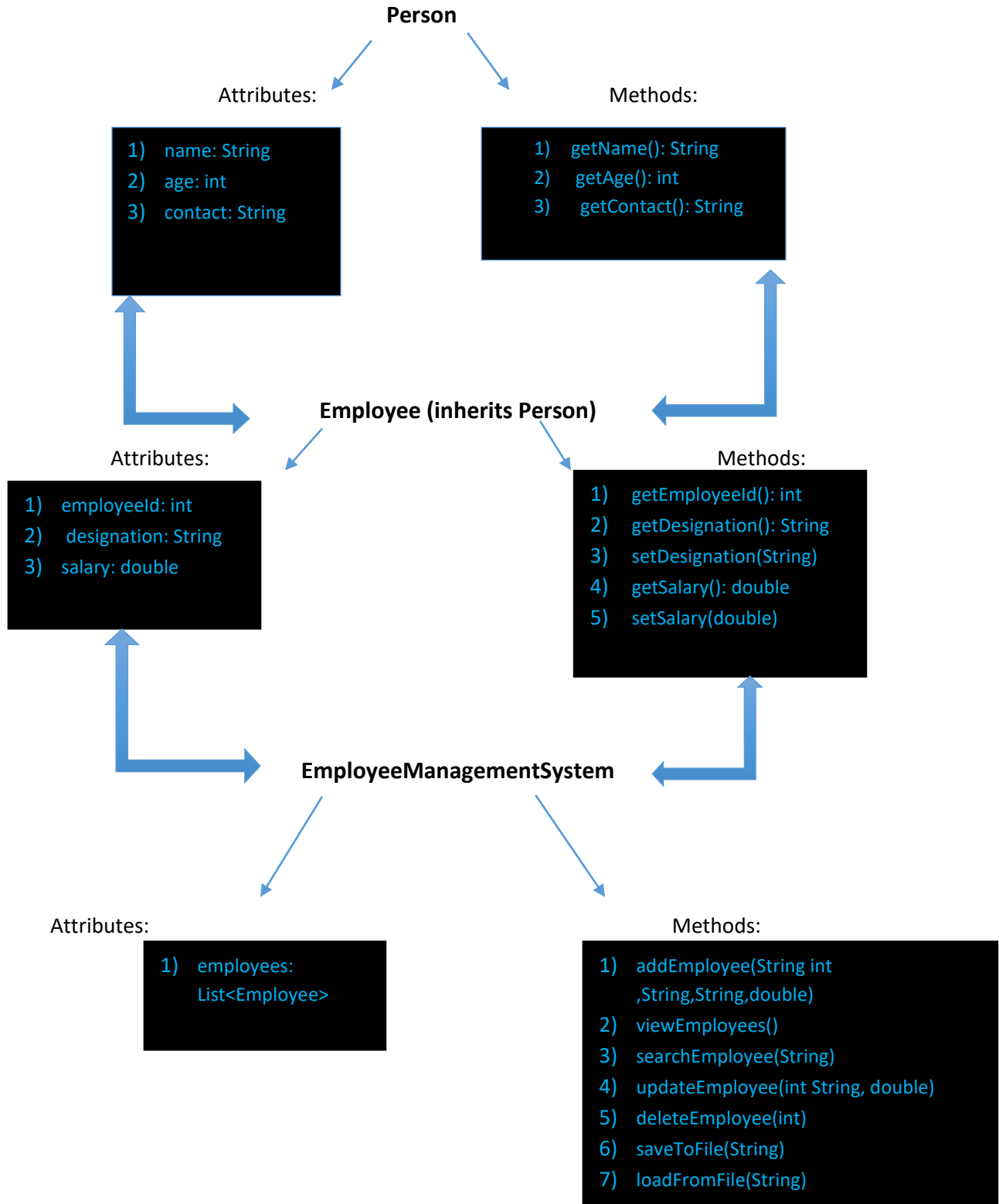
    case 7:
        System.out.print("Enter filename to load: ");
        String loadFile = scanner.next();
        system.loadFromFile(loadFile);
        break;

    case 8:
        System.out.println("Exiting the system. Goodbye!");
        scanner.close();
        return;

    default:
        System.out.println("Invalid choice! Please try again.");
    }
}
}
```

UML Diagram: Employee Management System

This UML class diagram illustrates the Employee Management System, demonstrating the relationships and methods between classes. Shapes are scaled for visibility.



OUTPUT:

Adding an Employee:

```
--- Employee Management System ---
```

1. Add Employee
2. View Employees
3. Search Employee
4. Update Employee
5. Delete Employee
6. Save to File
7. Load from File
8. Exit

```
Enter your choice: 1
```

```
Enter name: abc
```

```
Enter age: 25
```

```
Enter contact: 0900000000
```

```
Enter designation: sales
```

```
Enter salary: 50000
```

```
Employee abc added successfully!
```

```
--- Employee Management System ---
```

1. Add Employee
2. View Employees
3. Search Employee
4. Update Employee
5. Delete Employee
6. Save to File
7. Load from File
8. Exit

```
Enter your choice: 
```

Checking Employees:

```
--- Employee Management System ---
1. Add Employee
2. View Employees
3. Search Employee
4. Update Employee
5. Delete Employee
6. Save to File
7. Load from File
8. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
ID: 1, Name: abc, Age: 25, Contact: 090000000, Designation: sales, Salary: 50000.0
```

Searching an Employee:

```
--- Employee Management System ---
1. Add Employee
2. View Employees
3. Search Employee
4. Update Employee
5. Delete Employee
6. Save to File
7. Load from File
8. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Enter employee ID or name to search: abc
ID: 1, Name: abc, Age: 25, Contact: 090000000, Designation: sales, Salary: 50000.0
```

Updating an Employee:

```
--- Employee Management System ---
1. Add Employee
2. View Employees
3. Search Employee
4. Update Employee
5. Delete Employee
6. Save to File
7. Load from File
8. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
Enter employee ID to update: 1
Enter new designation (leave blank to skip): Manager
Enter new salary (leave blank to skip): 70000
Employee 1 updated successfully!
```

Deleting An Employee:

```
--- Employee Management System ---
1. Add Employee
2. View Employees
3. Search Employee
4. Update Employee
5. Delete Employee
6. Save to File
7. Load from File
8. Exit
Enter your choice: 5
Enter employee ID to delete: 1
Employee 1 deleted successfully!
```