



# Daffodil International University

Faculty of Science and Information Technology

Department of Computer Science & Engineering

Midterm Examination, Semester: Spring 2024

Course Code: CSE221 Course Title: Object Oriented Programming II

Level: Term: L3 T1 Batch: 61 Section: All

Time: 01:30H [Answer all the Questions. Obtain marks in the right side] Full marks: 25

1.	a.	Illustrate the various methods for defining function parameters in Python, furnishing examples for each scenario, demonstrating a comprehension of the diverse approaches avail.	[2.5]	CO1				
	b.	Demonstrate the role of expressions and sequence processing functions in Python sequences, and exemplify their usage, showcasing a comprehension of their functions within the context of sequences.	[2.5]					
2.	a.	Develop a Python code to determine the count of vowels in a given string, applying the concept of string manipulation and character analysis. <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Sample Input</th><th>Sample Output</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Enter a sentence: Object Oriented Programming</td><td>The number of vowels in the sentence is 9</td></tr></tbody></table>	Sample Input	Sample Output	Enter a sentence: Object Oriented Programming	The number of vowels in the sentence is 9	[3]	CO2
Sample Input	Sample Output							
Enter a sentence: Object Oriented Programming	The number of vowels in the sentence is 9							
	b.	Construct a Python program for a small bookstore that utilizes conditionals to calculate the total cost of book purchases, incorporating various discounts based on the quantity of books bought, showcasing an application of conditional logic in a real-world scenario: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>i. Input the number of books the customer wants to purchase, along with the price of each book.</li><li>ii. Calculate the total cost based on the following discount scheme:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ If the user purchases 1 to 3 books, there is no discount.</li><li>▪ If the user purchases 4 to 10 books, apply a 10% discount.</li><li>▪ If the user purchases more than 10 books, apply a 20% discount.</li></ul></li><li>iii. Displays the total cost with the applied discount.</li></ul> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Sample Input</th><th>Sample Output</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Enter the number of books: 4 Price of book-1: 200 Price of book-2: 350 Price of book-3: 250 Price of book-4: 200</td><td>Total Cost: 1000tk Total Payable Cost: 900tk (10% discount applied for purchasing 4 to 10 books)</td></tr></tbody></table>	Sample Input	Sample Output	Enter the number of books: 4 Price of book-1: 200 Price of book-2: 350 Price of book-3: 250 Price of book-4: 200	Total Cost: 1000tk Total Payable Cost: 900tk (10% discount applied for purchasing 4 to 10 books)	[6]	
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- c. You're to develop a movie recommendation system. You have dictionary named as `movies`, where each key is a movie title and the value is a list of genres (e.g. "action", "comedy", "thriller"). You also have a user's favorite genres stored in a list of user genres.

Create a function that recommends movies (`movies`, `user genres`) that takes the `movies` dictionary and the `user genres` list as input and returns a list of movie titles recommended for the user. The recommendation logic should prioritize movies that share the most genres with the user's favorites.

Sample Input	Sample Output
<pre>movies = {     "The Shawshank Redemption": ["drama"],     "The Godfather": ["crime", "drama"],     "The Dark Knight": ["action", "crime", "thriller"],     "Fight Club": ["drama", "thriller"] }  user_genres = ["action", "thriller"]</pre>	<pre>Recommendations = ["The Dark Knight", "Fight Club"]</pre>

3. a. Evaluate the following code for potential errors. If any, identify the location of the error. If the code is correct, provide the expected output. [2]

```
1 numbers = (1, 2, 3)
2 numbers[1] = 5
3 print(numbers)
```

- b. Determine the output of the given code, exhibiting a comprehension of the code's execution. [3]

```
1 import random
2
3 n = []
4 for v in range(0, 11):
5     n.append(random.randint(0, 100))
6
7 for i in range(50, 100):
8     for j in n:
9         if j == i:
10             print(j, end=" ")
11
```

Note: Consider, the following list of integer values for the `randint()` function: [64, 19, 100, 6, 68, 92, 62, 5, 15, 98, 55]