Super Market Sales Analysis Report

PROJECT OVERVIEW:

This project focuses on analyzing and visualizing supermarket sales data to gain valuable insights into sales performance, customer behavior, and product trends. The dataset includes information about customer demographics, sales transactions, product categories, and taxes, providing a comprehensive foundation for exploring various aspects of the business.

Objective:

The main goal is to make a clear and useful Power BI report. This report will help answer important questions about sales, customers, and products. It will also help in making better decisions for improving sales, attracting customers, and managing stock.

Data Dictionary:

The dataset contains the following columns:

- 1. **Gender**: Represents Male or Female Customers.
- 2. Invoice ID: A unique identifier for each sales transaction.
- 3. **Branch**: Represents the branch where the sale occurred. Dataset includes 3 branches: A, B & C.
- 4. **City**: The city where the branch is located.
- 5. **Customer Type**: Specifies whether the customer is a "Member" or a "Normal" customer.
- 6. **Product Line**: Includes the category of the products.
- 7. Unit Price: The price of a single unit of the product.
- 8. **Quantity**: The number of units purchased in the transaction.
- 9. **Tax 5%**: The tax applied to the transaction, which is calculated as 5% of the total purchase value.

Results:

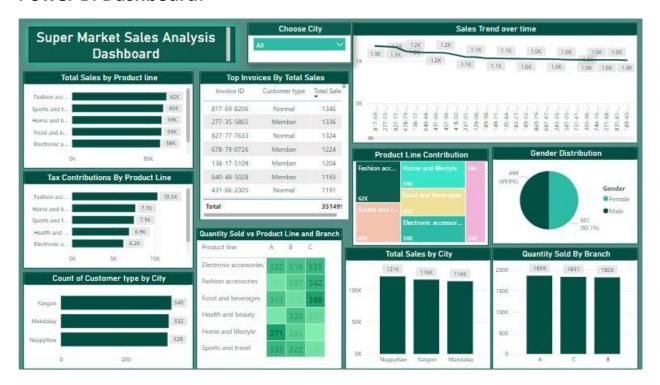
1. Power BI Dashboard:

- 1. Simple visuals to show sales trends, customer behavior, and product performance.
- 2. Filters to explore data by branch, city, and product categories.

2. Key Insights:

- 1. Which product lines or cities are doing well.
- 2. How members and non-members shop differently.
- 3. Where improvements can be made to grow sales.

Power Bi Dashboard:



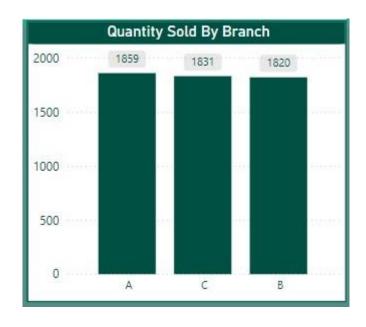
Problem Statement:

Q1. Which product line generates the most revenue?



This bar graph shows that which of the product category is generating the most revenue. It can be seen that the fashion accessories demand is the highest generating the highest revenue from the other categories. The sales figures are relatively close across categories, showing a balanced demand for most products.

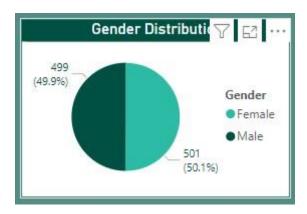
Q2. How does the quantity sold vary across branches? Visualization:



With the help of a clustered column chart we have identified the quantity sold by each branch. The differences in quantities sold are minimal, indicating that all three branches perform consistently in terms of sales volume. This balance suggests that the supermarket chain has an evenly distributed customer base across its branches, with no branch significantly outperforming or underperforming.

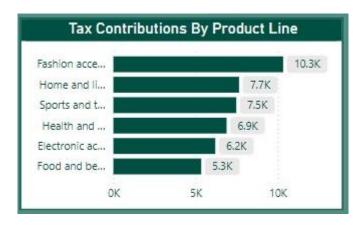
Q3. What is the gender distribution of customers?

Visualization:



A pie chart shows that the distribution of male and female consumers is almost equal, suggesting that there is no obvious gender gap in the supermarket's customers.

Q4. Which product line contributes the most tax?



The Fashion Accessories product line contributes the highest tax revenue, aligning with its status as the top revenue generator. Other product lines, such as Sports and Travel, also contribute significantly.

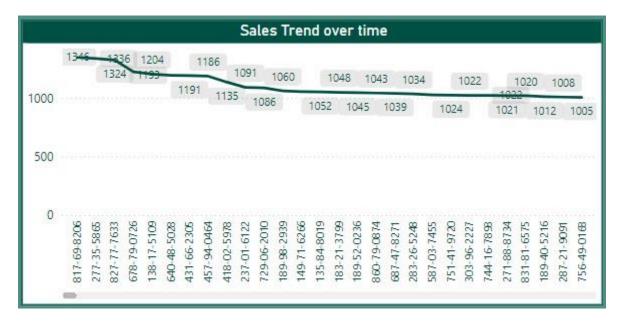
Q5. What are the top-sales by each city?

Visualization:



The bar chart by city shows that Yangon leads in total sales, followed by Naypyitaw and Mandalay. This suggests that Yangon is a key market for the supermarket chain.

Q6. What is the trend of sales over time?



The line chart displays a consistent upward trend in sales over time, indicating growing customer engagement and successful sales strategies.

Q7. Which branch contributes the most revenue and how does it compare across product lines?



Using the heat map, we have identified that Branch A generates the most revenue, with Fashion Accessories standing out as the top-performing category across all branches. This reflects the high demand for this product line. Branch C and Branch B also contribute significantly to overall revenue, showcasing a well-balanced performance across multiple product lines. These insights underline the consistent operations and customer engagement across all branches, with opportunities to further maximize revenue by focusing on high-demand categories and tailoring strategies for each branch.

Q8. What is the relationship between the number of units purchased and the total revenue?

Visualization:



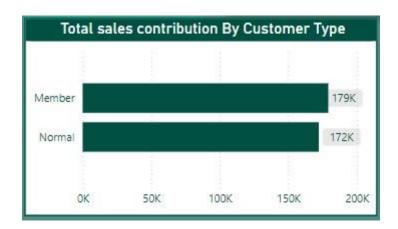
A scatter plot shows a positive correlation between the number of units purchased and total revenue. Larger quantities purchased generally lead to higher revenue, emphasizing the importance of bulk sales.

Q9. Which city had the most customers?



From the customer distribution chart, Yangon emerges as the city with the highest number of customers, reinforcing its status as a top-performing location.

Q10. Do members contribute more sales compared to normal customers?



The bar chart indicates that Members consistently contribute higher sales than Normal Customers, highlighting the value of loyalty programs and customer memberships.

Conclusion:

The analysis provides detailed insights into product performance, customer demographics, and branch contributions. Fashion Accessories emerge as the top-performing category, while Yangon leads in sales and customer base. Branch A consistently performs well, but other branches are not far behind. These findings highlight the supermarket chain's operational consistency and opportunities for targeted improvements, such as boosting sales in Health and Beauty and increasing engagement in Mandalay. By leveraging these insights, the supermarket can refine its strategies and optimize its operations for future growth.