CSE470: Software Engineering



Project Report

uSavior

(An Academic Aid Website)

Submission Date: 28 August 2023

Group Information

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Introduction

Education has gone beyond conventional limits in our quickly changing society, offering students and teachers with a world of limitless opportunities. Introducing uSavior, is a personalized gateway to a universe of knowledge and growth. uSavior seeks to make education accessible to everyone, particularly those studying Computer Science and Engineering (CSE).

uSavior is an educational environment that has been specifically designed to meet the changing demands of both students and instructors. For students, Our platform provides an incredible range of CSE-related courses covering a broad range of topics. From the realms of coding and algorithms to software engineering and artificial intelligence, uSavior becomes your virtual arena for exploration, learning, and excelling. Our platform enables you to choose courses that align with your interests and goals, ensuring that your education is interesting, relevant, and deeply rewarding. Dive into lecture videos, reading materials, assignments, and quizzes that are designed to provide a comprehensive learning experience.

Instructors also play a significant role in shaping the learning experience. uSavior invites instructors to join our vibrant community and create their own accounts. If you're an expert in your field with a passion for teaching, uSavior provides you with a platform to connect with eager learners. Design your courses, share your insights, and inspire the next generation of learners. Our robust tools and resources make it effortless to create engaging and effective learning materials.

Our dedicated admin team ensures the seamless operation of uSavior. Managing students, courses, and instructors, they work tirelessly to create a platform that facilitates efficient communication.

Functional Requirements

In uSavior, some of the potential functional requirements are:

1. User Accounts:

- Students and instructors must be able to create their own accounts on the platform.
- User authentication and secure login mechanisms should be implemented.

2. Course Catalog:

- The platform should provide plenty of courses covering a wide range of topics.
- Courses should be categorized and easily searchable for students' convenience.

3. Course Enrollment:

Students should be able to browse courses, view detailed descriptions, and enroll
in the ones they're interested in.

4. Course Materials:

- Courses should include lecture videos, reading materials, assignments, quizzes, and other relevant resources.
- Instructors should be able to upload and manage these course materials.

5. Communication and Notifications:

• Students should receive notifications about course updates, deadlines, and announcements.

6. Admin Panel:

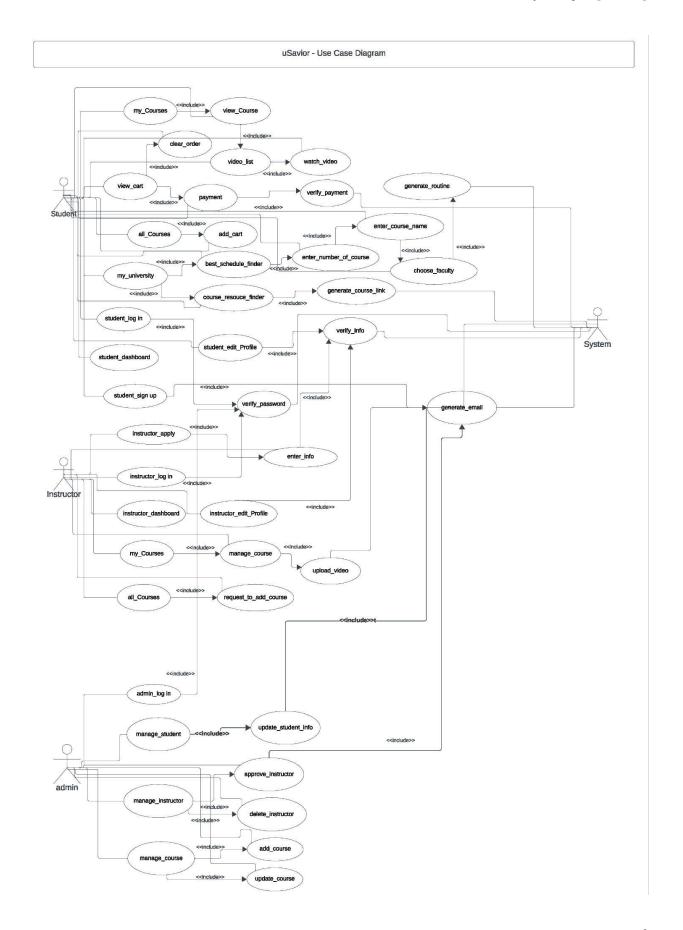
- An admin panel is necessary to manage user accounts, courses, and instructor profiles.
- Admins should have the ability to monitor platform activity, resolve issues, and ensure smooth operations.

7. Payments and Purchases:

 The platform should support secure payment gateways for students to purchase courses.

Use Case Diagram

A use case diagram is a visual representation of how users might interact with a system. It falls under the UML (Unified Modeling Language) umbrella and is used predominantly in software engineering and systems design to specify, visualize, and document the behavior of software systems. A use case diagram helps teams to clarify the system's main functionalities and the actors that interact with those functionalities.



User Manual

Our web application consists of two main parts. There is the admin interface as well as the user interface. As a result, there are two sections in the user manual.

Homepage

When a user initially accesses this website, both members and non-members receive this homepage.

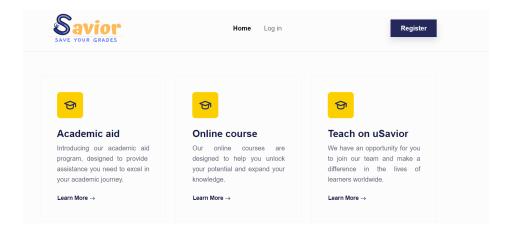


Figure: Homepage

This page has 3 buttons:

- Home: These buttons take users to the website's home page or main page.
- Register: Users need to register in order to use uSavior.



Figure: Register

In the figure, the registration module is depicted. Name, address, date of birth, studentId, department, University name, password etc are required.

To validate the email address, it sends a confirmation message, as seen in figure.

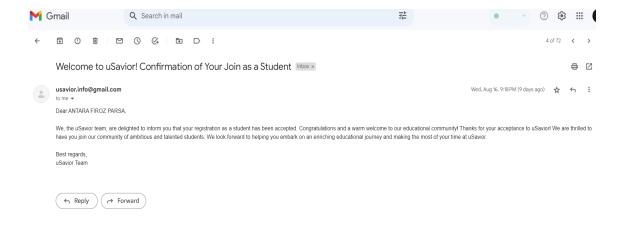


Figure: Confirmation message

• Login: After registration, to enter a personal account, users need to login. The member's password and email address are required to confirm this. Members can login as a student or an instructor. The authentication module is shown in figure.

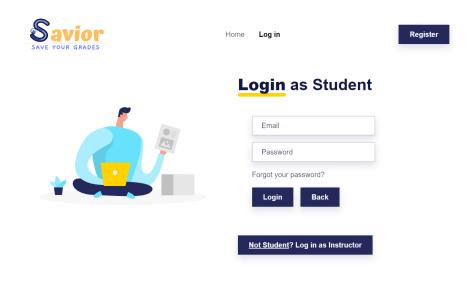


Figure: Log in

Dashboard

After login as a student or an instructor, one can see his/her own profile.

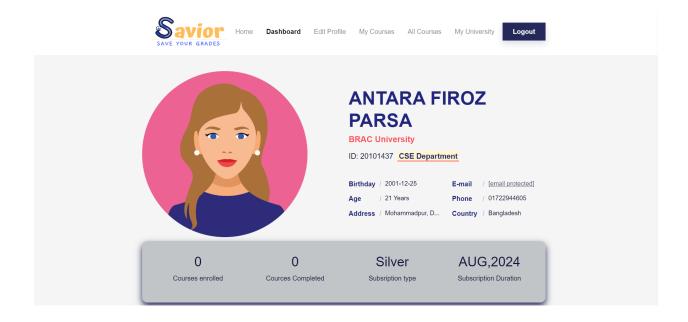


Figure: Dashboard

This page has some buttons:

• Edit profile: If a user wants to update any information about his/her. After editing he/she can again go back to the dashboard or homepage.

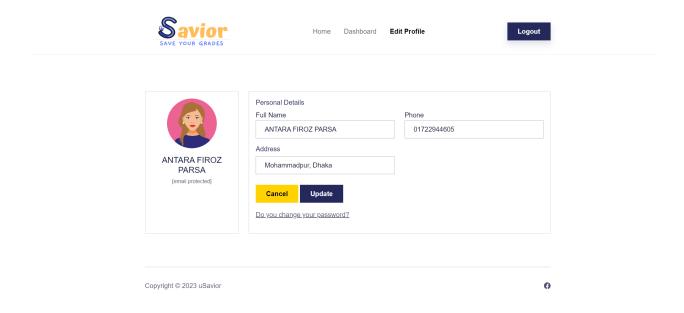


Figure: Edit profile

My Courses

As Instructor: Here Instructors can see all the courses that they permit to teach. Instructor can upload lecture videos and course materials into their courses



Figure: My Course

• Manage Course: Here, instructors can upload the lecture videos and course materials.

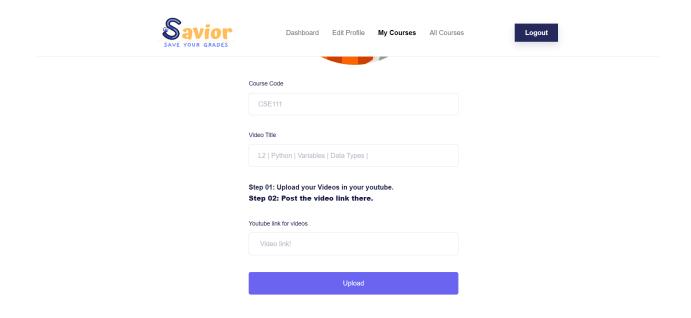


Figure: Manage Course

As Student: After the completion of payment, In my courses students can see all the courses that they purchased.



Figure: My Course

View Course: Here, students can see the lecture videos and course materials.





Figure: Play Video

All Courses

As Student: In all courses, students can explore all the courses that uSavior provides and Add to cart the courses.



Explore all the amazing Courses!

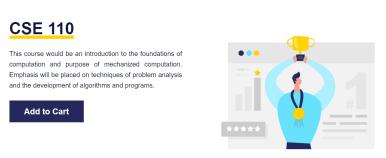


Figure: All Course

As Instructor: Similarly, Instructors can also see all courses from their account and request the courses to admin that they prefer to teach.



Figure: All Course

View Cart

In the view cart, students can see all the courses that they added to the cart.

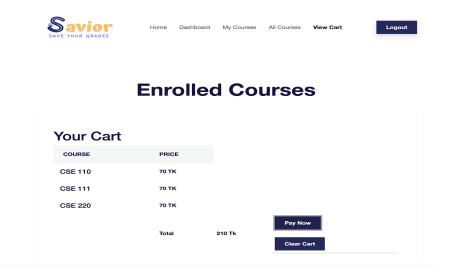


Figure: View Cart

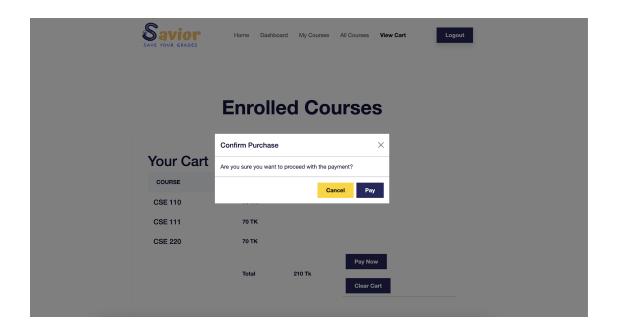


Figure: View Cart Confirmation

My University

There are 2 features here. Best schedule finder and Courses. Best schedule finder is to check all possible timing of students' courses. Courses will provide a resource link to students for any courses.

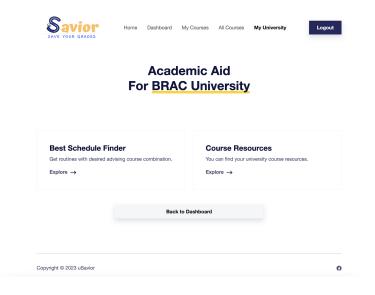


Figure: My University

1. **Best Schedule Finder [Student]:** Here, students can select courses and faculties according to their preferences and it will generate all possible schedules for those courses.

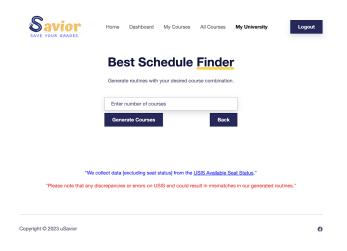


Figure: My University 1.1

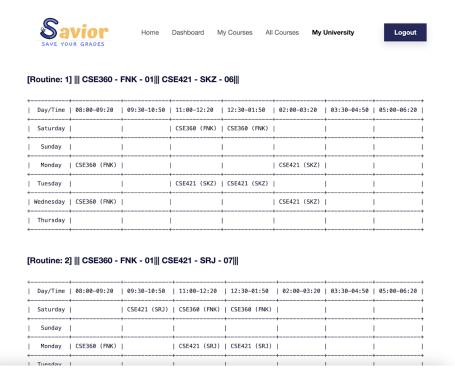


Figure: My University 1.2

2. **Course Resources [Student]:** Here, Students can select any courses and it will provide the resource link of that course.

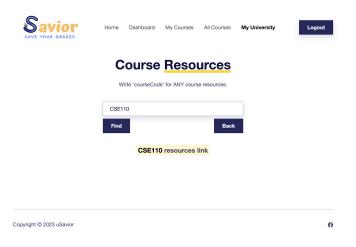


Figure: My University 1.3

Admin Dashboard

After logging in as administrator, a dashboard will appear.

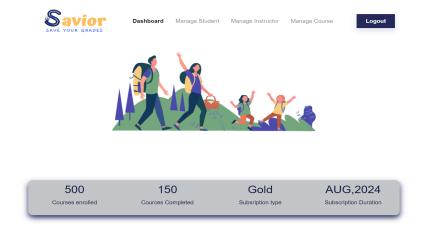


Figure: Admin Dashboard

This page has some buttons:

• Manage Student: Admin can manage the students who purchased courses.

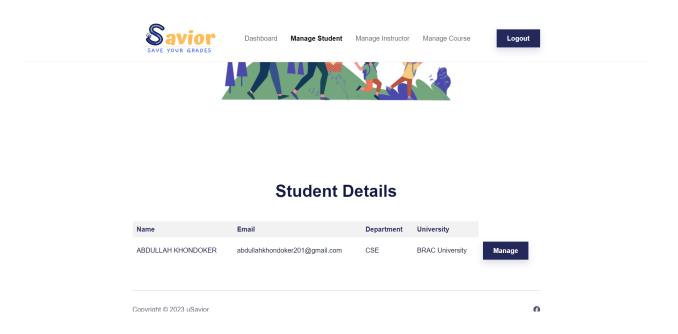


Figure: Manage Student

• Manage Instructor: Admin can see the instructors who request for courses and can approve or delete them.

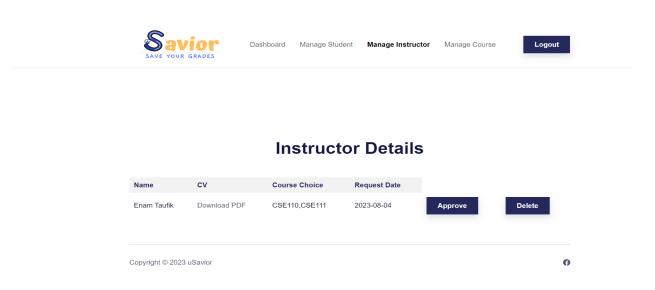


Figure: Manage Instructor

• Manage Courses: Here, admin can manage or edit the courses and according to students preferences add new courses.

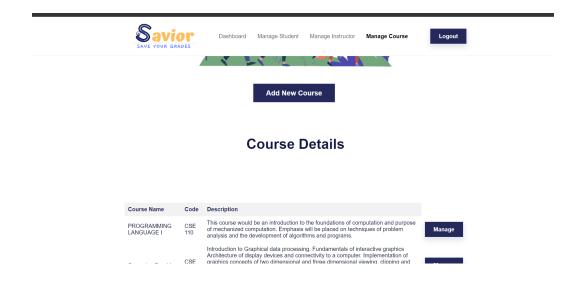


Figure: Course Details

• Logout: With this option, admin or users can sign out from their account.

Frontend Development

The web application utilizes the following front-end programming languages: HTML, CSS, and JavaScript.

HTML was used to create the basic structure of this webpage.

```
ction class="
<div class="container":
   <h2 class="display-6 fw-bold mb-5"><span class="pb-3 underline">FAQ<br>></span></h2>
    <div class="row mb-2">
       <div class="col-md-8 mx-auto">
           <div class="accordion text-muted" role="tablist" id="accordion-1">
              <div class="accordion-item">
                  <h2 class="accordion-header" role="tab"><button class="accordion-button collapsed" type="button" data-bs-toggle="collapse"</pre>
                  <div class="accordion-collapse collapse item-1" role="tabpanel" data-bs-parent="#accordion-1";</pre>
                          Our courses are designed to be flexible, allowing you to study at your own pace."
               <div class="accordion-item">
                  <h2 class="accordion-header" role="tab"><button class="accordion-button collapsed" type="button" data-bs-toggle="collapse"</pre>
                  <div class="accordion-collapse collapse item-2" role="tabpanel" data-bs-parent="#accordion-1</pre>
                          Yes! We encourage interaction and collaboration within our courses. Y
               <div class="accordion-item">
                  <h2 class="accordion-header" role="tab"><button class="accordion-button" type="button" data-bs-toggle="collapse" data-bs-</pre>
                  <div class="accordion-collapse collapse show item-3" role="tabpanel" data-bs-parent="#accordion-1"</pre>
                      <div class="accordion-be
                         The prerequisites vary depending on the course. Some courses may requ
```

Figure: HTML code snippet

CSS was utilized to style and design the appearance of elements on this webpage.

Bootstrap was also used to enhance the webpage's layout and responsiveness

Figure: CSS Code Snippet

Javascript was additionally employed to incorporate various dynamic features.

```
162
               Price Range Slider
163
164
          var rangeSlider = $(".price-range"),
165
              minamount = $("#minamount"),
166
              maxamount = $("#maxamount"),
167
168
               minPrice = rangeSlider.data('min'),
               maxPrice = rangeSlider.data('max');
169
170
           rangeSlider.slider({
171
               range: true,
172
               min: minPrice,
173
               max: maxPrice,
              values: [minPrice, maxPrice],
174
               slide: function (event, ui) {
175
176
                   minamount.val('$' + ui.values[0]);
177
                   maxamount.val('$' + ui.values[1]);
178
179
           });
          minamount.val('$' + rangeSlider.slider("values", 0));
180
          maxamount.val('$' + rangeSlider.slider("values", 1));
181
```

Figure: Javascript Code Snippet

For example, the provided JavaScript code snippet initializes a price range slider, allowing users to select a range of prices with interactive input fields.

Backend Development

Our website was developed using the MVC (Model-View-Controller) pattern, ensuring a structured design.

It catered to three primary member categories:

- 1. Admins
- 2. Instructors
- 3. Students

Each had their distinct roles and functionalities. This approach facilitated efficient management and interaction within the website's ecosystem.

Types of Users and their Functionalities

Admin

The admin controller in the project employs a range of distinct functions to effectively manage various aspects of the admin's responsibilities within the web application. These functions can be broken down into the following key roles:

Function	Description
admin_login()	Handles admin login, validates credentials, and redirects to the admin dashboard upon successful login or to the login page if unsuccessful.
admin_dashboard()	Displays the admin dashboard, requiring authentication and rendering admin-specific data.
admin_StuManagement()	Renders the student management page for admins to view and manage student information, requiring authentication.
admin_InsManagement()	Renders the instructor management page for admins to view and manage instructor information, requiring authentication.
admin_CrsManagement()	Renders the course management page for admins to view and manage course information, requiring authentication.

admin_addNewCourse()	Handles adding a new course by admins, processing form data, and interacting with the database.
download_CV(file_id)	Allows downloading instructor CVs by admins, fetching and sending the CV file to the user.
admin_approve_Ins(file_id)	Approves an instructor application, generating a password, sending an approval email with login credentials, and updating the instructor's status.
admin_delete_Ins(file_id)	Deletes an instructor application, sending a rejection email and removing the instructor's application and data.
admin_logout()	Logs out admins, removing their session, and redirecting to the home page.

For example, The 'admin_addNewCourse' function manages the addition of new courses through the admin interface. It verifies admin authentication for GET requests and processes form data for POST requests, which is then used to add course details to the database. The function also handles rendering the relevant template.

Figure: Add New Course by Admin Snippet

Instructor

The instructor controller is responsible for managing a diverse range of features and functionalities tailored to user instructors within the project. A list of functions dedicated to instructors, accompanied by their respective descriptions is given below:

Function	Description
instructor_login():	Handles instructor login, validates credentials, and redirects to the instructor dashboard upon successful login or to the login page if unsuccessful.

instructor_registration():	Manages instructor registration, verifies unique email, processes uploaded PDF files, sends a confirmation email, and registers instructor details.
instructor_dashboard()	Displays the instructor dashboard, requiring authentication and rendering instructor-specific data.
instructor_edit_profile()	Allows instructors to edit their profile information, saving changes to the database and redirecting to the instructor dashboard.
instructor_my_courses():	Renders the instructor's courses page, accessible only after authentication.
instructor_view_AllCourses()	Displays all courses for instructors to view, requiring authentication.
instructor_upload_video()	Presents the interface for instructors to upload videos, accessible post authentication.
instructor_ChangePassword()	Handles password change for instructors, updating hashed passwords and redirecting to the instructor dashboard.
instructor_logout()	Logs out instructors, removing their session and redirecting to the home page.

For example, The 'instructor_ChangePassword' function manages the process of changing an instructor's password. For GET requests, it verifies instructor authentication and renders the password change template. For POST requests, it compares the entered password with its repetition, then securely hashes the new password and updates it in the database using 'db_instructor_ChangePassword'. The instructor is then redirected to the dashboard.

```
@app.route("/instructor_ChangePassword", methods = ['POST', 'GET'])

def instructor_ChangePassword():

if request.method == 'GET':

if 'ins_email' not in session.keys(): return redirect('/instructor_login')

return render_template('instructor/instructor_ChangePassword.html', **locals())

elif request.method == 'POST':

recieved = request.form

if recieved['password'] == recieved['r_password']:

hashed_password = bcrypt.hashpw(recieved['password'].encode('utf-8'), bcrypt.gensalt())

db_instructor_ChangePassword(session['ins_email'],hashed_password)

return redirect('/instructor_dashboard')

return redirect('/instructor_dashboard')

### POST':

### POST'
```

Figure: Code Snippet for Instructor Password Change Function

Student

The student controller within the provided code encompasses a diverse set of functions that collectively manage pivotal aspects of students' engagement within the web application. The functions, along with their respective descriptions, are presented below:

Function	Description
student_login()	Handles student login, validates credentials, and redirects to the student dashboard upon successful login or to the login page if unsuccessful.
student_registration()	Manages student registration, verifies unique email, validates password match, hashes the password, sends a confirmation email, and registers student details.
student_dashboard()	Displays the student dashboard, requiring authentication, and calculates the student's age based on their birthdate.
student_edit_profile()	Allows students to edit their profile information, saving changes to the database, and redirecting to the student dashboard.
student_my_courses()	Renders the student's enrolled courses page, accessible only after authentication.
student_my_university()	Renders the student's university information page, accessible only after authentication.
student_View_AllCourses()	Displays all available courses for students to view, requiring authentication.
student_View_Cart()	Renders the student's cart page, likely for adding and purchasing courses, accessible post authentication.
student_play_video()	Presents the interface for students to play videos, accessible after authentication.
student_video_list()	Displays a list of available videos for students to view, requiring authentication.
student_ChangePassword()	Handles password change for students, updating hashed passwords and redirecting to the student dashboard.

student_specific_course_detai ls()	Displays detailed information about a specific course, presumably after the student selects a course.
student_BracuCourseSchedul e()	Handles viewing the course schedule for BRAC University, allowing students to search for course routines based on various criteria.
student_BracuCourseResourc e():	Handles viewing course resources for BRAC University, enabling students to search for resources related to a specific course.
student_logout()	Logs out students, removing their session, and redirecting to the home page.

For example, the *student_BracuCourseSchedule* function is used to allow students to generate all possible routine combinations for specific courses and sections at BRAC University. In this function, when a POST request is received, the function processes the form data to determine the number of selected courses. It checks if a specific course number was provided, and if so, it prepares routine data by interacting with the database. Alternatively, if a teacher's name is detected, it generates a course schedule table and renders a template to display the schedule.

```
@app.route("/student_BracuCourseSchedule", methods = ['POST', 'GET'])
      def student_BracuCourseSchedule():
128
          hum_courses = 0
          if request.method == 'POST':
129
              response = request.form
130
131
               if 'courseNumber' in response.keys():
132
                  num_courses = int(response.get('courseNumber', 0))
                  course_data = None
              elif '_teacher' in list(response.keys())[0]:
                  all_possible_routine_list = set_teachers_db(response)
                  routines = [parse_routine(routine) for routine in all_possible_routine_list]
                  generate_table = generate_tables
                  return render_template('student/student_BracuCourseScheduleShow.html', **locals())
                  num_courses = len(response)
140
                  course_data = {}
                  select_course_list = []
                  for i in range(1, num_courses+1):
                      course_code = request.form.get(f'course_code_{i}')
                      select_course_list.append(course_code.upper())
                  num_courses = 0
                  course_data = get_teachers_db(select_course_list)
          return render_template('student/student_BracuCourseSchedule.html', **locals())
```

Figure: Code Snippet for Student Course Schedule Generator Function

Database Design

In our project, MongoDB serves as the primary database management system, accommodating three distinct databases: 'Admin,' 'Local,' and 'Usavior' Within the 'Usavior' database, we have organized data into four collections:

1. **Admin:** The attributes for this collection are id, email and password.

```
_id: ObjectId('64c904ff8988b3d01b3012d7')
email: "admin@gmail.com"
password: "admin"
```

Figure: Admin database attributes

2. **Courses:** The attributes for this collections are_id, name, code, description, price, video_list

```
_id: ObjectId('64da9438e4746db47351cc56')
name: "PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE I"
code: "CSE 110"
description: "This course would be an introduction to the foundations of computation..."
price: 70
> video_list: Array
```

Figure: Courses database attributes

3. **Instructor:** The attributes for this collections are _id, firstname, lastname, email, gender, areaCode, contact, address, institution, department, passingYear, choice_1, choice_2, message, applyStatus, cv, password, applyDate, asn_crs, req_crs, role, job_type

```
_id: ObjectId('64e80242a0bb06910f1ba41f')
 firstname: "Abdullah"
 lastname: "Khondoker"
 email: "abdullahkhondoker201@gmail.com"
 gender: "male"
 areaCode: "+880"
 contact: "01729922119"
 address: "House G. P. GA 97/1, Mohakhali School Road, Mohakhali-1212"
 institution: "BRAC University"
 department: "CSE"
 passingYear: "2019"
 choice_1: "CSE221"
 choice_2: "CSE220"
 message: "taka chai"
 applyStatus: "Approved"
 cv: ObjectId('64e80240a0bb06910f1ba41d')
 password: BinData(0, 'JDJiJDEyJGo3MFpkRTdrMmlDQmxlRmlwZ294MWVVMmxwS21BR2xWMXV5bzI1Y0huUDRYMzJXNHp5b3px')
 applyDate: "2023-08-25"
▶ asn_crs: Array
▶ req_crs: Array
 role: "Junior"
 job_type: "Contractual"
```

Figure: Instructor database attributes

4. **Student:** The attributes of this collection are id, name, email, contact, birthday, gender, address, country, student_id, department, university, password, password_repeat, enrolled courses, complete courses, join date, sub type, sub duration.

```
_id: ObjectId('64e800caf538e5bf6fbfd679')
 name: "ABDULLAH KHONDOKER"
 email: "abdullahkhondoker201@gmail.com"
 contact: "01729922119"
 birthday: "2001-11-29"
 gender: "Male"
 address: "House G. P. GA 97/1, Mohakhali School Road, Mohakhali-1212"
 country: "Bangladesh"
 student_id: "20301065"
 department: "CSE"
 university: "BRAC University"
 password: BinData(0, 'JDJiJDEyJFkzQ0ZiRnRpb2M3MzlCNWQ3bzh2L3U20VRoNlpsdTZxbnVVV0E00EwyVHUycFBlUEJiVS9D')
 password_repeat: BinData(0, 'JDJiJDEyJFkzQ0ZiRnRpb2M3MzlCNWQ3bzh2L3U2OVRoNlpsdTZxbnVVV0E00EwyVHUycFBlUEJiVS9D')
enrolled_courses: Array
complete_courses: Array
 join_date: "2023-08-25"
 sub_type: "Silver"
 sub_duration: "2023-09-25"
```

Figure: Student database attributes

Technology (Framework, Languages)

Framework: Flask with MVC pattern

Languages: Python, Cython, HTML, CSS

Github Repository

Link: https://github.com/abdullah1065/uSavior

Website Link: https://usavior.vercel.app/home

Individual Contribution

ID	Name	Contribution
20101437	Antara Firoz Parsa	Edit Profile, Add course, My course.
20301065	Abdullah Khondoker	API System, Web Scraping, Authentication, Encryption
20301078	Md. Iftekhar Islam Tashik	User Registration, Admin Management
20301398	Enam Ahmed Taufik	Dashboard, View Cart, Student Course Panel.