C++ Vector Operations Example

This document demonstrates various operations that can be performed on C++ vectors. Vectors are dynamic arrays provided by the C++ Standard Template Library (STL). They allow adding, removing, and accessing elements efficiently.

Code Implementation

```
// C++ Program Demonstrating Vector Operations
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    vector<string> names = {"abdullah", "atik", "rana"};
    // Printing names using range-based for loop
    for (auto name : names) {
        cout << name << endl;</pre>
    }
    // Printing names using index-based for loop
    for (int i = 0; i < names.size(); i++) {</pre>
        cout << names[i] << endl;</pre>
    }
    // Accessing specific elements
    cout << "First element: " << names[0] << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Second element: " << names[1] << endl;</pre>
    // Using front() and back()
    cout << "First element using front(): " << names.front() << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Last element using back(): " << names.back() << endl;</pre>
```

```
// Using at()
    cout << "Second element using at(): " << names.at(1) << endl;</pre>
    // Adding a new element using push_back()
    names.push_back("tomal");
    cout << "Last element after push_back: " << names.back() << endl;</pre>
    // Displaying size and checking if empty
    cout << "Current size: " << names.size() << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Is empty: " << names.empty() << endl;</pre>
    // Insert, Erase, and Clear
    names.insert(names.begin() + 1, "shuvo");
    names.erase(names.begin() + 2);
    names.clear();
    return 0;
}
Sample Outputs
- Range-based for loop:
```

abdullah
atik
rana
- Index-based for loop:
abdullah
atik

rana

- Accessing specific elements:
First element: abdullah
Second element: atik
- Using front() and back():
First element using front(): abdullah
Last element using back(): rana
- Using at():
Second element using at(): atik
- Adding a new element using push_back():
Last element after push_back: tomal
- Checking size and empty:
Current size: 4
Is empty: 0 (false)
- Insert, Erase, and Clear:
After insert: abdullah shuvo atik rana
After erase: abdullah shuvo rana
After clear: size=0, is_empty=true

Applications of Vectors

- Vectors are used when the size of the array needs to be dynamic.
- They are commonly applied in scenarios such as:

- 1. Managing dynamic lists (e.g., names, tasks).
- 2. Implementing data structures like stacks or queues.
- 3. Dynamic memory management in algorithms.