Calculus Notation

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1 domain and range

The function $f(x)=(x-3)+\frac{1}{2}$ has domain $D_f:(-\infty,\infty)$ and range $R_f:\left[\frac{1}{2},\infty\right)$

2 limit

$$\lim_{x \to a}$$

$$\lim_{x \to a^+}$$

$$\lim_{x \to a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a} = f'(a)$$

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3 Integral

3.1 Indefinite integral

$$\int \sin x \, \mathrm{dx} = -\cos x + C$$

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3.2 Definite integral

$$\int_{a}^{b}$$

$$\int_{a}^{b}$$

$$\int_{a}^{b}$$

$$\int_{a}^{b}$$

$$\int_{a}^{2b}$$

$$\int_{a}^{2b}$$

$$\int_{a}^{2b} x^{2} dx = \left[\frac{x^{3}}{3}\right]_{a}^{b} = \frac{b^{3}}{3} - \frac{a^{3}}{3}$$

3.3 Summation

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} ar^n = a + ar + ar^2 + \dots + ar^n$$

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$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = \lim_{x \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n f(x_k) \cdot \Delta x$$

4 Vector

$$\vec{v} = v_1 \vec{i} + v_2 \vec{j} = \langle v_1, v_2 \rangle$$