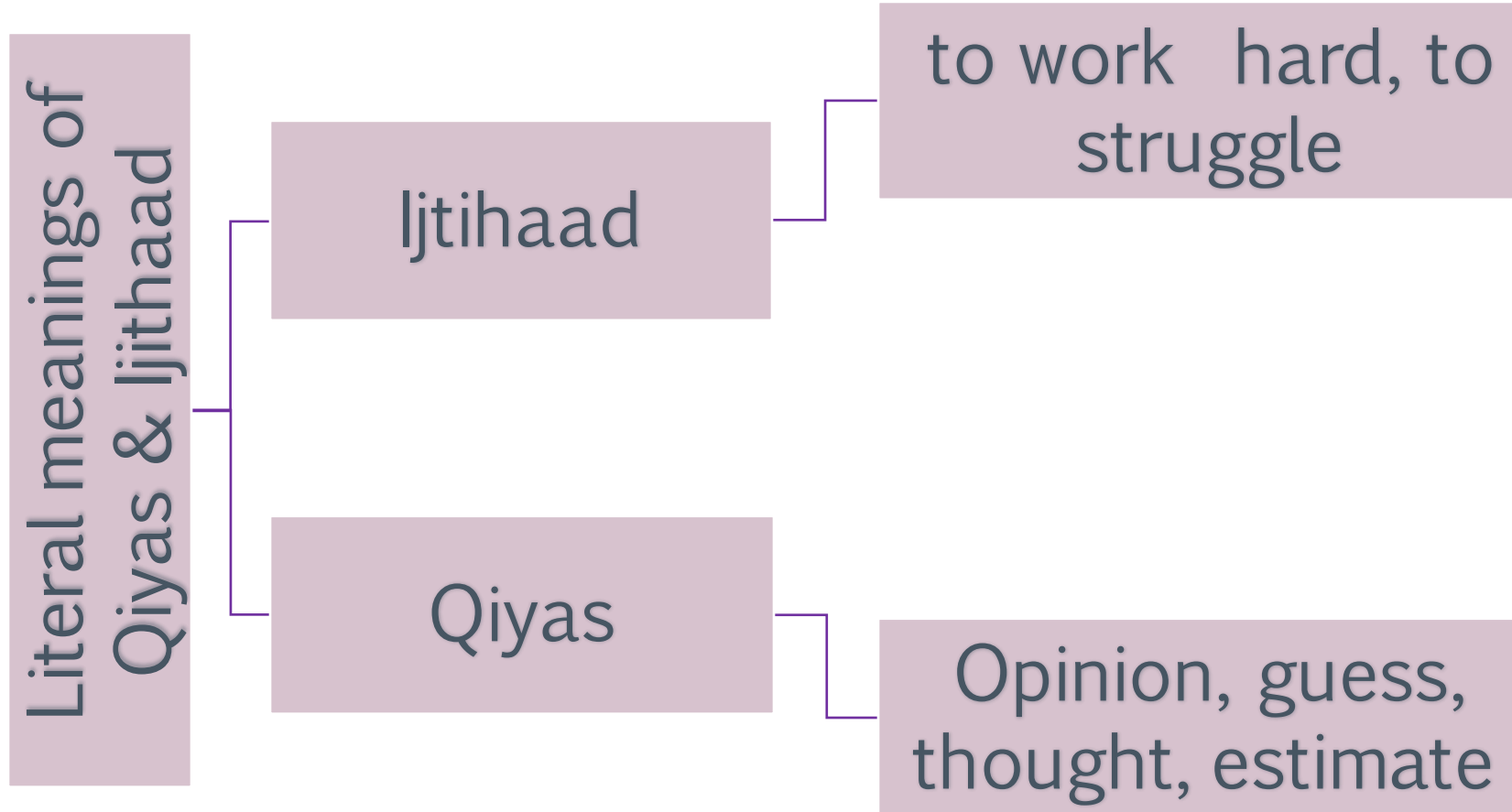


Qiyas & Ijtihad

قياس
واجتهاد

Contents of lecture

- Literal & thematically meaning
- Definition of Qiyas & Ijtihad
- Requirements & importance of Qiyas
- Arguments
- Important Components of Qiyas
- Examples of Qiyas
- Conditions



Thematically Qiyas meaning

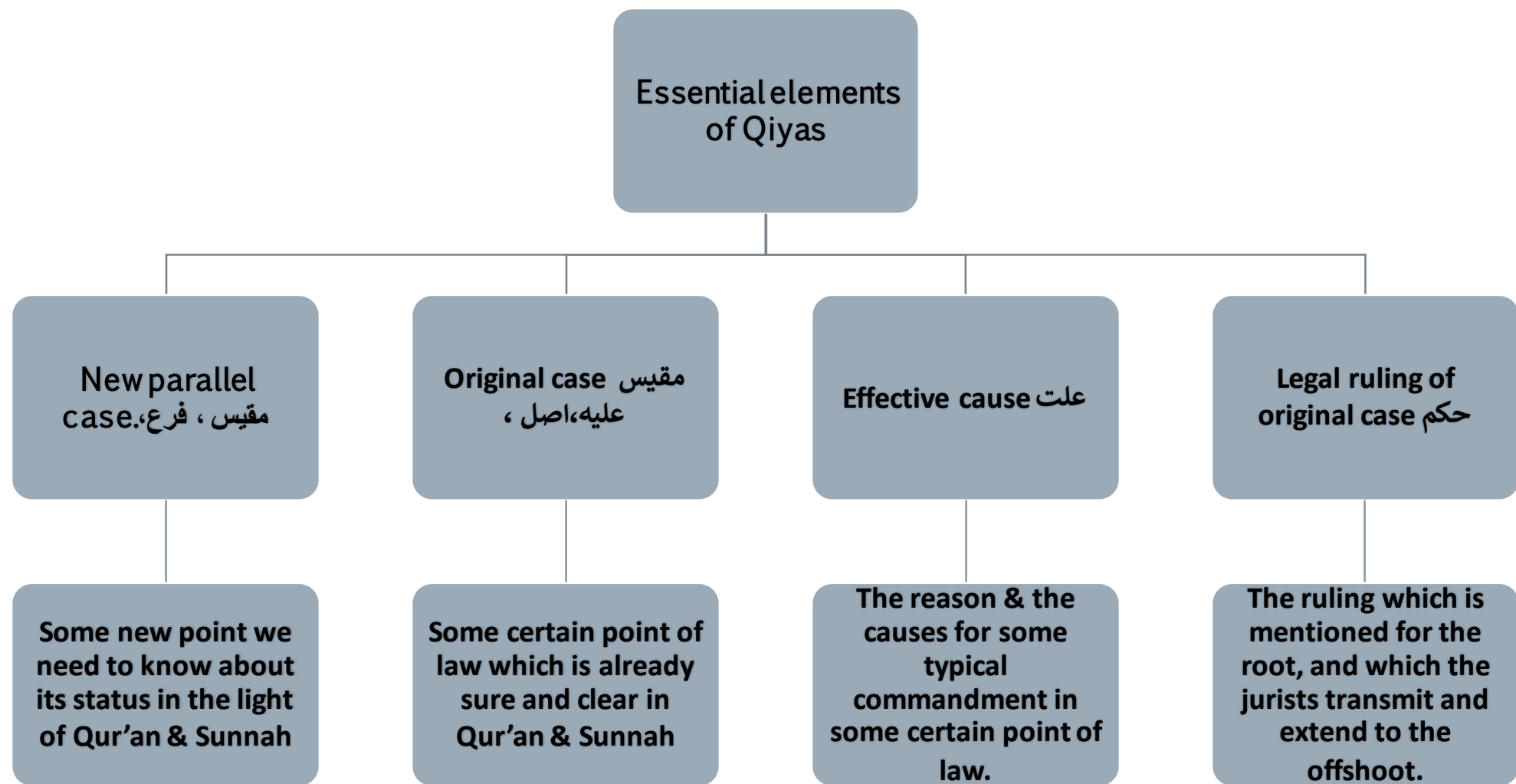
To transmit the rolling of the root to its off shoot because of the common effective cause which is not understood by mere knowledge of the language, is called Qiyas & Analogy.

«هو تعدية الحكم من الاصل الى الفرع لعلته
متحدة لا تدرك بمجرد اللغة»

Requirements and importance of Qiyas

This world is progressive and changeable, the circumstances and the customs are changing the passage of time.

There are so many new problems and points we have to face them. Being Muslims, we need to know the Islamic Sharia's point of view about some certain points. And the only way to know about its is the Qiyas. So Qiyas is necessary and important.



Arguments

For example,

“A woman came to the Messenger of Allah (peace be upon him) requesting him to give her legal opinion (fatwa). She said: Messenger of Allah my father has died and performance of hajj was due to him. May I perform the hajj on his behalf? Allah’s Messenger said: Tell me if your father owed a debt and you paid it, would that benefit him? She replied: yes. The Messenger of Allah (peace be upon him) said: Perform the hajj on his behalf, the debt due to Allah deserves most to be paid.” (It is reported by al-Bukhari and al-Nasa’i)

Example no 2: Hazrat ma’az was sent to YAMAN as governor.

More examples

“The Messenger of Allah (peace be upon him)

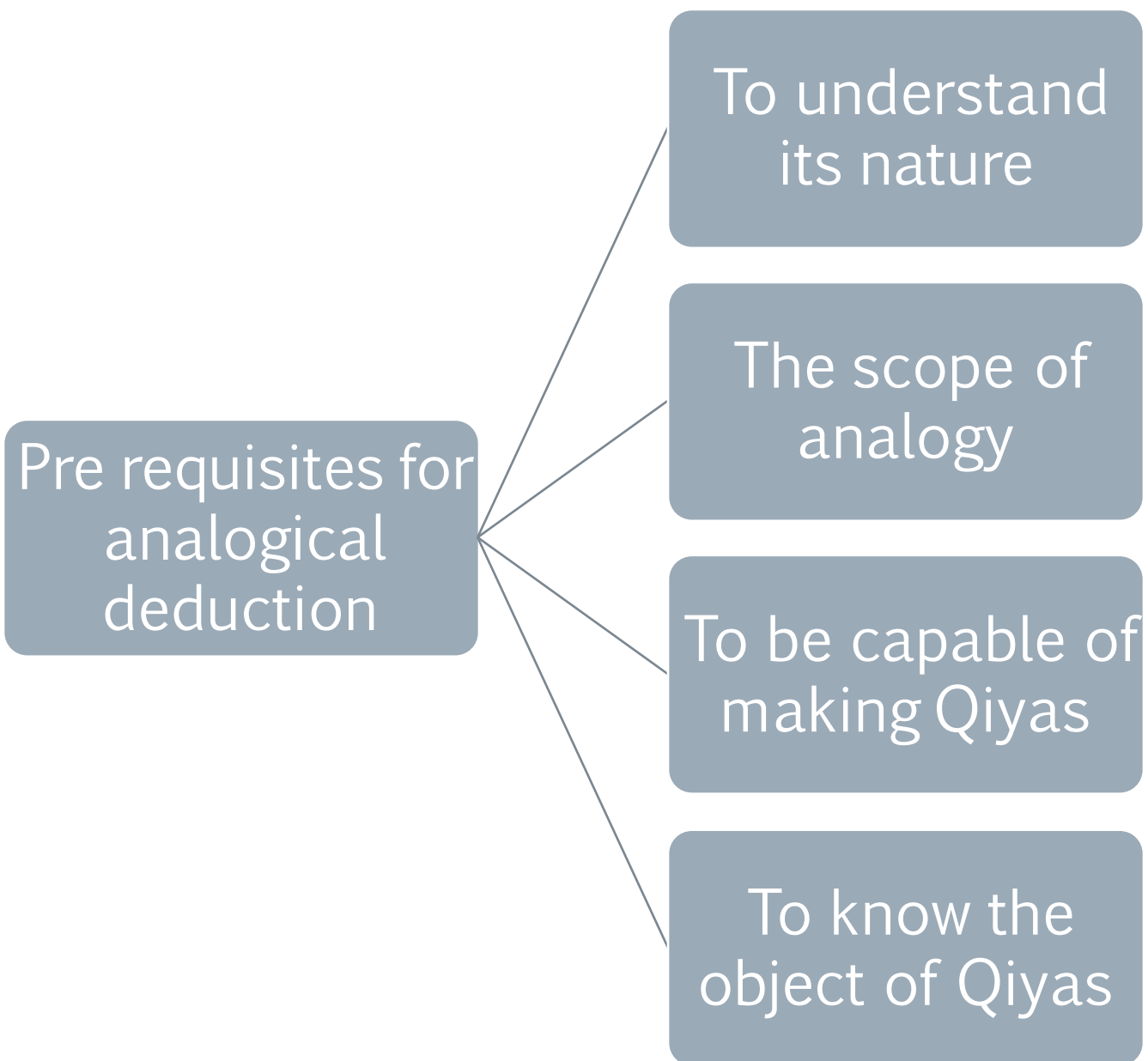
said to Umar ibn al-Khattab when he asked him about kissing the wife by

one who was fasting:

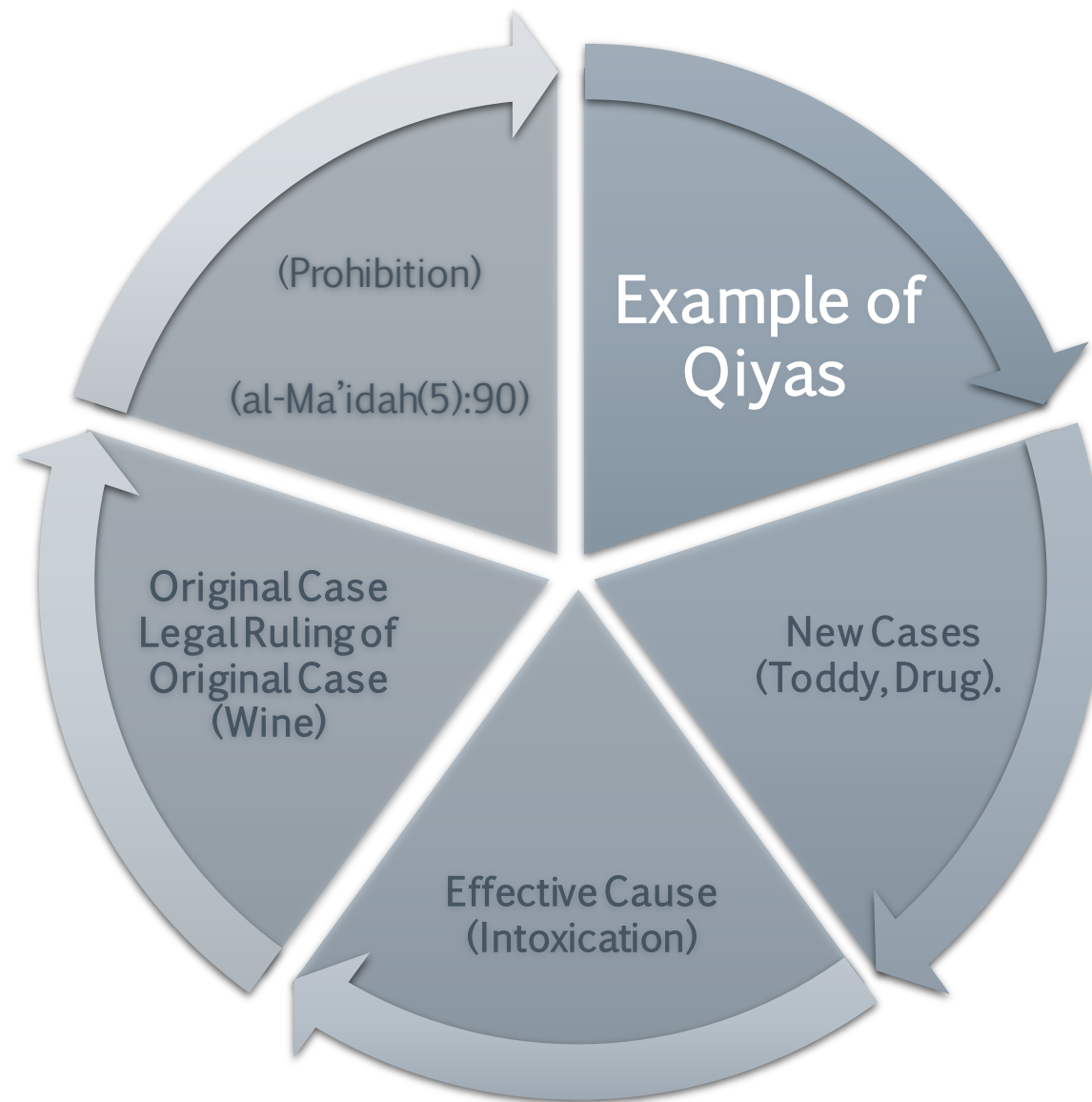
Tell me if you rinse your mouth with

water then eject it, what will you do? Umar said: It doesn't matter. The

Messenger of Allah said: It is all right.” (It is reported by Abu Dawood)

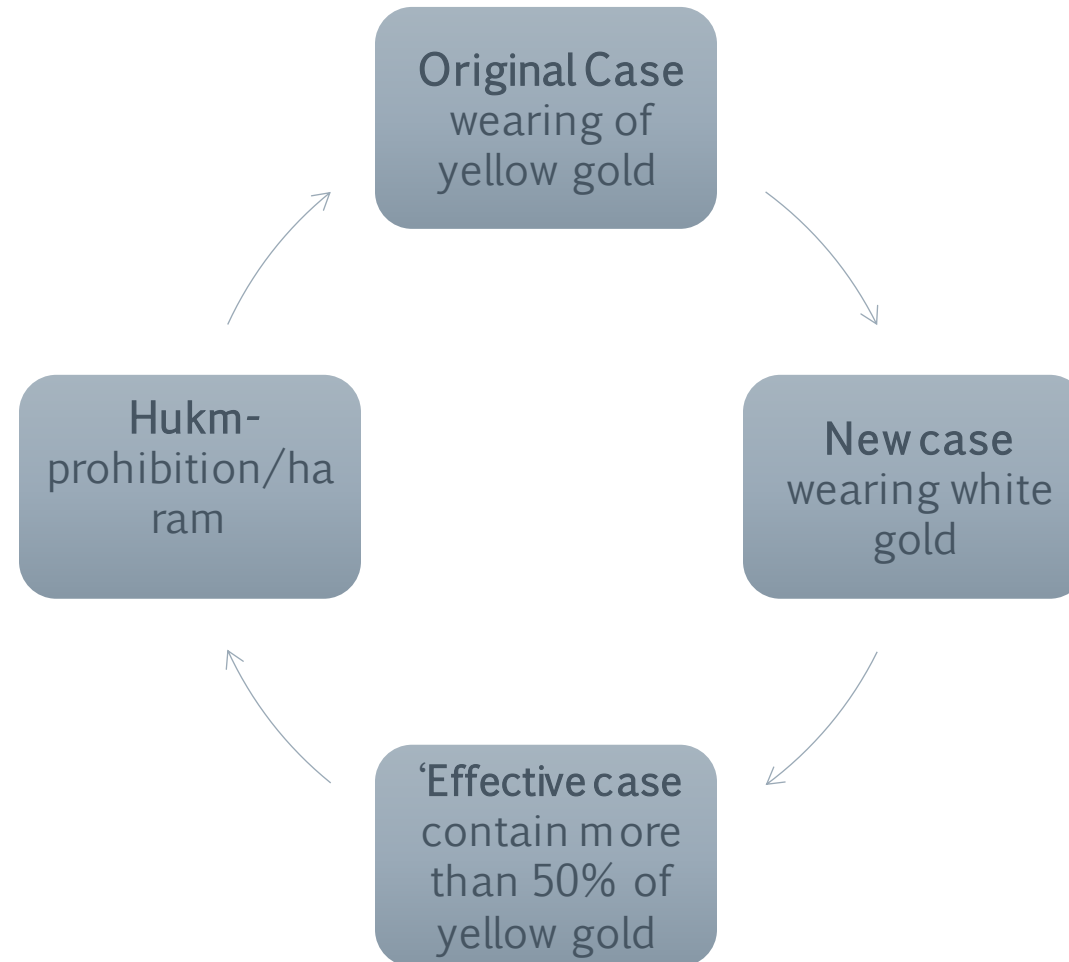


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Man's wearing white gold Fatwa by Selangor Fatwa Committee

π



examples

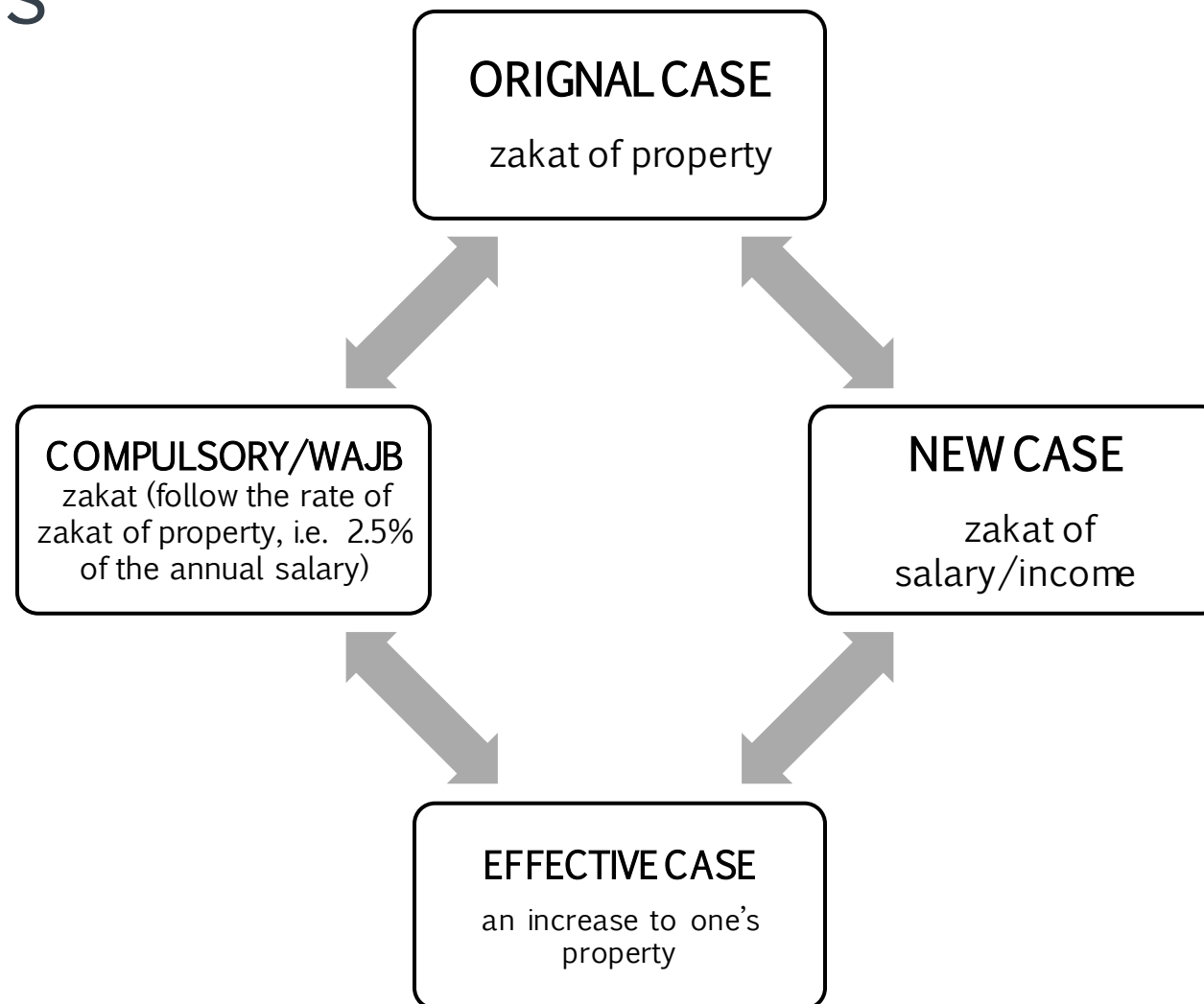
Punishment of wine.

When the Companions held a council to determine the punishment of wine drinking, Ali bin Abi Talib suggested that the penalty of false accusation should be applied to the wine drinker, and he reasoned, by way of analogy, “When a person gets drunk, he raves and when he raves, he accuses falsely”.

The Quran forbids selling or buying of goods after the last call for Friday prayers until the end of the prayer as stated in Surah al-Jumuah 62:9.

By analogy, this prohibition is extended to all kinds of transactions and activities such as agricultures, administrations and others.

Examples



THE LIFE YOU ARE LIVING
IS ALSO DREAM OF MILLIONS

THANKS FOR KEEPING EYE ON THE
CONTENT

LECTURER : **MAHMOOD AKHTAR**

ADD A SLIDE TITLE
- 5