

# National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences, Lahore Campus



**Course:** Design & Analysis of Algorithms  
**Program:** BS (Computer Science)  
**Duration:** 20 Minutes  
**Paper Date:** 21-Feb-2023  
**Section:** J  
**Exam:** Quiz 1

**Course Code:** CS2009  
**Semester:** Spring 2023  
**Total Marks:** 15  
**Weight:** 2.5  
**Page(s):** 2  
**Reg. No.:**

Instruction/Notes:

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## Question 1: [5 marks]

For the following functions  $f(n)$  and  $g(n)$ , indicate whether  $f(n) = O(g(n))$ ,  $f(n) = \Omega(g(n))$ , or both, i.e.  $f(n) = \Theta(g(n))$ . Justify your answer.

$f(n) = n^2 \log n$

$g(n) = 2^{1/2} n^2 \log(2^{1/2} n)$

Assuming we are taking log base of 2

$\Theta(n) \Rightarrow f(n) \leq c \cdot g(n)$

$n^2 \log n \leq c \cdot 2^{1/2} n^2 \log(2^{1/2} n)$

$\log n \leq c \cdot \log 2^{1/2} \log(2^{1/2} n)$

$\frac{\log n}{\sqrt{2} \log(\sqrt{2} n)} \leq c$

assume if  $c = 3$

$\frac{\log n}{\sqrt{2} \log(\sqrt{2} n)} \leq 3 \Rightarrow \text{if } n_0 = 10$

$\frac{\log_2 10}{\sqrt{2} \log_2(\sqrt{2} \times 10)} = 1.202$

$0.615 \leq 3$

## Question 2: [5 Marks]

Find big-theta of the function  $f(n) = n/18 - 19n^{1/2} + 20$ , give the constants  $c_1, c_2, n_0$

$\Theta(n) = n/18 - 19n^{1/2} + 20$

$f(n) \leq c \cdot g(n)$

$n/18 - 19n^{1/2} + 20 \leq c \cdot n$

Assume  $c = 10$

if  $n_0 = 15$

$15/18 - 19(15)^{1/2} + 20 \leq 10(15)$

$-52.8 \leq 150$

$\Omega(n) \Rightarrow c \cdot g(n) \leq f(n)$

$c \cdot 2^{1/2} n^2 \log(2^{1/2} n) \leq n^2 \log n$

$c \cdot 2^{1/2} \log(\sqrt{2} n) \leq \log n$

$c \leq \frac{\log n}{\sqrt{2} \log(\sqrt{2} n)}$

Assume  $c = 0.5$

$0.5 \leq \frac{\log n}{\sqrt{2} \log(\sqrt{2} n)}$

if  $n_0 = 5$

$0.5 \leq 0.581$

Therefore  $\Omega(n)$  is justified.

if  $\Omega(n) \Rightarrow c \cdot g(n) \leq f(n)$

$c \cdot n \leq n/18 - 19n^{1/2} + 20$

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Question 3: [5 marks]

Write down the Running Time equation ( $T(n)$ ) of the following algorithm and analyze its time complexity. Show complete steps. If you make any assumptions, state them clearly.

Int algo(Input, n)

{

If ( $n \leq 0$ )

{return 0}

X = algo(A, n/2)

Y = algo(A, n/4)

Z = A[(n/2) + (n/4) + 1]

return (X+Y+Z)

}

$$T(n) = T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + T\left(\frac{n}{4}\right) + cn$$

