

Physics	Lahore Ninth, 2021	Paper – I
Time: 15 Min.	Objective Type	Marks : 12
(Group-II)		

**Note:**

Four possible answers A, B, C and D to each question are given. The choice which you think is correct, fill that circle in front of that question with Marker or Pen ink in the answer -book. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in zero mark in that question.

**1.1** The density of ice is:

- A  $1000\text{kgm}^{-3}$                       B  $920\text{kgm}^{-3}$   
 C  $2700\text{kgm}^{-3}$                       D  $800\text{kgm}^{-3}$

**2** Earth's gravitational force of attraction vanishes at:

- A 6400 Km                      B Infinity  
 C 42300 Km                      D 1000 Km

**3** Which scientist observed that it:

- A Isaac Newton                      B Galileo  
 C Einstein                      D Alberuni

**4** An interval of  $200\ \mu\text{S}$  is equivalent to:

- A 0.2 S                      B 0.02 S  
 C  $2 \times 10^{-4}\text{S}$                       D  $2 \times 10^{-5}\text{S}$

**5** Land and sea breezes are the result of:

- A Conduction                      B Convection  
 C Radiation                      D Absorption

**6** Which of the following is a vector quantity:

- A Speed                      B Distance  
 C Power                      D Displacement

**7** Which material has large specific heat:

- A Copper                      B Ice  
 C Water                      D Mercury

**8** The number of perpendicular components of a force are:

- A 1                      B 2  
 C 4                      D 5

**9** Inertia depends upon:

- A Force                      B Net force  
 C Mass                      D Velocity

**10** Rate of doing work is called:

- A Energy                      B Torque  
 C Power                      D Momentum

**11** The speed of geostationary satellite with respect to earth is:

- A Zero                      B  $10\text{kmS}^{-1}$   
 C  $10\text{kmh}^{-1}$                       D  $8\text{kmS}^{-1}$

**12** In which state of matter molecules do not leave their position:

- A Solid                      B Liquid  
 C Gas                      D Plasma