

Chemistry	Lahore Board Ninth, 2021	Paper -- I
Time: 15 Min.	Objective Type	Marks : 12

(Group-II)

**Note:**

Four possible answers A, B, C and D to each question are given. The choice which you think is correct, fill that circle in front of that question, with Marker or Pen ink in the answer-book. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in zero mark in that question.

**1.1** The amount of NaOH required to prepare 1.0 M solution is:

- A 20 g                      B 30 g  
C 40 g                      D 80 g

**2** A bond pair in covalent molecules usually has:

- A One electron                      B Three electrons  
C Two electrons                      D Four electrons

**3** Which metal is found in liquid state:

- A Silver                      B Iron  
C Copper                      D Mercury

**4** Which one of the following is not a triatomic molecule:

- A  $H_2$                       B  $O_3$   
C  $H_2O$                       D  $CO_2$

**5** The oxidation number of chlorine in  $KClO_3$  is:

- A +7                      B +6  
C +5                      D +4

**6** Which one of the following shell consists of one subshell:

- A K shell                      B L shell  
C M shell                      D N shell

**7** The formula of rust is:

- A  $Fe_2O_3$                       B  $Fe(OH)_2 \cdot nH_2O$   
C  $Fe(OH)_3 \cdot nH_2O$                       D  $Fe_2O_3 \cdot nH_2O$

**8** Long form of periodic table consists of:

- A 8 periods                      B 7 periods  
C 10 periods                      D 18 periods

**9** Along the period which one of the following decreases:

- A Atomic radius                      B Electron affinity  
C Ionization energy                      D Electronegativity

**10** The equation of Boyle's law is:

- A  $P = vt$                       B  $\frac{V}{T} = k$   
C  $\frac{T}{P} = k$                       D  $PV = k$

**11** Bond formed between two non-metals is expected to be:

- A Ionic                      B Covalent  
C Metallic                      D Coordinate covalent

**12** Solubility is defined as number of grams of solute dissolved in ... of solvent to prepare saturated solution at particular temperature:

- A 100 mg                      B 100 kg  
C 100 g                      D 1000 g