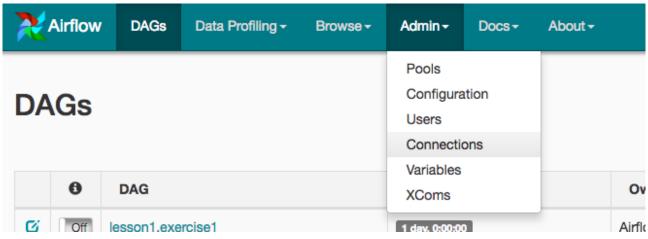
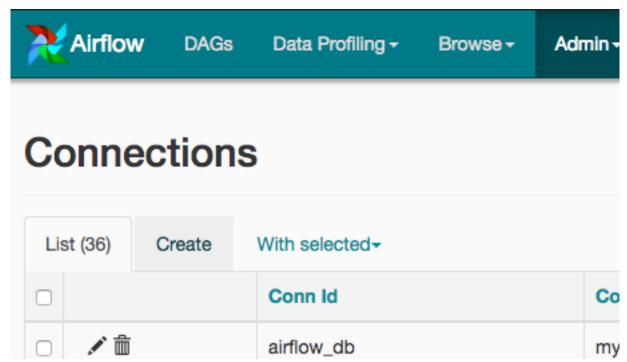
## **Add Airflow Connections**

Here, we'll use Airflow's UI to configure your AWS credentials and connection to Redshift.

- 1. To go to the Airflow UI:
  - You can use the Project Workspace here and click on the blue Access
     Airflow button in the bottom right.
  - If you'd prefer to run Airflow locally, open http://localhost:8080 in Google
     Chrome (other browsers occasionally have issues rendering the Airflow UI).
- 2. Click on the **Admin** tab and select **Connections**.

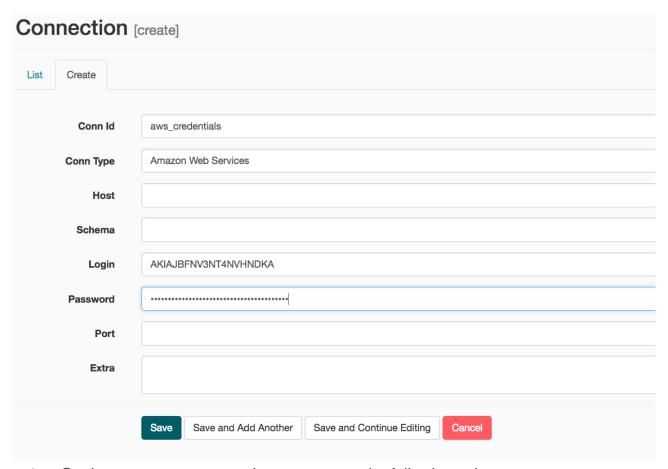


3. Under Connections, select Create.



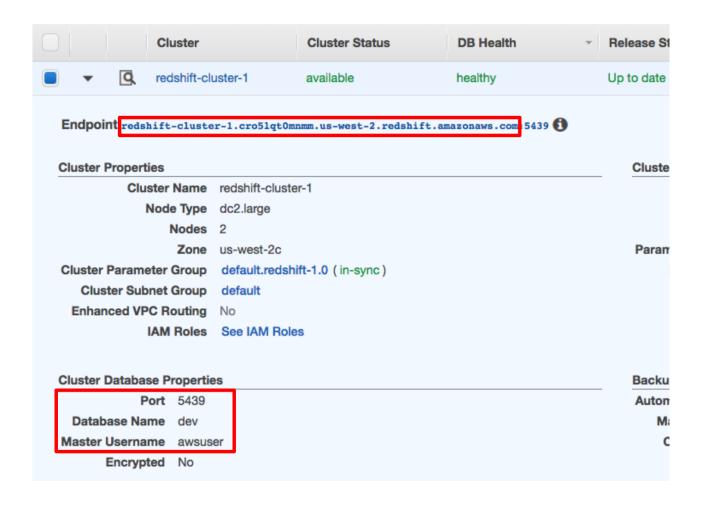
- 4. On the create connection page, enter the following values:
  - Conn Id: Enter aws\_credentials.
  - Conn Type: Enter Amazon Web Services.

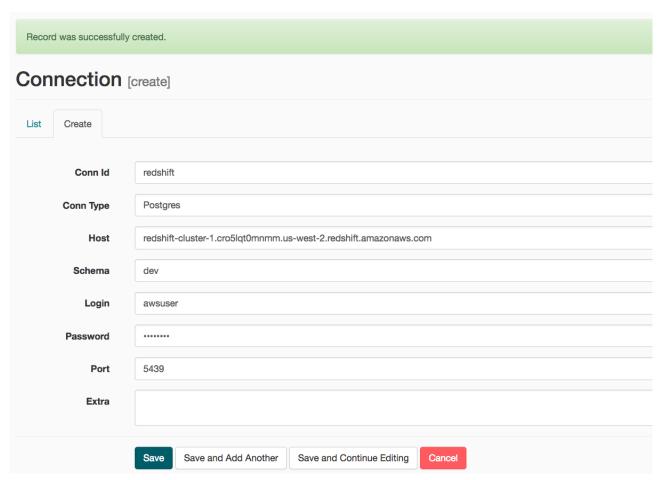
- Login: Enter your Access key ID from the IAM User credentials you downloaded earlier.
- Password: Enter your Secret access key from the IAM User credentials you downloaded earlier.
- 5. Once you've entered these values, select **Save and Add Another**.



- 4. On the next create connection page, enter the following values:
  - Conn Id: Enter redshift.
  - Conn Type: Enter Postgres.
  - Host: Enter the endpoint of your Redshift cluster, excluding the port at the
    end. You can find this by selecting your cluster in the Clusters page of the
    Amazon Redshift console. See where this is located in the screenshot below.
    IMPORTANT: Make sure to NOT include the port at the end of the Redshift
    endpoint string.
  - Schema: Enter dev. This is the Redshift database you want to connect to.
  - Login: Enter awsuser.
  - Password: Enter the password you created when launching your Redshift cluster.

- Port: Enter 5439.
- 5. Once you've entered these values, select **Save**.





Awesome! You're now all configured to run Airflow with Redshift.

WARNING: Remember to DELETE your cluster each time you are finished working to avoid large, unexpected costs.