OGUN DIGICLASS

CLASS: SECONDARY SCHOOL

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS

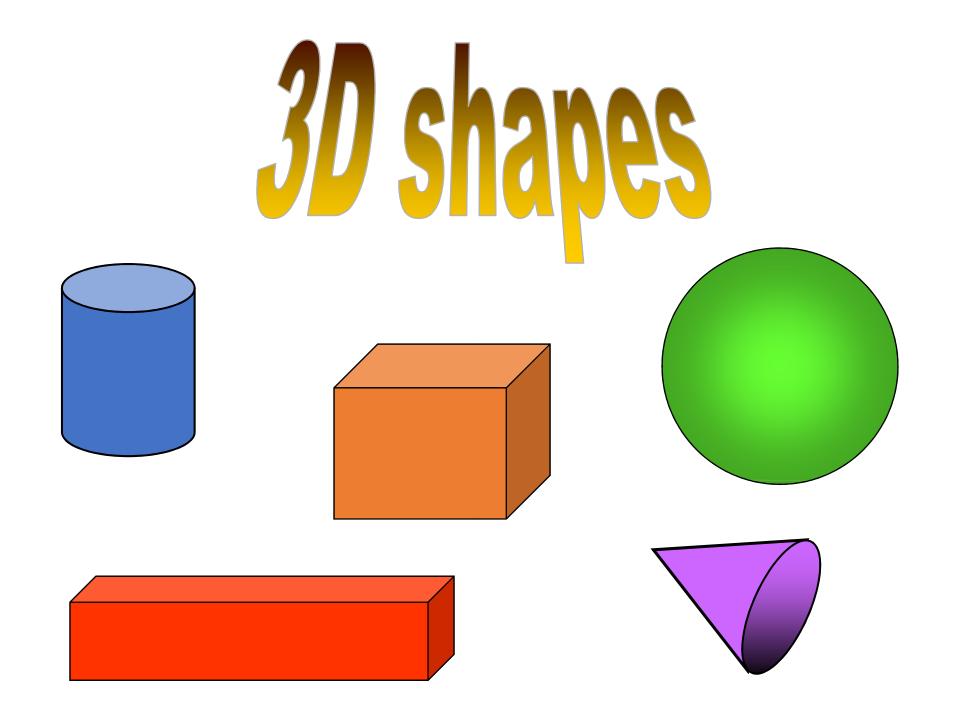


TOPIC: SOLID MENSURATION

OBJECTIVES

List examples of solid mensuration with life examples
State properties of solid mensuration

Calculate the area and volume of solid mensuration



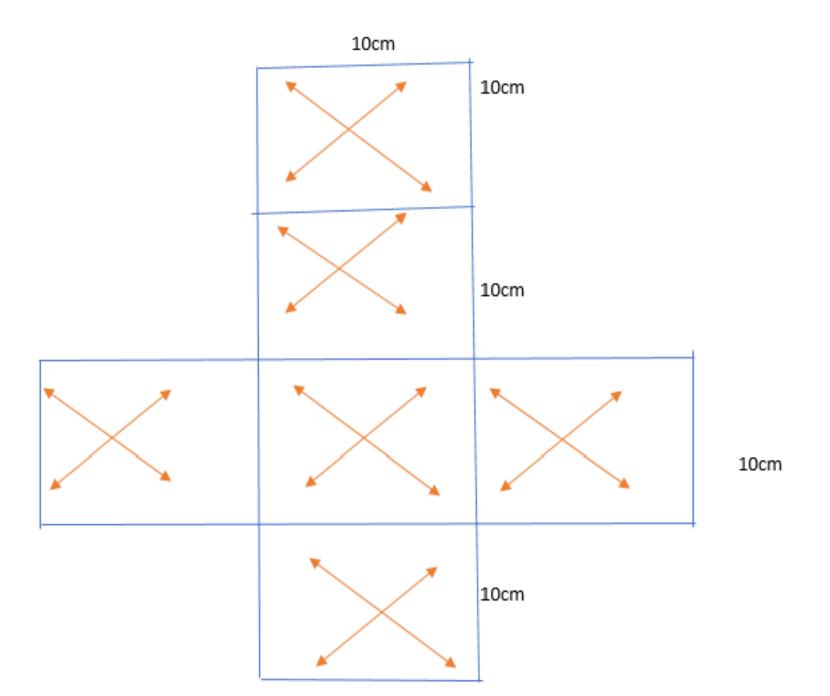
NET OF A SOLID MENSURATION

- CUBE
- A cube is a 3-dimensional shape that has six faces of equal dimension. This means that it has length, breadth (width) and height all of which are equal to each other

	10cm	10cm	10cm	+
				10cm
				10cm
-				
				10cm
				10cm
- 1				

NET OF A CUBE

10cm	10c m	10cm	1
			10cm



LET US TRY AND FOLD

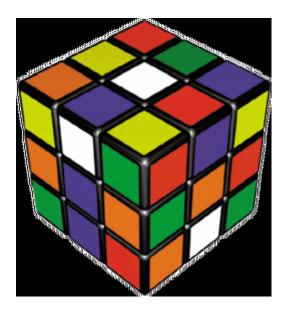
What shape am I?

- I have 6 flat square faces
- I have 12 straight edges
- I have 8 corners.

I am a?

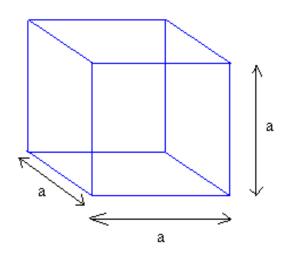
Fantastic!

I am a cube!

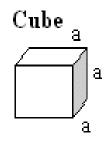


TOTAL SURFACE AREA OF CUBE

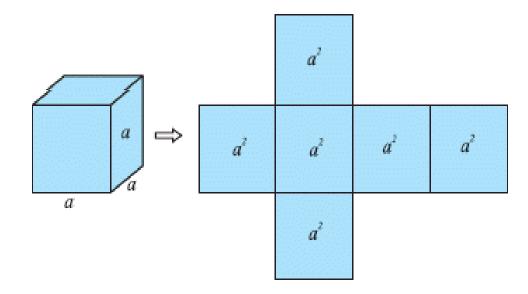
$$V_{\text{cube}} = a^3 = a \times a \times a$$



where a is the edge of the cube.



Surface Area = $6a^2$ Lateral Surface Area = $4a^2$



EXAMPLE CONT..

The side of a cube is 5cm. Find its total surface area and volume.

Solution:

Total surface area of cube = $6a^2$.

Where a is side.

Given that $\mathbf{a} = 5$ cm.

Total surface area of cube = 6×5^2

- $= 6 \times 25$
- $= 150 \text{cm}^2$

$$V_{\text{cube}} = 5^3$$

$$V_{\text{cube}} = 5\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$$

$$V_{\text{cube}} = 125 \text{ cm}^3$$

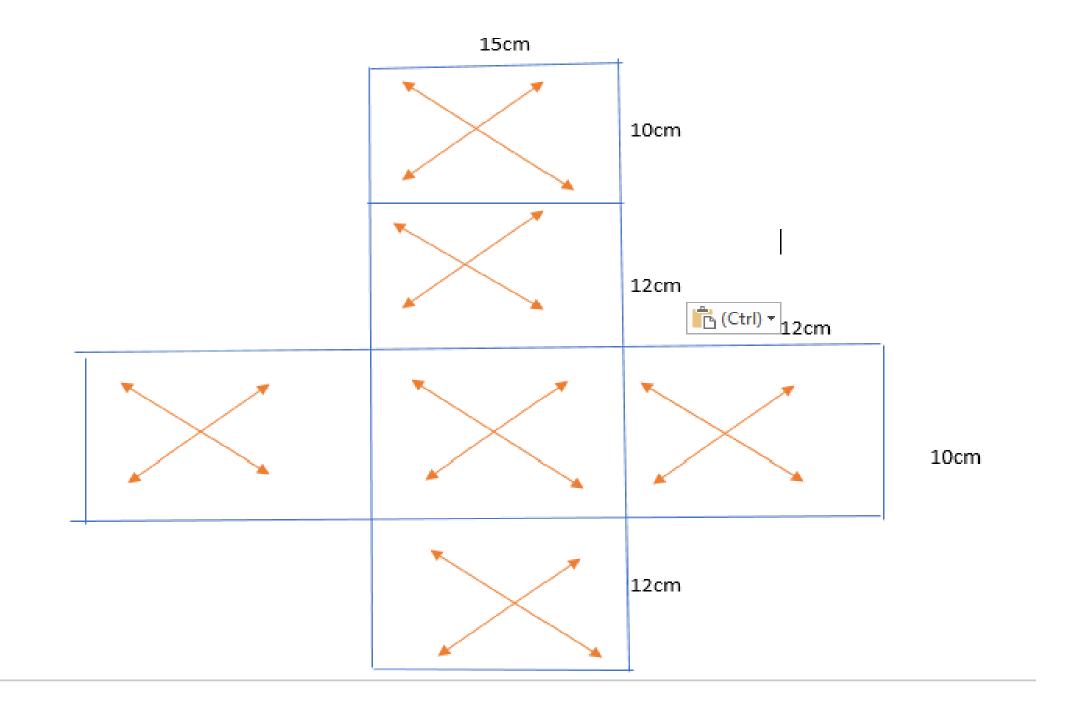
COROID

A Cuboids is a solid mensuration or 3-dimensional shape with rectangular base and side. It has six rectangular faces if all sides are closed

12cm	15cm	12cm	-
			10cm
			12cm
			10cm
			12cm
			L

NET OF A CUBE

12cm	15c m	12cm	-
			10cm
			12cm
			10cm
			12cm



LET US TRY AND FOLD

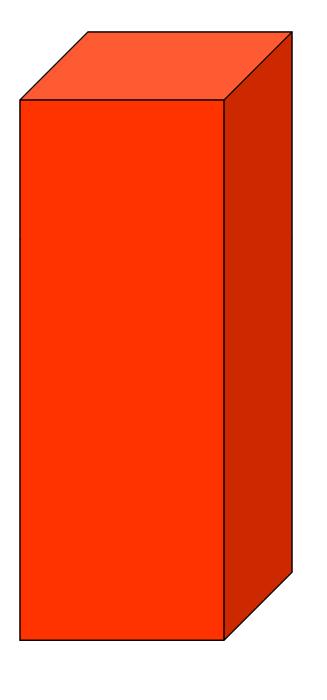
What shape am I?

• I have 6 flat faces

My faces are all rectangles (square or oblong)

• I have 12 straight edges and 8 corners.

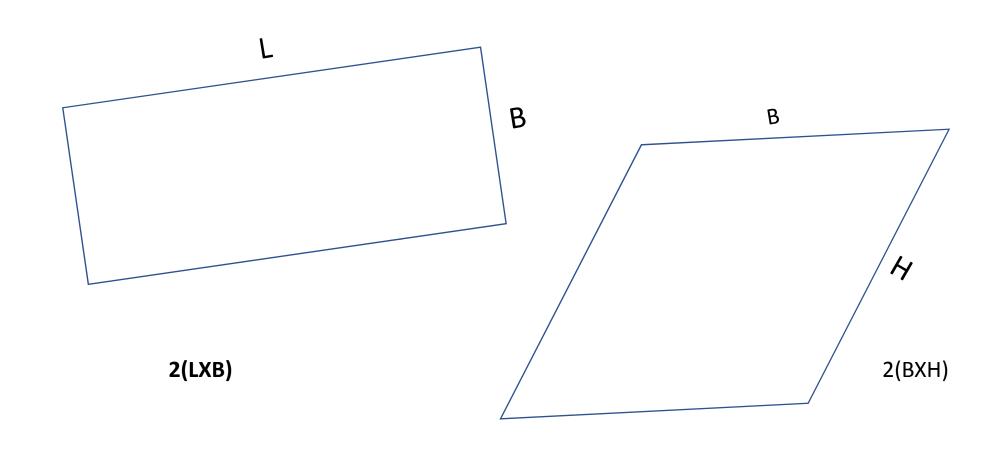
I am a?



Brilliant!

I am a cuboid!







TOTAL SURFACE AREA AND VOLUME OF A CUBOID

• TOTAL SURFACE AREA OF A CUBOID = 2(LB)+2(BH)+2(LH)

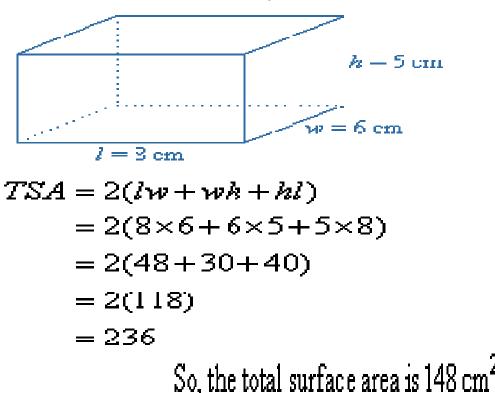
=2(LB+BH+LH)

VOLUME OF CUBOID

=LXBXH

TOTAL SURFACE AREA AND VOLUME OF A CUBOID

Find the total surface area of a cuboid with dimensions 8 cm by 6 cm by 5 cm.



So, the total surface area is 148 cm².

$$V_{cuboid} = L x W x H$$

$$V_{cuboid} = 8cm x 6cm x 5cm$$

$$V_{cuboid} = 240cm^3$$

WASSCE 2004(N0. 3)PAST QUESTION

A rectangle tank 60cm by 80cm by 100cm is half filled with water.
 how many litres of water is it holding

Solution

Volume of tank = $80 \times 60 \times 50$

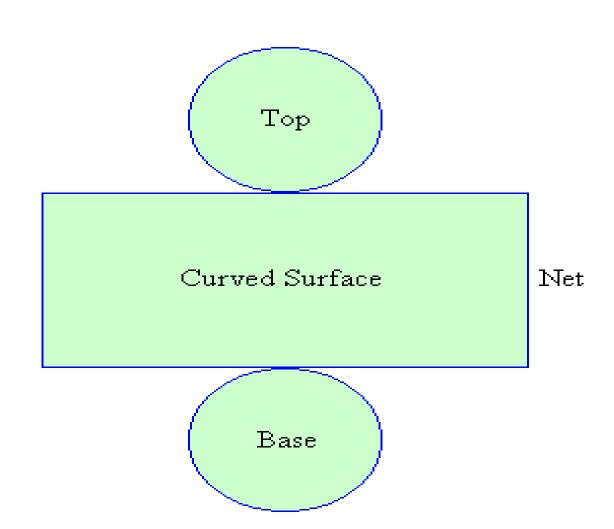
=
$$240,000 \text{cm}^3$$

Capacity = $\frac{240,000 \text{cm}^3}{1,000 \text{cm}^3}$ = 240litres

Therefore, the rectangular tank holds = 240litres

NOTE 1000cm³ = 1LITRE

CYLINDER



LET US TRY AND FOLD

What shape am I?

·I have one curved face

• I have 2 flat circular faces.

I am a?



I am a cylinder



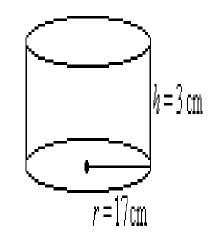
- A cylinder is prism whose cross-section is a circle
- a) Curved surface Area
 - =Base circumference x Height
 - $=2\pi rh$ square unit
- a) Total Surface Area
 - = Areas of all the faces
- I. When both top are closed
 - = area of base + area of top + curved surface area
 - $=\pi r^2 + \pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$
 - $=2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$
 - $=2\pi r(r + h)$ square unit
- II. When one top is opened
 - =Area of base + Curved Surface Area
 - $=\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$
 - $=\pi r(r + 2h)$ square units

EXAMPLE ON CYLINDER

Find the total surface area of a cylindrical tin of radius 17 cm and height 3 cm.

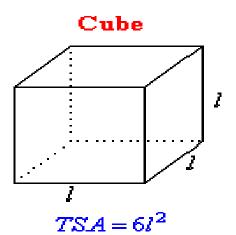
$$TSA = 2\pi r(r+h)$$

= 2×3.142×17(17+3) {EODMAS}
= 2×3.142×17×20
= 2136.56

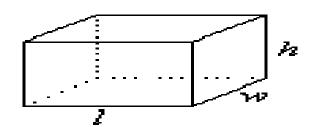


So, the total surface area is $2136.56 \, \mathrm{cm}^2$.

SUMMARY

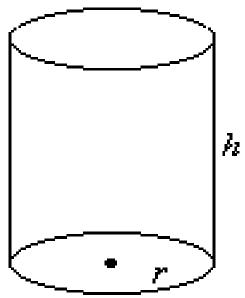


Cuboid



$$TSA = 2(lw + wh + hl)$$





$$CSA = 2\pi rh$$

 $TSA = 2\pi r(r+h)$

ASSIGNMENT FROM WASSCE PAST QUESTIONS

- 1995(OBJ NO. 25 AND 26)
- 2002(THEORY NO. 8)
- 2005(OBJ. NO. 39)
- 2007(THEORY NO. 8)