WEBDEVELOPMENT TASK 01, 02

Calculate Age	
	Calculate Age

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
 2 * <html lang="en">
 3 * khead>
        <meta charset="UTF-8">
 4
        <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
 5
        <title>Age Calculator & To-Do List</title>
        <style>
 8 +
          body {
               font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
 9
10
                margin: 20px:
              background: #f2f2f2:
11
12
13 *
           h2 {
14
               color: #0047AB;
15
               border-bottom: 2px solid #0047AB;
16
              padding-bottom: 5px;
          }
17
18 *
            .section {
            background: #fff;
19
      padding: 20px;
20
21
               margin-bottom: 30px;
22
         border-radi
box-shadow:
}
input, button {
padding: 10
               border-radius: 10px;
           box-shadow: 0 2px 8px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
23
24
25 *
26
               padding: 10px;
27
               margin: 5px 0;
28
               width: 100%;
              box-sizing: border-box;
29
30
31 *
           ul li {
            list-style: none;
32
33
               margin: 5px 0;
34
              background: #e7f0fd;
35
               padding: 10px;
36
              border-radius: 5px;
37
38 +
           ul li.completed {
39
               text-decoration: line-through;
40
               color: gray;
41
42 +
           .task-actions button {
43
           margin-right: 5px;
44
           1
45
       </style>
46 </head>
47 · <body>
48
49 +
        <div class="section">
        <h2>Task 1: Age Calculator</h2>
50
            <label>Date of Birth:</label>
51
           <input type="date" id="dob">
52
53
           <button onclick="calculateAge()">Calculate Age</button>
54
           </div>
55
56
57 +
       <div class="section">
           <h2>Task 2: To-Do List</h2>
58
            <input type="text" id="taskInput" placeholder="Enter new task">
59
            <button onclick="addTask()">Add Task</button>
60
61
           </div>
62
63
64 *
       <script>
          // Age Calculator
65
            function calculateAge() {
66 *
67
              const dob = new Date(document.getElementById('dob').value);
68
                const today = new Date();
69 +
               if (dob == "Invalid Date")
                   document.getElementById('ageResult').innerText = "Please enter a valid date.";
                return;
71
72
               let years = today.getFullYear() - dob.getFullYear();
let months = today.getMonth() - dob.getMonth();
73
74
75
              let days = today.getDate() - dob.getDate();
77 +
               if (days < 0) {
              months--;
78
```

```
months--:
79
                     days += new Date(today.getFullYear(), today.getMonth(), 0).getDate();
80
81 *
                 if (months < 0) {
                     vears--:
 83
                     months += 12;
 84
 85
                document.getElementById('ageResult').innerText = 'You are ${years} years, ${months} months, and ${days} days old.';
 87
 88
           // To-Do List
             function addTask() {
 91
                 const taskInput = document.getElementById("taskInput");
92
                 const taskList = document.getElementById("taskList");
 93
                 const taskText = taskInput.value.trim();
95
      if (taskText === "") return;
96
                 const li = document.createElement("li");
98
                 li.textContent = taskText;
99
                 li.className = "task";
100
                 li.onclick = () => li.classList.toggle("completed");
101
102
                 const delBtn = document.createElement("button");
103
                 delBtn.textContent = "Delete";
104
                 delBtn.onclick = () => li.remove();
li.appendChild(document.createElement("br"));
105
186
                 li.appendChild(delBtn);
107
108
                 taskList.appendChild(li);
109
                 taskInput.value =
110
111
         </script>
112 </body>
113 </html>
```

PHYTON PROGRAMMING TASK 01,02

OUTPUT

```
Enter number of terms: 123
Fibonacci Sequence: [0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, 144, 233, 377, 610, 987, 1597, 2584, 4181, 6765, 10946, 17711, 28657, 46368, 75025, 121393, 196418, 317811, 514229, 832040, 1346269, 2178309, 3524578, 5702887, 9227465, 14930352, 24157817, 39088169, 63245986, 102334155, 165580141, 267914296, 433494437, 701408733, 1134903170, 1836311903, 2971215073, 4807526976, 7778742049, 12586269025, 20365011074, 32951280099, 53316291173, 86267571272, 139583862445, 225851433717, 365435296162, 591286729879, 956722026041, 1548008755920, 2504730781961, 4052739537881, 6557470319842, 10610209857723, 17167680177565, 27777890035288, 44945570212853, 72723460248141, 117669030460994, 190392490709135, 308061521170129, 498454011879264, 806515533049993, 1304969544928657, 2111485077978050, 34164554622906707, 5527939700884757, 8944394323791464, 14472334024676221, 23416728348467685, 37889062373143906, 61305790721611591, 99194853094755497, 160500643316367088, 259695496911122585, 420196140727483673, 679891637638612258, 1100087778366101931, 1779979416004714189, 2880067194370816120, 4660046610375530309, 7540113804746346429, 12200160415121876738, 19740274219868223167, 31940434634990099905, 51680708854858323072, 83621143489848422977, 135301852344706746049, 218922995834555169026, 354224848179261915075, 573147844013817084101, 92737269219307899916, 15005052626968082377, 24278932228399975082453, 3928413764606871165730, 6356306993006846248183, 10284720757613717413913, 16641027750620563662096, 269257485082342780740099, 43566776258854844783105, 70492524767089125814114, 114059301025943970552219, 184551825793033096366333, 298611126818877066918552, 483162952612010163284888, 781774079430987230203437, 1264937032042997393488322, 2046711111473984623691759, 3311648143516982017180081, 5358359254990966640871840, 8670007398507948658051921, 14028366653498915298923761]
```

INPUT

```
main.py
 2 def generate_fibonacci(n):
        sequence = []
        a, b = 0, 1
4
        for _ in range(n):
 6
            sequence.append(a)
           a, b = b, a + b
        return sequence
 8
9
10 n = int(input("Enter number of terms: "))
11 print("Fibonacci Sequence:", generate_fibonacci(n))
12
13
14 import pyttsx3
15 import speech_recognition as sr
16 import datetime
17 import webbrowser
18
19 def speak(text):
20
        engine = pyttsx3.init()
21
        engine.say(text)
22
        engine.runAndWait()
23
24 def listen():
25
        recognizer = sr.Recognizer()
26
        with sr.Microphone() as source:
27
           print("Listening...")
28
           audio = recognizer.listen(source)
29
            command = recognizer.recognize_google(audio)
30
31
           print(f"User said: {command}\n")
        except sr.UnknownValueError:
32
           speak("Sorry, I did not understand that.")
33
34
35
        return command.lower()
36
37
   def run_voice_assistant():
38
        speak("Hello, how can I help you today?")
39
        while True:
40
            command = listen()
            if 'time' in command:
41
42
                time = datetime.datetime.now().strftime('%I:%M %p')
                speak(f"The time is {time}")
43
44
            elif 'open youtube' in command:
45
               webbrowser.open("https://www.youtube.com")
46
                speak("Opening YouTube")
47
            elif 'stop' in command or 'exit' in command:
48
               speak("Goodbye!")
49
                break
```

MACHNE LEARNING

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
# Sample Dataset (Simulated)
data = {
    'user_id': [101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108],
    'song_id': [201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208],
    'play_count': [5, 2, 7, 1, 8, 2, 10, 3], # how many times the user played the song
    'liked': [1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0]
                                              # 1 = user replayed song (liked), 0 = did not replay
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
# Feature and Target
X = df[['play_count']]
y = df['liked']
# Split data
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
# Train model
model = LogisticRegression()
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
# Predict and Evaluate
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
print("Predictions:", y_pred)
print("Accuracy:", accuracy)
# Predict a new case
new_play_count = pd.DataFrame({'play_count': [4]})
new_prediction = model.predict(new_play_count)
print("Recommendation for play count 4:", "Like" if new_prediction[0] == 1 else "Dislike")
```

TASK 02

1. Install Required Libraries

bash CopyEdit

pip install tensorflow numpy matplotlib

2. Code Implementation

```
python
CopyEdit
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Dense
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Load MNIST dataset
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
# Preprocess data
x train = x train.reshape(-1, 28, 28, 1).astype('float32') / 255
x_{\text{test}} = x_{\text{test.reshape}}(-1, 28, 28, 1).astype('float32') / 255
# Build CNN model
model = Sequential([
    Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input shape=(28, 28, 1)),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Flatten(),
    Dense(100, activation='relu'),
    Dense(10, activation='softmax') # 10 classes for digits 0-9
1)
# Compile the model
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss='sparse categorical crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the model
model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=5, validation_split=0.2)
# Evaluate
test loss, test acc = model.evaluate(x test, y test)
print(f'Test accuracy: {test acc * 100:.2f}%')
# Predict and display some results
predictions = model.predict(x test)
# Show 5 predictions
for i in range(5):
    plt.imshow(x test[i].reshape(28,28), cmap='gray')
    plt.title(f'Predicted: {predictions[i].argmax()}, Actual: {y test[i]}')
    plt.show()
```

JAVA PROGRAMMING TASK 01,02

Tech Stack:

- Java (Servlet + JSP)
- MySQL
- Tomcat Server
- Maven
- MVC Architecture

☐ Project Structure:

Sample Code Snippets:

1. Model (Student.java):

```
java
CopyEdit
public class Student {
    private int id;
    private String name;
    private boolean isPresent;

    // getters and setters
}
```

2. DAO (AttendanceDAO.java):

```
java
CopyEdit
public class AttendanceDAO {
    Connection conn = Database.getConnection();

    public void markAttendance(int studentId, boolean present) throws
SQLException {
        String sql = "UPDATE attendance SET is_present=? WHERE student_id=?";
        PreparedStatement stmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql);
        stmt.setBoolean(1, present);
        stmt.setInt(2, studentId);
        stmt.executeUpdate();
    }
}
```

3. Controller (AttendanceServlet.java):

```
java
CopyEdit
@WebServlet("/markAttendance")
public class AttendanceServlet extends HttpServlet {
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse res)
throws ServletException, IOException {
    int id = Integer.parseInt(req.getParameter("studentId"));
    boolean present = Boolean.parseBoolean(req.getParameter("present"));

    AttendanceDAO dao = new AttendanceDAO();
    dao.markAttendance(id, present);
    res.sendRedirect("success.jsp");
}

4. View (attendance.jsp):
```

```
jsp
CopyEdit
<form action="markAttendance" method="post">
    Student ID: <input name="studentId" />
    Present: <input type="checkbox" name="present" value="true" />
    <button type="submit">Submit</button>
</form>
```

DATABASE PROGRAMMING TASK 01,02

TASK 1: Titanic Classification (Machine Learning)

s Goal:

Predict survival of Titanic passengers based on socio-economic status, age, gender, etc.

Dataset:

Use Kaggle Titanic dataset: https://www.kaggle.com/c/titanic/data

Algorithms Suggested:

- Logistic Regression
- Decision Tree / Random Forest
- Support Vector Machine

Sample Code (TitanicClassifier.ipynb):

```
python
CopyEdit
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
# Load data
df = pd.read csv('titanic.csv')
# Preprocess
df['Sex'] = df['Sex'].map({'male': 0, 'female': 1})
df['Age'].fillna(df['Age'].mean(), inplace=True)
df['Embarked'].fillna('S', inplace=True)
df['Embarked'] = df['Embarked'].map({'S': 0, 'C': 1, 'Q': 2})
features = ['Pclass', 'Sex', 'Age', 'SibSp', 'Parch', 'Fare', 'Embarked']
X = df[features]
y = df['Survived']
# Train
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size=0.2)
model = RandomForestClassifier()
model.fit(X train, y train)
# Evaluate
preds = model.predict(X test)
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy_score(y_test, preds):.2f}")
```

TASK 2: Stock Price Prediction (Using LSTM in Jupyter Notebook)

Goal:

Predict stock prices using LSTM (Long Short-Term Memory) neural networks.

Libraries:

- TensorFlow/Keras
- Pandas, NumPy
- Matplotlib
- yfinance (for fetching stock data)

Sample Code (StockPrediction_LSTM.ipynb):

```
python
CopyEdit
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import yfinance as yf
from keras.models import Sequential
```

```
from keras.layers import Dense, LSTM
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
# Download stock data
df = yf.download('AAPL', start='2012-01-01', end='2020-01-01')
data = df['Close'].values.reshape(-1, 1)
# Normalize
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
data scaled = scaler.fit transform(data)
# Create dataset
def create dataset(data, time step=60):
    X, y = [], []
    for i in range(time step, len(data)):
        X.append(data[i - time step:i, 0])
        y.append(data[i, 0])
    return np.array(X), np.array(y)
X, y = create dataset(data scaled)
X = np.reshape(X, (X.shape[0], X.shape[1], 1))
# Build model
model = Sequential()
model.add(LSTM(units=50, return sequences=True, input shape=(X.shape[1], 1)))
model.add(LSTM(units=50))
model.add(Dense(1))
model.compile(loss='mean squared error', optimizer='adam')
model.fit(X, y, epochs=5, batch size=64)
# Predict future
predicted = model.predict(X)
predicted = scaler.inverse transform(predicted)
plt.plot(data, label='Original Price')
plt.plot(predicted, label='Predicted Price')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

CYBER SECURITY PROGRAMMING TASK 01,02

TASK 1: Basic Network Sniffer (Python)

Goal:

Build a network sniffer that captures and analyzes network traffic to understand how packets are structured.

Tools:

- Python
- scapy or socket module
- Wireshark (optional for validation)

Sample Code (basic_sniffer.py):

```
python
CopyEdit
import socket
def sniff packets():
    # Create raw socket to capture all packets
    sniffer = socket.socket(socket.AF INET, socket.SOCK RAW,
socket.IPPROTO IP)
    sniffer.bind(("YOUR IP ADDRESS", 0)) # Replace with your machine's IP
    sniffer.setsockopt(socket.IPPROTO IP, socket.IP HDRINCL, 1)
    sniffer.ioctl(socket.SIO RCVALL, socket.RCVALL ON)
    print("Sniffing packets...")
    try:
        while True:
            raw data, addr = sniffer.recvfrom(65535)
            print(f"Packet from {addr}: {raw data[:64]}...\n") # Print first
64 bytes
    except KeyboardInterrupt:
        print("Stopped.")
        sniffer.ioctl(socket.SIO RCVALL, socket.RCVALL OFF)
# Requires admin privileges on most systems.
□ Note: For Linux systems, use AF PACKET instead of AF INET. On Windows, run with admin
rights.
```

TASK 2: Phishing Awareness Training

Goal:

Create an educational presentation or module to train users on recognizing and avoiding phishing attacks.

Recommended Content Outline:

- 1. What is Phishing?
 - Definition
 - Common goals of attackers
- 2. Types of Phishing Attacks
 - Email phishing
 - Spear phishing
 - o Smishing (SMS phishing)
 - Vishing (voice phishing)
 - Clone phishing
- 3. Common Red Flags
 - Generic greetings
 - Spelling/grammar issues
 - Suspicious links or attachments
 - Requests for sensitive info
- 4. Real-Life Examples
 - Screenshot samples of phishing emails
 - Case studies
- 5. How to Protect Yourself
 - Verify sender identity
 - Don't click unknown links
 - Use 2FA and email filters
- 6. Interactive Quiz (Optional)
- 7. Tools to Detect Phishing
 - o Google Safe Browsing
 - VirusTotal

Anti-phishing plugins (Netcraft, PhishTank)

CLOUD COMPUTING PROGRAMMING TASK 01,02

TASK 1: CLOUD-BASED PHOTO GALLERY

☐ Tech Stack:

- **Frontend**: HTML, CSS, JavaScript (or React if preferred)
- **Backend**: Node.js with Express
- **Storage**: AWS S3 (or Google Cloud Storage)
- **Authentication**: Optional Firebase Auth or custom JWT

Features:

- Upload photos
- View gallery
- Organize images (by date/tags)
- Store in cloud (AWS S3 / Google Cloud)

Folder Structure:

```
bash
CopyEdit
photo-gallery/
client/ (frontend)
server/ (backend)
routes/
controllers/
app.js
env
README.md
```

Backend (Node.js + Express + AWS S3)

```
bash
CopyEdit
npm init -y
npm install express aws-sdk multer dotenv cors
```

.env

env

```
CopyEdit
AWS ACCESS KEY ID=your key
AWS SECRET ACCESS KEY=your secret
AWS REGION=your region
AWS BUCKET NAME=your bucket
server/app.js
jѕ
CopyEdit
const express = require('express');
const multer = require('multer');
const AWS = require('aws-sdk');
const cors = require('cors');
require('dotenv').config();
const app = express();
app.use(cors());
const s3 = new AWS.S3({
  accessKeyId: process.env.AWS ACCESS KEY ID,
  secretAccessKey: process.env.AWS SECRET ACCESS KEY,
  region: process.env.AWS REGION
});
const upload = multer({ storage: multer.memoryStorage() });
app.post('/upload', upload.single('photo'), (req, res) => {
 const params = {
   Bucket: process.env.AWS BUCKET NAME,
   Key: Date.now() + ' ' + reg.file.originalname,
   Body: req.file.buffer,
   ContentType: req.file.mimetype
  };
  s3.upload(params, (err, data) => {
   if (err) return res.status(500).json({ error: err });
   res.status(200).json({ url: data.Location });
  });
});
app.listen(3001, () => console.log("Server running on port 3001"));
```

Frontend (HTML + JS)

```
html
CopyEdit
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head><title>Photo Upload</title></head>
<body>
    <h1>Upload Photo</h1>
    <input type="file" id="file" />
    <button onclick="upload()">Upload</button>
```

```
<script>
  async function upload() {
    const file = document.getElementById('file').files[0];
    const formData = new FormData();
    formData.append('photo', file);
    const res = await fetch('http://localhost:3001/upload', {
        method: 'POST',
        body: formData
    });
    const data = await res.json();
    alert('Uploaded! URL: ' + data.url);
    }
    </script>
</body>
</html>
```

C++ PROGRAMMING TASK 01,02

TASK 1: TO-DO LIST APPLICATION (Console-Based)

```
python
CopyEdit
# to do list.py
tasks = []
def add task():
    task = input("Enter a new task: ")
    tasks.append({"task": task, "completed": False})
    print("Task added.")
def view tasks():
    if not tasks:
        print("No tasks available.")
        return
    print("\nCurrent Tasks:")
    for i, task in enumerate(tasks, start=1):
        status = "" if task["completed"] else "\Box"
        print(f"{i}. {task['task']} [{status}]")
def mark completed():
    view_tasks()
    try:
        num = int(input("Enter the task number to mark as completed: "))
        if 1 \le \text{num} \le \text{len(tasks)}:
```

```
tasks[num - 1]["completed"] = True
            print("Task marked as completed.")
            print("Invalid task number.")
    except ValueError:
        print("Please enter a valid number.")
def main():
    while True:
        print("\n--- TO-DO LIST MENU ---")
        print("1. Add Task")
        print("2. View Tasks")
        print("3. Mark Task as Completed")
        print("4. Exit")
        choice = input("Choose an option (1-4): ")
        if choice == "1":
            add task()
        elif choice == "2":
            view tasks()
        elif choice == "3":
           mark completed()
        elif choice == "4":
            print("Goodbye!")
            break
        else:
            print("Invalid choice. Try again.")
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

TASK 2: BASIC FILE ENCRYPTION/DECRYPTION (Caesar Cipher)

```
python
CopyEdit
# file encrypt decrypt.py
def caesar cipher(text, shift):
    result = ""
    for char in text:
        if char.isalpha():
            base = ord('A') if char.isupper() else ord('a')
            result += chr((ord(char) - base + shift) % 26 + base)
        else:
            result += char
    return result
def encrypt file(filename, shift):
    try:
        with open(filename, 'r') as file:
            text = file.read()
        encrypted = caesar cipher(text, shift)
        with open("encrypted " + filename, 'w') as file:
```

```
file.write(encrypted)
        print("File encrypted successfully as 'encrypted " + filename + "'")
    except FileNotFoundError:
        print("File not found.")
def decrypt file(filename, shift):
    try:
        with open(filename, 'r') as file:
            text = file.read()
        decrypted = caesar cipher(text, -shift)
        with open ("decrypted " + filename, 'w') as file:
            file.write(decrypted)
        print("File decrypted successfully as 'decrypted " + filename + "'")
    except FileNotFoundError:
        print("File not found.")
def main():
    while True:
        print("\n--- FILE ENCRYPTION/DECRYPTION MENU ---")
       print("1. Encrypt File")
       print("2. Decrypt File")
        print("3. Exit")
        choice = input("Choose an option (1-3): ")
        if choice == "1":
            filename = input("Enter filename to encrypt: ")
            shift = int(input("Enter shift (e.g., 3): "))
            encrypt file(filename, shift)
        elif choice == "2":
            filename = input("Enter filename to decrypt: ")
            shift = int(input("Enter shift used for encryption: "))
            decrypt_file(filename, shift)
        elif choice == "3":
            print("Goodbye!")
            break
        else:
            print("Invalid choice. Try again.")
if name == " main ":
   main()
```

TASK 1: College Alert Android App

□ Overview

A beginner-friendly Android app to notify students about campus events.

☐ Tech Stack

- Language: Java (or Kotlin)
- IDE: Android Studio
- Backend: **Firebase Realtime Database** (or Firestore)
- Notifications: Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM)

☐ Features

- 1. Student login (optional)
- 2. View upcoming events
- 3. Admin panel to add events
- 4. Real-time updates & push notifications

☐ Project Structure

```
pgsql
CopyEdit
CollegeAlertApp/

MainActivity.java
EventListActivity.java
AddEventActivity.java
models/
Event.java
adapters/
EventAdapter.java
res/layout/
activity_main.xml
activity_event_list.xml
Firebase setup
```

Sample Code Snippets

② Event.java (Model)

```
java
CopyEdit
public class Event {
    public String title;
    public String date;
    public String description;
```

```
public Event() {} // Needed for Firebase
    public Event(String title, String date, String description) {
        this.title = title;
        this.date = date;
        this.description = description;
    }
}

    MainActivity.java (Homepage)

java
CopyEdit
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
        Button btnView = findViewById(R.id.btnViewEvents);
        Button btnAdd = findViewById(R.id.btnAddEvent);
        btnView.setOnClickListener(v -> startActivity(new Intent(this,
EventListActivity.class)));
        btnAdd.setOnClickListener(v -> startActivity(new Intent(this,
AddEventActivity.class)));
    }

② Firebase Realtime DB Code (Add Event)

java
CopyEdit
DatabaseReference db = FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().getReference("events");
String id = db.push().getKey();
Event event = new Event(title, date, desc);
db.child(id).setValue(event);
```

TASK 2: E-Commerce Android App

Tech Stack

- Frontend: **Flutter** (Dart)
- Backend: Firebase Firestore + Firebase Auth
- Payment: **Razorpay/Stripe**
- Storage: Firebase Storage (for product images)

Features

1. User login/signup

- 2. Add/view products
- 3. Product search & filter
- 4. Cart & Checkout
- 5. Secure payment

Project Structure (Flutter)

Sample Code Snippets

```
2 product.dart (Model)
```

```
dart
CopyEdit
class Product {
  String id, title, description, imageUrl;
  double price;
  Product({required this.id, required this.title, required this.description,
required this.price, required this.imageUrl});
  factory Product.fromJson(Map<String, dynamic> json) => Product(
   id: json['id'],
   title: json['title'],
   description: json['description'],
   price: json['price'],
    imageUrl: json['imageUrl'],
  );
Petch Products (Firebase)
dart
CopyEdit
Future<List<Product>> fetchProducts() async {
 final snapshot = await
FirebaseFirestore.instance.collection('products').get();
  return snapshot.docs.map((doc) => Product.fromJson(doc.data())).toList();
```

2 Razorpay Integration

```
dart
CopyEdit
var options = {
   'key': 'YOUR_KEY_HERE',
   'amount': total * 100, // in paise
   'name': 'E-Commerce App',
   'description': 'Payment',
   'prefill': {'contact': '', 'email': ''}
};
razorpay.open(options);
```

THE END ALL TASK

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