Assignment 1

Assignment 1(a):-

a) Write a C program to create a child process using the system call fork() and from the child process, display the PID and PPID and also display the same from parent process. Demonstarte the use of $\operatorname{exit}(0)$ and $\operatorname{exit}(1)$.

Hinte:

- * There is a system call available in the LINUX to create a child process called fork(). Again the fork() system call returns the PID of the child process to the parent process and returns the value 0 to the child process. Moreover the return value type of the fork() system call is $\operatorname{pid}_{\mathtt{L}}$ t.
- * For fork() system call , you need a header file #include<sys/types.h>
- * To get the PID and PPID , we have two more system call getpid() and getppid() and the return types of both are int.

Assignment 1(b):-

Write a C program like the assignment 1(a). But here use the system call wait() system to synchronize the execution of parent program in your program until child process finishes.

Hints:

* For wait() system call , you need a header file #include<sys/wait.h>

Assignment 1(c):-

Write a C program like the assignment 1(b). and overlay a user degined program into the address space of the child process using execv() system call. Again use wait() system call to synchronize the execution of parent program in your program until child process finishes. Here use the macro WIFEXITED to capture the returned status of the child in parent process. Also demonstarte the use of argument vector to print the program name by the child process.