Object Oriented Programming



Topic:

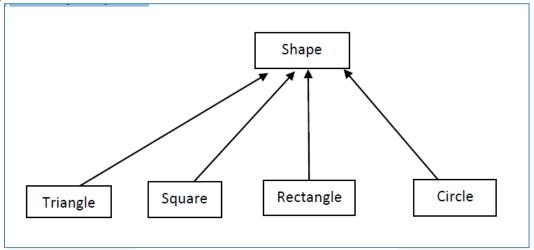
Polymorphism, Composition, Function Template

Faculty of Information Technology
UCP Lahore Pakistan

Task 1

Implement the following class hierarchy. Write a function Area () to calculate area of each object of any Shape.

Use Polymorphism



For Triangle: A = ½*length*width

For Square: A = length*length

For Rectangle: A = length|*width

For Circle: $A=\pi r^2$

• Select attribute of each class as required above.

- Make Abstract class where needed.
- Make an parameterized constructor that takes parameters required in each class
- Call Area() function of each class through concept of polymorphism.

Task 2 - Function Templating

For this part of the lab make a template out of the myMax function and test it on different data types.

- Start with the repl code provided to you.
- Compile and run the program to see how it works.
- Make a template out of myMax. Don't forget the return type.
- Modify the prototype appropriately.
- Test your myMax template on int, double, and string types.

When you are done your output should resemble this:

```
The max of 3 and 5 is 5
The max of 5.6 and 7.3 is 7.3
The max of donkey and apple is donkey
```

Task 3 - Composition

Make a Computer System class with objects of the following classes

- 1. monitor
- 2. CPU
- 3. Keyboard

The monitor must have following member variables

- 1. char type array CompanyName
- 2. int Size
- 3. float price

CPU must have following member variables

- 1. char type array CompanyName
- 2. int Speed
- 3. float price

Key Board must have following member variables

- 1. Char type array CompanyName
- 2. Int NumOfKeys
- 3. Float price

In main user should see any information about his/her system.

NOTE: Also write the constructor & destructor sequence for every class.

Task 4:

Perform the following tasks.

- 1. An abstract class called Creature
- 2. Classes Player and Monster (derived from Creature)
- 3. Classes WildPig and Dragon (derived from Monster)

In the Creature class

- Define a char* member, CreatureName, to store the class Creature's name.
- Two functions

void DoAction(): Print the action of the object, and the actions have to be different from different classes.void DrawOnScreen(): Print the object's name and call DoAction() belonging to the same class.

The class definition of Creature is:

```
class Creature {
public:
Creature(string);
virtual void DoAction()const=0;
virtual void DrawOnScreen()const=0;
protected:
string CreatureName;
};
```

Implement the class Player, Monster, Dragon and Wildpig so that when execution the following code, the counsel shows the execution result as the following:

Console Output:

```
Player (Kick_Ass) is attacking!!

Monster (UFO) is doing monster stuff!!

WildPig (I'm_Hungry) is Running!!

Dragon (I'm_the_Boss) is breathing Fire!!!

Press any key to continue . . . _
```

Main function:

```
int main(){
Player hero("Kick_Ass");
Monster mon("UFO");
WildPig pig("I'm_Hungry");
Dragon drag("I'm_the_Boss");
Creature* object[4];
object[0]=&hero;
object[1]=&mon;
object[2]=&pig;
object[3]=&drag;
object[0]->DrawOnScreen();
object[1]->DrawOnScreen();
object[2]->DrawOnScreen();
object[3]->DrawOnScreen();
return 0;}
```