```
1:
    .data
2:
3:
        # Bitmap Frame Buffer
4:
        frameBuffer: .space 0x80000
5:
        # Delcaring a newline
6:
7:
        newline: .asciiz "\n"
8:
9:
        # Declaing GameIntro
10:
        GameIntro1: .asciiz "\n\n****** Hello Hello, This Is A Math Game Where You Need T
o Find The Root Of The Polynomial Equations!! ******\n"
            GameIntro2: .asciiz "\tRules Of The Game:\n"
12:
            GameIntro3: .asciiz "\t-> You Have To Solve All Of The 7 Questions In Order To
13:
Win The Prize! (Two Attempts For Each Question)\n"
            GameIntro4: .asciiz "\t-> Questions' Level Are As Follow:\n"
14:
            GameIntro5: .asciiz "\t\t. Q's 1 - 3 Are Level Easy. (Prize: "Bronze Medal")\n
15:
            GameIntro6: .asciiz "\t\t. Q's 4 - 6 Are Level Medium. (Prize: "Silver Medal")
16:
\n''
            GameIntro7: .asciiz "\t\t. Q 7 is Level Hard. (Prize: "Gold Medal")\n\n"
17:
18:
            GameIntro8: .asciiz "\t-> You Can Opt Out Whenever You Win One Of The Medals,
Or Continue Unit you Win Gold Medal\n"
19:
            GameIntro9: .asciiz "\n\t\tGOOD LUCK!!!!\n\n"
20:
21:
22:
            # Declaring Game Map
23:
            # gameMaps1()
24:
            gameMaps1.1: .asciiz "
                                                                                       EASY
25:
            gameMaps1.2: .asciiz "
                     ----\n"
____
26:
27:
        # gameMaps2()
28:
        gameMaps2.1: .asciiz "
                                        \\\n"
29:
            gameMaps2.2: .asciiz "
                                              |\n"
30:
            gameMaps2.3: .asciiz "
                                      "Bronze Medal"\n"
31:
            gameMaps2.4: .asciiz "
                                                                                      MEDIU
                                              |\n"
М
32:
            gameMaps2.5: .asciiz "
                                             /\n"
33:
34:
            # gameMaps3()
35:
        gameMaps3.1: .asciiz "
        gameMaps3.2: .asciiz "
                                    |\n"
36:
37:
            gameMaps3.3: .asciiz ""Silver Medal"\n"
38:
            gameMaps3.4: .asciiz "
                                                                                       HARD
\n''
39:
            gameMaps3.5: .asciiz "
                                          11
                    \n''
40:
```

```
41:
        # gameMap()
        gameMap.1: .asciiz " -----| Question 1 |-----| Question
42:
2 |-----| Question 3 |-----\n"
43: gameMap.2: .asciiz " -----| Question 6 |-----| Question 5 |
-----| Question 4 |----\n"
44: gameMap.3: .asciiz " ------ Question 7 |
----- "Gold Medal"\n"
     gameMap.4: .asciiz "
45:
      \n''
46:
47:
     # Game Maps Points
48:
        # gameMap1(10 points)
        gameMap1.1: .asciiz " -----| "
49:
        gameMap1.2: .asciiz " points |-----| Question 2 |-----|
50:
Question 3 |----\n"
     gameMap1.3: .asciiz " -----| Question 6 |-----| Question 5
51:
|-----| Question 4 |----\n"
                       -----| Question 7
     gameMap1.4: .asciiz "
52:
|----- "Gold Medal"\n"
     gameMap1.5: .asciiz "
53:
         \n''
54:
     # gameMap2(10 points, 20 points)
55:
     gameMap2.1: .asciiz " -----| "
56:
        gameMap2.2: .asciiz " points |-----| "
57:
        gameMap2.3: .asciiz " points |-----| Question 3 |----\n"
58:
        gameMap2.4: .asciiz " -----| Question 6 |-----| Question
59:
5 |-----| Question 4 |-----\n"
        gameMap2.5: .asciiz " ------| Question
60:
  |----- "Gold Medal"\n"
7
        gameMap2.6: .asciiz "
61:
         \n''
____
62:
        # gameMap3(10 points, 20 points, 30 points)
63:
64:
        gameMap3.1: .asciiz " -----| "
        gameMap3.2: .asciiz " points |-----| "
65:
        gameMap3.3: .asciiz " points |----- " "
66:
        gameMap3.4: .asciiz " points |----\n"
67:
        gameMap3.5: .asciiz " -----| Question 6 |-----| Question
68:
5 |-----| Question 4 |----\n"
        gameMap3.6: .asciiz "
7 |----- "Gold Medal"\n"
        gameMap3.7: .asciiz "
70:
            \n''
----
71:
72:
        # gameMap4(10 points, 20 points, 30 points, 40 points)
        73:
        gameMap4.2: .asciiz " points |----| "
74:
        gameMap4.3: .asciiz " points |----- " "
75:
76:
        gameMap4.4: .asciiz " points |----\n"
        gameMap4.5: .asciiz " -----| Question 6 |-----| Question
77:
5 |----- "
        gameMap4.6: .asciiz " points |----\n"
78:
        gameMap4.7: .asciiz "
                                        -----| Question
          ----- "Gold Medal"\n"
```

```
gameMap4.8: .asciiz "
80:
                \n''
____
81:
82:
          # gameMap5(10 points, 20 points, 30 points, 40 points, 50 points)
83:
          gameMap5.1: .asciiz "
                             -----| "
                                     |----|
          gameMap5.2: .asciiz " points
84:
                                     |-----i
85:
          gameMap5.3: .asciiz " points
                                     i----\n"
86:
          gameMap5.4: .asciiz " points
                                    -----| Question 6 |-----| "
87:
          gameMap5.5: .asciiz "
                                     |----| "
          gameMap5.6: .asciiz " points
88:
          gameMap5.7: .asciiz " points |----\n"
89:
          gameMap5.8: .asciiz "
90:
   |----- "Gold Medal"\n"
7
          gameMap5.9: .asciiz "
91:
____
                \n''
92:
          # gameMap6(10 points, 20 points, 30 points, 40 points, 50 points, 60 points)
93:
94:
          gameMap6.1: .asciiz " -----| "
          gameMap6.2: .asciiz " points |-----|
95:
          gameMap6.3: .asciiz " points |-----
96:
                                     |----\n"
97:
          gameMap6.4: .asciiz " points
                                    ----| "
          gameMap6.5: .asciiz "
98:
          gameMap6.6: .asciiz " points |-----| "
99:
           gameMap6.7: .asciiz " points |-----| "
100:
           gameMap6.8: .asciiz " points
101:
                                     -----| Questio
           gameMap6.9: .asciiz "
102:
          ----- "Gold Medal"\n"
n 7
           gameMap6.10:.asciiz "
103:
                 \n''
____
104:
           # gameMap7(10 points, 20 points, 30 points, 40 points, 50 points, 60 points,
105:
100 points)
           gameMap7.1: .asciiz "
                                     ----| "
106:
                                      |----|
           gameMap7.2: .asciiz " points
107:
                                      |----|
108:
           gameMap7.3: .asciiz " points
                                      |----\n"
           gameMap7.4: .asciiz " points
109:
                                     ----| "
110:
           gameMap7.5: .asciiz "
                                      |----| "
           gameMap7.6: .asciiz " points
111:
                                      |----| "
112:
           gameMap7.7: .asciiz " points
                                      |----\n"
113:
           gameMap7.8: .asciiz " points
           gameMap7.9: .asciiz "
114:
           gameMap7.10:.asciiz " points |----- "Gold Medal"
115:
n"
           gameMap7.11:.asciiz "
116:
                 \n''
____
117:
118:
119:
          # Gold Medal Prize
          GoldMedal1.1: .asciiz "\n\n"
120:
       GoldMedal1.2: .asciiz "
                               CONGRATULATIONS YOU'VE WON THE GOLD MEDAL\n"
121:
                                                                     \n"
       GoldMedal1.3: .asciiz "
122:
                                     *****
                                               /|
                                                     *****
123:
       GoldMedal1.4: .asciiz "
                                                                     \n"
                                    *** *
                                              / |
                                                     *
                                                        ***
       GoldMedal1.5: .asciiz "
                                                                     \n''
124:
                                       ** *
                                                     * **
125:
       GoldMedal1.6: .asciiz "
                                                                     \n"
                                        **
                                                     **
       GoldMedal1.7: .asciiz "
                                                                     \n"
126:
```

```
127:
128:
        # Silver Medal Prize
        SilverMedal2.1: .asciiz "\n\n"
129:
130:
        SilverMedal2.2: .asciiz "
                                      CONGRATULATIONS YOU'VE WON THE SILVER MEDAL\n"
                                                                                    \n''
131:
        SilverMedal2.3: .asciiz "
                                              *****
                                                                *****
                                                                                    \n"
        SilverMedal2.4: .asciiz "
132:
                                             ***
                                                            *
                                                                    ***
133:
        SilverMedal2.5: .asciiz "
                                                                                    \n''
                                                ** *
                                                                * **
                                                                                    \n''
134:
        SilverMedal2.6: .asciiz "
                                                  **
                                                                **
                                                                                    \n"
135:
        SilverMedal2.7: .asciiz "
                                                   *
                                                                *
136:
137:
        # Bronze Medal Prize
138:
        BronzeMedal3.1: .asciiz "\n\n"
139:
        BronzeMedal3.2: .asciiz "
                                      CONGRATULATIONS YOU'VE WON THE BRONZE MEDAL\n"
        BronzeMedal3.3: .asciiz "
                                                                                    \n''
140:
                                                                *****
                                              *****
141:
        BronzeMedal3.4: .asciiz "
                                             ***
                                                                    ***
                                                                                    \n''
        BronzeMedal3.5: .asciiz "
                                                                                    \n''
142:
                                                                * **
                                                ** *
                                                                                    \n"
        BronzeMedal3.6: .asciiz "
                                                            143:
                                                  **
                                                                **
                                                                                    \n''
144:
        BronzeMedal3.7: .asciiz "
                                                   *
                                                                *
145:
146:
        # First part of prizes
                                                                            \n"
147:
        Medal.1: .asciiz "
                                          ******
148:
        Medal.2: .asciiz "
                                                                             \n"
                                           *****
149:
        Medal.3: .asciiz "
                                                                             \n''
                                           ******
150:
        Medal.4: .asciiz "
                                            *
                                                                             \n"
                                                         *
151:
152:
        # Second part of prizes
        Medals.1: .asciiz "
153:
                                                                              \n"
                                                         *
        Medals.2: .asciiz "
154:
                                                                              \n''
        Medals.3: .asciiz "
155:
                                                                              \n''
                                                *****
                                                                              \n"
        Medals.4: .asciiz "
156:
        Medals.5: .asciiz "
                                                                              \n"
157:
                                            *****
158:
159:
            # Game Map Points
160:
161:
            # MapPoints[3][3]
                                   # 2D array
            MapPoints: .word 10, 20, 30 # MapPoints[0][0] = 10, MapPoints[0][1] = 20, MapP
162:
oints[0][2] = 30
                        .word 40, 50, 60
                                             # MapPoints[1][0] = 40, MapPoints[1][1] = 50,
163:
MapPoints[1][2] = 60
164:
                        .word 100
                                        # MapPoints[2][0] = 100
165:
             # Question 1
166:
167:
             # ArrayQ1[7][3]
                                   Nx +- D = A
                                                      # 2D array
                                              # ArrayQ1[0][0], ArrayQ1[0][1], ArrayQ1[0][2]
            ArrayQ1:
                        .word 4, 36, 9
168:
                                              # ArrayQ1[1][0], ArrayQ1[1][1], ArrayQ1[1][2]
169:
                        .word 5, 10, -2
                        .word 6, 42, 7
                                              # ArrayQ1[2][0], ArrayQ1[2][1], ArrayQ1[2][2]
170:
                        .word 7, 42, -6
                                              # ArrayQ1[3][0], ArrayQ1[3][1], ArrayQ1[3][2]
171:
                                              # ArrayQ1[4][0], ArrayQ1[4][1], ArrayQ1[4][2]
172:
                        .word 8, 24, 3
                        .word 9, 72, -8
                                              # ArrayQ1[5][0], ArrayQ1[5][1], ArrayQ1[5][2]
173:
                        .word 10, 40, 4
                                              # ArrayQ1[6][0], ArrayQ1[6][1], ArrayQ1[6][2]
174:
175:
176:
177:
        # Ouestion 2
178:
        # ArrayQ2[6][3]
                            x^2 - D = A, A
                                                 # 2D array
                        word 25, 5, −5
179:
            Arrav02:
                                                 # ArrayQ2[0][0], ArrayQ2[0][1], ArrayQ2[0]
```

```
[2]
180:
                       .word 36, 6, −6
                                               # ArrayQ2[1][0], ArrayQ2[1][1], ArrayQ2[1]
[2]
                       .word 49, 7, −7
181:
                                             # ArrayQ2[2][0], ArrayQ2[2][1], ArrayQ2[2]
[2]
                       .word 64, 8, -8
                                             # ArrayQ2[3][0], ArrayQ2[3][1], ArrayQ2[3]
182:
[2]
                       .word 81, 9, -9 # ArrayQ2[4][0], ArrayQ2[4][1], ArrayQ2[4]
183:
[2]
184:
                       .word 100, 10, -10 # ArrayQ2[5][0], ArrayQ2[5][1], ArrayQ2[4]
[2]
185:
186:
       # Question 3
187:
188:
       # ArrayQ3[5][3]
                          x^2 -+ D = A, A
                                             # 2D array
                       .word 10, 10, 0
                                           # ArrayQ3[0][0], ArrayQ3[0][1], ArrayQ3[0][2]
           ArrayQ3:
189:
                                           # ArrayQ3[1][0], ArrayQ3[1][1], ArrayQ3[1][2]
                       .word 13, -13, 0
190:
                       .word 16, 16, 0
                                           # ArrayQ3[2][0], ArrayQ3[2][1], ArrayQ3[2][2]
191:
                       .word 19, -19, 0
                                           # Array(3[3][0], Array(3[3][1], Array(3[3][2]
192:
                       .word 20, 20, 0
                                           # ArrayQ3[4][0], ArrayQ3[4][1], ArrayQ3[4][2]
193:
194:
195:
196:
            # Question 4
197:
       # ArrayQ4[4][3]
                           x^2-x-D=A, A
                                                  # 2D array
                           .word 42, −6, 7
198:
           ArrayQ4:
                                                  # ArrayQ4[0][0], ArrayQ4[0][1], ArrayQ
4[0][2]
                           .word 56, −7, 8
                                                  # ArrayQ4[1][0], ArrayQ4[1][1], ArrayQ
199:
4[1][2]
                           .word 72, -8, 9
200:
                                                  # ArrayQ4[2][0], ArrayQ4[2][1], ArrayQ
4[2][2]
                           .word 90, -9, 10
                                                  # ArrayQ4[3][0], ArrayQ4[3][1], ArrayQ
201:
4[3][2]
202:
203:
204:
            # Question 5
            # ArrayQ5[3][3]
                                  2x^2+-4x-D = A, A
                                                         # 2D array
205:
206:
           ArrayQ5:
                           .word 48, 4, -6 # ArrayQ5[0][0], ArrayQ5[0][1], ArrayQ5[0]
[2]
207:
                           .word 96, -6, 8 # ArrayQ5[1][0], ArrayQ5[1][1], ArrayQ5[1]
[2]
                           .word 160, 8, -10 # ArrayQ5[2][0], ArrayQ5[2][1], ArrayQ5[2]
208:
[2]
209:
210:
211:
            # Question 6
                             x^3 - Dx^2 + Dx - D # 1D array
212:
            # ArrayQ6Int[]
213:
       ArrayQ6Int:
                                           # ArrayQ6Int[0], ArrayQ6Int[1], ArrayQ6Int[2]
                       space 12
214:
       # ArrayQ6Ans[2][3]
                             A, A, A
                                             # 2D array
215:
           ArrayQ6Ans:
                           .word 1, 2, 3
                                                  # ArrayQ6Ans[0][0], ArrayQ6Ans[0][1],
ArrayQ6Ans[0][2]
                           .word -1, -2, -3 # ArrayQ6Ans[1][0], ArrayQ6Ans[1][1],
216:
ArrayQ6Ans[1][2]
217:
218:
            # Ouestion 7 Dx^4 - Dx^3 + Dx^2 - Dx + D
219:
```

```
220:
            ArrayQ7Int: .space 20
                                            # 1D array (Integers) ArrayQ7Int[0], ArrayQ7In
t[1], ArrayQ7Int[2], ArrayQ7Int[3], ArrayQ7Int[4]
            ArrayQ7Ans1: .space 16
                                            # 1D array (Answers) ArrayQ7Ans1[0], ArrayQ7A
221:
ns1[1], ArrayQ7Ans1[2], ArrayQ7Ans1[3]
222:
223:
224:
             # Value of x for Question 1 (Answer)
225:
       valueX Q1: .word 0
226:
227:
       # Print Question 1
228:
        Question1: .asciiz "\nQuestion 1: \n"
229:
230:
       # Asking the user to enter either 0 or 1
231:
        enterZeroOne: .asciiz "Enter 0 if you want to have a visual look at the map of the
game\n"
232:
        enterOne: .asciiz "Else, if You're Ready, Enter 1 To Start The Game\n"
        notZeroOne: .asciiz "Number Entered was Neither 1 or 0. Please Try Again\n"
233:
234:
        enter_One: .asciiz "Enter 1 To Start The Game\n"
        notOne: .asciiz "Number Entered was NOT 1. Please Try Again\n"
235:
236:
237:
       # Version 1 Display
238:
        firstVer1: .asciiz "x - "
239:
        firstVer2: .asciiz " = 0\n"
240:
241:
       # Version 2 Display
242:
        secondVer1: .asciiz "x + "
243:
244:
       # Ask for roots
245:
        roots: .asciiz "Enter the Roots for x: "
246:
247:
       # Answer correct/incorrect
        correct: .asciiz "\nCORRECT!!\n"
248:
        incorrect: .asciiz "\nWRONG, Please Try Again : "
249:
250:
251:
        # Lost the game
        lost: .asciiz "\nWRONG, YOU LOST! :(\n"
252:
253:
254:
        # Question 1 correct
255:
        goodJob: .asciiz "\nGood Job! :o\n"
256:
        # Map or Continue or Exit
257:
                     .asciiz "Enter 0 to see the map\n"
258:
        zeroMap:
        oneContinue: .asciiz "Enter 1 to continue\n"
259:
        numExit: .asciiz "Enter a number to Exit\n"
260:
261:
262:
        # Value of x1 and x2 for question 2 (Answers)
263:
        valueX1 Q2:
                        .word 0
264:
       valueX2_Q2:
                        .word 0
265:
       # Print Ouestion 2
266:
267:
        Question2: .asciiz "\nQuestion 2: \n"
268:
       # Question 2 Display
269:
270:
        firstVer2.1: .asciiz "x^2 - "
        firstVer2.2: .asciiz " = 0\n"
271:
```

```
272:
273:
       # Value of x1 and x2 for question 3 (Answers)
274:
       valueX1 03:
                       word 0
275:
       valueX2 Q3:
                       .word 0
276:
       # Print Question 3
277:
278:
       Question3: .asciiz "\nQuestion 3: \n"
279:
280:
       # Version 1 Display
      firstVer3.1: .asciiz "(x^2 - "
281:
282:
       firstVer3.2: .asciiz "x) = 0 n"
283:
284:
       # Version 2 Display
       secondVer3.1: .asciiz "(x^2 + "
285:
286:
     # Correct Answer
287:
      awesomeJob: .asciiz "\nAwesome Job! :p\n"
288:
289:
290:
       # Value of x1 and x2 for question 4 (Answers)
291:
       valueX1 Q4:
                       word 0
292:
       valueX2_Q4:
                       .word 0
293:
294:
       # Print Question 4
295:
       Question4: .asciiz "\nQuestion 4: \n"
296:
297:
      # Question 4 Display
298:
       firstVer4.1: .asciiz "x^2 - x - "
       firstVer4.2: .asciiz " = 0\n"
299:
300:
       # Correct Answer
301:
       prizeOne.1: .asciiz "\nCongratulations! You've unlocked the Bronze Medal! :)\n\n"
302:
       prizeOne.2: .asciiz "Would you like to keep playing or opt out with the Bronze Med
303:
al?\n"
304:
       prizeOne.3: .asciiz "Enter 0 to opt out\n"
305:
       prizeOne.4: .asciiz "Enter 1 to continue\n"
306:
307:
       prizeOneIfZero: .asciiz "\nGoodbye. . .;)\n\n"
308:
       prizeOneIfOne: .asciiz "\nQuestions Are A Little Bit Harder In This Level ;)\n"
309:
310:
       # Value of x1 and x2 for question 5 (Answers)
311:
       valueX1 Q5: .word 0
       valueX2_Q5:
312:
                       .word 0
313:
       # Print Ouestion 5
314:
       Question5: .asciiz "\nQuestion 5: \n"
315:
316:
317:
       # Version 1 Display
       firstVer5.1: .asciiz "2x^2 + 2x - "
318:
       firstVer5.2: .asciiz " = 0\n"
319:
320:
321:
       # Version 2 Display
322:
       secondVer5.1: .asciiz "2x^2 - 2x - "
323:
324:
       # Correct Answer
325:
       GoodJob: .asciiz "\nGood Job! :)\n"
```

```
326:
        # Value of x1, x2 and x3 for question 6 (Answers)
327:
328:
        valueX1 Q6:
                        .word 0
329:
        valueX2 Q6:
                        .word 0
330:
       valueX3 Q6:
                        .word 0
331:
       valueX1_Q6_:
                        word 0
332:
        valueX2_Q6_:
                        .word 0
333:
        valueX3 Q6:
                        .word 0
334:
        # Print Question 6
335:
336:
        Question6: .asciiz "\nQuestion 6: \n"
337:
338:
       # Version 1 Display
       firstVer6.1: .asciiz "x^3 - "
339:
        firstVer6.2: .asciiz "x^2 + "
340:
        firstVer6.3: .asciiz "x - "
341:
       firstVer6.4: .asciiz " = 0\n"
342:
343:
       # Version 2 Display
344:
        secondVer6.1: .asciiz "x^3 + "
345:
346:
        secondVer6.2: .asciiz "x^2 + "
347:
        secondVer6.3: .asciiz "x + "
348:
349:
       # Correct Answer
350:
        IncredibleJob: .asciiz "\nIncredible Job! :0\n"
351:
352:
       # Value of x1, x2, x3, x4 for question 7 (Answers)
353:
       valueX1 Q7:
                        word 0
354:
        valueX2 Q7:
                        .word 0
355:
        valueX3 Q7:
                        .word 0
356:
       valueX4 Q7:
                        .word 0
357:
        # Print Question 7
358:
        Question7: .asciiz "\nQuestion 7: \n"
359:
360:
361:
       # Version 1 Display
362:
        firstVer7.1: .asciiz "x^4 - "
       firstVer7.2: .asciiz "x^3 + "
363:
364:
       firstVer7.3: .asciiz "x^2 - "
       firstVer7.4: .asciiz "x + "
365:
       firstVer7.5: .asciiz " = 0\n"
366:
367:
368:
        # Correct Answer
        prizeTwo.1: .asciiz "\nOutStanding! Congratulations! You've unlocked the Silver Me
369:
dal! :)\n\n"
370:
        prizeTwo.2: .asciiz "Would you like to keep playing or opt out with the Silver Med
al?\n"
371:
        prizeTwo.3: .asciiz "Enter 0 to opt out\n"
        prizeTwo.4: .asciiz "Enter 1 to continue\n"
372:
373:
        prizeThree: .asciiz "\nCONGRATULATIONS! You Have Solved All Of The Questions and W
374:
ON THE GOLD MEDAL\n"
375:
376:
        prizeTwoIfZero: .asciiz "\nGoodbye. . . ;)\n\n"
377:
        prizeTwoIfOne: .asciiz "\nLooks Like Your Goal is To Win This Game ;)\nHate To Te
```

```
ll Ya, But This Last Question is the HARDEST\n\n"
379:
380:
        # Generating Sounds
381:
        sound5: .byte 95
                              # Sound number for 95
        duration5: .byte 200 # Duration of 200 milliseconds
382:
383:
        instrument5: .byte 7 # Sound instrument number 7
                              # Maximum volume 127
        volume5: .byte 127
384:
385:
        beep6: .byte 45
                              # Sound number for 45
386:
        duration6: .byte 500 # Duration of 500 milliseconds
387:
        instrument6: .byte 30 # Sound instrument number 30
388:
        volume6: .byte 100
                             # Maximum volume 100
389:
390:
391:
        beep: .byte 60
                             # Sound number for 60
        duration: .byte 500
                             # Duration of 500 milliseconds
392:
        instrument: .byte 55 # Sound instrument number 55
393:
394:
        volume: .byte 100
                            # Maximum volume 100
395:
396:
        beep1: .byte 70
                               # Sound number for 7-
397:
        duration1: .byte 500
                               # Duration of 500 milliseconds
398:
        instrument1: .byte 55 # Sound instrument number 55
399:
        volume1: .byte 100
                             # Maximum volume 100
400:
401:
        beep2: .byte 55
                               # Sound number for 55
                               # Duration of 500 milliseconds
402:
        duration2: .byte 500
        instrument2: .byte 55 # Sound instrument number 55
403:
        volume2: .byte 100
                              # Maximum volume 100
404:
405:
        beep9: .byte 60
                              # Sound number for 60
406:
        duration9: .byte 500 # Duration of 500 milliseconds
407:
        instrument9: .byte 55 # Sound instrument number 55
408:
        volume9: .byte 100
                             # Maximum volume 100
409:
410:
411:
        beep7: .byte 70
                              # Sound number for 70
        duration7: .byte 500
                             # Duration of 500 milliseconds
412:
413:
        instrument7: .byte 55 # Sound instrument number 55
414:
        volume7: .byte 100
                              # Maximum volume 100
415:
416:
        beep8: .byte 55
                              # Sound number for 55
        duration8: .byte 500
                             # Duration of 500 milliseconds
417:
        instrument8: .byte 55 # Sound instrument number 55
418:
        volume8: .byte 100
                             # Maximum volume 100
419:
420:
        beep3: .byte 95
                              # Sound number for 95
421:
        duration3: .byte 200 # Duration of 200 milliseconds
422:
        instrument3: .byte 105 # Sound instrument number 105
423:
        volume3: .byte 100
424:
                             # Maximum volume 100
425:
426:
427: .text
428:
       # Pseudocode:
        # int main() {
429:
430:
       #
           while(enter == 0){
       #
            GameMap();
431:
```

```
# }
432:
        #
433:
            while(enter == 1){
434:
        #
            PolynomialQuestionOne(ArrayQ1);
435:
        #
            continue;
436:
        # }
        #
            while(enter == 0){
437:
438:
        #
            gameMap1(MapPoints[0][0]);
        # }
439:
440:
        #
            while(enter == 1){
            PolynomialQuestionTwo(ArrayQ2);
441:
        #
442:
        #
            continue;
        # }
443:
444:
        #
            while(enter == 0){
            gameMap2(MapPoints[0][0], MapPoints[0][1]);
445:
        #
        # }
446:
447:
        #
            while(enter == 1){
        #
            PolynomialQuestionThree(ArrayQ3);
448:
        #
            continue;
449:
        # }
450:
451:
        #
            while(enter == 0){
452:
        #
            BronzeMedal();
453:
        #
            exit(0);
454:
        # }
455:
        #
            while(enter == 1){
456:
        #
            continue;
        # }
457:
458:
            while(enter == 0){
        #
459:
        #
            gameMap3(MapPoints[0][0], MapPoints[0][1], MapPoints[0][2]);
        # }
460:
        #
            while(enter == 1){
461:
            PolynomialQuestionFour(ArrayQ4);
462:
        #
            continue;
463:
        # }
464:
        #
            while(enter == 0){
465:
466:
        #
            gameMap4(MapPoints[0][0], MapPoints[0][1], MapPoints[0][2], MapPoints[1][0]);
        # }
467:
468:
        #
            while(enter == 1){
469:
        #
            PolynomialQuestionFive(ArrayQ5);
470:
        #
            continue;
471:
        # }
472:
        #
            while(enter == 0){
            gameMap5(MapPoints[0][0], MapPoints[0][1], MapPoints[0][2], MapPoints[1][0], M
473:
apPoints[1][1]);
474:
        # }
            while(enter == 1){
475:
        #
            PolynomialQuestionSix(ArrayQ6Int, ArrayQ6Ans);
476:
        #
            continue;
477:
        # }
478:
479:
        #
            while(enter == 0){
        #
            SilverMedal();
480:
481:
        #
            exit(0);
482:
        # }
            while(enter == 1){
483:
484:
        #
            continue;
        # }
485:
```

```
#
            while(enter == 0){
486:
            gameMap6(MapPoints[0][0], MapPoints[0][1], MapPoints[0][2], MapPoints[1][0], M
487:
apPoints[1][1], MapPoints[1][2]);
488:
        # }
489:
        #
            while(enter == 1){
490:
        #
            PolynomialQuestionSeven(ArrayQ7Int, ArrayQ7Ans1);
491:
            continue;
        # }
492:
493:
        #
            GoldMedal();
494:
            while(enter == 0){
        #
            gameMap7(MapPoints[0][0], MapPoints[0][1], MapPoints[0][2], MapPoints[1][0], M
495:
apPoints[1][1], MapPoints[1][2], MapPoints[2][0]);
496:
        # }
497:
            return 0:
        .globl main
498:
499:
        main:
500:
501:
            jal printGameIntro
502:
503:
            # Question 1 random number between 0-6
504:
505:
            addi $v0, $zero, 30
                                    # Syscall 30: System Time syscall
506:
            syscall
                                       # $a0 will contain the 32 LS bits of the system tim
е
507:
            add $t0, $zero, $a0
                                    # add/move value held in register $a0 to $t0 using add
508:
509:
            addi $v0, $zero, 40
                                    # syscall code for seeding random number generator
510:
            add $a0, $zero, $zero
                                       # Initialize/Set RNG ID to 0
            add $a1, $zero, $t0
                                       # Set Random seed to value held in register $t0
511:
                                # Perform
512:
            syscall
513:
            addi $v0, $zero, 42
                                       # Syscall 42: generate a Random int range
514:
515:
            add $a0, $zero, $zero
                                       # Set RNG ID to 0
516:
            addi $a1, $zero, 7
                                       # Set upper bound to 7 (exclusive) (7 different que
stions for question 1)
517:
            syscall
                                       # Generate a random number and put it in $a0
            add $s3, $zero, $a0
518:
                                       # Move/add/Copy the random number to register $s3
519:
520:
521:
            # Question 2 random number between 0-5
            addi $v0, $zero, 30
                                    # Syscall 30: System Time syscall
522:
                                       # $a0 will contain the 32 LS bits of the system tim
523:
            syscall
524:
            add $t0, $zero, $a0
                                    # add/move value held in register $a0 to $t0 using add
525:
                                    # syscall code for seeding random number generator
526:
            addi $v0, $zero, 40
            add $a0, $zero, $zero
                                       # Initialize/Set RNG ID to 0
527:
528:
            add $a1, $zero, $t0
                                       # Set Random seed to value held in register $t0
529:
            syscall
                                # Perform
530:
            addi $v0, $zero, 42
                                       # Syscall 42: generate a Random int range
531:
532:
            add $a0, $zero, $zero
                                       # Set RNG ID to 0
533:
            addi $a1, $zero, 6
                                       # Set upper bound to 6 (exclusive) (6 different que
```

```
stions for question 2)
534:
           syscall
                                      # Generate a random number and put it in $a0
            add $s6, $zero, $a0
                                      # Move/add/Copy the random number to register $s3
535:
536:
537:
            # Question 3 random number between 0-4
538:
539:
            addi $v0, $zero, 30
                                   # Syscall 30: System Time syscall
                                       # $a0 will contain the 32 LS bits of the system tim
540:
            syscall
e
541:
           add $t0, $zero, $a0
                                    # add/move value held in register $a0 to $t0 using add
542:
                                   # syscall code for seeding random number generator
543:
            addi $v0, $zero, 40
            add $a0, $zero, $zero
                                      # Initialize/Set RNG ID to 0
544:
545:
            add $a1, $zero, $t0
                                       # Set Random seed to value held in register $t0
            syscall
                                # Perform
546:
547:
548:
           addi $v0, $zero, 42
                                      # Syscall 42: generate a Random int range
            add $a0, $zero, $zero
                                       # Set RNG ID to 0
549:
550:
            addi $a1, $zero, 5
                                       # Set upper bound to 5 (exclusive) (5 different que
stions for question 3)
551:
            svscall
                                      # Generate a random number and put it in $a0
552:
            add $s7, $zero, $a0
                                       # Move/add/Copy the random number to register $s7
553:
554:
555:
            # Ouestion 4 random number between 0-3
            addi $v0, $zero, 30
                                    # Syscall 30: System Time syscall
556:
                                       # $a0 will contain the 32 LS bits of the system tim
557:
            syscall
e
                                    # add/move value held in register $a0 to $t0 using add
558:
            add $t0, $zero, $a0
559:
            addi $v0, $zero, 40
                                    # syscall code for seeding random number generator
560:
561:
            add $a0, $zero, $zero
                                       # Initialize/Set RNG ID to 0
562:
            add $a1, $zero, $t0
                                       # Set Random seed to value held in register $t0
                                # Perform
563:
            syscall
564:
565:
            addi $v0, $zero, 42
                                       # Syscall 42: generate a Random int range
566:
            add $a0, $zero, $zero
                                      # Set RNG ID to 0
            addi $a1, $zero, 4
567:
                                      # Set upper bound to 4 (exclusive) (4 different que
stions for question 4)
                                      # Generate a random number and put it in $a0
568:
            syscall
            add $t7, $zero, $a0
                                      # Move/add/Copy the random number to register $t7
569:
570:
571:
572:
            # Question 5 random number between 0-2
573:
            addi $v0, $zero, 30
                                   # Syscall 30: System Time syscall
574:
            syscall
                                      # $a0 will contain the 32 LS bits of the system tim
e
575:
           add $t0, $zero, $a0
                                  # add/move value held in register $a0 to $t0 using add
576:
                                    # syscall code for seeding random number generator
577:
            addi $v0, $zero, 40
578:
            add $a0, $zero, $zero
                                      # Initialize/Set RNG ID to 0
            add $a1, $zero, $t0
                                       # Set Random seed to value held in register $t0
579:
```

```
# Perform
580:
            syscall
581:
            addi $v0, $zero, 42
582:
                                       # Syscall 42: generate a Random int range
583:
            add $a0, $zero, $zero
                                      # Set RNG ID to 0
584:
            addi $a1, $zero, 3
                                       # Set upper bound to 3 (exclusive) (3 different que
stions for question 5)
585:
            syscall
                                      # Generate a random number and put it in $a0
            add $t8, $zero, $a0
                                      # Move/add/Copy the random number to register $t8
586:
587:
588:
589:
           # Ouestion 6 random number between 0-1
590:
            addi $v0, $zero, 30
                                    # Syscall 30: System Time syscall
            syscall
                                       # $a0 will contain the 32 LS bits of the system tim
591:
592:
            add $t0, $zero, $a0
                                    # add/move value held in register $a0 to $t0 using add
593:
594:
            addi $v0, $zero, 40
                                   # syscall code for seeding random number generator
            add $a0, $zero, $zero
                                       # Initialize/Set RNG ID to 0
595:
596:
            add $a1, $zero, $t0
                                       # Set Random seed to value held in register $t0
597:
            syscall
                                # Perform
598:
599:
                                      # Syscall 42: generate a Random int range
            addi $v0, $zero, 42
600:
            add $a0, $zero, $zero
                                      # Set RNG ID to 0
601:
            addi $a1, $zero, 2
                                      # Set upper bound to 2 (exclusive) (2 different que
stions for question 6)
                                       # Generate a random number and put it in $a0
602:
            syscall
                                       # Move/add/Copy the random number to register $a3
603:
            add $a3, $zero, $a0
604:
605:
606:
           # ADDING VALUES TO ArrayQ6Int QUESTION 6: Creating the values to add to 1D Arr
ayQ6Int Question 6
607:
            addi $s0, $zero, 6 # initialize/add 6 to register $s0
608:
            addi $s1, $zero, 11 # initialize/add 11 to register $s1
609:
            addi $s2, $zero, 6 # initialize/add 6 to register $s2
610:
611:
            # Creating a 0 index by initializing index 0 = $t0
612:
            addi $t0, $zero, 0 # initialize index 0 by adding 0 to register $t0
613:
614:
           # Storing values into 1D ArrayQ6Int Question 6 using sw (store word)
615:
            sw $s0, ArrayQ6Int($t0) # Storing value held in register $s0, at index 0 in
 ArrayO6Int Ouestion 6
                                # Updating register $t0 to index 4 by adding 4 to it
616:
            addi $t0, $t0, 4
            sw $s1, ArrayQ6Int($t0)
617:
                                      # Storing value held in register $s1, at index 4 in
 ArrayQ6Int Question 6
            addi $t0, $t0, 4
                             # Updating register $t0 to index 8 by adding 4 to it
618:
619:
            sw $s2, ArrayQ6Int($t0) # Storing value held in register $s2, at index 8 in
ArrayQ6Int Question 6
620:
621:
622:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, enterZeroOne  # Load enterZeroOne message into $a0 using la (load Ad
623:
dress)
624:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            svscall
```

```
625:
626:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
627:
            la $a0, enterOne
                                # Load enterOne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
628:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
629:
630:
            # Game Map/Displaying Question 1
631:
632:
        # While loop for Question 1
633:
        While_Q1:
634:
            li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                       # Print out the output on screen
635:
            syscall
636:
637:
            move $s0, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s0
638:
639:
            addi $t0, $zero, 0 # Add 0 to register $t0 in order to do comparisons
640:
            beq $s0, $t0, if_Zero_Q1  # If value held in register $s0 is equal to value
held in $t0 (0) go to if Zero Q1, else keep going
641:
642:
            addi $t1, $zero, 1 # Add 1 to register $t1 in order to do comparisons
643:
            beg $s0, $t1, if One Q1
                                       # If value held in register $s0 is equal to value
held in $t1 (1) go to if_One_Q1, else keep going
644:
645:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, notZeroOne # Load notZeroOne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
646:
                       # Print out the output on screen
647:
648:
            j While 01 # jump back to While 01 until value is equal to 0 or 1
649:
650:
651:
        if_Zero_Q1:
652:
            ial gameMap # Printing Game Map by calling child function gameMap
653:
654:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
655:
            la $a0, enter_One # Load enter_One message into $a0 using la (load Address)
656:
            syscall
                        # Print out the output on screen
657:
        inner_While_Q1:
                      # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
658:
            li $v0, 5
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                        # Print out the output on screen
659:
            syscall
660:
661:
            move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
662:
663:
            addi $t2, $zero, 1 # Add 1 to register $t2 in order to do comparisons
            beq $s1, $t2, if_One_Q1 # If value held in register $s1 is equal to value held
664:
 in $t2 ( 1 ) go to if_One_Q1, else keep going
665:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
666:
ter $v0
667:
            la $a0, not0ne # Load not0ne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
668:
            syscall
669:
670:
            j inner While Q1  # jump back to inner While Q1 until value is equal to 1
```

```
671:
672:
        if One Q1:
673:
            # Question 1
674:
            li $a0, 20 # left x-coordinate is 20
675:
            li $a1, 70 # width is 70
            li $a2, 20 # top y-coordinate is 20
676:
677:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
678:
            jal rectangleRed # Jump to rectangleRed
679:
680:
           # Horizontal Line 1
681:
           li $a0, 90 # left x-coordinate is 90
            li $a1, 130 # width is 130
682:
            li $a2, 45 # top y-coordinate is 45
683:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
684:
            ial Hline
685:
                       # Jump to Hline
686:
687:
            # Number 1
688:
            li $a0, 67 # left x-coordinate is 67
            li $a1, 50 # width is 50
689:
            li $a2, 35 # top y-coordinate is 35
690:
691:
            li $a3, 20 # height is 20
692:
            jal Vline # Jump to Vline
693:
694:
            # 0 for Question
            li $a0, 35 # left x-coordinate is 35
695:
696:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
            li $a2, 35 # top y-coordinate is 35
697:
698:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
699:
            jal Hline
                        # Jump to Hline
700:
701:
           # Q for Question
            li $a0, 55 # left x-coordinate is 55
702:
703:
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
            li $a2, 35 # top y-coordinate is 35
704:
705:
            li $a3, 20 # height is 20
706:
            jal Vline
                        # Jump to Vline
707:
            # Q for Question
708:
709:
            li $a0, 35 # left x-coordinate is 35
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
710:
            li $a2, 35 # top y-coordinate is 35
711:
            li $a3, 20 # height is 20
712:
            jal Vline # Jump to Vline
713:
714:
715:
            # 0 for Question
716:
            li $a0, 47 # left x-coordinate is 47
            li $a1, 15 # width is 15
717:
718:
            li $a2, 47 # top y-coordinate is 47
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
719:
720:
            jal Hline
                        # Jump to Hline
721:
722:
           # Q for Question
            li \$a0, 35 # left x-coordinate is 35
723:
724:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
            li $a2, 54 # top y-coordinate is 54
725:
```

```
726:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
            jal Hline
                        # Jump to Hline
727:
728:
729:
            jal PolynomialQuestionOne # Jump to PolynomialQuestionOne and perform questi
on 1
730:
731:
            j exit_While_Q1
                              # jump exit_While_Q1
732:
733:
       exit_While_Q1:
734:
735:
736:
            # MapPoints[0][0] -> Prints 10
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
737:
ter $v0
738:
            la $a0, goodJob # Load zeroMap message into $a0 using la (load Address)
739:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
740:
741:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
742:
            la $a0, zeroMap # Load zeroMap message into $a0 using la (load Address)
743:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
744:
745:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
746:
            la $a0, oneContinue # Load zeroMap message into $a0 using la (load Address)
747:
                     # Print out the output on screen
748:
749:
750:
       # While loop for Question 2
751:
       While Q2:
752:
            li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
753:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
754:
755:
           move $s0, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s0
756:
757:
            addi $t0, $zero, 0 # Add 0 to register $t0 in order to do comparisons
           beq $s0, $t0, if_Zero_Q2
758:
                                     # If value held in register $t0 is equal to value
held in $t0 (0) go to if_Zero_Q2, else keep going
759:
760:
            addi $t1, $zero, 1 # Add 1 to register $t1 in order to do comparisons
            beg $s0, $t1, if_One_Q2
                                       # If value held in register $s0 is equal to value
761:
held in $t1 (1) go to if_One_Q2, else keep going
762:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
763:
ter $v0
            la $a0, notZeroOne # Load notZeroOne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
764:
                      # Print out the output on screen
765:
            syscall
766:
767:
            j While Q2 # jump back to While Q2 until value is equal to 0 or 1
768:
769:
        if Zero Q2:
770:
            jal gameMap1 # Printing Game Map1 by calling child function gameMap1
771:
772:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
```

```
ter $v0
773:
            la $a0, enter_One # Load enter_One message into $a0 using la (load Address)
774:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
775:
776:
        inner_While_Q2:
777:
            li $v0, 5
                       # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                       # Print out the output on screen
778:
            syscall
779:
780:
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
781:
782:
            addi $t2, $zero, 1 # Add 1 to register $t2 in order to do comparisons
            beq $s1, $t2, if_One_Q2 # If value held in register $s1 is equal to value held
783:
in $t2 (1) go to if One Q1, else keep going
784:
785:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
786:
            la $a0, not0ne # Load not0ne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
787:
            syscall
788:
789:
            j inner_While_Q2  # jump back to inner_While_Q2 until value is equal to 1
790:
791:
        if One Q2:
792:
            # Question 2
            li $a0, 220 # left x-coordinate is 220
793:
            li $a1, 70 # width is 70
794:
            li $a2, 20 # top y-coordinate is 20
795:
796:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
            jal rectangleGreen # Jump to rectangleGreen
797:
798:
799:
           # Horizontal Line 2
800:
           li $a0, 290 # left x-coordinate is 290
801:
            li $a1, 132 # width is 132
802:
            li $a2, 45 # top y-coordinate is 45
803:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
804:
805:
            # Number 2
806:
            li $a0, 260 # left x-coordinate is 260
807:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
808:
809:
            li $a2, 33 # top y-coordinate is 33
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
810:
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
811:
812:
            # Number 2
813:
            li $a0, 280 # left x-coordinate is 280
814:
815:
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
            li $a2, 33 # top y-coordinate is 33
816:
            li $a3, 13 # height is 13
817:
            jal Vline
                       # Jump to Vline
818:
819:
820:
           # Number 2
           li $a0, 260 # left x-coordinate is 260
821:
822:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
823:
            li $a2, 45 # top y-coordinate is 45
```

```
li $a3, 50 # height is 50
824:
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
825:
826:
827:
           # Number 2
828:
            li $a0, 260 # left x-coordinate is 260
829:
           li $a1, 40 # width is 40
830:
            li $a2, 45 # top y-coordinate is 45
           li $a3, 13 # height is 13
831:
832:
           jal Vline # Jump to Vline
833:
834:
           # Number 2
           li $a0, 260 # left x-coordinate is 260
835:
           li $a1, 20 # width is 20
836:
           li $a2, 57 # top y-coordinate is 57
837:
838:
           li $a3, 50 # height is 50
           jal Hline
839:
                       # Jump to Hline
840:
841:
           # Q for Question
842:
           li $a0, 229 # left x-coordinate is 229
843:
           li $a1, 20 # width is 20
            li $a2, 35 # top y-coordinate is 35
844:
845:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
846:
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
847:
848:
           # Q for Question
849:
           li $a0, 249 # left x-coordinate is 249
           li $a1, 40 # width is 40
850:
           li $a2, 35 # top y-coordinate is 35
851:
            li $a3, 20 # height is 20
852:
           jal Vline # Jump to Vline
853:
854:
           # Q for Question
855:
856:
           li a0, 229 # left x-coordinate is 229
           li $a1, 40 # width is 40
857:
858:
           li $a2, 35 # top y-coordinate is 35
           li $a3, 20 # height is 20
859:
860:
           jal Vline
                        # Jump to Vline
861:
862:
           # Q for Question
           li $a0, 241 # left x-coordinate is 241
863:
864:
           li $a1, 15 # width is 15
            li $a2, 47 # top y-coordinate is 47
865:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
866:
867:
            jal Hline
                      # Jump to Hline
868:
           # Q for Question
869:
           li $a0, 229 # left x-coordinate is 229
870:
871:
           li $a1, 20 # width is 20
           li $a2, 54 # top y-coordinate is 54
872:
           li $a3, 50 # height is 50
873:
874:
           jal Hline # Jump to Hline
875:
876:
           jal PolynomialQuestionTwo # Jump to PolynomialQuestionTwo and perform questi
on 2
877:
```

```
j exit_While_Q2
                                   # jump exit While Q2
878:
879:
880:
        exit While Q2:
881:
882:
883:
            # MapPoints[0][1] -> 20 Points
884:
            li $v0, 4
                      # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
885:
            la $a0, awesomeJob # Load awesomeJob message into $a0 using la (load Address)
886:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
887:
888:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0. zeroMap
                                # Load zeroMap message into $a0 using la (load Address)
889:
890:
            syscall
                        # Print out the output on screen
891:
892:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
893:
            la $a0, oneContinue # Load zeroMap message into $a0 using la (load Address)
894:
                        # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
895:
896:
897:
        # While loop for Question 3
898:
        While_Q3:
899:
            li $v0, 5
                       # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                       # Print out the output on screen
900:
            syscall
901:
902:
            move $s0, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s0
903:
904:
            addi $t0, $zero, 0 # Add 0 to register $t0 in order to do comparisons
                                       # If value held in register $t0 is equal to value
905:
            beq $s0, $t0, if_Zero_Q3
held in $t0 (0) go to if_Zero_Q3, else keep going
906:
907:
            addi $t1, $zero, 1 # Add 1 to register $t1 in order to do comparisons
                                       # If value held in register $s0 is equal to value
908:
            beg $s0, $t1, if_One_Q3
held in $t1 (1) go to if_One_Q3, else keep going
909:
910:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
911:
            la $a0, notZeroOne # Load notZeroOne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
                        # Print out the output on screen
912:
            syscall
913:
914:
            j While Q3 # jump back to While Q3 until value is equal to 0 or 1
915:
916:
        if_Zero_Q3:
                           # Printing Game Map2 by calling child function gameMap2
917:
            jal gameMap2
918:
919:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
920:
            la $a0, enter_One # Load enter_One message into $a0 using la (load Address)
921:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
922:
923:
        inner_While_Q3:
924:
            li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
```

```
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
           syscall
                      # Print out the output on screen
926:
927:
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
928:
929:
           addi $t2, $zero, 1 # Add 1 to register $t2 in order to do comparisons
930:
            beq $s1, $t2, if_One_Q3 # If value held in register $s1 is equal to value held
in $t2 (1) go to if One Q1, else keep going
931:
932:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
933:
            la $a0, notOne # Load notOne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
934:
935:
936:
            j inner_While_Q3
                             # jump back to inner_While_Q3 until value is equal to 1
937:
938:
        if One Q3:
939:
           # Question 3
940:
           li $a0, 422 # left x-coordinate is 422
            li $a1, 70 # width is 70
941:
942:
           li $a2, 20 # top y-coordinate is 20
943:
           li $a3, 50 # height is 50
944:
           jal rectangleYellow # Jump to rectangleYellow
945:
946:
           # Vertical line 1
947:
           li $a0, 457 # left x-coordinate is 457
           li $a1, 30 # width is 30
948:
949:
           li $a2, 70 # top y-coordinate is 70
            li $a3, 35 # height is 35
950:
           jal Vline # Jump to Vline
951:
952:
           # Number 3
953:
954:
           li $a0, 463 # left x-coordinate is 463
           li $a1, 20 # width is 20
955:
956:
           li $a2, 33 # top y-coordinate is 33
957:
           li $a3, 50 # height is 50
958:
           jal Hline
                       # Jump to Hline
959:
960:
           # Number 3
           li $a0, 483 # left x-coordinate is 483
961:
           li $a1, 40 # width is 40
962:
            li $a2, 33 # top y-coordinate is 33
963:
964:
           li $a3, 13 # height is 13
965:
            jal Vline # Jump to Vline
966:
967:
           # Number 3
           li $a0, 463 # left x-coordinate is 463
968:
           li $a1, 20 # width is 20
969:
           li $a2, 45 # top y-coordinate is 45
970:
           li $a3, 50 # height is 50
971:
972:
           jal Hline # Jump to Hline
973:
           # Number 3
974:
975:
           li $a0, 483 # left x-coordinate is 483
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
976:
```

```
977:
            li $a2, 45 # top y-coordinate is 45
            li $a3, 13 # height is 13
978:
            ial Vline
979:
                        # Jump to Vline
980:
981:
            # Number 3
            li $a0, 463 # left x-coordinate is 463
982:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
983:
984:
            li $a2, 57 # top y-coordinate is 57
985:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
            jal Hline
986:
                        # Jump to Hline
987:
988:
            # Q for Question
            li $a0, 431 # left x-coordinate is 431
989:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
990:
991:
            li $a2, 35 # top y-coordinate is 35
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
992:
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
993:
994:
            # Q for Question
995:
996:
            li $a0, 451 # left x-coordinate is 451
997:
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
998:
            li $a2, 35 # top y-coordinate is 35
            li $a3, 20 # height is 20
999:
1000:
            jal Vline
                        # Jump to Vline
1001:
1002:
            # Q for Question
            li $a0, 431 # left x-coordinate is 431
1003:
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
1004:
            li $a2, 35 # top y-coordinate is 35
1005:
            li $a3, 20 # height is 17
1006:
            jal Vline
                       # Jump to Vline
1007:
1008:
            # 0 for Question
1009:
            li $a0, 443 # left x-coordinate is 443
1010:
1011:
            li $a1, 15 # width is 15
            li $a2, 47 # top y-coordinate is 47
1012:
1013:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1014:
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
1015:
1016:
            # Q for Question
1017:
            li $a0, 431 # left x-coordinate is 431
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
1018:
            li $a2, 54 # top y-coordinate is 54
1019:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1020:
            jal Hline
1021:
                        # Jump to Hline
1022:
1023:
            jal PolynomialQuestionThree # Jump to PolynomialQuestionThree and perform ques
tion 3
1024:
            j exit While Q3
                                    # jump exit While Q3
1025:
1026:
1027:
        exit_While_Q3:
1028:
1029:
            # MapPoints[0][2] -> 30 Points
1030:
```

```
li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
1031:
ter $v0
1032:
            la $a0, prizeOne.1 # Load prizeOne.1 message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1033:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1034:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
1035:
ter $v0
            la $a0, prizeOne.2 # Load prizeOne.2 message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1036:
1037:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1038:
1039:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1040:
            la $a0, prizeOne.3 # Load prizeOne.3 message into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
1041:
            syscall
1042:
1043:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, prizeOne.4 # Load prizeOne.4 message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1044:
1045:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1046:
1047:
1048:
           # While loop for prize or Question 4
1049:
           While Q4:
1050:
            li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                      # Print out the output on screen
1051:
           syscall
1052:
1053:
           move $s0, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s0
1054:
1055:
            addi $t0, $zero, 0
                                   # Add 0 to register $t0 in order to do comparisons
            beg $s0, $t0, if Zero Q4  # If value held in register $t0 is equal to value
1056:
held in $t0 (0) go to if_Zero_Q4_, else keep going
1057:
1058:
            addi $t1, $zero, 1  # Add 1 to register $t1 in order to do comparisons
1059:
            beq $s0, $t1, if_One_Q4_
                                     # If value held in register $s0 is equal to value
held in $t1 (1) go to if_One_Q4_, else keep going
1060:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
1061:
ter $v0
            la $a0, notZeroOne # Load notZeroOne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1062:
1063:
                       # Print out the output on screen
1064:
            j While_Q4_ # jump back to While_Q4_ until value is equal to 0 or 1
1065:
1066:
        if_Zero_Q4_:
1067:
1068:
            jal BronzeMedal
                               # Printing Bronze Medal Prize by calling child function Br
onzeMedal
1069:
           la $a0, beep9
                               # Load the address of "beep9" into $a0
1070:
            la $a1, duration9
                               # Load the address of "duration9" into $a1
1071:
            la $a2, instrument9 # Load the address of "instrument9" into $a2
1072:
1073:
           la $a3, volume9
                               # Load the address of "volume9" into $a3
1074:
1075:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep9" into $a0
                               # Load the value of "duration9" into $a1
           lb $a1. 0($a1)
1076:
```

```
lb $a2, 0($a2)  # Load the value of "instrument9" into $a2
1077:
            lb $a3, 0($a3)  # Load the value of "volume9" into $a3
1078:
1079:
1080:
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
1081:
                syscall # Print out the output on screen
1082:
1083:
                li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
1084:
1085:
            li $a0, 800 # wait for 800 millisecond
1086:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
1087:
1088:
            la $a0, beep7  # Load the address of "beep7" into $a0
1089:
            la $a1, duration7  # Load the address of "duratin7" into $a1
1090:
            la $a2, instrument7 # Load the address of "instrument7" into $a2
1091:
            la $a3, volume7
                                 # Load the address of "volume7" into $a3
1092:
1093:
            lb $a0, 0($a0)  # Load the value of "beep7" into $a0
lb $a1, 0($a1)  # Load the value of "duration7" into $a1
lb $a2, 0($a2)  # Load the value of "instrument7" into $a2
lb $a3, 0($a3)  # Load the value of "instrument7" into $a2
1094:
1095:
1096:
1097:
            lb $a3, 0($a3)
                                 # Load the value of "volume7" into $a3
1098:
            li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
1099:
1100:
                syscall # Print out the output on screen
1101:
1102:
                li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
1103:
1104:
            li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
1105:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
1106:
1107:
            la $a0, beep7
                                 # Load the address of "beep7" into $a0
1108:
            la $a1, duration7  # Load the address of "duratin7" into $a1
1109:
            la $a2, instrument7 # Load the address of "instrument7" into $a2
1110:
1111:
            la $a3, volume7
                               # Load the address of "volume7" into $a3
1112:
1113:
            lb $a0, 0($a0)
                                 # Load the value of "beep7" into $a0
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
                                 # Load the value of "duration7" into $a1
1114:
1115:
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
                                 # Load the value of "instrument7" into $a2
1116:
            lb $a3, 0($a3)
                                # Load the value of "volume7" into $a3
1117:
            li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
1118:
                syscall # Print out the output on screen
1119:
1120:
1121:
1122:
                li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
1123:
            li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
1124:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
1125:
1126:
1127:
                la $a0, beep7
                                     # Load the address of "beep7" into $a0
1128:
            la $a1, duration7  # Load the address of "duratin7" into $a1
            la $a2, instrument7 # Load the address of "instrument7" into $a2
1129:
1130:
            la $a3, volume7  # Load the address of "volume7" into $a3
1131:
```

```
# Load the value of "beep1" into $a0
1132:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "duration1" into $a1
1133:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument1" into $a2
1134:
                               # Load the value of "volume1" into $a3
1135:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
1136:
           li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
1137:
1138:
               syscall # Print out the output on screen
1139:
1140:
1141:
               li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
1142:
           li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
1143:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
1144:
1145:
                               # Load the address of "beep9" into $a0
               la $a0, beep9
1146:
           la $a1, duration9 # Load the address of "duration9" into $a1
1147:
           la $a2, instrument9 # Load the address of "instrument9" into $a2
1148:
           la $a3, volume9
                              # Load the address of "volume9" into $a3
1149:
1150:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)  # Load the value of "duration9" into $a1

| the value of "instrument9" into $a
1151:
1152:
1153:
                             # Load the value of "instrument9" into $a2
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
1154:
                               # Load the value of "volume9" into $a3
1155:
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
1156:
1157:
               syscall # Print out the output on screen
1158:
1159:
1160:
               li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
           li $a0, 500 # wait for 500 millisecond
1161:
1162:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
1163:
1164:
           la $a0, beep8
                               # Load the address of "beep8" into $a0
1165:
1166:
           la $a1, duration8  # Load the address of "duration8" into $a1
           la $a2, instrument8 # Load the address of "instrument8" into $a2
1167:
1168:
           la $a3, volume8  # Load the address of "volume8" into $a3
1169:
1170:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep8" into $a0
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "duration8" into $a1
1171:
                               # Load the value of "instrument8" into $a2
1172:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume8" into $a3
1173:
1174:
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
1175:
               syscall # Print out the output on screen
1176:
1177:
1178:
               li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
1179:
           li $a0, 500 # wait for 500 millisecond
1180:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
1181:
1182:
1183:
           la $a0, beep3  # Load the address of "beep3" into $a0
1184:
1185:
           la $a1, duration3 # Load the address of "duration3" into $a1
           la $a2, instrument3 # Load the address of "instrument3" into $a2
1186:
```

```
# Load the address of "volume3" into $a3
1187:
           la $a3, volume3
1188:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep3" into $a0
1189:
                               # Load the value of "duration3" into $a1
1190:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument3" into $a2
1191:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume3" into $a3
1192:
1193:
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
1194:
1195:
                           # Print out the output on screen
1196:
1197:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1198:
           la $a0, prizeOneIfZero # Load prizeOneIfZero message into $a0 using la (load
Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
1199:
           syscall
1200:
                                       # jump exit While Q4
1201:
           j exit While Q4
1202:
1203:
       if One Q4:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
1204:
ter $v0
1205:
           la $a0, prizeOneIfOne # Load prizeOneIfOne message into $a0 using la (load A
ddress)
1206:
           syscall
                     # Print out the output on screen
1207:
1208:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1209:
           la $a0, zeroMap # Load zeroMap message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1210:
           syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1211:
1212:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
           la $a0, oneContinue # Load oneContinue message into $a0 using la (load Address
1213:
)
1214:
           syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1215:
1216:
           j exit While Q4
                                 # jump exit_While_Q4_
1217:
1218:
       _exit_While_Q4_:
1219:
           # Telling the system to stop executing the program
1220:
                       # Telling the system to stop executing by putting value 10 into
register $v0
1221:
           syscall
                      # Print out the output on screen
1222:
1223:
1224:
       exit_While_Q4_:
1225:
1226:
1227:
       # While loop for Question 4
1228:
       While Q4:
                       # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
1229:
           li $v0, 5
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
1230:
           syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1231:
1232:
           move $s0, $v0  # move value held in $v0 to register $s0
```

```
1233:
1234:
            addi $t0, $zero, 0 # Add 0 to register $t0 in order to do comparisons
            beg $s0, $t0, if Zero Q4
                                       # If value held in register $t0 is equal to value
1235:
held in $t0 (0) go to if_Zero_Q4, else keep going
1236:
            addi $t1, $zero, 1 # Add 1 to register $t1 in order to do comparisons
1237:
1238:
            beq $s0, $t1, if_One_Q4
                                       # If value held in register $s0 is equal to value
held in $t1 (1) go to if_One_Q4, else keep going
1239:
1240:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1241:
            la $a0, notZeroOne # Load notZeroOne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1242:
                       # Print out the output on screen
1243:
1244:
            j While_Q4 # jump back to While_Q4 until value is equal to 0 or 1
1245:
1246:
        if Zero Q4:
1247:
            jal gameMap3
                           # Printing Game Map3 by calling child function gameMap3
1248:
1249:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1250:
            la $a0, enter One # Load enter One message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1251:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1252:
1253:
        inner While Q4:
1254:
            li $v0, 5
                      # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
1255:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1256:
1257:
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
1258:
1259:
           addi $t2, $zero, 1 # Add 1 to register $t2 in order to do comparisons
            beg $s1, $t2, if_One_Q4 # If value held in register $s1 is equal to value held
1260:
in $t2 ( 1 ) go to if_One_Q4, else keep going
1261:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
1262:
ter $v0
1263:
            la $a0, not0ne # Load not0ne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1264:
                       # Print out the output on screen
1265:
1266:
            j inner While Q4  # jump back to inner While Q4 until value is equal to 1
1267:
1268:
        if One Q4:
           # Question 4
1269:
1270:
            li $a0, 422 # left x-coordinate is 422
            li $a1, 70 # width is 70
1271:
            li $a2, 105 # top y-coordinate is 105
1272:
1273:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1274:
            jal rectangleCyan # Jump to rectangleCyan
1275:
1276:
           # Horizontal Line 4
1277:
           li $a0, 290 # left x-coordinate is 290
           li $a1, 132 # width is 132
1278:
1279:
           li $a2, 130 # top y-coordinate is 130
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1280:
```

```
1281:
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
1282:
1283:
            # Number 4
            li $a0, 465 # left x-coordinate is 465
1284:
1285:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
            li $a2, 130 # top y-coordinate is 130
1286:
1287:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1288:
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
1289:
           # Number 4
1290:
1291:
           li $a0, 485 # left x-coordinate is 485
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
1292:
            li $a2, 115 # top y-coordinate is 115
1293:
            li $a3, 20 # height is 20
1294:
1295:
            jal Vline
                        # Jump to Vline
1296:
            # Number 4
1297:
1298:
            li $a0, 485 # left x-coordinate is 485
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
1299:
            li $a2, 133 # top y-coordinate is 133
1300:
            li $a3, 13 # height is 13
1301:
1302:
            jal Vline # Jump to Vline
1303:
1304:
           # Number 4
           li $a0, 465 # left x-coordinate is 465
1305:
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
1306:
            li $a2, 115 # top y-coordinate is 115
1307:
1308:
            li $a3, 16 # height is 16
            jal Vline
1309:
                        # Jump to Vline
1310:
           # Q for Question
1311:
           li $a0, 432 # left x-coordinate is 432
1312:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
1313:
            li $a2, 120 # top y-coordinate is 120
1314:
1315:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
1316:
1317:
1318:
            # Q for Question
1319:
            li $a0, 451 # left x-coordinate is 451
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
1320:
            li $a2, 121 # top y-coordinate is 121
1321:
            li $a3, 20 # height is 20
1322:
1323:
            jal Vline # Jump to Vline
1324:
1325:
            # Q for Question
            li $a0, 431 # left x-coordinate is 431
1326:
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
1327:
            li $a2, 120 # top y-coordinate is 120
1328:
            li $a3, 20 # height is 20
1329:
            jal Vline # Jump to Vline
1330:
1331:
1332:
           # Q for Question
1333:
           li $a0, 443 # left x-coordinate is 443
1334:
            li $a1, 15 # width is 15
            li $a2, 133 # top y-coordinate is 133
1335:
```

```
li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1336:
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
1337:
1338:
1339:
            # Q for Question
            li $a0, 431 # left x-coordinate is 431
1340:
1341:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
1342:
            li $a2, 140 # top y-coordinate is 140
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1343:
1344:
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
1345:
1346:
           jal PolynomialQuestionFour # Jump to PolynomialQuestionFour and perform quest
ion 4
1347:
            j exit_While_Q4
1348:
                                  # jump exit While Q4
1349:
1350:
        exit While Q4:
1351:
1352:
1353:
            # MapPoints[1][0] -> 40 Points
1354:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1355:
            la $a0, GoodJob # Load GoodJob message into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
1356:
            syscall
1357:
1358:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1359:
            la $a0, zeroMap
                                # Load zeroMap message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1360:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1361:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
1362:
ter $v0
            la $a0, oneContinue # Load zeroMap message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1363:
                       # Print out the output on screen
1364:
            syscall
1365:
1366:
1367:
       While_Q5:
1368:
            li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
1369:
           syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1370:
1371:
           move $s0, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s0
1372:
1373:
            addi $t0, $zero, 0 # Add 0 to register $t0 in order to do comparisons
            beg $s0, $t0, if Zero Q5
                                     # If value held in register $t0 is equal to value
1374:
held in $t0 (0) go to if_Zero_Q5, else keep going
1375:
1376:
            addi $t1, $zero, 1 # Add 1 to register $t1 in order to do comparisons
1377:
            beq $s0, $t1, if_One_Q5
                                       # If value held in register $s0 is equal to value
held in $t1 (1) go to if One Q5, else keep going
1378:
1379:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1380:
            la $a0, notZeroOne # Load notZeroOne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1381:
                       # Print out the output on screen
1382:
```

```
j While Q5 # jump back to While Q5 until value is equal to 0 or 1
1383:
1384:
1385:
        if_Zero_Q5:
1386:
            jal gameMap4
                            # Printing Game Map4 by calling child function gameMap4
1387:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
1388:
ter $v0
1389:
            la $a0, enter One
                                # Load enter One message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1390:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1391:
1392:
        inner While Q5:
1393:
            li $v0, 5
                       # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                       # Print out the output on screen
1394:
            svscall
1395:
1396:
            move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
1397:
1398:
            addi $t2, $zero, 1 # Add 1 to register $t2 in order to do comparisons
1399:
            beg $s1, $t2, if One Q5 # If value held in register $s1 is equal to value held
in $t2 ( 1 ) go to if_One_Q5, else keep going
1400:
1401:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1402:
            la $a0, notOne # Load notOne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1403:
                        # Print out the output on screen
            svscall
1404:
1405:
            j inner_While_Q5  # jump back to inner_While_Q5 until value is equal to 1
1406:
1407:
        if_One_Q5:
1408:
                    # Question 5
            li $a0, 220 # left x-coordinate is 220
1409:
            li $a1, 70 # width is 70
1410:
            li $a2, 105 # top y-coordinate is 105
1411:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1412:
1413:
            jal rectanglePurple # Jump to rectanglePurple
1414:
1415:
           # Horizontal Line 3
1416:
            li $a0, 90 # left x-coordinate is 90
            li $a1, 130 # width is 130
1417:
            li $a2, 130 # top y-coordinate is 130
1418:
1419:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
1420:
1421:
           # Number 5
1422:
            li $a0, 260 # left x-coordinate is 260
1423:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
1424:
1425:
            li $a2, 115 # top y-coordinate is 115
1426:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1427:
            jal Hline
                       # Jump to Hline
1428:
1429:
            # Number 5
1430:
           li $a0, 260 # left x-coordinate is 260
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
1431:
1432:
            li $a2, 115 # top y-coordinate is 115
            li $a3, 13 # height is 13
1433:
```

```
1434:
            jal Vline # Jump to Vline
1435:
            # Number 5
1436:
            li $a0, 260 # left x-coordinate is 260
1437:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
1438:
            li $a2, 127 # top y-coordinate is 127
1439:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1440:
1441:
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
1442:
           # Number 5
1443:
1444:
            li $a0, 280 # left x-coordinate is 280
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
1445:
            li $a2, 127 # top y-coordinate is 127
1446:
            li $a3, 13 # height is 13
1447:
1448:
            ial Vline
                        # Jump to Vline
1449:
            # Number 5
1450:
            li $a0, 260 # left x-coordinate is 260
1451:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
1452:
            li $a2, 139 # top y-coordinate is 139
1453:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1454:
1455:
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
1456:
1457:
           # Q for Question
            li $a0, 230 # left x-coordinate is 230
1458:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
1459:
            li $a2, 120 # top y-coordinate is 120
1460:
1461:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
            jal Hline
                        # Jump to Hline
1462:
1463:
           # Q for Question
1464:
1465:
            li $a0, 249 # left x-coordinate is 249
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
1466:
            li $a2, 121 # top y-coordinate is 121
1467:
1468:
            li $a3, 20 # height is 20
            jal Vline
1469:
                       # Jump to Vline
1470:
1471:
            # Q for Question
            li $a0, 229 # left x-coordinate is 229
1472:
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
1473:
            li $a2, 120 # top y-coordinate is 120
1474:
            li $a3, 20 # height is 20
1475:
1476:
            jal Vline # Jump to Vline
1477:
1478:
            # Q for Question
            li $a0, 241 # left x-coordinate is 241
1479:
            li $a1, 15 # width is 15
1480:
1481:
            li $a2, 133 # top y-coordinate is 133
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1482:
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
1483:
1484:
           # Q for Question
1485:
           li $a0, 229 # left x-coordinate is 229
1486:
1487:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
            li $a2, 140 # top y-coordinate is 140
1488:
```

```
li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1489:
                       # Jump to Hline
1490:
            jal Hline
1491:
            jal PolynomialQuestionFive # Jump to PolynomialQuestionFive and perform quest
1492:
ion 5
1493:
1494:
            j exit_While_Q5  # jump exit_While_Q5
1495:
1496:
       exit_While_Q5:
1497:
1498:
1499:
                      # MapPoints[1][1] -> 50 Points
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
1500:
ter $v0
1501:
            la $a0, IncredibleJob # Load IncredibleJob message into $a0 using la (load A
ddress)
1502:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
1503:
1504:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1505:
            la $a0, zeroMap
                                # Load zeroMap message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1506:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1507:
1508:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1509:
            la $a0, oneContinue # Load zeroMap message into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
1510:
            syscall
1511:
1512:
        # While loop for Question 6
1513:
1514:
       While Q6:
1515:
            li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
1516:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
1517:
           move $s0, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s0
1518:
1519:
1520:
            addi $t0, $zero, 0 # Add 0 to register $t0 in order to do comparisons
1521:
            beg $s0, $t0, if_Zero_Q6
                                     # If value held in register $t0 is equal to value
held in $t0 (0) go to if_Zero_Q6, else keep going
1522:
1523:
            addi $t1, $zero, 1 # Add 1 to register $t1 in order to do comparisons
                                       # If value held in register $s0 is equal to value
1524:
            beg $s0, $t1, if One Q6
held in $t1 (1) go to if_One_Q6, else keep going
1525:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
1526:
ter $v0
1527:
            la $a0, notZeroOne # Load notZeroOne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
1528:
1529:
1530:
            j While_Q6 # jump back to While_Q6 until value is equal to 0 or 1
1531:
1532:
       if_Zero_Q6:
1533:
            jal gameMap5 # Printing Game Map5 by calling child function gameMap5
1534:
```

```
li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
1535:
ter $v0
1536:
            la $a0, enter One # Load enter One message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1537:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1538:
1539:
        inner_While_Q6:
1540:
            li $v0, 5
                       # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                       # Print out the output on screen
1541:
            syscall
1542:
1543:
            move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
1544:
1545:
            addi $t2, $zero, 1 # Add 1 to register $t2 in order to do comparisons
            bea $s1, $t2, if_One_Q6
                                     # If value held in register $s1 is equal to value
1546:
held in $t2 ( 1 ) go to if_One_Q6, else keep going
1547:
                       # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
1548:
            li $v0.4
ter $v0
            la $a0, not0ne # Load not0ne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1549:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1550:
1551:
1552:
            j inner While Q6  # jump back to inner While Q6 until value is equal to 1
1553:
1554:
        if_0ne_Q6:
            # Question 6
1555:
1556:
            li $a0, 20 # left x-coordinate is 20
            li $a1, 70 # width is 70
1557:
1558:
            li $a2, 105 # top y-coordinate is 105
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1559:
            jal rectangleBlue # Jump to rectangleBlue
1560:
1561:
           # Vertical Line 2
1562:
            li $a0, 54 # left x-coordinate is 54
1563:
1564:
            li $a1, 50 # width is 50
1565:
            li $a2, 155 # top y-coordinate is 155
            li $a3, 60 # height is 60
1566:
1567:
            jal Vline
                       # Jump to Vline
1568:
1569:
           # Number 6
            li $a0, 61 # left x-coordinate is 61
1570:
1571:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
            li $a2, 115 # top y-coordinate is 115
1572:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1573:
1574:
            jal Hline
                       # Jump to Hline
1575:
            # Number 6
1576:
1577:
           li $a0, 61 # left x-coordinate is 61
1578:
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
            li $a2, 115 # top y-coordinate is 115
1579:
            li $a3, 13 # height is 13
1580:
1581:
           jal Vline # Jump to Vline
1582:
           # Number 6
1583:
1584:
           li $a0, 61 # left x-coordinate is 61
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
1585:
```

```
1586:
            li $a2, 127 # top y-coordinate is 127
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1587:
            ial Hline
                        # Jump to Hline
1588:
1589:
1590:
           # Number 6
            li $a0, 61 # left x-coordinate is 61
1591:
1592:
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
1593:
            li $a2, 127 # top y-coordinate is 127
1594:
            li $a3, 13 # height is 13
            jal Vline
1595:
                        # Jump to Vline
1596:
1597:
            # Number 6
            li $a0, 81 # left x-coordinate is 81
1598:
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
1599:
1600:
            li $a2, 127 # top y-coordinate is 127
            li $a3, 13 # height is 13
1601:
            jal Vline # Jump to Vline
1602:
1603:
            # Number 6
1604:
            li $a0, 61 # left x-coordinate is 61
1605:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
1606:
1607:
            li $a2, 139 # top y-coordinate is 139
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1608:
1609:
            jal Hline
                        # Jump to Hline
1610:
1611:
           # Q for Question
            li $a0, 30 # left x-coordinate is 30
1612:
1613:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
            li $a2, 120 # top y-coordinate is 120
1614:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1615:
            jal Hline
1616:
                       # Jump to Hline
1617:
            # 0 for Question
1618:
            li $a0, 49 # left x-coordinate is 49
1619:
1620:
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
            li $a2, 121 # top y-coordinate is 121
1621:
1622:
            li $a3, 20 # height is 20
1623:
            jal Vline # Jump to Vline
1624:
1625:
            # Q for Question
1626:
            li $a0, 29 # left x-coordinate is 29
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
1627:
            li $a2, 120 # top y-coordinate is 120
1628:
            li $a3, 20 # height is 20
1629:
1630:
            jal Vline
                        # Jump to Vline
1631:
            # Q for Question
1632:
1633:
            li $a0, 41 # left x-coordinate is 41
            li $a1, 15 # width is 15
1634:
            li $a2, 133 # top y-coordinate is 133
1635:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1636:
1637:
            jal Hline
                       # Jump to Hline
1638:
1639:
           # Q for Question
            li $a0, 29 # left x-coordinate is 29
1640:
```

```
1641:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
            li $a2, 140 # top y-coordinate is 140
1642:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1643:
           jal Hline
                       # Jump to Hline
1644:
1645:
1646:
           jal PolynomialQuestionSix # Jump to PolynomialQuestionSix and perform questi
on 6
1647:
1648:
            j exit_While_Q6
                                   # jump exit_While_Q6
1649:
1650:
       exit While Q6:
1651:
1652:
           # MapPoints[1][2] -> 60 Points
1653:
1654:
            li $v0, 4
                      # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1655:
            la $a0, prizeTwo.1 # Load prizeTwo.1 message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1656:
            syscall
                      # Print out the output on screen
1657:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
1658:
ter $v0
1659:
            la $a0, prizeTwo.2 # Load prizeTwo.2 message into $a0 using la (load Address)
                      # Print out the output on screen
1660:
            syscall
1661:
1662:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1663:
            la $a0, prizeTwo.3 # Load prizeTwo.3 message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1664:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1665:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
1666:
ter $v0
            la $a0, prizeTwo.4 # Load prizeTwo.4 message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1667:
                       # Print out the output on screen
1668:
            syscall
1669:
1670:
                     # ADDING VALUES TO ArrayQ7Int QUESTION 7: Creating the values to add
1671:
to 1D ArrayQ7Int Question 7
            addi $s2, $zero, 3 # initialize/add 3 to register $s2
1672:
1673:
            addi $s4, $zero, 39 # initialize/add 39 to register $s4
1674:
            addi $s5, $zero, 168 # initialize/add 168 to register $s5
1675:
                addi $s6, $zero, 276
                                       # initialize/add 276 to register $s6
           addi $s7, $zero, 144
                                   # initialize/add 144 to register $s7
1676:
1677:
1678:
           # Creating a 0 index by initializing index $t0 = 0
1679:
           addi $t0, $zero, 0 # initialize index 0 by adding 0 to register $t0
1680:
1681:
           # Storing values into 1D ArrayQ6Int Question 6 using sw (store word)
1682:
            sw $s2, ArrayQ7Int($t0) # Storing value held in register $s2, at index 0 in
ArrayQ7Int Question 7
            addi $t0, $t0, 4 # Updating register $t0 to index 4 by adding 4 to it
1683:
            sw $s4, ArrayQ7Int($t0) # Storing value held in register $s4, at index 4 in
1684:
ArrayQ7Int Question 7
            addi $t0, $t0, 4  # Updating register $t0 to index 8 by adding 4 to it
1685:
            sw $s5, ArrayQ7Int($t0) # Storing value held in register $s5, at index 8 in
ArrayQ7Int Question 7
```

```
addi $t0, $t0, 4  # Updating register $t0 to index 12 by adding 4 to it
1687:
                                      # Storing value held in register $s6, at index 12 i
1688:
           sw $s6, ArrayQ7Int($t0)
n Array07Int Question 7
1689:
           addi $t0, $t0, 4
                               # Updating register $t0 to index 16 by adding 4 to it
1690:
           sw $s7, ArrayQ7Int($t0) # Storing value held in register $s7, at index 16 i
n ArrayQ7Int Question 7
1691:
           # ADDING VALUES TO ArrayQ7Ans1 QUESTION 7: Creating the values to add to 1D Ar
1692:
rayQ7Ans1 Question 7
           addi $t4, $zero, 1 # initialize/add 1 to register $t4
1693:
1694:
           addi $t5, $zero, 2 # initialize/add 2 to register $t5
1695:
               addi $t6, $zero, 4 # initialize/add 4 to register $t6
1696:
           addi $t7, $zero, 6 # initialize/add 6 to register $t7
1697:
1698:
           # Creating a 0 index by initializing index $t0 = 0
1699:
           addi $t3, $zero, 0 # initialize index 0 by adding 0 to register $t3
1700:
1701:
           sw $t4, ArrayQ7Ans1($t3)  # Storing value held in register $t4, at index 4 i
n ArrayQ7Ans1 Question 7
           addi $t3, $t3, 4 # Updating register $t0 to index 8 by adding 4 to it
1702:
1703:
            sw $t5, ArrayQ7Ans1($t3)
                                       # Storing value held in register $t5, at index 8 i
n ArrayQ7Ans1 Question 7
           addi $t3, $t3, 4 # Updating register $t0 to index 12 by adding 4 to it
1704:
1705:
           sw $t6, ArrayQ7Ans1($t3) # Storing value held in register $t6, at index 12
in ArrayQ7Ans1 Question 7
1706:
           addi $t3, $t3, 4 # Updating register $t0 to index 16 by adding 4 to it
1707:
           sw $t7, ArrayQ7Ans1($t3) # Storing value held in register $t7, at index 16
in ArrayQ7Ans1 Question 7
1708:
1709:
           # While loop for prize or Question 7
1710:
1711:
       While_Q7_:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
1712:
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
1713:
                      # Print out the output on screen
           syscall
1714:
1715:
           move $s0, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s0
1716:
1717:
           addi $t0, $zero, 0  # Add 0 to register $t0 in order to do comparisons
1718:
           beq $s0, $t0, if_Zero_Q7_ # If value held in register $t0 is equal to value
held in $t0 (0) go to if Zero Q7, else keep going
1719:
                                 # Add 1 to register $t1 in order to do comparisons
1720:
           addi $t1, $zero, 1
           beq $s0, $t1, if_One_Q7_
                                     # If value held in register $s0 is equal to value
1721:
held in $t1 (1) go to if_One_Q7_, else keep going
1722:
1723:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
           la $a0, notZeroOne # Load notZeroOne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1724:
1725:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
1726:
1727:
           j While_Q7_ # jump back to While_Q7_ until value is equal to 0 or 1
1728:
1729:
       if_Zero_Q7_:
1730:
                               # Printing Silver Medal Prize by calling child function Si
           jal SilverMedal
```

```
lverMedal
1731:
           la $a0, beep9
                               # Load the address of "beep9" into $a0
1732:
                               # Load the address of "duration9" into $a1
1733:
           la $a1, duration9
           la $a2, instrument9 # Load the address of "instrument9" into $a2
1734:
                               # Load the address of "volume9" into $a3
           la $a3, volume9
1735:
1736:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep9" into $a0
1737:
1738:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration9" into $a1
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
1739:
                               # Load the value of "instrument9" into $a2
                               # Load the value of "volume9" into $a3
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
1740:
1741:
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
1742:
                         # Print out the output on screen
1743:
1744:
1745:
1746:
               li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
1747:
           li $a0, 800 # wait for 800 millisecond
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
1748:
1749:
1750:
1751:
           la $a0, beep7
                               # Load the address of "beep7" into $a0
                               # Load the address of "duratin7" into $a1
           la $a1, duration7
1752:
           la $a2, instrument7 # Load the address of "instrument7" into $a2
1753:
           la $a3, volume7
                               # Load the address of "volume7" into $a3
1754:
1755:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep7" into $a0
1756:
                               # Load the value of "duration7" into $a1
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
1757:
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                              # Load the value of "instrument7" into $a2
1758:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume7" into $a3
1759:
1760:
           li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
1761:
               syscall # Print out the output on screen
1762:
1763:
1764:
               li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
1765:
1766:
           li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
1767:
1768:
1769:
                               # Load the address of "beep7" into $a0
1770:
           la $a0, beep7
           la $a1, duration7  # Load the address of "duratin7" into $a1
1771:
           la $a2, instrument7 # Load the address of "instrument7" into $a2
1772:
           la $a3, volume7
                               # Load the address of "volume7" into $a3
1773:
1774:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep7" into $a0
1775:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration7" into $a1
1776:
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument7" into $a2
1777:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                              # Load the value of "volume7" into $a3
1778:
1779:
1780:
           li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
1781:
               syscall # Print out the output on screen
1782:
1783:
               li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
1784:
```

```
li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
1785:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
1786:
1787:
1788:
1789:
               la $a0, beep7  # Load the address of "beep7" into $a0
           la $a1, duration7  # Load the address of "duratin7" into $a1
1790:
1791:
           la $a2, instrument7 # Load the address of "instrument7" into $a2
                               # Load the address of "volume7" into $a3
1792:
           la $a3, volume7
1793:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep1" into $a0
1794:
1795:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration1" into $a1
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument1" into $a2
1796:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume1" into $a3
1797:
1798:
           li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
1799:
               syscall # Print out the output on screen
1800:
1801:
1802:
               li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
1803:
           li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
1804:
1805:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
1806:
1807:
1808:
               la $a0, beep9
                                   # Load the address of "beep9" into $a0
           la $a1, duration9
                               # Load the address of "duration9" into $a1
1809:
1810:
           la $a2, instrument9 # Load the address of "instrument9" into $a2
                             # Load the address of "volume9" into $a3
           la $a3, volume9
1811:
1812:
           1813:
1814:
           lb \$a2, \emptyset(\$a2)  # Load the value of "instrument9" into \$a2 lb \$a3, \emptyset(\$a3)  # Load the value of "volume9" into \$a3
1815:
1816:
1817:
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
1818:
1819:
               syscall # Print out the output on screen
1820:
1821:
1822:
               li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
           li $a0, 500 # wait for 500 millisecond
1823:
1824:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
1825:
1826:
           la $a0, beep8
                               # Load the address of "beep8" into $a0
1827:
           la $a1, duration8 # Load the address of "duration8" into $a1
1828:
           la $a2, instrument8 # Load the address of "instrument8" into $a2
1829:
           la $a3, volume8
                               # Load the address of "volume8" into $a3
1830:
1831:
                            # Load the value of "beep8" into $a0
1832:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration8" into $a1
1833:
                               # Load the value of "instrument8" into $a2
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
1834:
1835:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume8" into $a3
1836:
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
1837:
1838:
               syscall # Print out the output on screen
1839:
```

```
1840:
                 li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
1841:
            li $a0, 500 # wait for 500 millisecond
1842:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
1843:
1844:
1845:
1846:
            la $a0, beep3
                                  # Load the address of "beep3" into $a0
                                  # Load the address of "duration3" into $a1
1847:
            la $a1, duration3
1848:
            la $a2, instrument3 # Load the address of "instrument3" into $a2
            la $a3, volume3
                                  # Load the address of "volume3" into $a3
1849:
1850:
            lb $a0, 0($a0)  # Load the value of "beep3" into $a0
lb $a1, 0($a1)  # Load the value of "duration3" into $a1
lb $a2, 0($a2)  # Load the value of "instrument3" into $a2
lb $a3, 0($a3)  # Load the value of "volume3" into $a3
1851:
1852:
1853:
1854:
1855:
                 li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
1856:
                             # Print out the output on screen
1857:
1858:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
1859:
ter $v0
1860:
            la $a0, prizeTwoIfZero # Load prizeTwoIfZero message into $a0 using la (load
Address)
1861:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
1862:
1863:
            j exit While Q7
                                        # jump _exit_While_Q7_
1864:
1865:
        if One Q7:
1866:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, prizeTwoIfOne # Load prizeTwoIfOne message into $a0 using la (load A
1867:
ddress)
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
1868:
1869:
1870:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1871:
            la $a0, zeroMap # Load zeroMap message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1872:
                         # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
1873:
1874:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1875:
            la $a0, oneContinue # Load oneContinue message into $a0 using la (load Address
)
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
1876:
1877:
1878:
            j exit_While_Q7_
                                          # jump exit_While_Q7_
1879:
1880:
        _exit_While_Q7_:
1881:
            # Telling the system to stop executing the program
            li $v0, 10  # Telling the system to stop executing by putting value 10 into
1882:
 register $v0
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
1883:
1884:
1885:
1886:
        exit While Q7:
```

```
1887:
1888:
        # While loop for Question 7
1889:
1890:
       While Q7:
1891:
            li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
1892:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1893:
1894:
           move $s0, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s0
1895:
1896:
            addi $t0, $zero, 0 # Add 0 to register $t0 in order to do comparisons
1897:
            beg $s0, $t0, if_Zero_Q7
                                      # If value held in register $t0 is equal to value
held in $t0 (0) go to if_Zero_Q7, else keep going
1898:
1899:
            addi $t1, $zero, 1 # Add 1 to register $t1 in order to do comparisons
            beg $s0, $t1, if One Q7
                                        # If value held in register $s0 is equal to value
1900:
held in $t1 (1) go to if_One_Q7, else keep going
1901:
1902:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1903:
            la $a0, notZeroOne # Load notZeroOne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1904:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1905:
1906:
            j While_Q7 # jump back to While_Q7 until value is equal to 0 or 1
1907:
1908:
       if_Zero_Q7:
                           # Printing Game Map6 by calling child function gameMap6
1909:
            jal gameMap6
1910:
1911:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, enter One # Load enter One message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1912:
1913:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1914:
1915:
        inner While Q7:
1916:
            li $v0, 5
                       # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
1917:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1918:
1919:
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
1920:
1921:
            addi $t2, $zero, 1 # Add 1 to register $t2 in order to do comparisons
            beg $s1, $t2, if_One_Q7 # If value held in register $s1 is equal to value held
1922:
 in $t2 ( 1 ) go to if_One_Q7, else keep going
1923:
1924:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
1925:
            la $a0, not0ne # Load not0ne message into $a0 using la (load Address)
1926:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
1927:
            j inner While Q7  # jump back to inner While Q4 until value is equal to 1
1928:
1929:
1930:
        if One Q7:
                    # Horizontal Line 5
1931:
1932:
            li $a0, 54 # left x-coordinate is 54
            li $a1, 170 # width is 170
1933:
```

```
1934:
            li $a2, 215 # top y-coordinate is 215
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1935:
            jal Hline # Jump to Hline
1936:
1937:
            # Question 7
1938:
            li $a0, 220 # left x-coordinate is 220
1939:
            li $a1, 70 # width is 70
1940:
            li $a2, 190 # top y-coordinate is 190
1941:
1942:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1943:
            jal rectangleWhite # Jump to rectangleWhite
1944:
1945:
            # Number 7
            li $a0, 258 # left x-coordinate is 258
1946:
            li $a1, 18 # width is 18
1947:
1948:
            li $a2, 205 # top y-coordinate is 205
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1949:
            jal HlineBlack # Jump to HlineBlack
1950:
1951:
            # Number 7
1952:
            li $a0, 275 # left x-coordinate is 275
1953:
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
1954:
1955:
            li $a2, 215 # top y-coordinate is 215
            li $a3, 13 # height is 13
1956:
1957:
            jal VlineBlack # Jump to VlineBlack
1958:
1959:
            # Number 7
            li $a0, 275 # left x-coordinate is 275
1960:
1961:
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
            li $a2, 205 # top y-coordinate is 205
1962:
1963:
            li $a3, 13 # height is 13
            jal VlineBlack # Jump to VlineBlack
1964:
1965:
            # Number 7
1966:
            li $a0, 265 # left x-coordinate is 265
1967:
1968:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
            li $a2, 215 # top y-coordinate is 215
1969:
1970:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1971:
            jal HlineBlack # Jump to HlineBlack
1972:
1973:
            # Q for Question
1974:
            li $a0, 230 # left x-coordinate is 230
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
1975:
            li $a2, 205 # top y-coordinate is 205
1976:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1977:
            jal HlineBlack # Jump to HlineBlack
1978:
1979:
1980:
            # Q for Question
            li $a0, 249 # left x-coordinate is 249
1981:
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
1982:
            li $a2, 206 # top y-coordinate is 206
1983:
            li $a3, 20 # height is 20
1984:
            jal VlineBlack # Jump to VlineBlack
1985:
1986:
1987:
            # Q for Question
            li $a0, 229 # left x-coordinate is 229
1988:
```

```
1989:
            li $a1, 40 # width is 40
            li $a2, 205 # top y-coordinate is 205
1990:
            li $a3, 20 # height is 20
1991:
1992:
            jal VlineBlack # Jump to VlineBlack
1993:
1994:
            # 0 for Question
            li $a0, 241 # left x-coordinate is 241
1995:
1996:
            li $a1, 15 # width is 15
1997:
            li $a2, 218 # top y-coordinate is 218
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
1998:
1999:
            jal HlineBlack # Jump to HlineBlack
2000:
2001:
           # Q for Question
            li $a0, 229 # left x-coordinate is 229
2002:
2003:
            li $a1, 20 # width is 20
            li $a2, 225 # top y-coordinate is 225
2004:
            li $a3, 50 # height is 50
2005:
            jal HlineBlack # Jump to HlineBlack
2006:
2007:
            jal PolynomialQuestionSeven # Jump to PolynomialQuestionSeven and perform ques
2008:
tion 7
2009:
2010:
                                  # jump exit_While_Q7
            j exit_While_Q7
2011:
2012:
        exit While Q7:
2013:
2014:
2015:
            # MapPoints[2][0] -> 70 Points
2016:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, prizeThree # Load prizeThree message into $a0 using la (load Address)
2017:
2018:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
2019:
2020:
            jal GoldMedal
2021:
            la $a0, beep9
                               # Load the address of "beep9" into $a0
2022:
2023:
            la $a1, duration9
                               # Load the address of "duration9" into $a1
            la $a2, instrument9 # Load the address of "instrument9" into $a2
2024:
2025:
            la $a3, volume9
                               # Load the address of "volume9" into $a3
2026:
                                # Load the value of "beep9" into $a0
2027:
            lb $a0, 0($a0)
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration9" into $a1
2028:
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument9" into $a2
2029:
            lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume9" into $a3
2030:
2031:
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
2032:
2033:
                syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
2034:
2035:
                li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
2036:
2037:
            li $a0, 800 # wait for 800 millisecond
2038:
                     # Print out the output on screen
2039:
2040:
            la $a0. beep7
2041:
                               # Load the address of "beep7" into $a0
```

```
la $a1, duration7  # Load the address of "duratin7" into $a1
2042:
            la $a2, instrument7 # Load the address of "instrument7" into $a2
2043:
                               # Load the address of "volume7" into $a3
           la $a3, volume7
2044:
2045:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep7" into $a0
2046:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration7" into $a1
2047:
2048:
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument7" into $a2
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume7" into $a3
2049:
2050:
           li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
2051:
2052:
               syscall # Print out the output on screen
2053:
2054:
               li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
2055:
2056:
           li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
2057:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
2058:
2059:
                               # Load the address of "beep7" into $a0
2060:
           la $a0, beep7
           la $a1, duration7
                               # Load the address of "duratin7" into $a1
2061:
2062:
           la $a2, instrument7 # Load the address of "instrument7" into $a2
2063:
           la $a3, volume7
                               # Load the address of "volume7" into $a3
2064:
                               # Load the value of "beep7" into $a0
2065:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "duration7" into $a1
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
2066:
2067:
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument7" into $a2
                               # Load the value of "volume7" into $a3
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
2068:
2069:
2070:
           li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
               syscall # Print out the output on screen
2071:
2072:
2073:
               li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
2074:
           li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
2075:
2076:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
2077:
2078:
               la $a0, beep7
                                   # Load the address of "beep7" into $a0
2079:
2080:
           la $a1, duration7
                               # Load the address of "duratin7" into $a1
           la $a2, instrument7 # Load the address of "instrument7" into $a2
2081:
                               # Load the address of "volume7" into $a3
2082:
           la $a3, volume7
2083:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep1" into $a0
2084:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration1" into $a1
2085:
2086:
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument1" into $a2
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume1" into $a3
2087:
2088:
           li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
2089:
               syscall # Print out the output on screen
2090:
2091:
2092:
2093:
               li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
           li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
2094:
2095:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
2096:
```

```
2097:
                                 # Load the address of "beep9" into $a0
2098:
               la $a0, beep9
                               # Load the address of "duration9" into $a1
           la $a1, duration9
2099:
           la $a2, instrument9 # Load the address of "instrument9" into $a2
2100:
2101:
           la $a3, volume9
                               # Load the address of "volume9" into $a3
2102:
2103:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep9" into $a0
                             # Load the value of "duration9" into $a1
2104:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
2105:
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument9" into $a2
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume9" into $a3
2106:
2107:
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
2108:
               syscall # Print out the output on screen
2109:
2110:
2111:
2112:
               li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
2113:
           li $a0, 500 # wait for 500 millisecond
2114:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
2115:
2116:
2117:
           la $a0, beep8
                               # Load the address of "beep8" into $a0
2118:
           la $a1, duration8 # Load the address of "duration8" into $a1
           la $a2, instrument8 # Load the address of "instrument8" into $a2
2119:
2120:
           la $a3, volume8
                               # Load the address of "volume8" into $a3
2121:
2122:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                             # Load the value of "beep8" into $a0
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "duration8" into $a1
2123:
                               # Load the value of "instrument8" into $a2
2124:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume8" into $a3
2125:
2126:
2127:
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
2128:
               syscall # Print out the output on screen
2129:
           jal printNewline
2130:
2131:
           jal printNewline
2132:
2133:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2134:
           la $a0, zeroMap
                               # Load zeroMap message into $a0 using la (load Address)
2135:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
2136:
2137:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
           la $a0. numExit
                             # Load numExit message into $a0 using la (load Address)
2138:
2139:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
2140:
2141:
       While Q:
2142:
           li $v0, 5 # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                       # Print out the output on screen
2143:
           syscall
2144:
2145:
           move $s0, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s0
2146:
2147:
           addi $t0, $zero, 0  # Add 0 to register $t0 in order to do comparisons
           beq $s0, $t0, if_Zero_Q_ # If value held in register $t0 is equal to value
2148:
```

```
held in $t0 (0) go to if_Zero_Q_, else keep going
2150:
            j if_num_Q_ # jump to if_num_Q_
2151:
2152:
       if Zero Q:
2153:
            jal gameMap7 # Printing Game Map6 by calling child function gameMap6
2154:
                               # Load the address of "beep3" into $a0
2155:
            la $a0, beep3
2156:
            la $a1, duration3
                               # Load the address of "duration3" into $a1
            la $a2, instrument3 # Load the address of "instrument3" into $a2
2157:
                               # Load the address of "volume3" into $a3
2158:
           la $a3, volume3
2159:
                               # Load the value of "beep3" into $a0
2160:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration3" into $a1
2161:
                               # Load the value of "instrument3" into $a2
2162:
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
            lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume3" into $a3
2163:
2164:
2165:
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
2166:
                           # Print out the output on screen
                syscall
2167:
2168:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, prizeTwoIfZero # Load prizeTwoIfZero message into $a0 using la (load
2169:
Address)
2170:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            svscall
2171:
2172:
            j exit_While_Q_
2173:
        if num Q:
2174:
            la $a0, beep3
                               # Load the address of "beep3" into $a0
                               # Load the address of "duration3" into $a1
2175:
            la $a1, duration3
            la $a2, instrument3 # Load the address of "instrument3" into $a2
2176:
                               # Load the address of "volume3" into $a3
2177:
           la $a3, volume3
2178:
                               # Load the value of "beep3" into $a0
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
2179:
2180:
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration3" into $a1
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument3" into $a2
2181:
                               # Load the value of "volume3" into $a3
2182:
            lb $a3, 0($a3)
2183:
2184:
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
2185:
                syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
2186:
2187:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, prizeTwoIfZero # Load prizeTwoIfZero message into $a0 using la (load
2188:
Address)
2189:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
2190:
2191:
            j exit_While_Q_
2192:
       exit_While_Q_:
2193:
2194:
2195:
2196:
2197:
2198:
```

```
2199:
           # Telling the system to stop executing the program
            li $v0, 10
                        # Telling the system to stop executing by putting value 10 into
2200:
register $v0
2201:
            syscall
                      # Print out the output on screen
2202:
2203:
2204:
2205:
2206:
       # newline function
2207:
        printNewline:
2208:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2209:
            la $a0, newline
                               # Load newLine into $a0 using la (load Address)
2210:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            svscall
2211:
2212:
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            jr $ra
2213:
2214:
2215:
        rectangleRed:
2216:
            # $a0 is xmin (i.e., left edge; must be within the display)
2217:
            # $a1 is width (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2218:
            # $a2 is ymin (i.e., top edge, increasing down; must be within the display)
           # $a3 is height (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2219:
2220:
2221:
            beq $a1, $zero, rectangleRedReturn # zero width: draw nothing
2222:
           beq $a3, $zero, rectangleRedReturn # zero height: draw nothing
2223:
2224:
           li $t0. 0x00FF0000 # color: Red
2225:
            la $t1, frameBuffer # Load address held at frameBuffer to register $t1
                               # simplify loop tests by switching to first too-far value
2226:
            add $a1, $a1, $a0
                               # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a2 an
2227:
            add $a3, $a3, $a2
d store value at $a3
2228:
            sll $a0, $a0, 2
                               # scale x values to bytes (4 bytes per pixel)
2229:
            sll $a1, $a1, 2
                               # Shift logical left by 2
2230:
            sll $a2, $a2, 11
                               # scale y values to bytes (512*4 bytes per display row)
                               # SHift logical left by 11
2231:
            sll $a3, $a3, 11
2232:
            addu $t2, $a2, $t1 # translate y values to display row starting addresses
2233:
            addu $a3, $a3, $t1 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a1 an
d store value at $a3
2234:
            addu $a2, $t2, $a0 # translate y values to rectangle row starting addresses
2235:
            addu $a3, $a3, $a0 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a0 an
d store value at $a3
2236:
            addu $t2, $t2, $a1 # and compute the ending address for first rectangle row
2237:
            li $t4, 0x800
                               # bytes per display row
2238:
2239:
        rectangleRedYloop:
2240:
            move $t3, $a2
                               # pointer to current pixel for X loop; start at left edge
2241:
2242:
        rectangleRedXloop:
2243:
                               # Store value held at register $t3 into $t0
            sw $t0,($t3)
2244:
            addiu $t3, $t3, 4
                               # Update value held at register $t4 by adding 4 to it
2245:
            bne $t3, $t2, rectangleRedXloop # keep going if not past the right edge of
the rectangle
2246:
2247:
           addu $a2, $a2, $t4
                                 # advace one row worth for the left edge
```

```
addu $t2, $t2, $t4
                                   # and right edge pointers
2248:
           bne $a2, $a3, rectangleRedYloop # keep going if not off the bottom of the
2249:
rectangle
2250:
2251:
        rectangleRedReturn:
2252:
           ir $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2253:
           syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
2254:
2255:
2256:
        rectangleGreen:
2257:
           # $a0 is xmin (i.e., left edge; must be within the display)
           # $a1 is width (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2258:
           # $a2 is ymin (i.e., top edge, increasing down; must be within the display)
2259:
2260:
           # $a3 is height (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2261:
           beg $a1, $zero, rectangleGreenReturn
2262:
                                                 # zero width: draw nothing
2263:
           beg $a3, $zero, rectangleGreenReturn # zero height: draw nothing
2264:
                                # color: Green
2265:
           li $t0, 0X0000FF00
2266:
           la $t1, frameBuffer # Load address held at frameBuffer to register $t1
2267:
           add $a1, $a1, $a0
                               # simplify loop tests by switching to first too-far value
2268:
           add $a3, $a3, $a2
                               # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a2 an
d store value at $a3
2269:
           sll $a0, $a0, 2
                               # scale x values to bytes (4 bytes per pixel)
2270:
           sll $a1, $a1, 2
                               # Shift logical left by 2
2271:
           sll $a2, $a2, 11
                               # scale y values to bytes (512*4 bytes per display row)
           sll $a3, $a3, 11
2272:
                               # SHift logical left by 11
2273:
           addu $t2, $a2, $t1 # translate y values to display row starting addresses
2274:
           addu $a3, $a3, $t1 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a1 an
d store value at $a3
2275:
           addu $a2, $t2, $a0 # translate y values to rectangle row starting addresses
           addu $a3, $a3, $a0 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a0 an
2276:
d store value at $a3
2277:
           addu $t2, $t2, $a1 # and compute the ending address for first rectangle row
2278:
           li $t4, 0x800
                               # bytes per display row
2279:
2280:
        rectangleGreenYloop:
2281:
           move $t3, $a2
                               # pointer to current pixel for X loop; start at left edge
2282:
2283: rectangleGreenXloop:
2284:
           sw $t0,($t3)
                               # Store value held at register $t3 into $t0
2285:
           addiu $t3, $t3, 4 # Update value held at register $t4 by adding 4 to it
           bne $t3, $t2, rectangleGreenXloop # keep going if not past the right edge of
2286:
the rectangle
2287:
2288:
           addu $a2, $a2, $t4 # advace one row worth for the left edge
2289:
           addu $t2, $t2, $t4 # and right edge pointers
2290:
           bne $a2, $a3, rectangleGreenYloop # keep going if not off the bottom of the
rectangle
2291:
2292:
        rectangleGreenReturn:
2293:
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
           jr $ra
2294:
           syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
2295:
2296:
```

```
2297:
        rectangleYellow:
2298:
           # $a0 is xmin (i.e., left edge; must be within the display)
2299:
           # $a1 is width (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2300:
           # $a2 is ymin (i.e., top edge, increasing down; must be within the display)
2301:
           # $a3 is height (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2302:
2303:
           beq $a1, $zero, rectangleYellowReturn # zero width: draw nothing
2304:
           beg $a3, $zero, rectangleYellowReturn # zero height: draw nothing
2305:
           li $t0, 0X00FFFF00 # color: Yellow
2306:
2307:
           la $t1, frameBuffer # Load address held at frameBuffer to register $t1
2308:
           add $a1, $a1, $a0
                               # simplify loop tests by switching to first too-far value
2309:
           add $a3, $a3, $a2
                               # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a2 an
d store value at $a3
2310:
           sll $a0, $a0, 2
                               # scale x values to bytes (4 bytes per pixel)
           sll $a1, $a1, 2
                               # Shift logical left by 2
2311:
                               # scale y values to bytes (512*4 bytes per display row)
           sll $a2, $a2, 11
2312:
2313:
           sll $a3, $a3, 11
                               # SHift logical left by 11
           addu $t2, $a2, $t1  # translate y values to display row starting addresses
2314:
2315:
           addu $a3, $a3, $t1 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a1 an
d store value at $a3
2316:
           addu $a2, $t2, $a0 # translate y values to rectangle row starting addresses
2317:
           addu $a3, $a3, $a0 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a0 an
d store value at $a3
2318:
           addu $t2, $t2, $a1 # and compute the ending address for first rectangle row
2319:
           li $t4, 0x800
                               # bytes per display row
2320:
2321:
        rectangleYellowYloop:
2322:
           move $t3, $a2
                               # pointer to current pixel for X loop; start at left edge
2323:
2324: rectangleYellowXloop:
                               # Store value held at register $t3 into $t0
2325:
           sw $t0,($t3)
2326:
           addiu $t3, $t3, 4 # Update value held at register $t4 by adding 4 to it
2327:
           bne $t3, $t2, rectangleYellowXloop # keep going if not past the right edge of
the rectangle
2328:
2329:
           addu $a2, $a2, $t4
                                   # advace one row worth for the left edge
2330:
           addu $t2, $t2, $t4
                                   # and right edge pointers
2331:
           bne $a2, $a3, rectangleYellowYloop # keep going if not off the bottom of the
rectangle
2332:
2333:
        rectangleYellowReturn:
2334:
           jr $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
                           # Print out the output on screen
2335:
           syscall
2336:
2337:
2338:
        rectangleBlue:
2339:
           # $a0 is xmin (i.e., left edge; must be within the display)
           # $a1 is width (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2340:
           # $a2 is ymin (i.e., top edge, increasing down; must be within the display)
2341:
2342:
           # $a3 is height (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2343:
           beq $a1, $zero, rectangleBlueReturn # zero width: draw nothing
2344:
2345:
           beg $a3, $zero, rectangleBlueReturn # zero height: draw nothing
2346:
```

```
li $t0, 0X000000FF # color: Blue
2347:
           la $t1, frameBuffer # Load address held at frameBuffer to register $t1
2348:
2349:
           add $a1, $a1, $a0  # simplify loop tests by switching to first too-far value
2350:
           add $a3, $a3, $a2
                               # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a2 an
d store value at $a3
           sll $a0, $a0, 2
                               # scale x values to bytes (4 bytes per pixel)
2351:
           sll $a1, $a1, 2 # Shift logical left by 2
2352:
           sll $a2, $a2, 11  # scale y values to bytes (512*4 bytes per display row)
2353:
2354:
           sll $a3, $a3, 11 # SHift logical left by 11
2355:
           addu $t2, $a2, $t1 # translate y values to display row starting addresses
2356:
           addu $a3, $a3, $t1 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a1 an
d store value at $a3
           addu $a2, $t2, $a0 # translate y values to rectangle row starting addresses
2357:
2358:
           addu $a3, $a3, $a0 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a0 an
d store value at $a3
           addu $t2, $t2, $a1 # and compute the ending address for first rectangle row
2359:
2360:
           li $t4, 0x800 # bytes per display row
2361:
2362:
       rectangleBlueYloop:
2363:
           move $t3, $a2  # pointer to current pixel for X loop; start at left edge
2364:
2365: rectangleBlueXloop:
2366:
           sw $t0,($t3)
                               # Store value held at register $t3 into $t0
2367:
           addiu $t3, $t3, 4 # Update value held at register $t4 by adding 4 to it
           bne $t3, $t2, rectangleBlueXloop # keep going if not past the right edge of
2368:
the rectangle
2369:
2370:
           addu $a2, $a2, $t4  # advace one row worth for the left edge
           addu $t2, $t2, $t4  # and right edge pointers
2371:
           bne $a2, $a3, rectangleBlueYloop # keep going if not off the bottom of the
2372:
rectangle
2373:
2374:
        rectangleBlueReturn:
2375:
           jr $ra  # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2376:
           syscall
                          # Print out the output on screen
2377:
2378:
2379:
        rectanglePurple:
2380:
           # $a0 is xmin (i.e., left edge; must be within the display)
2381:
           # $a1 is width (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2382:
           # $a2 is ymin (i.e., top edge, increasing down; must be within the display)
           # $a3 is height (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2383:
2384:
           beq $a1, $zero, rectanglePurpleReturn # zero width: draw nothing
2385:
           beg $a3, $zero, rectanglePurpleReturn # zero height: draw nothing
2386:
2387:
2388:
           li $t0, 0X00FF00FF # color: Purple
           la $t1, frameBuffer # Load address held at frameBuffer to register $t1
2389:
2390:
           add $a1, $a1, $a0  # simplify loop tests by switching to first too-far value
2391:
           add $a3, $a3, $a2 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a2 an
d store value at $a3
           sll $a0, $a0, 2  # scale x values to bytes (4 bytes per pixel)
sll $a1, $a1, 2  # Shift logical left by 2
2392:
2393:
2394:
           sll $a2, $a2, 11 # scale y values to bytes (512*4 bytes per display row)
           sll $a3, $a3, 11
                            # SHift logical left by 11
2395:
```

```
addu $t2, $a2, $t1 # translate y values to display row starting addresses
2396:
            addu $a3, $a3, $t1 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a1 an
2397:
d store value at $a3
2398:
            addu $a2, $t2, $a0 # translate y values to rectangle row starting addresses
2399:
            addu $a3, $a3, $a0 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a0 an
d store value at $a3
2400:
           addu $t2, $t2, $a1 # and compute the ending address for first rectangle row
2401:
            li $t4, 0x800
                               # bytes per display row
2402:
2403:
        rectanglePurpleYloop:
2404:
           move $t3, $a2
                          # pointer to current pixel for X loop; start at left edge
2405:
2406: rectanglePurpleXloop:
                               # Store value held at register $t3 into $t0
2407:
            sw $t0,($t3)
            addiu $t3, $t3, 4
2408:
                               # Update value held at register $t4 by adding 4 to it
            bne $t3, $t2, rectanglePurpleXloop # keep going if not past the right edge of
2409:
the rectangle
2410:
            addu $a2, $a2, $t4 # advace one row worth for the left edge
2411:
2412:
            addu $t2, $t2, $t4 # and right edge pointers
2413:
            bne $a2, $a3, rectanglePurpleYloop # keep going if not off the bottom of the
rectangle
2414:
2415:
        rectanglePurpleReturn:
2416:
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            jr $ra
2417:
            syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
2418:
2419:
2420:
        rectangleCyan:
2421:
            # $a0 is xmin (i.e., left edge; must be within the display)
2422:
           # $a1 is width (must be nonnegative and within the display)
            # $a2 is ymin (i.e., top edge, increasing down; must be within the display)
2423:
2424:
           # $a3 is height (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2425:
2426:
            beq $a1, $zero, rectangleCyanReturn
                                                  # zero width: draw nothing
                                                  # zero height: draw nothing
2427:
           beq $a3, $zero, rectangleCyanReturn
2428:
2429:
           li $t0, 0X0000FFFF # color: Cyan
2430:
            la $t1, frameBuffer # Load address held at frameBuffer to register $t1
2431:
            add $a1, $a1, $a0
                               # simplify loop tests by switching to first too-far value
2432:
            add $a3, $a3, $a2
                               # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a2 an
d store value at $a3
            sll $a0, $a0, 2
                               # scale x values to bytes (4 bytes per pixel)
2433:
2434:
            sll $a1, $a1, 2
                               # Shift logical left by 2
            sll $a2, $a2, 11
                               # scale y values to bytes (512*4 bytes per display row)
2435:
            sll $a3, $a3, 11
                               # SHift logical left by 11
2436:
            addu $t2, $a2, $t1 # translate y values to display row starting addresses
2437:
2438:
            addu $a3, $a3, $t1 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a1 an
d store value at $a3
2439:
            addu $a2, $t2, $a0 # translate y values to rectangle row starting addresses
2440:
            addu $a3, $a3, $a0 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a0 an
d store value at $a3
            addu $t2, $t2, $a1 # and compute the ending address for first rectangle row
2441:
2442:
           li $t4, 0x800
                               # bytes per display row
2443:
```

```
2444:
       rectangleCyanYloop:
           move $t3, $a2
2445:
                            # pointer to current pixel for X loop; start at left edge
2446:
2447:
       rectangleCyanXloop:
2448:
           sw $t0,($t3)
                             # Store value held at register $t3 into $t0
2449:
           addiu $t3, $t3, 4 # Update value held at register $t4 by adding 4 to it
2450:
           bne $t3, $t2, rectangleCyanXloop
                                            # keep going if not past the right edge o
f the rectangle
2451:
2452:
           addu $a2, $a2, $t4 # advace one row worth for the left edge
2453:
           addu $t2, $t2, $t4 # and right edge pointers
           bne $a2, $a3, rectangleCyanYloop # keep going if not off the bottom of the
2454:
rectangle
2455:
2456:
       rectangleCyanReturn:
2457:
           jr $ra  # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2458:
                         # Print out the output on screen
           syscall
2459:
2460:
2461:
       rectangleWhite:
2462:
           # $a0 is xmin (i.e., left edge; must be within the display)
2463:
           # $a1 is width (must be nonnegative and within the display)
           # $a2 is ymin (i.e., top edge, increasing down; must be within the display)
2464:
2465:
           # $a3 is height (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2466:
2467:
           beq $a1, $zero, rectangleWhiteReturn # zero width: draw nothing
           beg $a3, $zero, rectangleWhiteReturn # zero height: draw nothing
2468:
2469:
           li $t0, 0X00FFFFFF # color: White
2470:
           la $t1, frameBuffer # Load address held at frameBuffer to register $t1
2471:
           add $a1, $a1, $a0  # simplify loop tests by switching to first too-far value
2472:
           add $a3, $a3, $a2 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a2 an
2473:
d store value at $a3
           sll $a0, $a0, 2  # scale x values to bytes (4 bytes per pixel)
2474:
2475:
           sll $a1, $a1, 2  # Shift logical left by 2
           sll $a2, $a2, 11 # scale y values to bytes (512*4 bytes per display row)
2476:
2477:
           sll $a3, $a3, 11
                               # SHift logical left by 11
           addu $t2, $a2, $t1  # translate y values to display row starting addresses
2478:
           addu $a3, $a3, $t1 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a1 an
2479:
d store value at $a3
2480:
           addu $a2, $t2, $a0 # translate y values to rectangle row starting addresses
           addu $a3, $a3, $a0 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a0 an
2481:
d store value at $a3
           addu $t2, $t2, $a1 # and compute the ending address for first rectangle row
2482:
           li $t4, 0x800
                               # bytes per display row
2483:
2484:
2485: rectangleWhiteYloop:
2486:
           move $t3, $a2
                               # pointer to current pixel for X loop; start at left edge
2487:
2488: rectangleWhiteXloop:
2489:
           sw $t0,($t3)
                               # Store value held at register $t3 into $t0
2490:
           addiu $t3, $t3, 4 # Update value held at register $t4 by adding 4 to it
           bne $t3, $t2, rectangleWhiteXloop # keep going if not past the right edge of
2491:
the rectangle
2492:
```

```
addu $a2, $a2, $t4
addu $t2. $t2. $t4
                                   # advace one row worth for the left edge
2493:
            addu $t2, $t2, $t4
                                   # and right edge pointers
2494:
            bne $a2, $a3, rectangleWhiteYloop # keep going if not off the bottom of the
2495:
rectangle
2496:
2497:
        rectangleWhiteReturn:
2498:
            jr $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2499:
            syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
2500:
2501:
2502:
       Hline:
           # $a0 is xmin (i.e., left edge; must be within the display)
2503:
            # $a1 is width (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2504:
           # $a2 is ymin (i.e., top edge, increasing down; must be within the display)
2505:
           # $a3 is height (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2506:
2507:
2508:
           beg $a1, $zero, HlineReturn
                                         # zero width: draw nothing
2509:
           beg $a3, $zero, HlineReturn # zero height: draw nothing
2510:
2511:
           li $t0, -1
                           # color: white
2512:
           la $t1, frameBuffer # Load address held at frameBuffer to register $t1
2513:
           add $a1, $a1, $a0  # simplify loop tests by switching to first too-far value
2514:
           add $a3, $a3, $a2 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a2 an
d store value at $a3
           sll $a0, $a0, 2
2515:
                               # scale x values to bytes (4 bytes per pixel)
2516:
            sll $a1, $a1, 2
                               # Shift logical left by 2
           sll $a2, $a2, 11  # scale y values to bytes (512*4 bytes per display row)
2517:
2518:
           sll $a3, $a3, 11
                               # SHift logical left by 11
2519:
           addu $t2, $a2, $t1 # translate y values to display row starting addresses
           addu $a3, $a3, $t1 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a1 an
2520:
d store value at $a3
2521:
            addu $a2, $t2, $a0 # translate y values to rectangle row starting addresses
2522:
            addu $a3, $a3, $a0 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a0 an
d store value at $a3
2523:
           addu $t2, $t2, $a1 # and compute the ending address for first rectangle row
2524:
                               # bytes per display row
           li $t4, 0x8000
2525:
2526:
       HlineYloop:
2527:
           move $t3, $a2
                               # pointer to current pixel for X loop; start at left edge
2528:
2529:
       HlineXloop:
                               # Store value held at register $t3 into $t0
2530:
            sw $t0,($t3)
            addiu $t3, $t3, 4 # Update value held at register $t4 by adding 4 to it
2531:
2532:
            bne $t3, $t2, HlineXloop # keep going if not past the right edge of the rec
tangle
2533:
2534:
            addu $a2, $a2, $t4 # advace one row worth for the left edge
2535:
           addu $t2, $t2, $t4 # and right edge pointers
2536:
2537:
       HlineReturn:
2538:
            jr $ra  # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2539:
2540:
2541:
       Vline:
2542:
           # $a0 is xmin (i.e., left edge; must be within the display)
```

```
# $a1 is width (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2543:
2544:
            # $a2 is ymin (i.e., top edge, increasing down; must be within the display)
           # $a3 is height (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2545:
2546:
2547:
           beq $a1, $zero, VlineReturn # zero width: draw nothing
2548:
           beg $a3, $zero, VlineReturn # zero height: draw nothing
2549:
2550:
           li $t0, -1 # color: white
2551:
            la $t1, frameBuffer # Load address held at frameBuffer to register $t1
2552:
            add $a1, $a1, $a0  # simplify loop tests by switching to first too-far value
2553:
            add $a3, $a3, $a2 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a2 an
d store value at $a3
2554:
           sll $a0, $a0, 2
                               # scale x values to bytes (4 bytes per pixel)
            sll $a1, $a1, 2
2555:
                               # Shift logical left by 2
                               # scale y values to bytes (512*4 bytes per display row)
2556:
            sll $a2, $a2, 11
            sll $a3, $a3, 11
2557:
                               # SHift logical left by 11
2558:
            addu $t2, $a2, $t1 # translate y values to display row starting addresses
2559:
            addu $a3, $a3, $t1 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a1 an
d store value at $a3
2560:
           addu $a2, $t2, $a0 # translate y values to rectangle row starting addresses
2561:
            addu $a3, $a3, $a0 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a0 an
d store value at $a3
           addu $t2, $t2, $a1 # and compute the ending address for first rectangle row
2562:
2563:
           li $t4, 0x800
                               # bytes per display row
2564:
2565:
       VlineYloop:
2566:
           move $t3, $a2
                               # pointer to current pixel for X loop; start at left edge
2567:
2568:
       VlineXloop:
2569:
            sw $t0,($t3)
                               # Store value held at register $t3 into $t0
2570:
            addiu $t3, $t3, 4 # Update value held at register $t4 by adding 4 to it
2571:
2572:
           addu $a2, $a2, $t4 # advace one row worth for the left edge
            addu $t2, $t2, $t4 # and right edge pointers
2573:
2574:
           bne $a2, $a3, VlineYloop # keep going if not off the bottom of the rectangl
e
2575:
2576:
       VlineReturn:
2577:
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
           ir $ra
2578:
2579:
2580:
       HlineBlack:
            # $a0 is xmin (i.e., left edge; must be within the display)
2581:
2582:
            # $a1 is width (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2583:
           # $a2 is ymin (i.e., top edge, increasing down; must be within the display)
2584:
           # $a3 is height (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2585:
2586:
           beq $a1, $zero, HlineBlackReturn # zero width: draw nothing
2587:
           beg $a3, $zero, HlineBlackReturn # zero height: draw nothing
2588:
2589:
           li $t0, 0x00000000 # color: Black
2590:
           la $t1, frameBuffer
           add $a1, $a1, $a0  # simplify loop tests by switching to first too-far value
2591:
2592:
           add $a3, $a3, $a2 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a2 an
d store value at $a3
```

```
sll $a0, $a0, 2
                               # scale x values to bytes (4 bytes per pixel)
2593:
            sll $a1, $a1, 2
                               # Shift logical left by 2
2594:
            sll $a2, $a2, 11
                               # scale y values to bytes (512*4 bytes per display row)
2595:
2596:
            sll $a3, $a3, 11
                                # SHift logical left by 11
2597:
            addu $t2, $a2, $t1 # translate y values to display row starting addresses
2598:
            addu $a3, $a3, $t1 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a1 an
d store value at $a3
            addu $a2, $t2, $a0 # translate y values to rectangle row starting addresses
2599:
2600:
            addu $a3, $a3, $a0 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a0 an
d store value at $a3
2601:
            addu $t2, $t2, $a1 # and compute the ending address for first rectangle row
2602:
            li $t4, 0x8000
                               # bytes per display row
2603:
2604:
       HlineBlackYloop:
2605:
            move $t3, $a2
                               # pointer to current pixel for X loop; start at left edge
2606:
2607:
       HlineBlackXloop:
2608:
            sw $t0,($t3)
                               # Store value held at register $t3 into $t0
            addiu $t3, $t3, 4 # Update value held at register $t4 by adding 4 to it
2609:
            bne $t3, $t2, HlineBlackXloop # keep going if not past the right edge of the
2610:
 rectangle
2611:
            addu $a2, $a2, $t4 # advace one row worth for the left edge
2612:
2613:
            addu $t2, $t2, $t4 # and right edge pointers
2614:
2615:
       HlineBlackReturn:
2616:
            jr $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2617:
2618:
2619:
       VlineBlack:
            # $a0 is xmin (i.e., left edge; must be within the display)
2620:
            # $a1 is width (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2621:
            # $a2 is ymin (i.e., top edge, increasing down; must be within the display)
2622:
2623:
            # $a3 is height (must be nonnegative and within the display)
2624:
2625:
            beg $a1, $zero, VlineBlackReturn # zero width: draw nothing
2626:
            beq $a3, $zero, VlineBlackReturn # zero height: draw nothing
2627:
2628:
            li $t0, 0x00000000 # color: Black
2629:
            la $t1, frameBuffer # Load address held at frameBuffer to register $t1
2630:
            add $a1, $a1, $a0
                               # simplify loop tests by switching to first too-far value
2631:
            add $a3, $a3, $a2
                               # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a2 an
d store value at $a3
            sll $a0, $a0, 2
2632:
                               # scale x values to bytes (4 bytes per pixel)
2633:
            sll $a1, $a1, 2
                                # Shift logical left by 2
            sll $a2, $a2, 11
                               # scale y values to bytes (512*4 bytes per display row)
2634:
2635:
                                # SHift logical left by 11
            sll $a3, $a3, 11
2636:
            addu $t2, $a2, $t1  # translate y values to display row starting addresses
2637:
            addu $a3, $a3, $t1 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a1 an
d store value at $a3
2638:
            addu $a2, $t2, $a0 # translate y values to rectangle row starting addresses
2639:
            addu $a3, $a3, $a0 # add value held at register $a3 with value held at $a0 an
d store value at $a3
2640:
            addu $t2, $t2, $a1 # and compute the ending address for first rectangle row
            li $t4, 0x800
                                # bytes per display row
2641:
```

```
2642:
2643:
       VlineBlackYloop:
2644:
           move $t3, $a2
                               # pointer to current pixel for X loop; start at left edge
2645:
2646:
       VlineBlackXloop:
                               # Store value held at register $t3 into $t0
2647:
            sw $t0,($t3)
2648:
            addiu $t3, $t3, 4 # Update value held at register $t4 by adding 4 to it
2649:
2650:
           addu $a2, $a2, $t4 # advace one row worth for the left edge
2651:
            addu $t2, $t2, $t4 # and right edge pointers
2652:
            bne $a2, $a3, VlineBlackYloop
                                          # keep going if not off the bottom of the
rectangle
2653:
2654:
       VlineBlackReturn:
2655:
            ir $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2656:
2657:
2658:
       # Game Introduction function
2659:
       printGameIntro:
2660:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2661:
            la $a0, GameIntro1 # Load GameIntro1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2662:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
2663:
2664:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, GameIntro2 # Load GameIntro2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2665:
                     # Print out the output on screen
2666:
            svscall
2667:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
2668:
ter $v0
            la $a0, GameIntro3 # Load GameIntro3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2669:
                     # Print out the output on screen
2670:
            syscall
2671:
2672:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2673:
            la $a0, GameIntro4 # Load GameIntro4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2674:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
2675:
2676:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2677:
            la $a0, GameIntro5 # Load GameIntro5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
2678:
2679:
2680:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2681:
            la $a0, GameIntro6 # Load GameIntro6 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                     # Print out the output on screen
2682:
            syscall
2683:
2684:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2685:
            la $a0, GameIntro7 # Load GameIntro7 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                     # Print out the output on screen
2686:
            syscall
2687:
2688:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
```

```
ter $v0
            la $a0, GameIntro8 # Load GameIntro8 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2689:
                        # Print out the output on screen
2690:
            syscall
2691:
2692:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2693:
            la $a0, GameIntro9 # Load GameIntro9 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
2694:
            syscall
2695:
2696:
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            jr $ra
2697:
2698:
2699:
2700:
       # Gold Medal Prize
2701:
        GoldMedal:
2702:
            addi $sp, $sp, -8  # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 8 bytes (negative beca
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
                               # storing the nested function "Medal" called in this funct
2703:
            SW
                 $ra, 0($sp)
ion in the stack in the first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "Medals" called in this func
tion in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store word)
2705:
2706:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2707:
            la $a0, GoldMedal1.1  # Load GoldMedal1.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2708:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
2709:
2710:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2711:
            la $a0, GoldMedal1.2  # Load GoldMedal1.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
2712:
            syscall
2713:
2714:
            jal Medal # Jump to Medal Function and print the first part of the prize
2715:
2716:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2717:
            la $a0, GoldMedal1.3
                                    # Load GoldMedal1.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2718:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
2719:
2720:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2721:
            la $a0, GoldMedal1.4
                                    # Load GoldMedal1.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2722:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
2723:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
2724:
ter $v0
                                    # Load GoldMedal1.5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2725:
            la $a0, GoldMedal1.5
2726:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
2727:
2728:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
                                    # Load GoldMedal1.6 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2729:
            la $a0, GoldMedal1.6
2730:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
2731:
```

```
li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
2732:
ter $v0
                                    # Load GoldMedal1.7 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2733:
            la $a0, GoldMedal1.7
2734:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
2735:
2736:
            jal Medals # Jump to Medals Function and print the second part of the prize
2737:
                                # Loading the nested function "Medal" called in this funct
2738:
                 $ra, 0($sp)
            lw
ion from the stack in the first location in the stack pointer at 0 using lw (load word)
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "Medals" called in this func
2739:
tion from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using lw (load word)
2740:
            addi $sp, $sp, 8
                                # Alocatie memeory back to the stack for 8 bytes (negative
 because we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to t
he stack)
2741:
2742:
            jr $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2743:
2744:
2745:
2746:
       # Silver Medal Prize
2747:
       SilverMedal:
2748:
            addi $sp, $sp, -8  # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 8 bytes (negative beca
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
2749:
                 $ra, 0($sp)
                                # storing the nested function "Medal" called in this funct
ion in the stack in the first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                                # storing the nested function "Medals" called in this func
2750:
tion in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store word)
2751:
2752:
                       # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
            li $v0, 4
ter $v0
2753:
            la $a0, SilverMedal2.1 # Load SilverMedal2.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2754:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
2755:
2756:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2757:
            la $a0, SilverMedal2.2 # Load SilverMedal2.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2758:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
2759:
2760:
            jal Medal # Jump to Medal Function and print the first part of the prize
2761:
2762:
            li $v0, 4
                       # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2763:
            la $a0, SilverMedal2.3 # Load SilverMedal2.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
2764:
            syscall
2765:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
2766:
ter $v0
            la $a0, SilverMedal2.4 # Load SilverMedal2.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2767:
2768:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
2769:
2770:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2771:
            la $a0, SilverMedal2.5 # Load SilverMedal2.5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2772:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            svscall
```

```
2773:
2774:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2775:
            la $a0, SilverMedal2.6 # Load SilverMedal2.6 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2776:
            syscall
                      # Print out the output on screen
2777:
2778:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2779:
            la $a0, SilverMedal2.7 # Load SilverMedal2.7 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2780:
                     # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
2781:
2782:
            jal Medals # Jump to Medals Function and print the second part of the prize
2783:
2784:
                               # Loading the nested function "Medal" called in this funct
                 $ra, 0($sp)
ion from the stack in the first location in the stack pointer at 0 using lw (load word)
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                               # Loading the nested function "Medals" called in this func
2785:
tion from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using lw (load word)
2786:
           addi $sp, $sp, 8
                               # Alocatie memeory back to the stack for 8 bytes (negative
because we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to t
he stack)
2787:
2788:
           jr $ra
                      # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2789:
2790:
2791:
2792:
       # Bronze Medal Prize
2793:
       BronzeMedal:
2794:
            addi $sp, $sp, -8  # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 8 bytes (negative beca
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
2795:
                               # storing the nested function "Medal" called in this funct
            SW
                 $ra, 0($sp)
ion in the stack in the first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "Medals" called in this func
2796:
tion in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store word)
2797:
2798:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2799:
            la $a0, BronzeMedal3.1 # Load BronzeMedal3.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2800:
            syscall
                     # Print out the output on screen
2801:
2802:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2803:
            la $a0, BronzeMedal3.2 # Load BronzeMedal3.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2804:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
2805:
2806:
            jal Medal # Jump to Medal Function and print the first part of the prize
2807:
2808:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2809:
            la $a0, BronzeMedal3.3 # Load BronzeMedal3.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2810:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
2811:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
2812:
ter $v0
2813:
            la $a0, BronzeMedal3.4 # Load BronzeMedal3.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
```

```
# Print out the output on screen
2814:
            syscall
2815:
2816:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2817:
            la $a0, BronzeMedal3.5 # Load BronzeMedal3.5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2818:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
2819:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
2820:
ter $v0
            la $a0, BronzeMedal3.6 # Load BronzeMedal3.6 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2821:
2822:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
2823:
2824:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2825:
            la $a0, BronzeMedal3.7 # Load BronzeMedal3.7 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2826:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
2827:
2828:
            jal Medals # Jump to Medals Function and print the second part of the prize
2829:
2830:
                 $ra, 0($sp)
                               # Loading the nested function "Medal" called in this funct
ion from the stack in the first location in the stack pointer at 0 using lw (load word)
2831:
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                               # Loading the nested function "Medals" called in this func
tion from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using lw (load word)
2832:
            addi $sp, $sp, 8
                               # Alocatie memeory back to the stack for 8 bytes (negative
 because we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to t
he stack)
2833:
2834:
            jr $ra
                     # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2835:
2836:
2837:
2838:
        # First part of prizes
2839:
       Medal:
2840:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, Medal.1
                               # Load Medal.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2841:
2842:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
2843:
2844:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2845:
            la $a0, Medal.2
                               # Load Medal.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2846:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
2847:
2848:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, Medal.3 # Load Medal.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2849:
2850:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
2851:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
2852:
ter $v0
2853:
            la $a0, Medal.4
                                # Load Medal.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2854:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
2855:
2856:
            jr $ra
                     # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2857:
```

```
2858:
2859:
2860:
       # Second part of prizes
2861:
       Medals:
2862:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2863:
            la $a0, Medals.1
                                # Load Medals.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2864:
            syscall
                        # Print out the output on screen
2865:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
2866:
ter $v0
2867:
            la $a0, Medals.2
                                # Load Medals.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
2868:
            syscall
2869:
2870:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
                                # Load Medals.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2871:
            la $a0, Medals.3
2872:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
2873:
2874:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2875:
            la $a0, Medals.4
                                # Load Medals.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2876:
                      # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
2877:
2878:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
                                # Load Medals.5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2879:
            la $a0, Medals.5
                       # Print out the output on screen
2880:
            syscall
2881:
2882:
            ir $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2883:
2884:
2885:
2886:
        # gameMaps1() function
2887:
        gameMaps1:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
2888:
ter $v0
2889:
            la $a0, gameMaps1.1 # Load gameMaps1.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2890:
            syscall
                     # Print out the output on screen
2891:
2892:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2893:
            la $a0, gameMaps1.2 # Load gameMaps1.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
2894:
            svscall
2895:
2896:
            jr $ra  # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2897:
2898:
2899:
2900:
       # gameMaps2() function
2901:
        gameMaps2:
2902:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2903:
            la $a0, gameMaps2.1 # Load gameMaps2.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2904:
            svscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
```

```
2905:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
2906:
ter $v0
2907:
            la $a0, gameMaps2.2 # Load gameMaps2.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2908:
            syscall
                        # Print out the output on screen
2909:
2910:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2911:
            la $a0, gameMaps2.3 # Load gameMaps2.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2912:
                        # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
2913:
2914:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2915:
            la $a0, gameMaps2.4 # Load gameMaps2.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                        # Print out the output on screen
2916:
            syscall
2917:
                        # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
2918:
            li $v0, 4
ter $v0
            la $a0, gameMaps2.5 # Load gameMaps2.5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2919:
2920:
            syscall
                        # Print out the output on screen
2921:
2922:
            jr $ra
                        # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2923:
2924:
2925:
2926:
        # gameMaps3() function
2927:
        gameMaps3:
2928:
            li $v0, 4
                       # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2929:
            la $a0, gameMaps3.1 # Load gameMaps3.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                        # Print out the output on screen
2930:
            syscall
2931:
2932:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2933:
            la $a0, gameMaps3.2 # Load gameMaps3.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2934:
                        # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
2935:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
2936:
ter $v0
            la $a0, gameMaps3.3 # Load gameMaps3.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2937:
                        # Print out the output on screen
2938:
            syscall
2939:
                        # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
2940:
            li $v0, 4
ter $v0
2941:
            la $a0, gameMaps3.4 # Load gameMaps3.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                        # Print out the output on screen
2942:
            syscall
2943:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
2944:
ter $v0
2945:
            la $a0, gameMaps3.5 # Load gameMaps3.5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2946:
                        # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
2947:
2948:
            jr $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2949:
2950:
```

```
2951:
2952:
        # gameMaps() function
2953:
        qameMap:
2954:
            addi $sp, $sp, -8  # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 8 bytes (negative beca
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
2955:
                 $ra, 0($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "gameMaps1" called in this f
            SW
unction in the stack in the first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
2956:
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "gameMaps2" called in this f
unction in the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store word)
                               # storing the nested function "gameMaps3" called in this f
2957:
                 $ra, 8($sp)
unction in the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 8 using sw (store word
2958:
2959:
            jal gameMaps1 # Printing first part of Game Map by calling child function ga
meMaps1
2960:
2961:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2962:
            la $a0, gameMap.1 # Load gameMap.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2963:
            syscall
                        # Print out the output on screen
2964:
2965:
            jal gameMaps2 # Printing first part of Game Map by calling child function ga
meMaps2
2966:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
2967:
ter $v0
2968:
            la $a0, gameMap.2  # Load gameMap.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2969:
            syscall
                        # Print out the output on screen
2970:
2971:
            jal gameMaps3 # Printing first part of Game Map by calling child function ga
meMaps3
2972:
2973:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2974:
            la $a0, gameMap.3  # Load gameMap.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
2975:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
2976:
2977:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
2978:
            la $a0, gameMap.4
                               # Load gameMap.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                        # Print out the output on screen
2979:
            syscall
2980:
                               # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps1" called i
2981:
            lw
                 $ra, 0($sp)
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps2" called i
2982:
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                               # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps3" called i
2983:
                 $ra, 8($sp)
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
            addi $sp, $sp, 8
                                # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 8 to it (t
2984:
he 12 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
2985:
2986:
            jr $ra
                     # Finish and return to main and continue executing
2987:
2988:
```

```
2989:
2990:
        # Map10Points function
2991:
       Map10Points:
2992:
            # CALLING/PRINTING AN INTEGER FROM 2D ARRAY (Game Map Points (MapPoints[3][3])
)
2993:
            # First use ---> element_address = base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size <</pre>
--- to calculate the element address of the printed/desired element
            # base address: starting address of the element (base address of a two-dimensi
2994:
onal array or an array is a reference starting point)
            # i: row index of the desired element
2995:
2996:
            # m: number of columns in the array
2997:
            # j: column index of the desired element
            # element size: size of the element in bytes
2998:
2999:
3000:
            # Initializing registers with values at desired element to be printed
            # Printing value 10 at index MapPoints[0][0]
3001:
            la $t0, MapPoints  # base address of array MapPoints (base address = addess o
3002:
f MapPoints)
3003:
            li $t1, 0
                            # row index of value 10 (i = 0)
            li $t2, 3
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
3004:
            li $t3, 0
                            # column index of value 10 (j = 0)
3005:
3006:
            li $t4, 4
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element size = 4)
3007:
3008:
            # Calculate the address of value 10 using the formula
            mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                                \# (i * m)
3009:
3010:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                \# (i * m + j)
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                                \# (i * m + j) * element_size
3011:
3012:
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
                                # base address + (i * m + j) * element size
3013:
                                # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
3014:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
3015:
3016:
            li $v0, 1
                            # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
to register $v0
            add $a0, $zero, $t6 # add/move value held in register $t6 to $a0 using add in
3017:
order to print on screen
                            # Print out the output on screen
3018:
            syscall
3019:
3020:
                     # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            jr $ra
3021:
3022:
3023:
       # Map20Points function
3024:
3025:
       Map20Points:
            # CALLING/PRINTING AN INTEGER FROM 2D ARRAY (Game Map Points (MapPoints[3][3])
3026:
)
            # First use ---> element_address = base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size <</pre>
3027:
--- to calculate the element address of the printed/desired element
            # base_address: starting address of the element (base address of a two-dimensi
3028:
onal array or an array is a reference starting point)
            # i: row index of the desired element
3029:
            # m: number of columns in the array
3030:
3031:
            # j: column index of the desired element
3032:
            # element size: size of the element in bytes
3033:
3034:
            # Printing value 20 at index MapPoints[0][1]
```

```
la $t0, MapPoints # base address of array MapPoints (base_address = addess o
3035:
f MapPoints)
3036:
            li $t1, 0
                           # row index of value 10 (i = 0)
3037:
            li $t2, 3
                           # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
3038:
            li $t3, 1
                           # column index of value 10 (j = 1)
            li $t4, 4
                           # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
3039:
3040:
3041:
            # Calculate the address of value 10 using the formula
3042:
           mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                               \# (i * m)
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                               #(i*m+j)
3043:
3044:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                               \# (i * m + j) * element size
3045:
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
                               # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
3046:
                             # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
3047:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
3048:
            li $v0, 1
                           # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
3049:
to register $v0
            add $a0, $zero, $t6 # add/move value held in register $t6 to $a0 using add in
3050:
order to print on screen
                           # Print out the output on screen
3051:
            syscall
3052:
3053:
                      # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            jr $ra
3054:
3055:
3056:
       # Map30Points function
3057:
       Map30Points:
            # CALLING/PRINTING AN INTEGER FROM 2D ARRAY (Game Map Points (MapPoints[3][3])
3058:
)
3059:
            # First use ---> element_address = base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size <</pre>
--- to calculate the element address of the printed/desired element
            # base address: starting address of the element (base address of a two-dimensi
3060:
onal array or an array is a reference starting point)
           # i: row index of the desired element
3061:
            # m: number of columns in the array
3062:
3063:
            # j: column index of the desired element
           # element size: size of the element in bytes
3064:
3065:
3066:
            # Printing value 30 at index MapPoints[0][2]
3067:
            la $t0, MapPoints # base address of array MapPoints (base_address = addess o
f MapPoints)
3068:
            li $t1, 0
                           # row index of value 10 (i = 0)
            li $t2, 3
                           # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
3069:
                           # column index of value 10 (j = 2)
3070:
            li $t3, 2
                           # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element size = 4)
            li $t4, 4
3071:
3072:
3073:
            # Calculate the address of value 10 using the formula
           mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                                \# (i * m)
3074:
3075:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                #(i*m+j)
3076:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                               \# (i * m + j) * element size
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
                               # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
3077:
3078:
3079:
           lw $t6, 0($t5)
                               # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
3080:
3081:
            li $v0, 1
                           # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
to register $v0
```

```
add $a0, $zero, $t6 # add/move value held in register $t6 to $a0 using add in
3082:
order to print on screen
            syscall
                            # Print out the output on screen
3083:
3084:
3085:
            jr $ra
                        # Finish and return to main and continue executing
3086:
3087:
3088:
3089:
        # Map40Points function
3090:
        Map40Points:
3091:
            # CALLING/PRINTING AN INTEGER FROM 2D ARRAY (Game Map Points (MapPoints[3][3])
)
3092:
            # First use ---> element_address = base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size <</pre>
--- to calculate the element address of the printed/desired element
            # base_address: starting address of the element (base address of a two-dimensi
onal array or an array is a reference starting point)
            # i: row index of the desired element
3094:
3095:
            # m: number of columns in the array
            # i: column index of the desired element
3096:
            # element size: size of the element in bytes
3097:
3098:
3099:
            # Printing value 40 at index MapPoints[1][0]
            la $t0, MapPoints # base address of array MapPoints (base_address = addess o
3100:
f MapPoints)
3101:
                            # row index of value 10 (i = 1)
            li $t1, 1
3102:
            li $t2, 3
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
            li $t3, 0
                            # column index of value 10 (j = 0)
3103:
3104:
            li $t4, 4
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element size = 4)
3105:
3106:
            # Calculate the address of value 10 using the formula
            mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                                \# (i * m)
3107:
3108:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                #(i*m+j)
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                                \# (i * m + j) * element_size
3109:
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
                                # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
3110:
3111:
                                # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
3112:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
3113:
3114:
                            # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
            li $v0, 1
to register $v0
3115:
            add $a0, $zero, $t6 # add/move value held in register $t6 to $a0 using add in
order to print on screen
            syscall
                            # Print out the output on screen
3116:
3117:
3118:
            ir $ra
                        # Finish and return to main and continue executing
3119:
3120:
3121:
3122:
        # Map50Points function
3123:
        Map50Points:
3124:
            # CALLING/PRINTING AN INTEGER FROM 2D ARRAY (Game Map Points (MapPoints[3][3])
)
3125:
            # First use ---> element address = base address + (i * m + j) * element size <
--- to calculate the element address of the printed/desired element
            # base_address: starting address of the element (base address of a two-dimensi
onal array or an array is a reference starting point)
```

```
3127:
            # i: row index of the desired element
            # m: number of columns in the array
3128:
            # j: column index of the desired element
3129:
3130:
            # element size: size of the element in bytes
3131:
            # Printing value 50 at index MapPoints[1][1]
3132:
3133:
            la $t0, MapPoints # base address of array MapPoints (base_address = addess o
f MapPoints)
3134:
            li $t1, 1
                            # row index of value 10 (i = 1)
            li $t2, 3
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
3135:
3136:
            li $t3, 1
                            # column index of value 10 (j = 1)
3137:
            li $t4, 4
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
3138:
            # Calculate the address of value 10 using the formula
3139:
3140:
            mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                                \# (i * m)
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                #(i*m+j)
3141:
                                \# (i * m + j) * element size
3142:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
                                # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
3143:
3144:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
                                # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
3145:
3146:
3147:
            li $v0, 1
                            # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
to register $v0
3148:
            add $a0, $zero, $t6 # add/move value held in register $t6 to $a0 using add in
order to print on screen
3149:
            syscall
                            # Print out the output on screen
3150:
3151:
            jr $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
3152:
3153:
3154:
3155:
        # Map60Points function
3156:
       Map60Points:
3157:
            # CALLING/PRINTING AN INTEGER FROM 2D ARRAY (Game Map Points (MapPoints[3][3])
)
            # First use ---> element_address = base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size <</pre>
3158:
--- to calculate the element address of the printed/desired element
3159:
            # base_address: starting address of the element (base address of a two-dimensi
onal array or an array is a reference starting point)
3160:
            # i: row index of the desired element
3161:
            # m: number of columns in the array
            # j: column index of the desired element
3162:
            # element size: size of the element in bytes
3163:
3164:
3165:
            # Printing value 60 at index MapPoints[1][2]
            la $t0, MapPoints # base address of array MapPoints (base_address = addess o
3166:
f MapPoints)
3167:
            li $t1, 1
                            # row index of value 10 (i = 1)
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
3168:
            li $t2, 3
            li $t3, 2
                            # column index of value 10 (j = 2)
3169:
3170:
            li $t4, 4
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
3171:
            # Calculate the address of value 10 using the formula
3172:
3173:
            mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                                \# (i * m)
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                #(i*m+j)
3174:
```

```
3175:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                                \# (i * m + j) * element_size
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
                                # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
3176:
3177:
3178:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
                                # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
3179:
            li $v0, 1
3180:
                            # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
to register $v0
            add $a0, $zero, $t6 # add/move value held in register $t6 to $a0 using add in
3181:
order to print on screen
                            # Print out the output on screen
3182:
            syscall
3183:
3184:
                      # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            jr $ra
3185:
3186:
3187:
       # Map100Points function
3188:
3189:
       Map100Points:
            # CALLING/PRINTING AN INTEGER FROM 2D ARRAY (Game Map Points (MapPoints[3][3])
3190:
)
            # First use ---> element_address = base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size <</pre>
3191:
--- to calculate the element address of the printed/desired element
3192:
            # base address: starting address of the element (base address of a two-dimensi
onal array or an array is a reference starting point)
3193:
            # i: row index of the desired element
            # m: number of columns in the array
3194:
3195:
            # j: column index of the desired element
3196:
            # element size: size of the element in bytes
3197:
3198:
            # Printing value 100 at index MapPoints[2][0]
3199:
            la $t0, MapPoints # base address of array MapPoints (base_address = addess o
f MapPoints)
                            # row index of value 10 (i = 2)
3200:
            li $t1, 2
            li $t2, 3
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
3201:
            li $t3, 0
                            # column index of value 10 (j = 0)
3202:
3203:
            li $t4, 4
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
3204:
3205:
            # Calculate the address of value 10 using the formula
            mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                                \# (i * m)
3206:
3207:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                \# (i * m + j)
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
3208:
                                \# (i * m + j) * element_size
3209:
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
                                # base address + (i * m + j) * element size
3210:
3211:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
                                # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
3212:
3213:
            li $v0, 1
                            # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
to register $v0
3214:
            add $a0, $zero, $t6 # add/move value held in register $t6 to $a0 using add in
order to print on screen
                            # Print out the output on screen
3215:
            syscall
3216:
            jr $ra  # Finish and return to main and continue executing
3217:
3218:
3219:
3220:
3221:
        # gameMap1(10 Points) function
```

```
3222:
        gameMap1:
3223:
            addi $sp, $sp, -12 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 12 bytes (negative bec
ause we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the s
tack)
3224:
                $ra, 0($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "gameMaps1" called in this f
            SW
unction in the stack in the first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "Map10Points" called in this
function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store wo
rd)
3226:
                 $ra, 8($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "gameMaps2" called in this f
            SW
unction in the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 8 using sw (store word)
                               # storing the nested function "gameMaps3" called in this f
3227:
                 $ra, 12($sp)
unction in the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 12 using sw (store wor
d)
3228:
3229:
           jal gameMaps1 # Printing first part of Game Maps1 by calling child function
gameMaps1
3230:
3231:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3232:
            la $a0, gameMap1.1 # Load gameMap1.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3233:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3234:
3235:
            jal Map10Points # Printing 10 points for the question 1
3236:
3237:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3238:
            la $a0, gameMap1.2 # Load gameMap1.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3239:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3240:
3241:
            jal gameMaps2 # Printing second part of Game Map by calling child function g
ameMaps2
3242:
3243:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, gameMap1.3 # Load gameMap1.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3244:
3245:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3246:
3247:
            jal gameMaps3 # Printing third part of Game Map by calling child function ga
meMaps3
3248:
3249:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3250:
            la $a0, gameMap1.4 # Load gameMap1.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
3251:
            syscall
3252:
3253:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, gameMap1.5 # Load gameMap1.5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3254:
3255:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
3256:
3257:
                $ra, 0($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps1" called i
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the nested function "Map10Points" called
```

in this function, in the stack back to register \$ra using lw (load word)

```
# Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps2" called i
3259:
            lw
                 $ra, 8($sp)
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps3" called i
3260:
                 $ra, 12($sp)
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
            addi $sp, $sp, 12
                               # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 12 to it (
3261:
the 12 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
3262:
3263:
            jr $ra
                        # Finish and return to main and continue executing
3264:
3265:
3266:
3267:
        # gameMap2(10 Points, 20 points) function
3268:
        gameMap2:
            addi $sp, $sp, -16 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 16 bytes (negative bec
3269:
ause we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the s
tack)
                                # storing the nested function "gameMaps1" called in this f
3270:
                 $ra, 0($sp)
unction in the stack in the first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
                                # storing the nested function "Map10Points" called in this
                 $ra, 4($sp)
3271:
            SW
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store wo
rd)
3272:
                 $ra, 8($sp)
                                # storing the nested function "Map20Points" called in this
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 8 using sw (store wo
rd)
3273:
                 $ra, 12($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "gameMaps2" called in this f
unction in the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 12 using sw (store word
)
3274:
                 $ra, 16($sp) # storing the nested function "gameMaps3" called in this f
unction in the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 16 using sw (store wor
d)
3275:
3276:
            jal gameMaps1 # Printing first part of Game Maps1 by calling child function
gameMaps1
3277:
3278:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3279:
            la $a0, gameMap2.1 # Load gameMap2.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3280:
                        # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
3281:
3282:
            jal Map10Points # Printing 10 points for the question 1
3283:
3284:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3285:
            la $a0, gameMap2.2 # Load gameMap2.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3286:
            syscall
                        # Print out the output on screen
3287:
3288:
            jal Map20Points # Printing 20 points for the guestion 2
3289:
3290:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3291:
            la $a0, gameMap2.3 # Load gameMap2.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3292:
                       # Print out the output on screen
3293:
3294:
            jal gameMaps2 # Printing second part of Game Map by calling child function g
ameMaps2
```

```
3295:
3296:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3297:
            la $a0, gameMap2.4 # Load gameMap2.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3298:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3299:
3300:
            jal gameMaps3 # Printing third part of Game Map by calling child function ga
meMaps3
3301:
3302:
            li $v0, 4
                       # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3303:
            la $a0, gameMap2.5 # Load gameMap2.5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3304:
                       # Print out the output on screen
3305:
3306:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3307:
            la $a0, gameMap2.6 # Load gameMap2.6 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3308:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3309:
                 $ra, 0($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps1" called i
3310:
            lw
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map10Points" called
3311:
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
3312:
            lw
                 $ra, 8($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map20Points" called
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps2" called i
                 $ra, 12($sp)
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                 $ra, 16($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps3" called i
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                                # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 12 to it (
3315:
            addi $sp, $sp, 16
the 12 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
3316:
3317:
            ir $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
3318:
3319:
3320:
3321:
        # gameMap3(10 points, 20 points, 30 points)
3322:
        gameMap3:
3323:
            addi $sp, $sp, -20 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 20 bytes (negative bec
ause we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the s
tack)
3324:
                                # storing the nested function "gameMaps1" called in this f
            SW
                 $ra, 0($sp)
unction in the stack in the first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
                                # storing the nested function "Map10Points" called in this
                 $ra, 4($sp)
3325:
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store wo
rd)
3326:
                                # storing the nested function "Map20Points" called in this
                 $ra, 8($sp)
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 8 using sw (store wo
rd)
3327:
            SW
                                # storing the nested function "Map30Points" called in this
                 $ra, 12($sp)
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 12 using sw (store w
ord)
                 $ra, 16($sp) # storing the nested function "gameMaps2" called in this f
3328:
            SW
unction in the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 16 using sw (store word
)
```

```
# storing the nested function "gameMaps3" called in this f
                 $ra, 20($sp)
3329:
            SW
unction in the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 20 using sw (store wor
d)
3330:
3331:
            jal gameMaps1 # Printing first part of Game Maps1 by calling child function
gameMaps1
3332:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
3333:
ter $v0
            la $a0, gameMap3.1 # Load gameMap3.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3334:
3335:
            syscall
                        # Print out the output on screen
3336:
3337:
            jal Map10Points # Printing 10 points for the question 1
3338:
3339:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3340:
            la $a0, gameMap3.2 # Load gameMap3.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3341:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3342:
3343:
            jal Map20Points # Printing 20 points for the guestion 2
3344:
3345:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3346:
            la $a0, gameMap3.3 # Load gameMap3.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3347:
                        # Print out the output on screen
            svscall
3348:
            jal Map30Points # Printing 30 points for the question 3
3349:
3350:
3351:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3352:
            la $a0, gameMap3.4 # Load gameMap3.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                        # Print out the output on screen
3353:
            syscall
3354:
3355:
            jal gameMaps2 # Printing second part of Game Map by calling child function g
ameMaps2
3356:
3357:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3358:
            la $a0, gameMap3.5 # Load gameMap3.5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                        # Print out the output on screen
3359:
            syscall
3360:
3361:
            jal gameMaps3 # Printing third part of Game Map by calling child function ga
meMaps3
3362:
3363:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3364:
            la $a0, gameMap3.6 # Load gameMap3.6 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3365:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3366:
3367:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3368:
            la $a0, gameMap3.7 # Load gameMap3.7 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
3369:
            syscall
3370:
3371:
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps1" called i
            lw
                 $ra. 0($sp)
```

```
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map10Points" called
                 $ra, 4($sp)
            lw
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
3373:
            lw
                 $ra, 8($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map20Points" called
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map30Points" called
3374:
            lw
                 $ra, 12($sp)
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps2" called i
3375:
            lw
                 $ra, 16($sp)
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                 $ra, 20($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps3" called i
3376:
            lw
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
3377:
            addi $sp, $sp, 20
                                # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 12 to it (
the 12 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
3378:
3379:
            jr $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
3380:
3381:
3382:
3383:
        # gameMap4(10 points, 20 points, 30 points, 40 points)
3384:
        gameMap4:
3385:
            addi $sp, $sp, -24 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 24 bytes (negative bec
ause we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the s
tack)
3386:
            SW
                 $ra, 0($sp)
                                # storing the nested function "gameMaps1" called in this f
unction in the stack in the first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "Map10Points" called in this
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store wo
rd)
3388:
                 $ra, 8($sp)
                                # storing the nested function "Map20Points" called in this
            SW
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 8 using sw (store wo
rd)
3389:
                                # storing the nested function "Map30Points" called in this
                 $ra, 12($sp)
            SW
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 12 using sw (store w
ord)
3390:
                 $ra, 16($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "gameMaps2" called in this f
unction in the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 16 using sw (store word
)
                                # storing the nested function "Map40Points" called in this
3391:
                 $ra, 20($sp)
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 20 using sw (store w
ord)
                 $ra, 24($sp) # storing the nested function "gameMaps3" called in this f
3392:
unction in the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 24 using sw (store wor
d)
3393:
3394:
            jal gameMaps1 # Printing first part of Game Maps1 by calling child function
gameMaps1
3395:
3396:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3397:
            la $a0, gameMap4.1 # Load gameMap4.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3398:
                        # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
3399:
3400:
            jal Map10Points # Printing 10 points for the question 1
3401:
3402:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
```

```
ter $v0
            la $a0, gameMap4.2 # Load gameMap4.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3403:
3404:
            syscall
                        # Print out the output on screen
3405:
3406:
            jal Map20Points # Printing 20 points for the question 2
3407:
3408:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3409:
            la $a0, gameMap4.3 # Load gameMap4.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3410:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
3411:
3412:
            jal Map30Points # Printing 30 points for the question 3
3413:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
3414:
ter $v0
3415:
            la $a0, gameMap4.4 # Load gameMap4.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                        # Print out the output on screen
3416:
            syscall
3417:
3418:
            jal gameMaps2 # Printing second part of Game Map by calling child function g
ameMaps2
3419:
3420:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3421:
            la $a0, gameMap4.5 # Load gameMap4.5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3422:
                        # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
3423:
            jal Map40Points # Printing 40 points for the question 4
3424:
3425:
3426:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3427:
            la $a0, gameMap4.6 # Load gameMap4.6 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3428:
                        # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
3429:
3430:
            jal gameMaps3 # Printing third part of Game Map by calling child function ga
meMaps3
3431:
3432:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3433:
            la $a0, gameMap4.7 # Load gameMap4.7 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3434:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3435:
3436:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3437:
            la $a0, gameMap4.8 # Load gameMap4.8 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
3438:
            syscall
3439:
3440:
                 $ra, 0($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps1" called i
            lw
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map10Points" called
3441:
            lw
                 $ra, 4($sp)
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
3442:
                 $ra, 8($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map20Points" called
            lw
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map30Points" called
                 $ra, 12($sp)
            lw
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
3444:
                 $ra, 16($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps2" called i
            lw
```

```
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map40Points" called
                 $ra, 20($sp)
            lw
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
3446:
                 $ra, 24($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps3" called i
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                                # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 12 to it (
3447:
            addi $sp. $sp. 24
the 12 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
3448:
3449:
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            jr $ra
3450:
3451:
3452:
3453:
              # gameMap5(10 points, 20 points, 30 points, 40 points, 50 points)
3454:
              gameMap5:
3455:
            addi $sp, $sp, -28 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 28 bytes (negative bec
ause we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the s
tack)
3456:
                 $ra, 0($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "gameMaps1" called in this f
            SW
unction in the stack in the first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                                # storing the nested function "Map10Points" called in this
3457:
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store wo
rd)
3458:
                 $ra, 8($sp)
                                # storing the nested function "Map20Points" called in this
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 8 using sw (store wo
rd)
3459:
                 $ra, 12($sp)
                                # storing the nested function "Map30Points" called in this
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 12 using sw (store w
ord)
3460:
                 $ra, 16($sp)
                                # storing the nested function "gameMaps2" called in this f
            SW
unction in the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 16 using sw (store word
3461:
                                # storing the nested function "Map50Points" called in this
                 $ra, 20($sp)
            SW
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 20 using sw (store w
ord)
3462:
                 $ra, 24($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "Map40Points" called in this
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 24 using sw (store w
ord)
                               # storing the nested function "gameMaps3" called in this f
                 $ra, 28($sp)
unction in the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 28 using sw (store wor
d)
3464:
3465:
            ial gameMaps1
                          # Printing first part of Game Maps1 by calling child function
gameMaps1
3466:
3467:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3468:
            la $a0, gameMap5.1 # Load gameMap5.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3469:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3470:
3471:
            jal Map10Points # Printing 10 points for the question 1
3472:
3473:
            li $v0.4
                       # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3474:
            la $a0, gameMap5.2 # Load gameMap5.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3475:
                        # Print out the output on screen
            svscall
```

```
3476:
3477:
            jal Map20Points # Printing 20 points for the question 2
3478:
3479:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, gameMap5.3 # Load gameMap5.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3480:
3481:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3482:
3483:
            jal Map30Points # Printing 30 points for the question 3
3484:
3485:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3486:
            la $a0, gameMap5.4 # Load gameMap5.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3487:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            svscall
3488:
3489:
            jal gameMaps2 # Printing second part of Game Map by calling child function g
ameMaps2
3490:
3491:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3492:
            la $a0, gameMap5.5 # Load gameMap5.5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3493:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3494:
3495:
            jal Map50Points # Printing 50 points for the question 5
3496:
3497:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3498:
            la $a0, gameMap5.6 # Load gameMap5.6 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3499:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3500:
3501:
            jal Map40Points # Printing 40 points for the question 4
3502:
3503:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3504:
            la $a0, gameMap5.7 # Load gameMap5.7 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3505:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
3506:
3507:
            jal gameMaps3 # Printing third part of Game Map by calling child function ga
meMaps3
3508:
3509:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3510:
            la $a0, gameMap5.8 # Load gameMap5.8 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                      # Print out the output on screen
3511:
            svscall
3512:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
3513:
ter $v0
3514:
            la $a0, gameMap5.9 # Load gameMap5.9 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3515:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
3516:
3517:
                 $ra, 0($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps1" called i
            lw
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                 $ra, 4($sp) # Loading/restore the nested function "Map10Points" called
3518:
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
3519:
                 $ra, 8($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the nested function "Map20Points" called
            lw
```

```
in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map30Points" called
                 $ra, 12($sp)
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
3521:
            lw
                 $ra, 16($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps2" called i
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map50Points" called
3522:
            lw
                 $ra, 20($sp)
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map40Points" called
3523:
                 $ra, 24($sp)
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                 $ra, 28($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps3" called i
3524:
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
3525:
            addi $sp, $sp, 28
                                # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 12 to it (
the 12 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
3526:
3527:
            jr $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
3528:
3529:
3530:
3531:
              # gameMap6(10 points, 20 points, 30 points, 40 points, 50 points, 60 points)
3532:
              gameMap6:
3533:
                addi $sp, $sp, -32 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 32 bytes (negative
because we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to t
he stack)
3534:
                 $ra, 0($sp)
                                # storing the nested function "gameMaps1" called in this f
            SW
unction in the stack in the first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "Map10Points" called in this
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store wo
rd)
3536:
                 $ra, 8($sp)
                                # storing the nested function "Map20Points" called in this
            SW
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 8 using sw (store wo
rd)
                                # storing the nested function "Map30Points" called in this
3537:
                 $ra, 12($sp)
            SW
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 12 using sw (store w
ord)
3538:
                 $ra, 16($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "gameMaps2" called in this f
unction in the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 16 using sw (store word
)
                                # storing the nested function "Map60Points" called in this
3539:
                 $ra, 20($sp)
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 20 using sw (store w
ord)
3540:
                 $ra, 24($sp)
                                # storing the nested function "Map50Points" called in this
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 24 using sw (store w
ord)
3541:
                                # storing the nested function "Map40Points" called in this
                 $ra, 28($sp)
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 28 using sw (store w
ord)
3542:
                                # storing the nested function "gameMaps3" called in this f
            SW
                 $ra, 32($sp)
unction in the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 32 using sw (store wor
d)
3543:
3544:
           jal gameMaps1 # Printing first part of Game Maps1 by calling child function
gameMaps1
3545:
3546:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
```

```
la $a0, gameMap6.1 # Load gameMap6.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3547:
                        # Print out the output on screen
3548:
3549:
3550:
            jal Map10Points # Printing 10 points for the question 1
3551:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
3552:
ter $v0
            la $a0, gameMap6.2 # Load gameMap6.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3553:
3554:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3555:
3556:
            jal Map20Points # Printing 20 points for the guestion 2
3557:
3558:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3559:
            la $a0, gameMap6.3 # Load gameMap6.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3560:
                        # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
3561:
3562:
            jal Map30Points # Printing 30 points for the question 3
3563:
3564:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3565:
            la $a0, gameMap6.4 # Load gameMap6.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3566:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
3567:
3568:
            jal gameMaps2 # Printing second part of Game Map by calling child function g
ameMaps2
3569:
3570:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, gameMap6.5 # Load gameMap6.5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3571:
                       # Print out the output on screen
3572:
            svscall
3573:
            jal Map60Points # Printing 60 points for the question 6
3574:
3575:
3576:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3577:
            la $a0, gameMap6.6 # Load gameMap6.6 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3578:
                        # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
3579:
3580:
            jal Map50Points # Printing 50 points for the question 5
3581:
3582:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3583:
            la $a0, gameMap6.7 # Load gameMap6.7 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                        # Print out the output on screen
3584:
            syscall
3585:
            jal Map40Points # Printing 40 points for the guestion 4
3586:
3587:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
3588:
ter $v0
3589:
            la $a0, gameMap6.8 # Load gameMap6.8 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3590:
                       # Print out the output on screen
3591:
3592:
            jal gameMaps3  # Printing third part of Game Map by calling child function ga
meMaps3
```

```
3593:
3594:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3595:
            la $a0, gameMap6.9 # Load gameMap5.9 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3596:
            syscall
                     # Print out the output on screen
3597:
3598:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3599:
            la $a0, gameMap6.10 # Load gameMap6.10 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3600:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
3601:
3602:
                 $ra, 0($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps1" called i
            lw
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the nested function "Map10Points" called
3603:
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                 $ra, 8($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map20Points" called
3604:
            lw
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                 $ra, 12($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the nested function "Map30Points" called
            lw
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                 $ra, 16($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps2" called i
3606:
            lw
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
           lw
                 $ra, 20($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the nested function "Map60Points" called
3607:
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
3608:
            lw
                 $ra, 24($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the nested function "Map50Points" called
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                $ra, 28($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the nested function "Map40Points" called
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
               $ra, 32($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps3" called i
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                               # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 12 to it (
            addi $sp, $sp, 32
the 12 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
3612:
3613:
            jr $ra  # Finish and return to main and continue executing
3614:
3615:
3616:
3617:
              # gameMap7(10 points, 20 points, 30 points, 40 points, 50 points, 60 points,
 100 points)
3618:
             gameMap7:
                addi $sp, $sp, -36 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 36 bytes (negative
3619:
 because we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to t
he stack)
                               # storing the nested function "gameMaps1" called in this f
3620:
unction in the stack in the first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
                               # storing the nested function "Map10Points" called in this
                 $ra, 4($sp)
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store wo
rd)
                               # storing the nested function "Map20Points" called in this
3622:
                 $ra, 8($sp)
            SW
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 8 using sw (store wo
rd)
                 $ra, 12($sp) # storing the nested function "Map30Points" called in this
3623:
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 12 using sw (store w
ord)
```

\$ra, 16(\$sp) # storing the nested function "gameMaps2" called in this f

unction in the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 16 using sw (store word

```
)
3625:
                 $ra, 20($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "Map60Points" called in this
            SW
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 20 using sw (store w
ord)
3626:
                 $ra, 24($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "Map50Points" called in this
            SW
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 24 using sw (store w
ord)
                                # storing the nested function "Map40Points" called in this
3627:
                 $ra, 28($sp)
            SW
 function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 28 using sw (store w
ord)
3628:
                 $ra, 32($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "gameMaps3" called in this f
unction in the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 32 using sw (store wor
d)
                               # storing the nested function "Map100Points" called in thi
3629:
                 $ra, 36($sp)
s function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 36 using sw (store
word)
3630:
3631:
            jal gameMaps1 # Printing first part of Game Maps1 by calling child function
gameMaps1
3632:
3633:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, gameMap7.1 # Load gameMap7.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3634:
3635:
            syscall
                        # Print out the output on screen
3636:
3637:
            jal Map10Points # Printing 10 points for the question 1
3638:
3639:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3640:
            la $a0, gameMap7.2 # Load gameMap7.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3641:
            svscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3642:
3643:
            jal Map20Points # Printing 20 points for the question 2
3644:
3645:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3646:
            la $a0, gameMap7.3 # Load gameMap7.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3647:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
3648:
3649:
            jal Map30Points # Printing 30 points for the question 3
3650:
3651:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3652:
            la $a0, gameMap7.4 # Load gameMap7.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                        # Print out the output on screen
3653:
            syscall
3654:
3655:
            jal gameMaps2 # Printing second part of Game Map by calling child function g
ameMaps2
3656:
3657:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3658:
            la $a0, gameMap7.5 # Load gameMap7.5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3659:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3660:
3661:
            jal Map60Points # Printing 60 points for the question 6
```

```
3662:
3663:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3664:
            la $a0, gameMap7.6 # Load gameMap7.6 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3665:
            syscall
                     # Print out the output on screen
3666:
3667:
            jal Map50Points # Printing 50 points for the question 5
3668:
3669:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3670:
            la $a0, gameMap7.7 # Load gameMap7.7 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3671:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3672:
3673:
            jal Map40Points # Printing 40 points for the guestion 4
3674:
3675:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3676:
            la $a0, gameMap7.8 # Load gameMap7.8 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3677:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
3678:
3679:
            jal gameMaps3 # Printing third part of Game Map by calling child function ga
meMaps3
3680:
3681:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3682:
            la $a0, gameMap7.9 # Load gameMap7.9 into $a0 using la (load Address)
                       # Print out the output on screen
3683:
            syscall
3684:
3685:
            jal Map100Points # Printing 100 points for the question 7
3686:
3687:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, gameMap7.10 # Load gameMap7.10 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3688:
3689:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
3690:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
3691:
ter $v0
3692:
            la $a0, gameMap7.11 # Load gameMap7.11 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3693:
                     # Print out the output on screen
3694:
3695:
            lw
                 $ra, 0($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps1" called i
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map10Points" called
3696:
                 $ra, 4($sp)
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map20Points" called
3697:
            lw
                 $ra, 8($sp)
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
3698:
                 $ra, 12($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map30Points" called
            lw
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                 $ra, 16($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps2" called i
3699:
            lw
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
3700:
                 $ra, 20($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the nested function "Map60Points" called
            lw
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                 $ra, 24($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the nested function "Map50Points" called
            lw
 in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
3702:
                 $ra, 28($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the nested function "Map40Points" called
            lw
```

```
in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                              # Loading/restore the nested function "gameMaps3" called i
                $ra, 32($sp)
n this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
3704:
                 $ra, 36($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the nested function "Map100Points" calle
d in this function, in the stack back to register $ra using lw (load word)
                               # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 12 to it (
3705:
            addi $sp, $sp, 36
the 12 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
3706:
3707:
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            ir $ra
3708:
3709:
3710:
       # Pseudocode:
3711:
       # void PolynomialQuestionOne(const int (*ArrayQ1)[COLS]){
3712:
            print(Question 1)
3713:
       #
           while(true){
3714:
       #
           continue;
       # }
3715:
3716:
       #
          while(false){
3717:
       #
           exit(0);
3718:
       # }
3719:
        # Question 1 function
3720:
        PolynomialQuestionOne:
            addi $sp, $sp, -32 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 32 bytes (negative bec
3721:
ause we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the s
tack)
3722:
            SW
                 $s3, 0($sp)
                               # storing the value held in register $s3 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
                 $ra, 4($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "FindQ1Num1" called in this
function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store wor
d)
3724:
                 $ra, 8($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "FindQ1Num2" called in this
function in the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 8 using sw (store word
3725:
                               # storing the nested function "FindQ1Num3" called in this
            SW
                 $ra, 12($sp)
function in the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 12 using sw (store wo
rd)
3726:
                 $ra, 16($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ1Num3" called in this
            SW
function in the stack in the fifth location in the stack pointer at 16 using sw (store wor
3727:
                 $ra, 20($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "FindQ1Num1" called in this
            SW
function in the stack in the sisxth location in the stack pointer at 20 using sw (store wo
rd)
                               # storing the nested function "FindQ1Num2" called in this
                 $ra, 24($sp)
function in the stack in the seventh location in the stack pointer at 24 using sw (store w
ord)
                 $ra, 28($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ1Num3" called in this
3729:
function in the stack in the eighth location in the stack pointer at 28 using sw (store wo
rd)
3730:
3731:
            # Printing Question 1 to the player
3732:
                           # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into r
           li $v0, 4
egister $v0
3733:
            la $a0, Question1
                                 # Load Question1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3734:
                       # Print out the output on screen
3735:
```

```
addi $t3, $zero, 2 # Initialize register $t3 with value 2 using addi
3736:
           div $s3, $t3
                            # Divide value held in register $s3 with $t3
3737:
3738:
           mfhi $t4  # Load the remainder of the division to register $t4
3739:
3740:
           beg $t4, $zero, firstVersion # Branch if equal, if value held in regist
3741:
er $t4 is equal to value in $zero go to firstVersion
3742:
3743:
           j secondVersion # Else go to secondVersion
3744:
3745: firstVersion:
3746:
           jal FindQ1Num1  # Jump to FindQ1Num1 function and print the first number o
f the question
3747:
3748:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into r
egister $v0
           la $a0, firstVer1
                               # Load firstVer1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3749:
3750:
           syscall
                     # Print out the output on screen
3751:
3752:
           jal FindQ1Num2  # Jump to FindQ1Num2 function and print the second number
of the question
3753:
3754:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into r
egister $v0
3755:
           la $a0. firstVer2
                               # Load firstVer2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3756:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
3757:
3758:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into r
egister $v0
           la $a0, roots
                              # Load roots into $a0 using la (load Address)
3759:
3760:
           svscall
                    # Print out the output on screen
3761:
3762:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
3763:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
3764:
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
3765:
3766:
           jal FindQ1Num3  # Jump to FindQ1Num3 function and perform
3767:
           lw $s2, valueX_Q1  # Load value held in valueX_Q1 to register $s2
3768:
3769:
           bne $s1, $s2, incorrect Q1 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s2 go to incorrect_Q1
3770:
3771:
           j Correct Q1  # Else go to Correct Q1
3772:
3773:
       Correct Q1:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
3774:
ter $v0
           la $a0, correct # Load correct into $a0 using la (load Address)
3775:
3776:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
3777:
3778:
           la $a0, sound5  # Load the address of "sound5" into $a0
           la $a1, duration5  # Load the address of "duration5" into $a0
3779:
           la $a2, instrument5
3780:
                                  # Load the address of "instrument5" into $a0
                            # Load the address of "volume5" into $a0
           la $a3. volume5
3781:
```

```
3782:
                               # Load the value of "sound5" into $a0
            lb $a0, 0($a0)
3783:
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration5" into $a0
3784:
                               # Load the value of "instrument5" into $a0
3785:
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
3786:
            lb $a3, 0($a3)
                              # Load the value of "volume5" into $a0
3787:
3788:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
3789:
3790:
               syscall
                          # Print out the output on screen
3791:
3792:
            li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
            li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
3793:
3794:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
3795:
                               # Load the address of "sound5" into $a0
            la $a0, sound5
3796:
                               # Load the address of "duration5" into $a1
            la $a1, duration5
3797:
                                   # Load the address of "instrument5" into $a2
            la $a2, instrument5
3798:
3799:
            la $a3, volume5
                              # Load the address of "volume5" into $a3
3800:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "sound5" into $a1
3801:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration5" into $a2
3802:
3803:
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument5" into $a3
            lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume5" into $a4
3804:
3805:
3806:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
3807:
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
                           # Print out the output on screen
3808:
               syscall
3809:
3810:
            j exit_Q1 # Jump to exit
3811:
3812:
        incorrect Q1:
                               # Load the address of "beep6" into $a0
3813:
            la $a0, beep6
            la $a1, duration6  # Load the address of "duration6" into $a1
3814:
            la $a2, instrument6 # Load the address of "instrument6" into $a2
3815:
3816:
           la $a3, volume6
                              # Load the address of "volume6" into $a3
3817:
3818:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep6" into $a0
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration6" into $a1
3819:
3820:
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2
3821:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume6" into $a3
3822:
3823:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
3824:
3825:
                           # Print out the output on screen
               svscall
3826:
3827:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3828:
            la $a0, incorrect # Load incorrect into $a0 using la (load Address)
3829:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
3830:
3831:
            li $v0, 5 # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
3832:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
3833:
3834:
           move $s1, $v0  # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
```

```
3835:
           jal FindQ1Num3
                               # Jump to FindQ1Num3 function and perform
3836:
           lw $s2, valueX_Q1 # Load value held in valueX_Q1 to register $s2
3837:
3838:
3839:
           bne $s1, $s2, lost Q1  # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s2 go to lost_Q1
3840:
           j Correct Q1  # Else go to Correct Q1
3841:
3842:
3843:
       secondVersion:
3844:
           jal FindQ1Num1  # Jump to FindQ1Num1 function and print the first number o
f the question
3845:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
3846:
ter $v0
           la $a0, secondVer1 # Load firstVer1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3847:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
3848:
3849:
3850:
           jal FindQ1Num2  # Jump to FindQ1Num2 function and print the second number
of the question
3851:
3852:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
3853:
           la $a0, firstVer2 # Load firstVer2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
3854:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
3855:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
3856:
ter $v0
3857:
           la $a0, roots # Load roots into $a0 using la (load Address)
3858:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
3859:
           li $v0, 5 # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
3860:
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
3861:
           syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
3862:
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
3863:
3864:
3865:
           jal FindQ1Num3  # Jump to FindQ1Num3 function and perform
3866:
           lw $s2, valueX_Q1  # Load value held in valueX_Q1 to register $s2
3867:
3868:
           bne $s1, $s2, incorrect Q1 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s2 go to incorrect_Q1
3869:
3870:
           j Correct Q1 # Else go to Correct Q1
3871:
3872:
       lost Q1:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
3873:
ter $v0
           la $a0, lost # Load lost into $a0 using la (load Address)
3874:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
3875:
3876:
3877:
           la $a0, beep6  # Load the address of "beep6" into $a0
           la $a1, duration6  # Load the address of "duration6" into $a1
3878:
3879:
           la $a2, instrument6 # Load the address of "instrument6" into $a2
           la $a3, volume6  # Load the address of "volume6" into $a3
3880:
```

```
3881:
                                # Load the value of "beep6" into $a0
            lb $a0, 0($a0)
3882:
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
                                # Load the value of "duration6" into $a1
3883:
                                # Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2
3884:
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
3885:
            lb $a3, 0($a3)
                                # Load the value of "volume6" into $a3
3886:
3887:
            # Make the system call to play the sound
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
3888:
3889:
                syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
3890:
3891:
            # Telling the system to stop executing the program
3892:
                           # Telling the system to stop executing by putting value 10 into
register $v0
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
3893:
3894:
3895:
       exit Q1:
3896:
3897:
            lw
                 $s3, 0($sp)
                                # Loading the value held in register $s3 from the stack in
the first location in the stack pointer 0 using lw (load word)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ1Num1" called in this
                 $ra, 4($sp)
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using lw (load wo
rd)
                 $ra, 8($sp)
3899:
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ1Num2" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 8 using lw (load wo
rd)
3900:
                 $ra, 12($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ1Num3" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 12 using lw (load w
3901:
                 $ra, 16($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ1Num3" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 16 using lw (load w
ord)
3902:
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ1Num1" called in this
                 $ra, 20($sp)
            lw
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 20 using lw (load w
ord)
                 $ra, 24($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ1Num2" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 24 using lw (load w
ord)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ1Num3" called in this
                 $ra, 28($sp)
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 28 using lw (load w
ord)
3905:
            addi $sp, $sp, 32  # Alocatie memeory back to the stack for 32 bytes (negativ
e because we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to
the stack)
3906:
3907:
            jr $ra
                        # Finish and return to main and continue executing
3908:
3909:
3910:
       # Find first number of question 1
3911:
        FindQ1Num1:
3912:
            addi $sp, $sp, -4 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 8 bytes (4 bytes for t
he value held at register $s0, and 4 bytes for the nested function) (negative because we a
re allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the stack)
3913:
                 $s3, 0($sp) # storing the value held in register $s3 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
3914:
```

```
la $t0, ArrayQ1 # base address of array MapPoints (base_address = addess of Ma
3915:
pPoints)
3916:
            move $t1, $s3
3917:
            li $t2, 3
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
3918:
            li $t3, 0
                            # column index of value (j = 0)
            li $t4, 4
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
3919:
3920:
3921:
            # Calculate the address of value using the formula
3922:
           mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                                \# (i * m)
3923:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                #(i*m+j)
3924:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                                \# (i * m + j) * element size
3925:
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
                                # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
3926:
                              # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
3927:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
3928:
3929:
            li $v0, 1
                           # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
to register $v0
            add $a0, $zero, $t6 # add/move value held in register $t6 to $a0 using add in
3930:
order to print on screen
                           # Print out the output on screen
3931:
            syscall
3932:
3933:
            lw $s3, 0($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the original value held in the stack at
register $s0 back to register $s0 using lw (load word)
3934:
            addi $sp, $sp, 4
                                # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 4 to it (t
he 4 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
3935:
3936:
           jr $ra
3937:
3938:
3939:
        # Find the second number of question 1
3940:
        FindQ1Num2:
            addi $sp, $sp, -4 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 8 bytes (4 bytes for t
3941:
he value held at register $50, and 4 bytes for the nested function) (negative because we a
re allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the stack)
3942:
                 $s3, 0($sp)
                               # storing the value held in register $s3 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
3943:
3944:
            la $t0, ArrayQ1 # base address of array MapPoints (base_address = addess of Ma
pPoints)
3945:
           move $t1, $s3
3946:
            li $t2, 3
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
            li $t3, 1
                            # column index of value (j = 1)
3947:
                           # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
3948:
            li $t4, 4
3949:
3950:
            # Calculate the address of value using the formula
           mul $t5, $t1, $t2
3951:
                                \# (i * m)
3952:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                #(i*m+j)
3953:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                                \# (i * m + j) * element_size
3954:
            add $t5, $t5, $t0 # base address + (i * m + j) * element size
3955:
3956:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
                                # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
3957:
                           # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
3958:
           li $v0, 1
to register $v0
            add $a0, $zero, $t6 # add/move value held in register $t6 to $a0 using add in
3959:
```

```
order to print on screen
            syscall
                            # Print out the output on screen
3960:
3961:
3962:
            lw $s3, 0($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the original value held in the stack at
register $s0 back to register $s0 using lw (load word)
                                # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 4 to it (t
3963:
            addi $sp, $sp, 4
he 4 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
3964:
3965:
                        # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            ir $ra
3966:
3967:
3968:
       # Find the answer of question 1
3969:
        FindO1Num3:
            addi $sp, $sp, -4 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 8 bytes (4 bytes for t
3970:
he value held at register $s0, and 4 bytes for the nested function) (negative because we a
re allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the stack)
                 $s3, 0($sp)
                                # storing the value held in register $s3 in the stack in t
3971:
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
3972:
3973:
            la $t0, ArrayQ1 # base address of array MapPoints (base_address = addess of Ma
pPoints)
3974:
            move $t1, $s3
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
3975:
            li $t2, 3
3976:
            li $t3, 2
                            # column index of value (j = 2)
3977:
            li $t4.4
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element size = 4)
3978:
3979:
            # Calculate the address of value using the formula
3980:
            mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                                \# (i * m)
                                #(i*m+j)
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
3981:
                                \# (i * m + j) * element_size
3982:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
                                # base address + (i * m + j) * element size
3983:
3984:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
                                # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
3985:
3986:
3987:
            sw $t6, valueX_Q1
                                    # Store value held in register $t6 in valueX since it
is the answer
3988:
3989:
            lw $s3, 0($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the original value held in the stack at
register $s0 back to register $s0 using lw (load word)
                                # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 4 to it (t
3990:
            addi $sp, $sp, 4
he 4 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
3991:
3992:
            jr $ra
                        # Finish and return to main and continue executing
3993:
3994:
3995:
        # Pseudocode:
3996:
        # void PolynomialQuestionTwo(const int (*ArrayQ2)[COLS]){
3997:
            print(Question 2)
3998:
       #
            while(true){
3999:
       #
            continue;
       # }
4000:
4001:
       #
           while(false){
            exit(0):
4002:
       #
4003:
       # }
4004:
        # Ouestion 2 function
```

```
4005:
       PolynomialQuestionTwo:
4006:
           addi $sp, $sp, -24 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 24 bytes (negative bec
ause we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the s
tack)
4007:
           sw $s6, 0($sp) # storing the value held in register $s6 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
                $ra, 4($sp)
                             # storing the nested function "FindQ2Num1" called in this
function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store wor
d)
4009:
                $ra, 8($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ2Num2" called in this
function in the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 8 using sw (store word
                $ra, 12($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ2Num3" called in this
4010:
function in the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 12 using sw (store wo
4011:
                $ra, 16($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ2Num2" called in this
            SW
function in the stack in the fifth location in the stack pointer at 16 using sw (store wor
                $ra, 20($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ2Num3" called in this
4012:
            SW
function in the stack in the sisth location in the stack pointer at 20 using sw (store wor
d)
4013:
4014:
           # Printing Question 2 to the player
4015:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4016:
            la $a0, Question2  # Load Question2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4017:
4018:
4019:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4020:
            la $a0, firstVer2.1 # Load firstVer2.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4021:
4022:
4023:
            jal FindQ2Num1  # Jump to FindQ2Num1 function and print the first number o
f the question
4024:
4025:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4026:
            la $a0, firstVer2.2 # Load firstVer2.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
4027:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4028:
4029:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4030:
            la $a0, roots # Load roots into $a0 using la (load Address)
4031:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4032:
4033:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                     # Print out the output on screen
4034:
            syscall
4035:
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
4036:
4037:
            li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
4038:
                     # Print out the output on screen
4039:
           move $s2, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s2
```

```
4040:
           jal FindQ2Num2
                               # Jump to FindQ2Num2 and perform
4041:
           lw $s4, valueX1_Q2 # Load value held in valueX1_Q2 to register $s4
4042:
4043:
           jal FindQ2Num3
                             # Jump to FindQ2Num3 and perform
4044:
           lw $s5, valueX2_Q2 # Load value held in valueX2_Q2 to register $s5
4045:
4046:
4047:
           bne $s1, $s4, check_y1_Q2  # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s4 go to check_y1_Q2
           bne $s1, $s5, check_y2_Q2
                                       # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
4048:
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to check_y2_Q2
4049:
           j check_y1_Q2
                            # Else, jump to check_y1_Q2
4050:
4051:
       check y1 Q2:
4052:
           beq $s2, $s4, Correct_Q2  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s4 go to Correct Q2
4053:
4054:
           j incorrect_Q2  # Else jump to incorrect_Q2
4055:
4056:
       check_y2_Q2:
4057:
           beq $s2, $s5, Correct_Q2 # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s5 go to Correct_Q2
4058:
4059:
           j incorrect_Q2  # Else jump to incorrect_Q2
4060:
4061:
       Correct Q2:
4062:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4063:
           la $a0, correct
                             # Load correct into $a0 using la (load Address)
4064:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4065:
                               # Load the address of "sound5" into $a0
4066:
           la $a0, sound5
           la $a1, duration5
                               # Load the address of "duration5" into $a1
4067:
                                   # Load the address of "instrument5" into $a2
           la $a2, instrument5
4068:
4069:
           la $a3, volume5
                               # Load the address of "volume5" into $a3
4070:
4071:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "sound5" into $a0
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration5" into $a1
4072:
4073:
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument5" into $a2
4074:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume5" into $a3
4075:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
4076:
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
4077:
                           # Print out the output on screen
4078:
               syscall
4079:
           li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
4080:
           li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
4081:
4082:
           syscall
                      # Print out the output on screen
4083:
           la $a0, sound5
                               # Load the address of "sound5" into $a0
4084:
           la $a1, duration5
4085:
                               # Load the address of "duration5" into $a1
4086:
           la $a2, instrument5
                                   # Load the address of "instrument5" into $a2
                               # Load the address of "volume5" into $a3
4087:
           la $a3, volume5
4088:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)  # Load the value of "sound5" into $a0
4089:
```

```
# Load the value of "duration5" into $a1
4090:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "instrument5" into $a2
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
4091:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume5" into $a3
4092:
4093:
4094:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
                            # Use the "play note" system call
4095:
               li $v0, 31
4096:
               syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
4097:
4098:
           j exit_Q2 # Jump go to exit_Q2
4099:
4100:
        incorrect Q2:
4101:
           la $a0, beep6
                               # Load the address of "beep6" into $a0
                               # Load the address of "duration6" into $a1
4102:
           la $a1, duration6
           la $a2, instrument6 # Load the address of "instrument6" into $a2
4103:
4104:
           la $a3, volume6
                               # Load the address of "volume6" into $a3
4105:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep6" into $a0
4106:
4107:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration6" into $a1
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2
4108:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume6" into $a3
4109:
4110:
4111:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
4112:
4113:
               syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
4114:
4115:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4116:
           la $a0, incorrect # Load incorrect into $a0 using la (load Address)
4117:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4118:
4119:
           li $v0, 5 # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                     # Print out the output on screen
4120:
           syscall
           move $s1, $v0  # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
4121:
4122:
4123:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
4124:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4125:
           move $s2, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s2
4126:
4127:
           jal FindQ2Num2
                             # Jump to FindQ2Num2 and perform
           lw $s4, valueX1_Q2 # Load value held in valueX1_Q2 to register $s4
4128:
4129:
4130:
                             # Jump to FindQ2Num3 and perform
           jal FindQ2Num3
4131:
           lw $s5, valueX2_Q2 # Load value held in valueX2_Q2 to register $s5
4132:
4133:
           bne $s1, $s4, check_y1_Q2_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s4 go to check_y1_Q2_
           bne $s1, $s5, check_y2_Q2_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
4134:
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to check_y2_Q2_
4135:
           j check_y1_Q2_ # Else, jump to check_y1_Q2_
4136:
4137:
       check_y1_Q2_:
           beq $s2, $s4, Correct_Q2  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s4 go to Correct Q2
```

```
4139:
4140:
            j lost_Q2
                           # Jump to lost_Q2
4141:
4142:
        check y2 Q2:
4143:
            beq $s2, $s5, Correct_Q2  # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s2 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to Correct_Q2
4144:
4145:
            j lost Q2  # Jump to lost Q2
4146:
       lost_Q2:
4147:
4148:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4149:
            la $a0, lost # Load lost into $a0 using la (load Address)
4150:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4151:
            la $a0, beep6
                               # Load the address of "beep6" into $a0
4152:
                               # Load the address of "duration6" into $a1
            la $a1, duration6
4153:
4154:
            la $a2, instrument6 # Load the address of "instrument6" into $a2
                               # Load the address of "volume6" into $a3
4155:
           la $a3, volume6
4156:
4157:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep6" into $a0
4158:
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration6" into $a1
4159:
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2
4160:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume6" into $a3
4161:
4162:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
4163:
4164:
                syscall # Print out the output on screen
4165:
4166:
           # Telling the system to stop executing the program
            li $v0, 10
4167:
                         # Telling the system to stop executing by putting value 10 into
register $v0
4168:
            syscall
                     # Print out the output on screen
4169:
4170: exit_Q2:
4171:
4172:
            lw
                $s6, 0($sp)
                               # Loading the value held in register $s6 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (load word)
                $ra, 4($sp) # Loading the nested function "FindQ2Num1" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using lw (load wo
rd)
4174:
                 $ra, 8($sp)
                               # Loading the nested function "FindQ2Num2" called in this
function from the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 8 using lw (load wor
4175:
            lw
                 $ra, 12($sp) # Loading the nested function "FindQ2Num3" called in this
function from the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 12 using lw (load w
ord)
4176:
            lw
                $ra, 16($sp) # Loading the nested function "FindQ2Num2" called in this
function from the stack in the fifth location in the stack pointer at 16 using lw (load wo
rd)
                $ra, 20($sp)
                               # Loading the nested function "FindQ2Num3" called in this
4177:
function from the stack in the sixth location in the stack pointer at 20 using lw (load wo
rd)
4178:
            addi $sp, $sp, 24  # Alocatie memeory back to the stack for 24 bytes (negativ
e because we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to
```

```
the stack)
4179:
4180:
4181:
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
           jr $ra
4182:
4183:
4184:
       # Find first number of question 2
4185:
        FindQ2Num1:
4186:
            addi $sp, $sp, -4 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 4 bytes (negative beca
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
                 $s6, 0($sp)
4187:
                               # storing the value held in register $s6 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
4188:
4189:
            la $t0, ArrayQ2
                               # base address of ArrayQ2 (base_address = addess of MapPoi
nts)
4190:
            move $t1, $s6
            li $t2, 3
                           # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
4191:
                            # column index of value (j = 0)
4192:
            li $t3, 0
            li $t4, 4
                           # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
4193:
4194:
4195:
           # Calculate the address of value using the formula
           mul $t5, $t1, $t2
4196:
                               \# (i * m)
4197:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                               #(i*m+j)
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
4198:
                               \# (i * m + j) * element size
4199:
            add $t5, $t5, $t0  # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
4200:
4201:
           lw $t6, 0($t5)
                               # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
4202:
4203:
            li $v0, 1
                          # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
to register $v0
            add $a0, $zero, $t6 # add/move value held in register $t6 to $a0 using add in
4204:
order to print on screen
            syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
4205:
4206:
4207:
            lw $s6, 0($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the original value held in the stack at
register $s0 back to register $s0 using lw (load word)
            addi $sp, $sp, 4
                               # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 4 to it (t
he 4 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
4209:
4210:
            jr $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
4211:
4212:
4213:
       # Find the answer of question 2
4214:
        FindQ2Num2:
4215:
            addi $sp, $sp, -4 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 4 bytes (negative beca
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
4216:
                 $s6, 0($sp)
                               # storing the value held in register $s6 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
4217:
4218:
            la $t0, ArrayQ2
                             # base address of ArrayQ2 (base_address = addess of MapPoi
nts)
4219:
           move $t1, $s6
            li $t2, 3
4220:
                           # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
```

```
# column index of value (j = 1)
4221:
            li $t3, 1
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
4222:
            li $t4, 4
4223:
4224:
            # Calculate the address of value using the formula
4225:
            mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                               \# (i * m)
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
4226:
                               \# (i * m + j)
4227:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                               \# (i * m + j) * element_size
4228:
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
                               # base address + (i * m + j) * element size
4229:
4230:
           lw $t6, 0($t5)
                               # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
4231:
4232:
            sw $t6, valueX1_Q2
                                    # Store value held in register $t6 in valueX1_Q2 since
 it is the answer
4233:
4234:
            lw $s6, 0($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the original value held in the stack at
register $s0 back to register $s0 using lw (load word)
                               # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 4 to it (t
4235:
            addi $sp, $sp, 4
he 4 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
4236:
4237:
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            jr $ra
4238:
4239:
4240:
       # Find the answer of question 2
4241:
        FindQ2Num3:
            addi $sp, $sp, -4 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 4 bytes (negative beca
4242:
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
4243:
                 $s6, 0($sp)
                               # storing the value held in register $s3 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
4244:
4245:
            la $t0, ArrayQ2
                               # base address of ArrayQ2 (base_address = addess of MapPoi
nts)
4246:
           move $t1, $s6
            li $t2, 3
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
4247:
4248:
            li $t3, 2
                            # column index of value (j = 2)
                           # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
4249:
            li $t4, 4
4250:
4251:
            # Calculate the address of value using the formula
4252:
           mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                               \# (i * m)
4253:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                               #(i*m+j)
4254:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                               \# (i * m + j) * element size
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
4255:
                               # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
4256:
4257:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
                               # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
4258:
4259:
            sw $t6, valueX2_Q2
                                   # Store value held in register $t6 in valueX2_Q2 since
 it is the answer
4260:
4261:
            lw $s6, 0($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the original value held in the stack at
register $s0 back to register $s0 using lw (load word)
                               # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 4 to it (t
4262:
            addi $sp, $sp, 4
he 4 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
4263:
4264:
            jr $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
4265:
```

```
4266:
4267:
        # Pseudocode:
4268:
        # void PolynomialQuestionThree(const int (*Array03)[COLS]){
            print(Question 3)
4269:
4270:
           while(true){
4271:
       #
           continue;
4272:
       # }
4273:
       # while(false){
4274:
       # exit(0);
     # }
4275:
4276:
       # Ouestion 3 function
4277:
        PolynomialOuestionThree:
4278:
            addi $sp, $sp, -36 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 36 bytes (negative bec
ause we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the s
4279:
                 $s7, 0($sp)
                               # storing the value held in register $s3 in the stack in t
            SW
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
                 $ra, 4($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ3Num1" called in this
function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store wor
d)
4281:
                               # storing the nested function "FindQ3Num2" called in this
                 $ra, 8($sp)
            SW
function in the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 8 using sw (store word
4282:
            SW
                 $ra, 12($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "FindQ3Num3" called in this
function in the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 12 using sw (store wo
                 $ra, 16($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ3Num2" called in this
4283:
function in the stack in the fifth location in the stack pointer at 16 using sw (store wor
d)
                               # storing the nested function "FindQ3Num3" called in this
4284:
                 $ra, 20($sp)
function in the stack in the sisxth location in the stack pointer at 20 using sw (store wo
rd)
4285:
                $ra, 24($sp) # storing the nested function "FindO3Num1" called in this
function in the stack in the seventh location in the stack pointer at 24 using sw (store w
ord)
4286:
                $ra, 28($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ3Num2" called in this
function in the stack in the eighth location in the stack pointer at 28 using sw (store wo
rd)
4287:
                 $ra, 32($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ3Num3" called in this
function in the stack in the eighth location in the stack pointer at 32 using sw (store wo
4288:
4289:
            # Printing Question 3 to the player
                           # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into r
4290:
            li $v0.4
egister $v0
4291:
                                   # Load Question3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
            la $a0, Question3
4292:
                       # Print out the output on screen
4293:
4294:
           addi $t3, $zero, 2 # Initialize register $t3 with value 2 using addi
           div $s7, $t3
                               # Divide value held in register $s7 with $t3
4295:
4296:
4297:
                           # Load the remainder of the division to register $t4
           mfhi $t4
4298:
            beq $t4, $zero, firstVersion_Q3  # Branch if equal, if value held in regist
er $t4 is equal to value in $zero go to firstVersion Q3
```

```
4300:
4301:
           j secondVersion_Q3 # Else go to secondVersion_Q3
4302:
4303:
       firstVersion Q3:
4304:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4305:
           la $a0, firstVer3.1 # Load firstVer3.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
4306:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4307:
4308:
           jal FindQ3Num1  # Jump to FindQ3Num1 function and print the first number o
f the question
4309:
4310:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4311:
           la $a0, firstVer3.2  # Load firstVer3.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
4312:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4313:
4314:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4315:
           la $a0, roots # Load roots into $a0 using la (load Address)
4316:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4317:
4318:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
4319:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4320:
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
4321:
4322:
           li $v0, 5 # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4323:
           move $s2, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s2
4324:
4325:
           jal FindQ3Num2 # Jump to FindQ3Num2 and perform
4326:
4327:
           lw $s4, valueX1_Q3 # Load value held in valueX1_Q3 to register $s4
4328:
4329:
                            # Jump to FindQ3Num3 and perform
           jal FindQ3Num3
4330:
           lw $s5, valueX2_Q3 # Load value held in valueX2_Q3 to register $s5
4331:
4332:
           bne $s1, $s4, check_y1_Q3  # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s4 go to check_y1_Q3
4333:
           bne $s1, $s5, check y2 Q3
                                      # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to check_y2_Q3
4334:
           j check_y1_Q3  # Else, jump to check_y1_Q3
4335:
4336:
       check_y1_Q3:
           beq $s2, $s4, Correct_Q3  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
4337:
s equal to value in $s4 go to Correct_Q3
4338:
4339:
           j incorrect Q3  # Else jump to incorrect Q3
4340:
4341:
       check_y2_Q3:
           beq $s2, $s5, Correct_Q3  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
4342:
s equal to value in $s5 go to Correct_Q3
4343:
4344:
           j incorrect Q3  # Else jump to incorrect Q3
```

```
4345:
4346:
        Correct Q3:
4347:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4348:
            la $a0, correct
                             # Load correct into $a0 using la (load Address)
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4349:
4350:
                                # Load the address of "sound5" into $a0
4351:
            la $a0, sound5
4352:
            la $a1, duration5
                                # Load the address of "duration5" into $a1
            la $a2, instrument5
                                    # Load the address of "instrument5" into $a2
4353:
                                # Load the address of "volume5" into $a3
4354:
            la $a3, volume5
4355:
            lb $a0, 0($a0)
                                # Load the value of "sound5" into $a0
4356:
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
                                # Load the value of "duration5" into $a1
4357:
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
                                # Load the value of "instrument5" into $a2
4358:
            lb $a3, 0($a3)
                                # Load the value of "volume5" into $a3
4359:
4360:
4361:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
                            # Use the "play note" system call
4362:
                li $v0, 31
4363:
                           # Print out the output on screen
                syscall
4364:
4365:
            li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
            li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
4366:
4367:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
4368:
4369:
            la $a0, sound5
                                # Load the address of "sound5" into $a0
                                # Load the address of "duration5" into $a1
            la $a1, duration5
4370:
            la $a2, instrument5
                                    # Load the address of "instrument5" into $a2
4371:
                                # Load the address of "volume5" into $a3
4372:
            la $a3, volume5
4373:
                                # Load the value of "sound5" into $a0
            lb $a0, 0($a0)
4374:
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
                                # Load the value of "duration5" into $a1
4375:
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
                                # Load the value of "instrument5" into $a2
4376:
                                # Load the value of "volume5" into $a3
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
4377:
4378:
            # Make the system call to play the sound
4379:
4380:
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
4381:
                            # Print out the output on screen
                syscall
4382:
4383:
            j exit_Q3  # Jump go to exit_Q3
4384:
4385:
        incorrect_Q3:
            la $a0, beep6
                                # Load the address of "beep6" into $a0
4386:
            la $a1, duration6
                                # Load the address of "duration6" into $a1
4387:
            la $a2, instrument6 # Load the address of "instrument6" into $a2
4388:
            la $a3, volume6
                                # Load the address of "volume6" into $a3
4389:
4390:
                                # Load the value of "beep6" into $a0
4391:
            lb $a0, 0($a0)
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
                                # Load the value of "duration6" into $a1
4392:
                                # Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
4393:
                                # Load the value of "volume6" into $a3
4394:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
4395:
            # Make the system call to play the sound
4396:
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
4397:
                           # Print out the output on screen
4398:
```

```
4399:
4400:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4401:
           la $a0, incorrect # Load incorrect into $a0 using la (load Address)
4402:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4403:
4404:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
4405:
           syscall
                     # Print out the output on screen
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
4406:
4407:
4408:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                    # Print out the output on screen
4409:
4410:
           move $s2, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s2
4411:
                            # Jump to FindQ3Num2 and perform
4412:
           ial FindO3Num2
4413:
           lw $s4, valueX1_Q3 # Load value held in valueX1_Q3 to register $s4
4414:
4415:
                            # Jump to FindQ3Num3 and perform
           jal FindQ3Num3
           lw $s5, valueX2_Q3 # Load value held in valueX2_Q3 to register $s5
4416:
4417:
           bne $s1, $s4, check_y1_Q3_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
4418:
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s4 go to check_y1_Q3_
           bne $s1, $s5, check_y2_Q3_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
4419:
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to check_y2_Q3_
4420:
           j check_y1_Q3_
                            # Else, jump to check_y1_Q3_
4421:
4422:
       check_y1_Q3_:
           beq $s2, $s4, Correct_Q3  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
4423:
s equal to value in $s4 go to Correct_Q3
4424:
4425:
           i lost Q3
                       # Jump to lost_Q3
4426:
4427:
       check_y2_Q3_:
           beq $s2, $s5, Correct_Q3  # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
4428:
s2 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to Correct_Q3
4429:
4430:
           j lost_Q3 # Jump to lost_Q3
4431:
4432:
       secondVersion Q3:
4433:
                           # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into r
           li $v0, 4
egister $v0
           la $a0, secondVer3.1  # Load secondVer3.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
4434:
4435:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4436:
4437:
           jal FindQ3Num1  # Jump to FindQ3Num1 function and print the first number o
f the question
4438:
4439:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into r
egister $v0
4440:
           la $a0, firstVer3.2  # Load firstVer3.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
4441:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4442:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into r
4443:
```

```
egister $v0
4444:
                              # Load roots into $a0 using la (load Address)
           la $a0, roots
4445:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4446:
4447:
            li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
4448:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4449:
            move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
4450:
4451:
            li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4452:
            move $s2, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s2
4453:
4454:
                             # Jump to FindQ3Num2 and perform
4455:
            jal FindQ3Num2
            lw $s4, valueX1 Q3 # Load value held in valueX1 Q3 to register $s4
4456:
4457:
4458:
            jal FindQ3Num3
                             # Jump to FindQ3Num3 and perform
            lw $s5, valueX2 Q3 # Load value held in valueX2 Q3 to register $s5
4459:
4460:
4461:
            bne $s1, $s4, check_y1_Q3 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s4 go to check y1 Q3
            bne $s1, $s5, check_y2_Q3  # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
4462:
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to check_y2_Q3
4463:
            j check_y1_Q3  # Else, jump to check_y1_Q3
4464:
       lost_Q3:
4465:
4466:
            la $a0, beep6
                                # Load the address of "beep6" into $a0
            la $a1, duration6  # Load the address of "duration6" into $a1
4467:
            la $a2, instrument6 # Load the address of "instrument6" into $a2
4468:
            la $a3, volume6
                               # Load the address of "volume6" into $a3
4469:
4470:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)  # Load the value of "beep6" into $a0 lb $a1, 0($a1)  # Load the value of "duration6" into $a1
4471:
           lb $a2, 0($a2)  # Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2 lb $a3, 0($a3)  # Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2
4472:
4473:
4474:
4475:
            # Make the system call to play the sound
4476:
4477:
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
4478:
                syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
4479:
4480:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
            la $a0, lost # Load lost into $a0 using la (load Address)
4481:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4482:
4483:
4484:
            # Telling the system to stop executing the program
4485:
            li $v0, 10  # Telling the system to stop executing by putting value 10 into
register $v0
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4486:
4487:
4488:
       exit Q3:
4489:
4490:
4491:
            lw
                 $s7, 0($sp) # Loading the value held in register $s3 from the stack in
```

```
the first location in the stack pointer 0 using lw (load word)
                               # Loading the nested function "FindQ3Num1" called in this
                 $ra, 4($sp)
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using lw (load wo
rd)
4493:
            lw
                 $ra, 8($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ3Num2" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 8 using lw (load wo
rd)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ3Num3" called in this
4494:
            lw
                 $ra, 12($sp)
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 12 using lw (load w
ord)
4495:
                 $ra, 16($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ3Num2" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 16 using lw (load w
ord)
4496:
                 $ra, 20($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ3Num3" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 20 using lw (load w
ord)
4497:
                 $ra, 24($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ3Num1" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 24 using lw (load w
ord)
4498:
                 $ra, 28($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ3Num2" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 28 using lw (load w
ord)
4499:
                 $ra, 32($sp)
                               # Loading the nested function "FindQ3Num3" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 32 using lw (load w
ord)
4500:
            addi $sp, $sp, 36  # Alocatie memeory back to the stack for 36 bytes (negativ
e because we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to
the stack)
4501:
4502:
4503:
            jr $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
4504:
4505:
4506:
        # Find first number of question 3
4507:
        FindQ3Num1:
            addi $sp, $sp, -4  # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 4 bytes (negative beca
4508:
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
4509:
                 $s7, 0($sp)
                                # storing the value held in register $s3 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
4510:
4511:
            la $t0, ArrayQ3  # base address of Array3 (base_address = addess of MapPoin
ts)
4512:
           move $t1, $s7
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
4513:
            li $t2, 3
                            # column index of value (j = 0)
4514:
            li $t3, 0
4515:
            li $t4, 4
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
4516:
4517:
            # Calculate the address of value using the formula
            mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                                \# (i * m)
4518:
4519:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                #(i*m+j)
4520:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                                \# (i * m + j) * element size
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
4521:
                              # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
4522:
4523:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
                                # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
```

```
4524:
4525:
           li $v0, 1
                           # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
to register $v0
            add $a0, $zero, $t6 # add/move value held in register $t6 to $a0 using add in
4526:
order to print on screen
                           # Print out the output on screen
4527:
            syscall
4528:
4529:
            lw $s7, 0($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the original value held in the stack at
register $s0 back to register $s0 using lw (load word)
            addi $sp, $sp, 4 # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 4 to it (t
4530:
he 4 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
4531:
4532:
           jr $ra
4533:
4534:
4535:
       # Find the answer of question 3
4536:
        FindO3Num2:
4537:
            addi $sp, $sp, -4  # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 4 bytes (negative beca
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
4538:
                                # storing the value held in register $s3 in the stack in t
                 $s7, 0($sp)
            SW
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
4539:
4540:
            la $t0, ArrayQ3
                               # base address of ArrayQ3 (base_address = addess of MapPoi
nts)
4541:
           move $t1, $s7
4542:
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
            li $t2, 3
            li $t3, 1
                            # column index of value (j = 1)
4543:
                           # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
4544:
            li $t4, 4
4545:
4546:
           # Calculate the address of value using the formula
           mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                               \# (i * m)
4547:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                #(i*m+j)
4548:
4549:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                                \# (i * m + j) * element_size
4550:
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
                               # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
4551:
4552:
           lw $t6, 0($t5)
                               # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
4553:
4554:
           sw $t6, valueX1_Q3
                                  # Store value held in register $t6 in valueX1_Q3 since
 it is the answer
4555:
4556:
            lw $s7, 0($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the original value held in the stack at
register $s0 back to register $s0 using lw (load word)
            addi $sp, $sp, 4  # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 4 to it (t
4557:
he 4 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
4558:
4559:
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            jr $ra
4560:
4561:
4562:
       # Find the answer of question 3
4563:
        FindQ3Num3:
4564:
            addi $sp, $sp, -4  # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 4 bytes (negative beca
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
4565:
                 $s7, 0($sp) # storing the value held in register $s3 in the stack in t
            SW
```

```
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
4566:
4567:
            la $t0, ArrayQ3
                              # base address of ArrayQ3 (base_address = addess of MapPoi
nts)
4568:
           move $t1, $s7
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
4569:
            li $t2, 3
4570:
            li $t3, 2
                            # column index of value (j = 2)
4571:
            li $t4, 4
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element size = 4)
4572:
            # Calculate the address of value using the formula
4573:
4574:
            mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                                \# (i * m)
4575:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                #(i*m+i)
4576:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                                \# (i * m + j) * element_size
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
4577:
                               # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
4578:
4579:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
                                # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
4580:
4581:
                                    # Store value held in register $t6 in valueX2_Q3 since
            sw $t6, valueX2_Q3
 it is the answer
4582:
4583:
            lw $s7, 0($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the original value held in the stack at
register $s0 back to register $s0 using lw (load word)
                               # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 4 to it (t
            addi $sp, $sp, 4
he 4 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
4585:
4586:
            jr $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
4587:
4588:
4589:
       # Pseudocode:
        # void PolynomialOuestionFour(const int (*Array04)[COLS]){
4590:
            print(Ouestion 4)
4591:
        #
           while(true){
4592:
        #
            continue;
4593:
        # }
4594:
4595:
       #
           while(false){
4596:
       #
           exit(0);
       # }
4597:
4598:
       # Question 4 function
4599:
        PolynomialOuestionFour:
            addi $sp, $sp, -24 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 24 bytes (negative bec
4600:
ause we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the s
tack)
4601:
                 $t7, 0($sp)
                                # storing the value held in register $s3 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
                                # storing the nested function "FindQ4Num1" called in this
4602:
            SW
                 $ra, 4($sp)
function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store wor
d)
                                # storing the nested function "FindQ4Num2" called in this
4603:
                 $ra, 8($sp)
function in the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 8 using sw (store word
)
4604:
                 $ra, 12($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "FindQ4Num3" called in this
function in the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 12 using sw (store wo
rd)
                 $ra, 16($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ4Num2" called in this
function in the stack in the fifth location in the stack pointer at 16 using sw (store wor
```

```
d)
4606:
                $ra, 20($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ4Num3" called in this
function in the stack in the sisth location in the stack pointer at 20 using sw (store wor
d)
4607:
4608:
           # Printing Question 4 to the player
4609:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4610:
           la $a0, Question4  # Load Question4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
4611:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4612:
4613:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
           la $a0, firstVer4.1  # Load firstVer4.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
4614:
4615:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4616:
4617:
                           # Jump to FindQ4Num1 function and print the first number o
           jal FindQ4Num1
f the question
4618:
4619:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4620:
           la $a0, firstVer4.2  # Load firstVer2.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
4621:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4622:
4623:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4624:
           la $a0, roots # Load roots into $a0 using la (load Address)
4625:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4626:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
4627:
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4628:
4629:
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
4630:
4631:
           li $v0, 5 # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
4632:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4633:
           move $s2, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s2
4634:
4635:
           jal FindQ4Num2
                            # Jump to FindQ4Num2 and perform
4636:
           lw $s4, valueX1 Q4 # Load value held in valueX1 Q4 to register $s4
4637:
           jal FindQ4Num3  # Jump to FindQ4Num3 and perform
4638:
4639:
           lw $s5, valueX2 Q4 # Load value held in valueX2 Q4 to register $s5
4640:
4641:
           bne $s1, $s4, check_y1_Q4  # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s4 go to check_y1_Q4
4642:
           bne $s1, $s5, check_y2_Q4 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to check y2 Q4
           j check_y1_Q4  # Else, jump to check_y1_Q4
4643:
4644:
4645: check y1 Q4:
           beq $s2, $s4, Correct_Q4  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s4 go to Correct_Q4
4647:
```

```
4648:
           j incorrect Q4
                               # Else jump to incorrect_Q4
4649:
4650:
       check_y2_Q4:
           beq $s2, $s5, Correct_Q4  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
4651:
s equal to value in $s5 go to Correct_Q4
4652:
4653:
           j incorrect_Q4  # Else jump to incorrect_Q4
4654:
4655:
       Correct Q4:
4656:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4657:
           la $a0, correct
                             # Load correct into $a0 using la (load Address)
4658:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4659:
4660:
           la $a0, sound5
                               # Load the address of "sound5" into $a0
           la $a1, duration5
                               # Load the address of "duration5" into $a1
4661:
                                   # Load the address of "instrument5" into $a2
           la $a2, instrument5
4662:
4663:
           la $a3, volume5
                             # Load the address of "volume5" into $a3
4664:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "sound5" into $a0
4665:
4666:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration5" into $a1
4667:
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument5" into $a2
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume5" into $a3
4668:
4669:
4670:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
4671:
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
                           # Print out the output on screen
4672:
               syscall
4673:
           li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
4674:
           li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
4675:
           svscall
                     # Print out the output on screen
4676:
4677:
           la $a0, sound5
                               # Load the address of "sound5" into $a0
4678:
                               # Load the address of "duration5" into $a1
           la $a1, duration5
4679:
4680:
           la $a2, instrument5
                                   # Load the address of "instrument5" into $a2
           la $a3, volume5
                               # Load the address of "volume5" into $a3
4681:
4682:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "sound5" into $a0
4683:
4684:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration5" into $a1
                               # Load the value of "instrument5" into $a2
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
4685:
                               # Load the value of "volume5" into $a3
4686:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
4687:
4688:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
4689:
                           # Print out the output on screen
4690:
               syscall
4691:
4692:
           j exit Q4 # Jump go to exit Q2
4693:
4694:
       incorrect Q4:
           la $a0, beep6
                               # Load the address of "beep6" into $a0
4695:
           la $a1, duration6  # Load the address of "duration6" into $a1
4696:
4697:
           la $a2, instrument6 # Load the address of "instrument6" into $a2
           la $a3, volume6  # Load the address of "volume6" into $a3
4698:
4699:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)  # Load the value of "beep6" into $a0
4700:
```

```
# Load the value of "duration6" into $a1
4701:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2
4702:
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume6" into $a3
4703:
4704:
4705:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
4706:
4707:
               syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
4708:
4709:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4710:
           la $a0, incorrect # Load incorrect into $a0 using la (load Address)
4711:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4712:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
4713:
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
4714:
                       # Print out the output on screen
           syscall
4715:
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
4716:
4717:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
4718:
           syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
4719:
           move $s2, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s2
4720:
4721:
           jal FindQ4Num2
                               # Jump to FindQ4Num2 and perform
4722:
           lw $s4, valueX1 Q4 # Load value held in valueX1 Q2 to register $s4
4723:
4724:
                            # Jump to FindQ4Num3 and perform
           jal FindQ4Num3
4725:
           lw $s5, valueX2 Q4 # Load value held in valueX2 Q2 to register $s5
4726:
4727:
           bne $s1, $s4, check_y1_Q4_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s4 go to check y1 Q4
           bne $s1, $s5, check_y2_Q4_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
4728:
s1 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to check_y2_Q4_
           j check_y1_Q4_ # Else, jump to check_y1_Q4_
4729:
4730:
4731:
        check_y1_Q4_:
4732:
           beq $s2, $s4, Correct_Q4  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s4 go to Correct_Q4
4733:
4734:
           j lost_Q4  # Jump to lost_Q4
4735:
4736:
        check_y2_Q4_:
           beq $s2, $s5, Correct_Q4  # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
4737:
s2 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to Correct Q4
4738:
4739:
           j lost_Q4 # Jump to lost_Q4
4740:
4741:
       lost_Q4:
           la $a0, beep6
                               # Load the address of "beep6" into $a0
4742:
4743:
           la $a1, duration6
                               # Load the address of "duration6" into $a1
4744:
           la $a2, instrument6 # Load the address of "instrument6" into $a2
4745:
           la $a3, volume6
                             # Load the address of "volume6" into $a3
4746:
4747:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep6" into $a0
           lb $a1, 0($a1) # Load the value of "duration6" into $a1
4748:
```

```
# Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2
4749:
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
            lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume6" into $a3
4750:
4751:
            # Make the system call to play the sound
4752:
4753:
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
4754:
                syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
4755:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
4756:
ter $v0
            la $a0, lost # Load lost into $a0 using la (load Address)
4757:
4758:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4759:
4760:
            # Telling the system to stop executing the program
           li $v0, 10
                          # Telling the system to stop executing by putting value 10 into
4761:
 register $v0
4762:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4763:
4764: exit_Q4:
4765:
4766:
            lw
                 $t7, 0($sp)
                               # Loading the value held in register $s3 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (load word)
                 $ra. 4($sp)
                               # Loading the nested function "FindQ4Num1" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using lw (load wo
rd)
4768:
                 $ra, 8($sp)
                               # Loading the nested function "FindQ4Num2" called in this
function from the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 8 using lw (load wor
d)
4769:
                 $ra, 12($sp) # Loading the nested function "FindQ4Num3" called in this
function from the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 12 using lw (load w
ord)
4770:
            lw
                 $ra, 16($sp)
                               # Loading the nested function "FindQ4Num2" called in this
function from the stack in the fifth location in the stack pointer at 16 using lw (load wo
rd)
4771:
                               # Loading the nested function "FindQ4Num3" called in this
            lw
                 $ra, 20($sp)
function from the stack in the sixth location in the stack pointer at 20 using lw (load wo
rd)
4772:
            addi $sp, $sp, 24  # Alocatie memeory back to the stack for 24 bytes (negativ
e because we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to
the stack)
4773:
4774:
4775:
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            ir $ra
4776:
4777:
4778:
        # Find first number of question 4
4779:
        FindQ4Num1:
4780:
            addi $sp, $sp, -4  # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 4 bytes (negative beca
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
4781:
                 $t7, 0($sp)
                               # storing the value held in register $s3 in the stack in t
            SW
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
4782:
            la $t0, ArrayQ4  # base address of ArrayQ4 (base_address = addess of MapPoi
4783:
nts)
4784:
           move $t1, $t7
```

```
# number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
4785:
            li $t2, 3
                            # column index of value (j = 0)
            li $t3, 0
4786:
            li $t4, 4
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
4787:
4788:
4789:
            # Calculate the address of value using the formula
4790:
            mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                                \# (i * m)
4791:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                #(i*m+j)
4792:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                                \# (i * m + j) * element size
4793:
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
                                # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
4794:
4795:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
                                # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
4796:
4797:
            li $v0, 1
                            # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
to register $v0
4798:
            add $a0, $zero, $t6 # add/move value held in register $t6 to $a0 using add in
order to print on screen
                            # Print out the output on screen
4799:
            syscall
4800:
4801:
            lw $t7, 0($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the original value held in the stack at
register $s0 back to register $s0 using lw (load word)
4802:
            addi $sp, $sp, 4
                                # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 4 to it (t
he 4 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
4803:
4804:
            jr $ra
                        # Finish and return to main and continue executing
4805:
4806:
4807:
       # Find the answer of question 4
4808:
        FindO4Num2:
            addi $sp, $sp, -4  # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 4 bytes (negative beca
4809:
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
                                # storing the value held in register $s3 in the stack in t
4810:
                 $t7, 0($sp)
            SW
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
4811:
4812:
            la $t0, ArrayQ4
                                # base address of ArrayQ4 (base_address = addess of MapPoi
nts)
4813:
            move $t1, $t7
4814:
            li $t2, 3
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
4815:
            li $t3, 1
                            # column index of value (j = 1)
4816:
            li $t4, 4
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
4817:
4818:
            # Calculate the address of value using the formula
4819:
            mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                                \# (i * m)
4820:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                #(i*m+j)
4821:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                                \# (i * m + j) * element_size
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
4822:
                                # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
4823:
                                # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
4824:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
4825:
                                    # Store value held in register $t6 in valueX1 Q4 since
4826:
            sw $t6, valueX1 Q4
 it is the answer
4827:
                                # Loading/restore the original value held in the stack at
4828:
            lw $t7, 0($sp)
register $s0 back to register $s0 using lw (load word)
                                # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 4 to it (t
4829:
            addi $sp, $sp, 4
```

```
he 4 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
4830:
4831:
                        # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            ir $ra
4832:
4833:
4834:
        # Find the answer of question 4
4835:
        FindQ4Num3:
                                # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 8 bytes (negative beca
4836:
            addi $sp, $sp, -4
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
4837:
            SW
                 $t7, 0($sp)
                                # storing the value held in register $s3 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
            la $t0, ArrayQ4
4839:
                                # base address of ArrayQ4 (base address = addess of MapPoi
nts)
4840:
            move $t1, $t7
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
4841:
            li $t2, 3
            li $t3, 2
                            # column index of value (j = 2)
4842:
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element size = 4)
4843:
            li $t4, 4
4844:
4845:
            # Calculate the address of value 10 using the formula
4846:
            mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                                \# (i * m)
                                #(i*m+j)
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
4847:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
4848:
                                \# (i * m + j) * element_size
4849:
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
                                # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
4850:
                                # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
4851:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
4852:
4853:
            sw $t6, valueX2 Q4
                                    # Store value held in register $t6 in valueX2_Q2 since
 it is the answer
4854:
4855:
            lw $t7, 0($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the original value held in the stack at
register $s0 back to register $s0 using lw (load word)
4856:
            addi $sp, $sp, 4
                                # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 4 to it (t
he 4 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
4857:
4858:
            jr $ra
                        # Finish and return to main and continue executing
4859:
4860:
4861:
        # Pseudocode:
4862:
        # void PolynomialQuestionFive(const int (*ArrayQ5)[COLS]){
            print(Question 5)
4863:
4864:
       #
            while(true){
4865:
       #
            continue:
        # }
4866:
            while(false){
4867:
        #
4868:
        #
            exit(0);
       # }
4869:
        # Question 5 function
4870:
4871:
        PolynomialQuestionFive:
4872:
            addi $sp, $sp, -36 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 36 bytes (negative bec
ause we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the s
tack)
4873:
                 $t8, 0($sp)
                                # storing the value held in register $t8 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
```

```
$ra, 4($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "FindQ5Num1" called in this
           SW
function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store wor
d)
4875:
                $ra, 8($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "FindQ5Num2" called in this
function in the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 8 using sw (store word
)
4876:
                $ra, 12($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ5Num3" called in this
function in the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 12 using sw (store wo
rd)
4877:
                $ra, 16($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ5Num2" called in this
function in the stack in the fifth location in the stack pointer at 16 using sw (store wor
d)
                $ra, 20($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ5Num3" called in this
4878:
function in the stack in the sisxth location in the stack pointer at 20 using sw (store wo
                $ra, 24($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ5Num1" called in this
4879:
           SW
function in the stack in the seventh location in the stack pointer at 24 using sw (store w
ord)
                $ra, 28($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ5Num2" called in this
4880:
           SW
function in the stack in the eighth location in the stack pointer at 28 using sw (store wo
rd)
4881:
                $ra, 32($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ5Num3" called in this
function in the stack in the eighth location in the stack pointer at 32 using sw (store wo
rd)
4882:
4883:
           # Printing Question 5 to the player
           li $v0, 4
                           # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into r
4884:
egister $v0
4885:
           la $a0, Question5
                                   # Load Question5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
4886:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4887:
4888:
           addi $t3, $zero, 2 # Initialize register $t3 with value 2 using addi
                               # Divide value held in register $t8 with $t3
4889:
           div $t8, $t3
4890:
4891:
           mfhi $t4
                          # Load the remainder of the division to register $t4
4892:
4893:
           beq $t4, $zero, firstVersion_Q5  # Branch if equal, if value held in regist
er $t4 is equal to value in $zero go to firstVersion_Q5
4894:
4895:
           j secondVersion_Q5 # Else go to secondVersion_Q5
4896:
4897:
        firstVersion Q5:
4898:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4899:
           la $a0, firstVer5.1
                                 # Load firstVer5.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
4900:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4901:
4902:
           jal FindQ5Num1
                             # Jump to FindQ5Num1 function and print the first number o
f the question
4903:
4904:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4905:
           la $a0, firstVer5.2 # Load firstVer5.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
4906:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
4907:
```

```
li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
4908:
ter $v0
                           # Load roots into $a0 using la (load Address)
4909:
            la $a0, roots
4910:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4911:
            li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
4912:
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                       # Print out the output on screen
4913:
            syscall
4914:
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
4915:
4916:
            li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                     # Print out the output on screen
4917:
            syscall
4918:
           move $s2, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s2
4919:
4920:
            jal FindQ5Num2
                               # Jump to FindQ5Num2 and perform
4921:
           lw $s4, valueX1 Q5 # Load value held in valueX1 Q5 to register $s4
4922:
4923:
           jal FindQ5Num3
                               # Jump to FindQ5Num3 and perform
4924:
           lw $s5, valueX2_Q5 # Load value held in valueX2_Q5 to register $s5
4925:
4926:
           beg $s1, $s4, check y1 Q5  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
s equal to value in $s4 go to check_y1_Q5
4927:
           beq $s1, $s5, check_y1_Q5
                                      # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
s equal to value in $s5 go to check_y1_Q5
4928:
            j check_y2_Q5
                              # Else, jump to check_y2_Q5
4929:
4930:
       check y1 Q5:
4931:
            beq $s2, $s4, Correct_Q5
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s4 go to Correct Q5
           beg $s2, $s5, Correct Q5
                                     # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
4932:
s equal to value in $s5 go to Correct_Q5
            j incorrect_Q5  # Else jump to incorrect_Q5
4933:
4934:
4935:
       check_y2_Q5:
4936:
            bne $s2, $s4, incorrect_Q5 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s2 is NOT equal to value in $s4 go to incorrect Q5
           bne $s2, $s5, incorrect_Q5 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
4937:
s2 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to incorrect_Q5
4938:
4939:
            j Correct Q5
                               # Else jump to Correct Q5
4940:
4941:
       Correct Q5:
4942:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4943:
            la $a0, correct # Load correct into $a0 using la (load Address)
4944:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4945:
           la $a0, sound5
                               # Load the address of "sound5" into $a0
4946:
           la $a1, duration5
                               # Load the address of "duration5" into $a1
4947:
4948:
            la $a2, instrument5
                                   # Load the address of "instrument5" into $a2
4949:
           la $a3, volume5
                              # Load the address of "volume5" into $a3
4950:
4951:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "sound5" into $a0
                            # Load the value of "duration5" into $a1
            lb $a1. 0($a1)
4952:
```

```
# Load the value of "instrument5" into $a2
4953:
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
            lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume5" into $a3
4954:
4955:
4956:
            # Make the system call to play the sound
4957:
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
                           # Print out the output on screen
4958:
                syscall
4959:
            li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
4960:
4961:
            li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
4962:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4963:
                               # Load the address of "sound5" into $a0
4964:
            la $a0, sound5
                               # Load the address of "duration5" into $a1
4965:
            la $a1, duration5
                                   # Load the address of "instrument5" into $a2
            la $a2. instrument5
4966:
                               # Load the address of "volume5" into $a3
4967:
            la $a3, volume5
4968:
                               # Load the value of "sound5" into $a0
4969:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
4970:
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration5" into $a1
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument5" into $a2
4971:
4972:
            lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume5" into $a3
4973:
4974:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
4975:
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
4976:
                syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
4977:
4978:
            j exit_Q5  # Jump go to exit_Q5
4979:
4980:
        incorrect 05:
4981:
            la $a0, beep6
                               # Load the address of "beep6" into $a0
                               # Load the address of "duration6" into $a1
4982:
            la $a1, duration6
            la $a2, instrument6 # Load the address of "instrument6" into $a2
4983:
           la $a3, volume6
                               # Load the address of "volume6" into $a3
4984:
4985:
                               # Load the value of "beep6" into $a0
4986:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
4987:
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration6" into $a1
4988:
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2
4989:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume6" into $a3
4990:
4991:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
4992:
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
4993:
                           # Print out the output on screen
4994:
4995:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
4996:
            la $a0, incorrect # Load incorrect into $a0 using la (load Address)
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
4997:
4998:
4999:
           li $v0, 5 # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                       # Print out the output on screen
5000:
            syscall
5001:
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
5002:
5003:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
5004:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            svscall
```

```
move $s2, $v0  # move value held in $v0 to register $s2
5005:
5006:
5007:
           jal FindO5Num2
                               # Jump to FindQ5Num2 and perform
5008:
           lw $s4, valueX1_Q5 # Load value held in valueX1_Q5 to register $s4
5009:
                               # Jump to FindQ5Num3 and perform
5010:
           jal FindQ5Num3
5011:
           lw $s5, valueX2_Q5 # Load value held in valueX2_Q5 to register $s5
5012:
           beq $s1, $s4, check_y1_Q5_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
5013:
s equal to value in $s4 go to check_y1_Q5
5014:
           beq $s1, $s5, check_y1_Q5_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
s equal to value in $s5 go to check_y1_Q5
5015:
           j check_y2_Q5_ # Else, jump to check_y3_Q5
5016:
5017:
        check_y1_Q5_:
           beg $s2, $s4, Correct Q5  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
5018:
s equal to value in $s4 go to Correct Q5
           beq $s2, $s5, Correct_Q5
                                     # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
5019:
s equal to value in $s5 go to Correct Q5
           j lost Q5
                       # Else jump to lost_Q5
5020:
5021:
5022:
       check_y2_Q5_:
           bne $s2, $s4, lost_Q5 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $s2 i
5023:
s NOT equal to value in $s5 go to lost_Q5
5024:
           bne $s2, $s5, lost_Q5
                                   # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s NOT equal to value in $s5 go to lost_Q5
5025:
5026:
           j lost Q5 # Else jump to lost Q5
5027:
5028:
        secondVersion Q5:
5029:
           li $v0, 4
                           # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into r
egister $v0
                                 # Load secondVer5.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
5030:
           la $a0, secondVer5.1
5031:
                       # Print out the output on screen
           syscall
5032:
           jal FindQ5Num1
5033:
                               # Jump to FindQ5Num1 function and print the first number o
f the question
5034:
5035:
           li $v0, 4
                           # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into r
egister $v0
5036:
           la $a0, firstVer5.2
                                    # Load firstVer5.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
5037:
                       # Print out the output on screen
           syscall
5038:
           li $v0.4
                          # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into r
5039:
egister $v0
                             # Load roots into $a0 using la (load Address)
5040:
           la $a0, roots
5041:
                       # Print out the output on screen
           syscall
5042:
5043:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
5044:
                       # Print out the output on screen
           syscall
5045:
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
5046:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
```

```
# Print out the output on screen
5048:
           svscall
           move $s2, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s2
5049:
5050:
5051:
           jal FindQ5Num2 # Jump to FindQ3Num2 and perform
5052:
           lw $s4, valueX1_Q5 # Load value held in valueX1_Q5 to register $s4
5053:
5054:
           jal FindQ5Num3
                            # Jump to FindQ3Num3 and perform
           lw $s5, valueX2 Q5 # Load value held in valueX2 Q5 to register $s5
5055:
5056:
           beq $s1, $s4, check_y1_Q5 # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
5057:
s equal to value in $s4 go to check_y1_Q5
5058:
           beq $s1, $s5, check_y1_Q5
                                     # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
s equal to value in $s5 go to check_y1_Q5
5059:
           j check y2 Q5
                               # Else, jump to check y2 Q5
5060:
       lost Q5:
5061:
           la $a0, beep6
                               # Load the address of "beep6" into $a0
5062:
5063:
           la $a1, duration6 # Load the address of "duration6" into $a1
           la $a2, instrument6 # Load the address of "instrument6" into $a2
5064:
           la $a3, volume6
                               # Load the address of "volume6" into $a3
5065:
5066:
5067:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep6" into $a0
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration6" into $a1
5068:
                               # Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2
5069:
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "volume6" into $a3
5070:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
5071:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
5072:
5073:
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
5074:
               syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
5075:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
5076:
ter $v0
           la $a0, lost # Load lost into $a0 using la (load Address)
5077:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
5078:
5079:
5080:
           # Telling the system to stop executing the program
5081:
           li $v0, 10  # Telling the system to stop executing by putting value 10 into
register $v0
5082:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
5083:
5084:
       exit Q5:
5085:
5086:
           lw
                $t8, 0($sp) # Loading the value held in register $t8 from the stack in
5087:
the first location in the stack pointer 0 using lw (load word)
                $ra, 4($sp)
                              # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num1" called in this
5088:
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using lw (load wo
rd)
5089:
                $ra, 8($sp) # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num2" called in this
           lw
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 8 using lw (load wo
rd)
5090:
                $ra, 12($sp)
                               # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num3" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 12 using lw (load w
ord)
5091:
           lw
                $ra, 16($sp) # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num2" called in this
```

```
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 16 using lw (load w
ord)
                               # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num3" called in this
5092:
                 $ra, 20($sp)
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 20 using lw (load w
ord)
5093:
                               # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num1" called in this
                 $ra, 24($sp)
            lw
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 24 using lw (load w
ord)
5094:
                 $ra, 28($sp) # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num2" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 28 using lw (load w
ord)
5095:
                 $ra, 32($sp)
                               # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num3" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 32 using lw (load w
ord)
5096:
            addi $sp, $sp, 36  # Alocatie memeory back to the stack for 36 bytes (negativ
e because we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to
the stack)
5097:
5098:
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            jr $ra
5099:
5100:
5101:
       # Find first number of question 5
        FindQ5Num1:
5102:
5103:
            addi $sp, $sp, -4 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 4 bytes (negative beca
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
5104:
                 $t8, 0($sp)
                               # storing the value held in register $t8 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
5105:
5106:
            la $t0, ArrayQ5
                               # base address of Array5 (base_address = addess of MapPoin
ts)
5107:
           move $t1, $t8
            li $t2, 3
                           # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
5108:
            li $t3, 0
                            # column index of value (j = 0)
5109:
5110:
            li $t4, 4
                           # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
5111:
5112:
            # Calculate the address of value using the formula
5113:
            mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                               \# (i * m)
5114:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                #(i*m+j)
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
5115:
                               \# (i * m + j) * element_size
5116:
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
                               # base address + (i * m + j) * element size
5117:
5118:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
                               # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
5119:
5120:
            li $v0, 1
                           # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
to register $v0
5121:
            add $a0, $zero, $t6 # add/move value held in register $t6 to $a0 using add in
order to print on screen
                           # Print out the output on screen
5122:
            syscall
5123:
5124:
            lw $t8, 0($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the original value held in the stack at
register $t8 back to register $s0 using lw (load word)
            addi $sp, $sp, 4  # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 4 to it (t
he 4 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
5126:
```

```
5127:
            jr $ra
5128:
5129:
5130:
        # Find the answer of question 5
5131:
        FindQ5Num2:
5132:
            addi $sp, $sp, -4 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 4 bytes (negative beca
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
5133:
                 $t8, 0($sp)
                                # storing the value held in register $t8 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
5134:
5135:
            la $t0, ArrayQ5
                               # base address of ArrayQ5 (base_address = addess of MapPoi
nts)
5136:
           move $t1, $t8
5137:
            li $t2, 3
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
            li $t3, 1
                            # column index of value (j = 1)
5138:
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
5139:
            li $t4, 4
5140:
5141:
            # Calculate the address of value using the formula
           mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                                \# (i * m)
5142:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                #(i*m+j)
5143:
5144:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                                \# (i * m + j) * element size
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
                                # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
5145:
5146:
5147:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
                                # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
5148:
5149:
            sw $t6, valueX1_Q5
                                   # Store value held in register $t6 in valueX1_Q5 since
it is the answer
5150:
5151:
            lw $t8, 0($sp)
                                # Loading/restore the original value held in the stack at
register $t8 back to register $s0 using lw (load word)
                               # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 4 to it (t
5152:
            addi $sp, $sp, 4
he 4 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
5153:
5154:
            jr $ra
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
5155:
5156:
5157:
       # Find the answer of question 5
5158:
        FindO5Num3:
5159:
            addi $sp, $sp, -4 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 4 bytes (negative beca
use we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the st
ack)
5160:
                 $t8, 0($sp)
                                # storing the value held in register $t8 in the stack in t
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
5161:
5162:
            la $t0, ArrayQ5
                               # base address of ArrayQ5 (base_address = addess of MapPoi
nts)
5163:
           move $t1, $t8
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
5164:
            li $t2, 3
            li $t3, 2
                            # column index of value (j = 2)
5165:
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
5166:
            li $t4, 4
5167:
5168:
           # Calculate the address of value using the formula
5169:
            mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                               \# (i * m)
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                                #(i*m+j)
5170:
```

```
sll $t5, $t5, 2
                               \# (i * m + j) * element size
5171:
                                # base address + (i * m + j) * element size
5172:
            add $t5, $t5, $t0
5173:
5174:
            lw $t6, 0($t5)
                                # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
5175:
5176:
            sw $t6, valueX2_Q5
                                    # Store value held in register $t6 in valueX2_Q5 since
 it is the answer
5177:
5178:
            lw $t8, 0($sp)
                               # Loading/restore the original value held in the stack at
register $s0 back to register $s0 using lw (load word)
5179:
            addi $sp, $sp, 4
                               # Restore/add space back to the stack by adding 4 to it (t
he 4 bytes that we allocated from the stack at the beginning of the fucntion)
5180:
5181:
                       # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            ir $ra
5182:
5183:
       # Pseudocode:
5184:
5185:
       # void PolynomialQuestionSix(const int* ArrayQ6Int, const int (*ArrayQ6Ans)[COLS])
{
5186:
           print(Question 6)
5187:
       #
           while(true){
5188:
       # continue;
       # }
5189:
5190:
       # while(false){
5191:
       # exit(0):
5192:
       # }
        # Question 6 function
5193:
5194:
        PolvnomialOuestionSix:
5195:
            addi $sp, $sp, -52 # Alocatie memeory in the stack for 40 bytes (negative bec
ause we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to the s
tack)
                               # storing the value held in register $s3 in the stack in t
5196:
                 $a3, 0($sp)
            SW
he first location in the stack pointer at 0 using sw (store word)
                               # storing the nested function "FindQ6Num1" called in this
                 $ra, 4($sp)
5197:
function in the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using sw (store wor
d)
5198:
            SW
                 $ra, 8($sp)
                                # storing the nested function "FindQ6Num2" called in this
function in the stack in the third location in the stack pointer at 8 using sw (store word
5199:
                 $ra, 12($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ6Num3" called in this
function in the stack in the fourth location in the stack pointer at 12 using sw (store wo
rd)
                 $ra, 16($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ6Num1" called in this
function in the stack in the fifth location in the stack pointer at 16 using sw (store wor
d)
                 $ra, 20($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ6Num2" called in this
5201:
function in the stack in the sisxth location in the stack pointer at 20 using sw (store wo
rd)
5202:
                 $ra, 24($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ6Num3" called in this
function in the stack in the seventh location in the stack pointer at 24 using sw (store w
ord)
5203:
                 $ra, 28($sp)
                               # storing the nested function "FindQ6Num1" called in this
function in the stack in the eighth location in the stack pointer at 28 using sw (store wo
rd)
5204:
                 $ra, 32($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ6Num2" called in this
            SW
```

```
function in the stack in the eighth location in the stack pointer at 32 using sw (store wo
5205:
                $ra, 36($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ6Num3" called in this
           SW
function in the stack in the eighth location in the stack pointer at 36 using sw (store wo
rd)
5206:
                $ra, 40($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ6Num1" called in this
           SW
function in the stack in the eighth location in the stack pointer at 40 using sw (store wo
rd)
5207:
                $ra, 44($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ6Num2" called in this
function in the stack in the eighth location in the stack pointer at 42 using sw (store wo
rd)
5208:
                $ra, 48($sp) # storing the nested function "FindQ6Num3" called in this
function in the stack in the eighth location in the stack pointer at 48 using sw (store wo
rd)
5209:
5210:
           # Printing Question 6 to the player
                          # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into r
5211:
           li $v0, 4
egister $v0
5212:
                                   # Load Question6 into $a0 using la (load Address)
           la $a0, Question6
5213:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
5214:
5215:
           addi $t3, $zero, 2 # Initialize register $t3 with value 2 using addi
           div $a3, $t3  # Divide value held in register $s3 with $t3
5216:
5217:
5218:
           mfhi $t4  # Load the remainder of the division to register $t4
5219:
           beq $t4, $zero, firstVersion_Q6  # Branch if equal, if value held in regist
5220:
er $t4 is equal to value in $zero go to firstVersion Q6
5221:
           i secondVersion Q6 # Else go to secondVersion Q6
5222:
5223:
5224:
       firstVersion Q6:
5225:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5226:
           la $a0, firstVer6.1 # Load firstVer6.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
5227:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
5228:
5229:
           # Printing value 6 from ArrayQ6Int at ArrayQ6Int[0]
5230:
           lw $t5, ArrayQ6Int($zero) # Loading value at index 0 in 1D ArrayQ6Int Quest
ion 6 IF WE WANT TO PRINT IT by using lw (load word)
5231:
5232:
           li $v0, 1 # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 into r
egister $v0
           addi $a0, $t5, 0  # Add value held in register $t5 to register $a0 in order
5233:
to print out on screen
5234:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
5235:
5236:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5237:
           la $a0, firstVer6.2 # Load firstVer6.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
5238:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
5239:
           # Printing value 11 from ArrayQ6Int at ArrayQ6Int[1]
5240:
5241:
           li $t9, 4 # Loading register $t9 with the index 4
               lw $t6, ArrayQ6Int($t9)  # Loading value at index 4 in 1D ArrayQ6Int Qu
5242:
```

```
estion 6 IF WE WANT TO PRINT IT by using lw (load word)
5243:
5244:
               li $v0, 1  # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
to register $v0
               move $a0, $t6 # Moving value held in register $t6 to register $a0 in ord
5245:
er to print out on screen
5246:
           syscall
                     # Print out the output on screen
5247:
5248:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5249:
           la $a0, firstVer6.3  # Load firstVer6.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
5250:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
5251:
5252:
           # Printing value 6 from ArrayQ6Int at ArrayQ6Int[2]
5253:
           addi $t9, $t9, 4  # Changing register $t9 to index 8 by adding 4 to its inde
x since it is at index 4
           lw $t7, ArrayQ6Int($t9)
                                     # Loading value at index 8 in 1D ArrayQ6Int Questi
5254:
on 6 IF WE WANT TO PRINT IT by using lw (load word)
5255:
5256:
           li $v0, 1  # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 into r
egister $v0
5257:
           move $a0, $t7  # Moving value held in register $t7 to register $a0 in order t
o print out on screen
5258:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
5259:
5260:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5261:
           la $a0, firstVer6.4 # Load firstVer6.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
5262:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
5263:
5264:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
           la $a0, roots # Load roots into $a0 using la (load Address)
5265:
5266:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
5267:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
5268:
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
5269:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
5270:
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
5271:
5272:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
5273:
5274:
           move $s2, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s2
5275:
5276:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
5277:
                      # Print out the output on screen
5278:
           move $s6, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s6
5279:
5280:
                               # Jump to FindQ6Num1 and perform
           jal FindQ6Num1
5281:
           lw $s4, valueX1 Q6 # Load value held in valueX1 Q6 to register $s4
5282:
5283:
           jal FindO6Num2
                             # Jump to FindQ6Num2 and perform
           lw $s5, valueX2 Q6 # Load value held in valueX2 Q6 to register $s5
5284:
```

```
5285:
            jal FindQ6Num3
                               # Jump to FindQ6Num3 and perform
5286:
5287:
            lw $s7, valueX3_Q6 # Load value held in valueX3_Q6 to register $s7
5288:
5289:
           beq $s1, $s4, check_y1_Q6  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
s equal to value in $s4 go to check_y1_Q6
5290:
           beq $s1, $s5, check_y2_Q6
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
s equal to value in $s5 go to check y2 Q6
5291:
            beq $s1, $s7, check_y3_Q6
                                      # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
s equal to value in $s7 go to check_y3_Q6
                               # Else, jump to _check_y1_Q6
5292:
            j check y1 Q6
5293:
5294:
       check_y1_Q6:
            beq $s2, $s5, check_z1_Q6  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
5295:
s equal to value in $s5 go to check_z1_Q6
5296:
            beq $s2, $s7, check_z2_Q6
                                      # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s7 go to check z2 Q6
                               # Else jump to _check_z1_Q6
5297:
            j _check_z1_Q6
5298:
5299:
       check_y2_Q6:
5300:
            beq $s2, $s4, check_z1_Q6
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s4 go to check z1 Q6
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
5301:
           beq $s2, $s7, check_z3_Q6
s equal to value in $s7 go to check_z3_Q6
                               # Else jump to _check_z1_Q6
5302:
            j _check_z1_Q6
5303:
5304:
       check_y3_Q6:
            beq $s2, $s4, check_z2_Q6  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
5305:
s equal to value in $s4 go to check_z2_Q6
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
5306:
            beg $s2, $s5, check_z3_Q6
s equal to value in $s5 go to check z3 Q6
5307:
                             # Else jump to _check_z1_Q6
            j _check_z1_Q6
5308:
5309:
       _check_y1_Q6:
5310:
           bne $s2, $s4, _check_z1_Q6 # Branch not if equal, if value held in register $
s2 is NOT equal to value in $s4 go to _check_z1_Q6
5311:
            bne $s2, $s5, _check_z1_Q6 # Branch not if equal, if value held in register $
s2 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to _check_z1_Q6
5312:
            bne $s2, $s7, _check_z1_Q6  # Branch not if equal, if value held in register $
s2 is NOT equal to value in $s7 go to _check_z1_Q6
5313:
            j check z1 Q6 # Else jump to check z1 Q6
5314:
5315:
        check_z1_Q6:
            beg $s6, $s7, Correct Q6  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s6 i
5316:
s equal to value in $s7 go to Correct_Q6
5317:
            j incorrect_Q6  # Else jump to incorrect_Q6
5318:
5319:
        check_z2_Q6:
5320:
            beg $s6, $s5, Correct Q6
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s6 i
s equal to value in $s5 go to Correct_Q6
5321:
            j incorrect_Q6  # Else jump to incorrect_Q6
5322:
5323:
       check_z3_Q6:
            beq $s6, $s4, Correct_Q6  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s6 i
s equal to value in $s4 go to Correct Q6
```

```
5325:
            j incorrect Q6
                               # Else jump to incorrect Q6
5326:
       _check_z1_Q6:
5327:
5328:
            bne $s6, $s4, incorrect_Q6 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s6 is NOT equal to value in $s4 go to incorrect_Q6
            bne $s6, $s5, incorrect_Q6 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
5329:
s6 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to incorrect_Q6
            bne $s6, $s7, incorrect_Q6 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
5330:
s6 is NOT equal to value in $s7 go to incorrect_Q6
5331:
            j incorrect_Q6  # Else jump to incorrect_Q6
5332:
5333:
5334:
       Correct_Q6:
5335:
           li $v0, 4 # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5336:
            la $a0, correct
                             # Load correct into $a0 using la (load Address)
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5337:
5338:
                               # Load the address of "sound5" into $a0
5339:
           la $a0, sound5
            la $a1, duration5
                               # Load the address of "duration5" into $a1
5340:
5341:
            la $a2, instrument5
                                   # Load the address of "instrument5" into $a2
5342:
           la $a3, volume5
                               # Load the address of "volume5" into $a3
5343:
                               # Load the value of "sound5" into $a0
5344:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "duration5" into $a1
5345:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
5346:
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument5" into $a2
                               # Load the value of "volume5" into $a3
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
5347:
5348:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
5349:
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
5350:
5351:
                           # Print out the output on screen
                syscall
5352:
            li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
5353:
            li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
5354:
5355:
            syscall
                      # Print out the output on screen
5356:
5357:
            la $a0, sound5
                               # Load the address of "sound5" into $a0
5358:
                               # Load the address of "duration5" into $a1
            la $a1, duration5
5359:
            la $a2, instrument5
                                   # Load the address of "instrument5" into $a2
5360:
           la $a3, volume5
                               # Load the address of "volume5" into $a3
5361:
            lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "sound5" into $a0
5362:
                               # Load the value of "duration5" into $a1
5363:
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument5" into $a2
5364:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume5" into $a3
5365:
5366:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
5367:
5368:
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
5369:
                syscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
5370:
5371:
            j exit_Q6  # Jump go to exit_Q6
5372:
5373:
       incorrect Q6:
5374:
           la $a0, beep6  # Load the address of "beep6" into $a0
            la $a1, duration6 # Load the address of "duration6" into $a1
5375:
```

```
la $a2, instrument6 # Load the address of "instrument6" into $a2
5376:
                               # Load the address of "volume6" into $a3
            la $a3, volume6
5377:
5378:
5379:
            lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep6" into $a0
5380:
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration6" into $a1
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2
5381:
5382:
            lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume6" into $a3
5383:
5384:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
5385:
5386:
               svscall
                           # Print out the output on screen
5387:
5388:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5389:
            la $a0, incorrect # Load incorrect into $a0 using la (load Address)
5390:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5391:
5392:
            li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                       # Print out the output on screen
5393:
            syscall
5394:
           move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
5395:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
5396:
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5397:
5398:
           move $s2, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s2
5399:
5400:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5401:
5402:
           move $s6, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s6
5403:
                            # Jump to FindO6Num1 and perform
5404:
            jal FindO6Num1
5405:
            lw $s4, valueX1_Q6 # Load value held in valueX1_Q6 to register $s4
5406:
           jal FindQ6Num2
                               # Jump to FindQ6Num2 and perform
5407:
5408:
           lw $s5, valueX2_Q6 # Load value held in valueX2_Q6 to register $s5
5409:
5410:
           ial FindQ6Num3
                             # Jump to FindQ6Num3 and perform
5411:
            lw $s7, valueX3_Q6 # Load value held in valueX3_Q6 to register $s7
5412:
            beq $s1, $s4, check_y1_Q6_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
5413:
s equal to value in $s4 go to check_y1_Q6_
           beg $s1, $s5, check y2 Q6  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
5414:
s equal to value in $s5 go to check_y2_Q6_
            beq $s1, $s7, check_y3_Q6_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
5415:
s equal to value in $s7 go to check_y3_Q6_
            j _check_y1_Q6_
                                 # Else, jump to _check_y1_Q6_
5416:
5417:
5418:
        check_y1_Q6_:
5419:
            beq $s2, $s5, check_z1_Q6_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s5 go to check z1 Q6
           beq $s2, $s7, check_z2_Q6_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s7 go to check_z2_Q6_
                              # Else jump to _check_z1_Q6_
5421:
            j check z1 Q6
```

```
5422:
5423:
        check_y2_Q6_:
            beq $s2, $s4, check_z1_Q6_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
5424:
s equal to value in $s4 go to check z1 Q6
5425:
            beg $s2, $s7, check z3 Q6  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s7 go to check_z3_Q6_
5426:
            j _check_z1_Q6_
                               # Else jump to _check_z1_Q6_
5427:
5428:
        check_y3_Q6_:
            beq $s2, $s4, check_z2_Q6_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
5429:
s equal to value in $s4 go to check_z2_Q6_
5430:
            beq $s2, $s5, check_z3_Q6_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s5 go to check_z3_Q6_
5431:
            j check z1 Q6
                              # Else jump to _check_z1_Q6_
5432:
5433:
       _check_y1_Q6_:
5434:
            bne $s2, $s4, _check_z1_Q6_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s2 is NOT equal to value in $s4 go to _check_z1_Q6_
            bne $s2, $s5, check z1 Q6 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
5435:
s2 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to _check_z1_Q6_
5436:
            bne $s2, $s7, _check_z1_Q6_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s2 is NOT equal to value in $s7 go to _check_z1_Q6_
            j check_z1_Q6_ # Else jump to check_z1_Q6_
5437:
5438:
5439:
        check z1 Q6 :
5440:
            beq $s6, $s7, Correct_Q6  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s6 i
s equal to value in $s7 go to Correct_Q6
5441:
            j lost Q6
                        # Else jump to lost Q6
5442:
5443:
        check z2 Q6:
            beg $s6, $s5, Correct Q6  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s6 i
5444:
s equal to value in $s5 go to Correct_Q6
                        # Else jump to lost_Q6
5445:
            i lost 06
5446:
5447:
        check_z3_Q6_:
            beq $s6, $s4, Correct_Q6  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s6 i
5448:
s equal to value in $s4 go to Correct_Q6
5449:
            j lost_Q6
                        # Else jump to lost_Q6
5450:
5451:
       _check_z1_Q6_:
5452:
            bne $s6, $s4, lost Q6
                                   # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $s6 i
s NOT equal to value in $s4 go to lost_Q6
                                    # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $s6 i
5453:
            bne $s6, $s5, lost Q6
s NOT equal to value in $s5 go to lost Q6
5454:
            bne $s6, $s7, lost_Q6
                                   # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $s6 i
s NOT equal to value in $s7 go to lost_Q6
5455:
            j lost Q6
                           # Else jump to lost Q6
5456:
5457:
        secondVersion Q6:
5458:
5459:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5460:
            la $a0, secondVer6.1 # Load secondVer6.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
5461:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5462:
```

```
# Printing value 6 from ArrayQ6Int at ArrayQ6Int[0]
5463:
                                        # Loading value at index 0 in 1D ArrayQ6Int Quest
            lw $t5, ArrayQ6Int($zero)
5464:
ion 6 IF WE WANT TO PRINT IT by using lw (load word)
5465:
5466:
            li $v0, 1  # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 into r
egister $v0
5467:
            addi $a0, $t5, 0
                               # Add value held in register $t5 to register $a0 in order
to print out on screen
5468:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
5469:
5470:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5471:
            la $a0, secondVer6.2 # Load secondVer6.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
5472:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5473:
5474:
            # Printing value 11 from ArrayQ6Int at ArrayQ6Int[1]
5475:
            li $t9, 4 # Loading register $t9 with the index 4
                lw $t6, ArrayQ6Int($t9)
                                          # Loading value at index 4 in 1D ArrayQ6Int Qu
5476:
estion 6 IF WE WANT TO PRINT IT by using lw (load word)
5477:
5478:
                           # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
                li $v0, 1
to register $v0
                move $a0, $t6  # Moving value held in register $t6 to register $a0 in ord
5479:
er to print out on screen
                       # Print out the output on screen
5480:
            syscall
5481:
5482:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5483:
            la $a0, secondVer6.3  # Load secondVer6.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5484:
5485:
            # Printing value 6 from ArrayQ6Int at ArrayQ6Int[2]
5486:
            addi $t9, $t9, 4
                               # Changing register $t9 to index 8 by adding 4 to its inde
5487:
x since it is at index 4
5488:
            lw $t7, ArrayQ6Int($t9)
                                       # Loading value at index 8 in 1D ArrayQ6Int Questi
on 6 IF WE WANT TO PRINT IT by using lw (load word)
5489:
5490:
            li $v0, 1 # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 into r
egister $v0
5491:
            move $a0, $t7  # Moving value held in register $t7 to register $a0 in order t
o print out on screen
5492:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
5493:
5494:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5495:
            la $a0, firstVer6.4
                                 # Load firstVer6.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
5496:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5497:
5498:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5499:
                            # Load roots into $a0 using la (load Address)
            la $a0, roots
5500:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5501:
            li $v0, 5 # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
```

```
# Print out the output on screen
5503:
            svscall
            move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
5504:
5505:
                      # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
5506:
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                       # Print out the output on screen
5507:
            syscall
5508:
           move $s2, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s2
5509:
5510:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
5511:
                      # Print out the output on screen
5512:
           move $s6, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s6
5513:
5514:
            jal FindQ6Num1
                             # Jump to FindQ6Num1 and perform
5515:
            lw $s4, valueX1_Q6_ # Load value held in valueX1_Q6_ to register $s4
5516:
5517:
                             # Jump to FindQ6Num2 and perform
           ial FindO6Num2
5518:
            lw $s5, valueX2_Q6_ # Load value held in valueX2_Q6_ to register $s5
5519:
5520:
            ial FindO6Num3
                             # Jump to FindQ6Num3 and perform
            lw $s7, valueX3_Q6_ # Load value held in valueX3_Q6_ to register $s7
5521:
5522:
5523:
           beq $s1, $s4, check_y1_Q6__ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
s NOT equal to value in $s4 go to check_y1_Q6__
5524:
            beq $s1, $s5, check_y2_Q6__ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
s NOT equal to value in $s5 go to check_y2_Q6___
            beq $s1, $s7, check_y3_Q6__ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
5525:
s NOT equal to value in $s7 go to check y3 Q6
5526:
            j _check_y1_Q6__ # Else, jump to _check_y1_Q6__
5527:
5528:
       check y1 Q6 :
            beq $s2, $s5, check_z1_Q6__ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
5529:
s equal to value in $s5 go to check_z1_Q6__
5530:
            beq $s2, $s7, check_z2_Q6__ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s7 go to check_z2_Q6__
5531:
            j _check_z1_Q6__
                               # Else jump to _check_z1_Q6__
5532:
5533:
        check_y2_Q6__:
5534:
            beg $s2, $s4, check_z1_Q6__ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s4 go to check_z1_Q6__
            beg $s2, $s7, check z3 Q6 # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s7 go to check_z3_Q6___
5536:
            j _check_z1_06__
                              # Else jump to _check_z1_Q6__
5537:
5538:
        check_y3_Q6__:
            beq $s2, $s4, check_z2_Q6__ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
5539:
s equal to value in $s4 go to check z2 Q6
            beq $s2, $s5, check_z3_Q6__ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
5540:
s equal to value in $s5 go to check z3 Q6
            j _check_z1_Q6__ # Else jump to _check_z1_Q6__
5541:
5542:
5543:
       check y1 Q6 :
            bne $s2, $s4, _check_z1_Q6__ # Branch not if equal, if value held in regist
5544:
er $s2 is NOT equal to value in $s4 go to _check_z1_Q6__
           bne $s2, $s5, _check_z1_Q6__ # Branch not if equal, if value held in regist
5545:
```

```
er $s2 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to _check_z1_Q6__
           bne $s2, $s7, _check_z1_Q6__ # Branch not if equal, if value held in regist
er $s2 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to _check_z1_Q6_
            j check_z1_Q6__ # Else jump to check_z1_Q6__
5547:
5548:
5549:
        check_z1_Q6__:
5550:
            beq $s6, $s7, Correct_Q6  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s6 i
s equal to value in $s7 go to Correct Q6
5551:
            j incorrect_Q6_
                             # Else jump to incorrect_Q6_
5552:
5553:
        check z2 Q6:
5554:
            beq $s6, $s5, Correct_Q6  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s6 i
s equal to value in $s5 go to Correct_Q6
5555:
            j incorrect_Q6_ # Else jump to incorrect_Q6_
5556:
5557:
        check z3 Q6:
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s6 i
5558:
            beq $s6, $s4, Correct_Q6
s equal to value in $s4 go to Correct_Q6
5559:
            j incorrect Q6 # Else jump to incorrect Q6
5560:
5561:
     _check_z1_Q6__:
5562:
            bne $s6, $s4, incorrect Q6 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s6 is NOT equal to value in $s4 go to incorrect_Q6_
5563:
            bne $s6, $s5, incorrect_Q6_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s6 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to incorrect_Q6_
5564:
            bne $s6, $s7, incorrect_Q6_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
s6 is NOT equal to value in $s7 go to incorrect_Q6_
5565:
            j incorrect Q6 # Else jump to incorrect Q6
5566:
5567:
5568:
        incorrect Q6:
                               # Load the address of "beep6" into $a0
5569:
            la $a0, beep6
            la $a1, duration6  # Load the address of "duration6" into $a1
5570:
            la $a2, instrument6 # Load the address of "instrument6" into $a2
5571:
5572:
           la $a3, volume6
                               # Load the address of "volume6" into $a3
5573:
5574:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep6" into $a0
                               # Load the value of "duration6" into $a1
5575:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
5576:
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2
5577:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume6" into $a3
5578:
5579:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
5580:
5581:
                           # Print out the output on screen
               svscall
5582:
5583:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5584:
            la $a0, incorrect # Load incorrect into $a0 using la (load Address)
5585:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5586:
5587:
           li $v0, 5
                      # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                     # Print out the output on screen
5588:
            syscall
5589:
            move $s1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s1
5590:
```

```
li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
5591:
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
5592:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
5593:
           move $s2, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s2
5594:
5595:
            li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
5596:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
5597:
           move $s6, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $s6
5598:
5599:
            ial FindO6Num1
                               # Jump to FindO6Num1 and perform
5600:
            lw $s4, valueX1_Q6_ # Load value held in valueX1_Q6 to register $s4
5601:
                             # Jump to FindQ6Num2 and perform
5602:
            ial FindO6Num2
5603:
           lw $s5, valueX2_Q6_ # Load value held in valueX2_Q6 to register $s5
5604:
                             # Jump to FindQ6Num3 and perform
5605:
           ial FindO6Num3
5606:
            lw $s7, valueX3_Q6_ # Load value held in valueX3_Q6 to register $s7
5607:
5608:
           beq $s1, $s4, check_y1__Q6_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
s equal to value in $s4 go to check_y1_Q6_
5609:
           beg $s1, $s5, check y2 Q6 # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
s equal to value in $s5 go to check_y2_Q6_
5610:
            beq $s1, $s7, check_y3__Q6_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s1 i
s equal to value in $s7 go to check_y3_Q6_
5611:
            j _check_y1__Q6_
                              # Else, jump to _check_y1_Q6_
5612:
5613:
        check y1 Q6:
5614:
            beq $s2, $s5, check_z1__Q6_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s5 go to check z1 Q6
            beq $s2, $s7, check_z2__Q6_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
5615:
s equal to value in $s7 go to check_z2_Q6_
            j _check_z1__06
5616:
                                  # Else jump to _check_z1_Q6_
5617:
5618:
       check_y2__Q6_:
            beg $s2, $s4, check_z1__Q6_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
5619:
s equal to value in $s4 go to check_z1_Q6_
5620:
            beq $s2, $s7, check_z3__Q6_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s7 go to check_z3_Q6_
5621:
            j _check_z1__Q6_
                               # Else jump to _check_z1_Q6_
5622:
5623:
        check_y3__Q6_:
5624:
            beq $s2, $s4, check_z2__Q6_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s4 go to check z2 Q6
5625:
           beg $s2, $s5, check_z3__Q6_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s2 i
s equal to value in $s5 go to check_z3_Q6_
5626:
                               # Else jump to _check_z1_Q6_
            j _check_z1__Q6_
5627:
5628:
       check y1 Q6:
            bne $s2, $s4, _check_z1__Q6_
                                         # Branch if not equal, if value held in regist
5629:
er $s2 is NOT equal to value in $s4 go to _check_z1_Q6_
           bne $s2, $s5, _check_z1__Q6_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in regist
er $s2 is NOT equal to value in $s5 go to _check_z1_Q6_
            bne $s2, $s7, _check_z1__Q6_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in regist
er $s2 is NOT equal to value in $s7 go to _check_z1_Q6_
```

```
j check z1 Q6 # Else jump to check z1 Q6
5632:
5633:
        check_z1__Q6_:
5634:
5635:
            beq $s6, $s7, Correct_Q6
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s6 i
s equal to value in $s7 go to Correct Q6
5636:
            i lost Q6
                        # Else jump to lost_Q6
5637:
5638:
       check z2 Q6:
5639:
            beq $s6, $s5, Correct_Q6  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s6 i
s equal to value in $s5 go to Correct_Q6
5640:
            i lost 06
                       # Else jump to lost Q6
5641:
5642:
       check_z3__Q6_:
            beq $s6, $s4, Correct_Q6
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $s6 i
5643:
s equal to value in $s4 go to Correct_Q6
            j lost Q6
                       # Else jump to lost Q6
5644:
5645:
5646:
       _check_z1__Q6_:
5647:
            bne $s6, $s4, lost Q6
                                   # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $s6 i
s NOT equal to value in $s4 go to lost Q6
5648:
            bne $s6, $s5, lost_Q6
                                   # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $s6 i
s NOT equal to value in $s5 go to lost Q6
           bne $s6, $s7, lost_Q6
                                   # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $s6 i
5649:
s NOT equal to value in $s7 go to lost_Q6
5650:
            j lost Q6 # Else jump to lost Q6
5651:
5652:
5653:
       lost 06:
                               # Load the address of "beep6" into $a0
5654:
            la $a0, beep6
                               # Load the address of "duration6" into $a1
5655:
            la $a1, duration6
            la $a2, instrument6 # Load the address of "instrument6" into $a2
5656:
           la $a3, volume6
                               # Load the address of "volume6" into $a3
5657:
5658:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep6" into $a0
5659:
5660:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration6" into $a1
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                               # Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2
5661:
5662:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume6" into $a3
5663:
5664:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
5665:
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
5666:
                           # Print out the output on screen
5667:
5668:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5669:
            la $a0, lost # Load lost into $a0 using la (load Address)
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5670:
5671:
5672:
           # Telling the system to stop executing the program
            li $v0, 10
5673:
                          # Telling the system to stop executing by putting value 10 into
register $v0
5674:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5675:
5676:
       exit Q6:
5677:
5678:
```

```
# Loading the value held in register $a3 from the stack in
5679:
            lw
                 $a3, 0($sp)
 the first location in the stack pointer 0 using lw (load word)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num1" called in this
5680:
                 $ra, 4($sp)
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 4 using lw (load wo
rd)
5681:
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num2" called in this
            lw
                 $ra, 8($sp)
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 8 using lw (load wo
rd)
5682:
                 $ra, 12($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num3" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 12 using lw (load w
ord)
5683:
                 $ra, 16($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num2" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 16 using lw (load w
ord)
5684:
                 $ra, 20($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num3" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 20 using lw (load w
ord)
5685:
            lw
                 $ra, 24($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num1" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 24 using lw (load w
ord)
5686:
            lw
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num2" called in this
                 $ra, 28($sp)
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 28 using lw (load w
ord)
5687:
                 $ra, 32($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num3" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 32 using lw (load w
5688:
                 $ra, 36($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num3" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 36 using lw (load w
ord)
5689:
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num2" called in this
                 $ra, 40($sp)
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 40 using lw (load w
ord)
5690:
                 $ra, 44($sp)
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num3" called in this
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 44 using lw (load w
ord)
5691:
                                # Loading the nested function "FindQ5Num3" called in this
                 $ra, 48($sp)
function from the stack in the second location in the stack pointer at 48 using lw (load w
ord)
5692:
            addi $sp, $sp, 52  # Alocatie memeory back to the stack for 40 bytes (negativ
e because we are allocating space from the stack, positive is when we are adding space to
the stack)
5693:
5694:
            jr $ra
                        # Finish and return to main and continue executing
5695:
5696:
5697:
        # Find first answer of question 6
5698:
        FindQ6Num1:
5699:
            la $t0, ArrayQ6Ans
                                    # base address of ArrayQ6Ans (base_address = addess of
MapPoints)
5700:
                            # row index of value (i = 0)
            li $t1, 0
5701:
            li $t2, 3
                            # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
5702:
            li $t3, 0
                            # column index of value (j = 0)
            li $t4, 4
                            # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
5703:
5704:
5705:
           # Calculate the address of value using the formula
```

```
mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                               \# (i * m)
5706:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                               \# (i * m + j)
5707:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                               \# (i * m + j) * element_size
5708:
                               # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
5709:
           add $t5, $t5, $t0
5710:
           lw $t6, 0($t5)  # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
5711:
5712:
5713:
            sw $t6, valueX1 Q6  # Store value held in register $t6 in valueX1 Q6 since
it is the answer
5714:
5715:
           jr $ra
5716:
5717:
5718:
       # Find second answer of question 6
5719:
        FindQ6Num2:
5720:
            la $t0, ArrayQ6Ans  # base address of ArrayQ6Ans (base address = addess of
MapPoints)
5721:
                          # row index of value (i = 0)
           li $t1, 0
                           # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
5722:
            li $t2, 3
5723:
            li $t3, 1
                          # column index of value (j = 1)
           li $t4, 4
                           # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
5724:
5725:
           # Calculate the address of value using the formula
5726:
5727:
           mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                               \# (i * m)
5728:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                               #(i*m+j)
5729:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                               \# (i * m + j) * element_size
           add $t5, $t5, $t0  # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
5730:
5731:
5732:
           lw $t6, 0($t5) # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
5733:
5734:
           sw $t6, valueX2_Q6  # Store value held in register $t6 in valueX1_Q6 since
it is the answer
5735:
5736:
                      # Finish and return to main and continue executing
           jr $ra
5737:
5738:
5739:
       # Find third answer of question 6
        FindQ6Num3:
5740:
5741:
            la $t0, ArrayQ6Ans  # base address of ArrayQ6Ans (base_address = addess of
MapPoints)
5742:
           li $t1, 0
                           # row index of value (i = 0)
                           # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
            li $t2, 3
5743:
                           # column index of value (j = 2)
5744:
            li $t3, 2
                           # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element size = 4)
           li $t4, 4
5745:
5746:
5747:
           # Calculate the address of value using the formula
5748:
           mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                               \# (i * m)
5749:
           add $t5, $t5, $t3
                               #(i*m+j)
5750:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                               \# (i * m + j) * element size
           add $t5, $t5, $t0  # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
5751:
5752:
5753:
           lw $t6, 0($t5)
                             # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
5754:
           sw $t6, valueX3_Q6  # Store value held in register $t6 in valueX3_Q6 since
it is the answer
```

```
5756:
5757:
                     # Finish and return to main and continue executing
           jr $ra
5758:
5759:
5760:
       # Find first answer of question 6
5761:
       FindQ6Num1_:
5762:
           la $t0, ArrayQ6Ans # base address of ArrayQ6Ans (base_address = addess of
MapPoints)
5763:
           li $t1, 1
                          # row index of value (i = 1)
5764:
           li $t2, 3
                          # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
                         \# column index of value (j = 0)
5765:
           li $t3, 0
           li $t4, 4
                          # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
5766:
5767:
           # Calculate the address of value using the formula
5768:
5769:
           mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                              \# (i * m)
           add $t5, $t5, $t3
                              #(i*m+j)
5770:
           sll $t5, $t5, 2
                              \# (i * m + j) * element size
5771:
5772:
           add $t5, $t5, $t0  # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
5773:
5774:
           lw $t6, 0($t5) # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
5775:
5776:
           sw $t6, valueX1_Q6_ # Store value held in register $t6 in valueX1_Q6_ sinc
e it is the answer
5777:
5778:
      jr $ra
5779:
5780:
5781:
       # Find second answer of question 6
5782:
       FindQ6Num2:
           la $t0, ArrayQ6Ans # base address of ArrayQ6Ans (base_address = addess of
5783:
MapPoints)
                          # row index of value (i = 1)
5784:
           li $t1, 1
           li $t2, 3
                         # number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
5785:
                         \# column index of value (j = 1)
           li $t3, 1
5786:
5787:
           li $t4, 4
                          # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
5788:
5789:
           # Calculate the address of value using the formula
           mul $t5, $t1, $t2
5790:
                              \# (i * m)
5791:
           add $t5, $t5, $t3
                              #(i*m+j)
           sll $t5, $t5, 2
5792:
                              \# (i * m + j) * element_size
5793:
           add \$t5, \$t5, \$t0 # base address + (i * m + j) * element size
5794:
5795:
           lw $t6, 0($t5)  # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
5796:
5797:
           sw $t6, valueX2_Q6_ # Store value held in register $t6 in valueX1_Q6_ sinc
e it is the answer
5798:
5799:
           jr $ra
                      # Finish and return to main and continue executing
5800:
5801:
5802:
       # Find third answer of question 6
5803:
       FindQ6Num3:
           la $t0, ArrayQ6Ans  # base address of ArrayQ6Ans (base_address = addess of
5804:
MapPoints)
           li $t1.1 # row index of value (i = 1)
5805:
```

```
# number of columns in array MapPoints (m = 3)
5806:
            li $t2, 3
                           # column index of value (j = 2)
            li $t3, 2
5807:
            li $t4, 4
                           # element size in bytes (4 bytes) (element_size = 4)
5808:
5809:
           # Calculate the address of value using the formula
5810:
5811:
           mul $t5, $t1, $t2
                               \# (i * m)
5812:
            add $t5, $t5, $t3
                               #(i*m+j)
5813:
            sll $t5, $t5, 2
                               \# (i * m + j) * element size
5814:
           add $t5, $t5, $t0
                               # base_address + (i * m + j) * element_size
5815:
5816:
           lw $t6. 0($t5)
                               # load value held in register $t5 into $t6
5817:
5818:
            sw $t6, valueX3_Q6_ # Store value held in register $t6 in valueX3_Q6_ sinc
e it is the answer
5819:
5820:
                      # Finish and return to main and continue executing
            jr $ra
5821:
5822:
5823:
       # Pseudocode:
       # void PolynomialQuestionSeven(const int* ArrayQ7Int, const int* ArrayQ7Ans1){
5824:
5825:
           print(Question 7)
5826:
           while(true){
            continue;
5827:
       #
5828:
       # }
5829:
       #
           while(false){
5830:
       #
           exit(0):
       # }
5831:
5832:
       # Ouestion 7 function
5833:
        PolynomialQuestionSeven:
5834:
            # Printing Question 7 to the player
                           # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into r
5835:
egister $v0
                                   # Load Question7 into $a0 using la (load Address)
5836:
            la $a0, Question7
                       # Print out the output on screen
5837:
            syscall
5838:
           # Printing value 3 from ArrayQ6Int at ArrayQ7Int[0]
5839:
5840:
            lw $s2, ArrayQ7Int($zero) # Loading value held at index 0 in ArrayQ7Int Que
stion 7 to register $s2
5841:
5842:
           li $v0, 1  # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 into r
egister $v0
            addi $a0, $s2, 0  # Add value held in register $s2 to register $a0 in order
5843:
to print out on screen
                       # Print out the output on screen
5844:
            syscall
5845:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
5846:
ter $v0
5847:
            la $a0, firstVer7.1 # Load firstVer7.1 into $a0 using la (load Address)
5848:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5849:
5850:
           # Printing value 39 from ArrayQ7Int at ArrayQ7Int[1]
5851:
            li $t0, 4
                           # Loading register $t0 with the index 4
            lw $s4, ArrayQ7Int($t0)  # Loading value held at index 4 in ArrayQ7Int Quest
5852:
ion 7 to register $s4
5853:
```

ter \$v0

```
li $v0, 1  # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 in
5854:
to register $v0
               move $a0, $s4  # Moving value held in register $s4 to register $a0 in ord
5855:
er to print out on screen
                       # Print out the output on screen
5856:
            syscall
5857:
5858:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5859:
            la $a0, firstVer7.2  # Load firstVer7.2 into $a0 using la (load Address)
5860:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5861:
5862:
           # Printing value 168 from ArrayQ7Int at ArrayQ7Int[2]
5863:
            addi $t0, $t0, 4
                             # Updating register $t0 to index 8 by adding 4 to it
            lw $s5, ArrayQ7Int($t0)  # Loading value held at index 8 in ArrayQ7Int Quest
5864:
ion 7 to register $s5
5865:
            li $v0, 1  # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 into r
5866:
egister $v0
           move $a0, $s5  # Moving value held in register $s5 to register $a0 in order t
5867:
o print out on screen
5868:
                       # Print out the output on screen
            syscall
5869:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
5870:
ter $v0
5871:
                                 # Load firstVer7.3 into $a0 using la (load Address)
            la $a0, firstVer7.3
5872:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5873:
5874:
           # Printing value 276 from ArrayQ7Int at ArrayQ7Int[3]
            addi $t0, $t0, 4
5875:
                               # Updating register $t0 to index 12 by adding 4 to it
            lw $s6, Array07Int($t0)  # Loading value held at index 12 in Array07Int Ques
5876:
tion 7 to register $s6
5877:
            li $v0, 1  # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 into r
5878:
egister $v0
5879:
           move $a0, $s6  # Moving value held in register $s6 to register $a0 in order t
o print out on screen
5880:
            syscall
                       # Print out the output on screen
5881:
5882:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5883:
            la $a0, firstVer7.4
                                 # Load firstVer7.4 into $a0 using la (load Address)
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5884:
5885:
5886:
                               # Updating register $t0 to index 16 by adding 4 to it
           addi $t0, $t0, 4
5887:
            lw $s7, ArrayQ7Int($t0)  # Loading value held at index 16 in ArrayQ7Int Ques
tion 7 to register $s7
5888:
5889:
            li $v0, 1 # Telling the system to print an INTEGER by putting value 1 into r
egister $v0
                           # Moving value held in register $s7 to register $a0 in order t
5890:
           move $a0, $s7
o print out on screen
                      # Print out the output on screen
5891:
           syscall
5892:
5893:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
```

```
# Load firstVer7.5 into $a0 using la (load Address)
5894:
            la $a0, firstVer7.5
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5895:
5896:
5897:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
5898:
            la $a0, roots
                           # Load roots into $a0 using la (load Address)
5899:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
5900:
5901:
5902:
                      li $v0, 5 # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by pu
tting value 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                       # Print out the output on screen
5903:
            syscall
            move $t1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $t1
5904:
5905:
5906:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
5907:
                      # Print out the output on screen
            svscall
5908:
           move $t2, $v0  # move value held in $v0 to register $t2
5909:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
5910:
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
5911:
            svscall
                      # Print out the output on screen
5912:
           move $t8, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $t8
5913:
5914:
           li $v0, 5
                      # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
                       # Print out the output on screen
5915:
            syscall
5916:
           move $t9, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $t9
5917:
           lw $t4, ArrayQ7Ans1($zero)
                                       # Loading value held at index 4 in ArrayQ7Int Qu
5918:
estion 7 to register $t4
                           # Loading register $t3 with the index 4
5919:
            li $t3, 4
5920:
            lw $t5, ArrayQ7Ans1($t3)
                                       # Loading value held at index 8 in ArrayQ7Int Ques
tion 7 to register $t5
5921:
           addi $t3, $t3, 4  # Updating register $t0 to index 12 by adding 4 to it
5922:
            lw $t6, ArrayQ7Ans1($t3)
                                       # Loading value held at index 12 in ArrayQ7Int Que
stion 7 to to register $t6
5923:
            addi $t3, $t3, 4
                               # Updating register $t0 to index 16 by adding 4 to it
5924:
           lw $t7, ArrayQ7Ans1($t3)
                                     # Loading value held at index 16 in ArrayQ7Int Que
stion 7 to register $t7
5925:
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t1 i
5926:
            beq $t1, $t4, check_y1_Q7
s equal to value in $t4 go to check y1 Q7
           beg $t1, $t5, check y2 Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t1 i
5927:
s equal to value in $t5 go to check_y2_Q7
            beq $t1, $t6, check_y3_Q7
                                      # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t1 i
5928:
s equal to value in $t6 go to check_y3_Q7
5929:
            beq $t1, $t7, check_y4_Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t1 i
s equal to value in $t7 go to check y4 Q7
            j _check_y1_Q7 # Else, jump to _check_y1_Q7
5930:
5931:
5932:
       check y1 Q7:
            beq $t2, $t5, check_z1_Q7
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
5933:
s equal to value in $t5 go to check_z1_Q7
5934:
           beg $t2, $t6, check z2 Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
```

```
s equal to value in $t6 go to check z2 Q7
            beq $t2, $t7, check_z3_Q7
                                      # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
5935:
s equal to value in $t7 go to check_z3_Q7
5936:
            j check z1 Q7
                                # Else jump to _check_z1_Q7
5937:
5938:
        check_y2_Q7:
5939:
            beq $t2, $t4, check_z1_Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
s equal to value in $t4 go to check z1 Q7
5940:
            beg $t2, $t6, check_z4_Q7
                                      # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
s equal to value in $t6 go to check_z4_Q7
5941:
            beq $t2, $t7, check_z5_Q7
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
s equal to value in $t7 go to check_z5_Q7
5942:
            j _check_z1_Q7
                                # Else jump to _check_z1_Q7
5943:
5944:
        check_y3_Q7:
            beg $t2, $t4, check z2 Q7
5945:
                                        # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
s equal to value in $t4 go to check z2 Q7
5946:
            beq $t2, $t5, check_z4_Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
s equal to value in $t5 go to check z4 Q7
5947:
            beq $t2, $t7, check_z6_Q7
                                        # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
s equal to value in $t7 go to check_z6_Q7
5948:
            j check z1 Q7
                                # Else jump to _check_z1_Q7
5949:
5950:
        check_y4_Q7:
5951:
            beq $t2, $t4, check_z3_Q7
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
s equal to value in $t4 go to check_z3_Q7
            beg $t2, $t5, check_z5_Q7
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
5952:
s equal to value in $t5 go to check z5 Q7
            beq $t2, $t6, check_z6_Q7
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
5953:
s equal to value in $t6 go to check z6 Q7
            j _check_z1_Q7
5954:
                                # Else jump to check z1 Q7
5955:
5956:
       _check_y1_Q7:
5957:
            bne $t2, $t4, _check_z1_Q7 # Branch not if equal, if value held in register $
t2 is NOT equal to value in $t4 go to _check_z1_Q7
            bne $t2, $t5, _check_z1_Q7 # Branch not if equal, if value held in register $
5958:
t2 is NOT equal to value in $t5 go to _check_z1_Q7
            bne $t2, $t6, _check_z1_Q7 # Branch not if equal, if value held in register $
5959:
t2 is NOT equal to value in $t6 go to _check_z1_Q7
5960:
            bne $t2, $t7, _check_z1_Q7 # Branch not if equal, if value held in register $
t2 is NOT equal to value in $t7 go to _check_z1_Q7
5961:
                                # Else jump to check_z1_Q7
            j check_z1_Q7
5962:
5963:
        check z1 Q7:
5964:
            beg $t8, $t6, check_w4_Q7
                                        # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
s equal to value in $t6 go to check_w4_Q7
5965:
                                        # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
            beq $t8, $t7, check_w3_Q7
s equal to value in $t7 go to check_w3_Q7
5966:
            j check w1 Q7
                                # Else jump to check w1 Q7
5967:
5968:
        check_z2_Q7:
5969:
            beq $t8, $t5, check_w4_Q7
                                        # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
s equal to value in $t5 go to check_w4_Q7
            beq $t8, $t7, check_w2_Q7
                                        # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
s equal to value in $t7 go to check_w2_Q7
```

```
j _check_w1_Q7
                             # Else jump to _check_w1_Q7
5971:
5972:
5973:
        check z3 Q7:
5974:
            beq $t8, $t5, check_w3_Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
s equal to value in $t5 go to check w3 Q7
                                        # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
5975:
            beg $t8, $t6, check_w2_Q7
s equal to value in $t6 go to check_w2_Q7
5976:
                                # Else jump to check w1 Q7
            j check w1 Q7
5977:
5978:
        check_z4_Q7:
5979:
            beq $t8, $t4, check_w4_Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
s equal to value in $t4 go to check_w4_Q7
            beq $t8, $t7, check_w1_Q7 # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
5980:
s equal to value in $t7 go to check_w1_Q7
5981:
            j _check_w1_Q7
                                # Else jump to _check_w1_Q7
5982:
5983:
        check z5 Q7:
5984:
            beq $t8, $t4, check_w3_Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
s equal to value in $t4 go to check w3 Q7
            beq $t8, $t6, check_w1_Q7
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
5985:
s equal to value in $t6 go to check_w1_Q7
5986:
            j check w1 Q7
                               # Else jump to _check_w1_Q7
5987:
5988:
        check_z6_Q7:
5989:
            beq $t8, $t4, check_w2_Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
s equal to value in $t4 go to check_w2_Q7
            beq $t8, $t5, check_w1_Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
5990:
s equal to value in $t5 go to check w1 Q7
5991:
                                # Else jump to _check_w1_Q7
            j _check_w1_Q7
5992:
5993:
       check z1 Q7:
            bne $t8, $t4, _check_w1_Q7 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
5994:
t8 is NOT equal to value in $t4 go to _check_w1_Q7
5995:
            bne $t8, $t5, _check_w1_Q7 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
t8 is NOT equal to value in $t5 go to _check_w1_Q7
            bne $t8, $t6, _check_w1_Q7 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
5996:
t8 is NOT equal to value in $t6 go to _check_w1_Q7
            bne $t8, $t7, _check_w1_Q7 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
5997:
t8 is NOT equal to value in $t7 go to _check_w1_Q7
5998:
            j check_w1_Q7 # Else jump to check_w1_Q7
5999:
6000:
        check_w1_Q7:
6001:
            beq $t9, $t4, Correct_Q7
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t9 i
s equal to value in $t4 go to Correct Q7
6002:
            j incorrect_Q7  # Else jump to incorrect_Q7
6003:
6004:
        check w2 Q7:
6005:
            beq $t9, $t5, Correct_Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t9 i
s equal to value in $t5 go to Correct Q7
            j incorrect_Q7  # Else jump to incorrect_Q7
6006:
6007:
6008:
        check w3 Q7:
                                       # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t9 i
6009:
            beq $t9, $t6, Correct_Q7
s equal to value in $t6 go to Correct_Q7
6010:
            j incorrect Q7
                                # Else jump to incorrect Q7
```

```
6011:
6012:
        check_w4_Q7:
            beq $t9, $t7, Correct_Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t9 i
6013:
s equal to value in $t7 go to Correct Q7
            j incorrect Q7
                             # Else jump to incorrect Q7
6014:
6015:
6016:
       _check_w1_Q7:
6017:
            bne $t9, $t4, incorrect_Q7 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
t9 is NOT equal to value in $t4 go to incorrect_Q7
            bne $t9, $t5, incorrect_Q7 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
6018:
t9 is NOT equal to value in $t5 go to incorrect_Q7
6019:
            bne $t9, $t6, incorrect_Q7 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
t9 is NOT equal to value in $t6 go to incorrect_Q7
            bne $t9, $t7, incorrect_Q7 # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
6020:
t9 is NOT equal to value in $t7 go to incorrect_Q7
6021:
            j incorrect Q7  # Else jump to incorrect Q7
6022:
6023:
       Correct_Q7:
                                # Load the address of "sound5" into $a0
6024:
            la $a0, sound5
6025:
            la $a1, duration5
                                # Load the address of "duration5" into $a1
6026:
            la $a2, instrument5
                                    # Load the address of "instrument5" into $a2
6027:
            la $a3, volume5
                                # Load the address of "volume5" into $a3
6028:
                                # Load the value of "sound5" into $a0
6029:
            lb $a0, 0($a0)
                                # Load the value of "duration5" into $a1
6030:
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
6031:
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
                                # Load the value of "instrument5" into $a2
                                # Load the value of "volume5" into $a3
            lb $a3, 0($a3)
6032:
6033:
6034:
            # Make the system call to play the sound
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
6035:
                           # Print out the output on screen
6036:
                syscall
6037:
            li $v0, 32 # Load value 32 to register $v0 to wait for a few seconds
6038:
            li $a0, 300 # wait for 300 millisecond
6039:
6040:
            syscall
                      # Print out the output on screen
6041:
6042:
            la $a0, sound5
                                # Load the address of "sound5" into $a0
            la $a1, duration5
                                # Load the address of "duration5" into $a1
6043:
6044:
            la $a2, instrument5
                                    # Load the address of "instrument5" into $a2
6045:
            la $a3, volume5
                                # Load the address of "volume5" into $a3
6046:
            lb $a0, 0($a0)
                                # Load the value of "sound5" into $a0
6047:
            lb $a1, 0($a1)
                                # Load the value of "duration5" into $a1
6048:
            lb $a2, 0($a2)
                                # Load the value of "instrument5" into $a2
6049:
            lb $a3, 0($a3)
                                # Load the value of "volume5" into $a3
6050:
6051:
            # Make the system call to play the sound
6052:
                li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
6053:
6054:
                syscall
                            # Print out the output on screen
6055:
6056:
            li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
6057:
            la $a0, correct
                              # Load correct into $a0 using la (load Address)
6058:
            syscall # Print out the output on screen
6059:
```

```
j exit_Q7  # Jump go to exit_Q7
6060:
6061:
6062:
        incorrect_Q7:
6063:
           la $a0, beep6
                               # Load the address of "beep6" into $a0
           la $a1, duration6
6064:
                               # Load the address of "duration6" into $a1
           la $a2, instrument6 # Load the address of "instrument6" into $a2
6065:
                               # Load the address of "volume6" into $a3
6066:
           la $a3, volume6
6067:
6068:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                               # Load the value of "beep6" into $a0
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
                               # Load the value of "duration6" into $a1
6069:
                               # Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2
6070:
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                               # Load the value of "volume6" into $a3
6071:
6072:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
6073:
6074:
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
                           # Print out the output on screen
6075:
               syscall
6076:
6077:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
6078:
           la $a0, incorrect # Load incorrect into $a0 using la (load Address)
6079:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
6080:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
6081:
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
6082:
6083:
           move $t1, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $t1
6084:
6085:
           li $v0, 5 # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
6086:
6087:
           move $t2, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $t2
6088:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
6089:
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
6090:
           syscall
                     # Print out the output on screen
6091:
           move $t8, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $t8
6092:
6093:
           li $v0, 5  # Telling the system to get an INTEGER from the user by putting va
lue 5 into register $v0 (scanf)
6094:
           svscall
                     # Print out the output on screen
6095:
           move $t9, $v0 # move value held in $v0 to register $t9
6096:
6097:
           lw $t4, ArrayQ7Ans1($zero) # Loading value held at index 4 in ArrayQ7Int Qu
estion 7 to register $t4
6098:
           li $t3, 4
                           # Loading register $t3 with the index 4
           lw $t5, ArrayQ7Ans1($t3)  # Loading value held at index 8 in ArrayQ7Int Ques
6099:
tion 7 to register $t5
6100:
           addi $t3, $t3, 4 # Updating register $t0 to index 12 by adding 4 to it
           lw $t6, ArrayQ7Ans1($t3)  # Loading value held at index 12 in ArrayQ7Int Que
6101:
stion 7 to to register $t6
6102:
                               # Updating register $t0 to index 16 by adding 4 to it
           addi $t3, $t3, 4
6103:
           lw $t7, ArrayQ7Ans1($t3)  # Loading value held at index 16 in ArrayQ7Int Que
stion 7 to register $t7
6104:
6105:
           beq $t1, $t4, check_y1_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t1 i
```

```
s equal to value in $t4 go to check_y1_Q7_
            beq $t1, $t5, check_y2_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t1 i
s equal to value in $t5 go to check_y2_Q7_
6107:
            beq $t1, $t6, check_y3_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t1 i
s equal to value in $t6 go to check_y3_Q7_
            beq $t1, $t7, check_y4_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t1 i
6108:
s equal to value in $t7 go to check_y4_Q7_
                                   # Else, jump to _check_y1_Q7_
6109:
            j _check_y1_Q7_
6110:
6111:
        check_y1_Q7_:
6112:
            beq $t2, $t5, check_z1_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
s equal to value in $t5 go to check_z1_Q7_
            beq $t2, $t6, check_z2_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
6113:
s equal to value in $t6 go to check_z2_Q7_
6114:
            beq $t2, $t7, check_z3_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
s equal to value in $t7 go to check_z3_Q7_
6115:
            j check z1 Q7
                               # Else jump to _check_z1_Q7_
6116:
6117:
        check y2 Q7 :
            beq $t2, $t4, check_z1_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
6118:
s equal to value in $t4 go to check_z1_Q7_
6119:
            beg $t2, $t6, check z4 Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
s equal to value in $t6 go to check_z4_Q7_
6120:
            beq $t2, $t7, check_z5_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
s equal to value in $t7 go to check_z5_Q7_
6121:
            j _check_z1_Q7_
                               # Else jump to _check_z1_Q7_
6122:
6123:
        check y3 Q7 :
6124:
            beq $t2, $t4, check_z2_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
s equal to value in $t4 go to check z2 Q7
            beq $t2, $t5, check_z4_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
6125:
s equal to value in $t5 go to check_z4_Q7_
            beq $t2, $t7, check_z6_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
6126:
s equal to value in $t7 go to check_z6_Q7_
6127:
            j _check_z1_Q7_
                             # Else jump to _check_z1_Q7_
6128:
6129:
        check_y4_Q7_:
6130:
            beq $t2, $t4, check_z3_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
s equal to value in $t4 go to check_z3_Q7_
6131:
            beq $t2, $t5, check_z5_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
s equal to value in $t5 go to check z5 Q7
            beq $t2, $t6, check_z6_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t2 i
6132:
s equal to value in $t6 go to check z6 Q7
                               # Else jump to _check_z1_Q7_
6133:
            j check z1 Q7
6134:
6135:
       _check_y1_Q7_:
            bne $t2, $t4, _check_z1_Q7_ # Branch not if equal, if value held in register $
6136:
t2 is NOT equal to value in $t4 go to _check_z1_Q7_
            bne $t2, $t5, _check_z1_Q7_ # Branch not if equal, if value held in register $
6137:
t2 is NOT equal to value in $t5 go to _check_z1_Q7_
6138:
            bne $t2, $t6, _check_z1_Q7_ # Branch not if equal, if value held in register $
t2 is NOT equal to value in $t6 go to check z1 Q7
            bne $t2, $t7, _check_z1_Q7_ # Branch not if equal, if value held in register $
6139:
t2 is NOT equal to value in $t7 go to _check_z1_Q7_
            i check z1 Q7
                               # Else jump to check z1 Q7
6140:
```

```
6141:
6142:
        check_z1_Q7_:
            beq $t8, $t6, check_w4_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
6143:
s equal to value in $t6 go to check w4 Q7
            beq $t8, $t7, check_w3_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
6144:
s equal to value in $t7 go to check_w3_Q7_
6145:
            j _check_w1_Q7_
                               # Else jump to _check_w1_Q7_
6146:
6147:
        check_z2_Q7_:
            beq $t8, $t5, check_w4_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
6148:
s equal to value in $t5 go to check_w4_Q7_
6149:
            beq $t8, $t7, check_w2_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
s equal to value in $t7 go to check_w2_Q7_
6150:
            j check w1 Q7
                               # Else jump to _check_w1_Q7_
6151:
6152:
        check z3 Q7 :
            beq $t8, $t5, check_w3_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
6153:
s equal to value in $t5 go to check_w3_Q7
6154:
            beg $t8, $t6, check w2 Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
s equal to value in $t6 go to check_w2_Q7
6155:
                               # Else jump to _check_w1_Q7
            j _check_w1_Q7_
6156:
        check_z4_Q7_:
6157:
6158:
            beq $t8, $t4, check_w4_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
s equal to value in $t4 go to check_w4_Q7_
            beq $t8, $t7, check_w1_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
s equal to value in $t7 go to check_w1_Q7_
6160:
            j check w1 Q7
                             # Else jump to _check_w1_Q7_
6161:
6162:
        check z5 Q7 :
            beq $t8, $t4, check_w3_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
6163:
s equal to value in $t4 go to check_w3_Q7_
            beq $t8, $t6, check_w1_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
6164:
s equal to value in $t6 go to check_w1_Q7_
6165:
            j _check_w1_Q7_
                             # Else jump to _check_w1_Q7_
6166:
6167:
        check_z6_Q7_:
6168:
            beq $t8, $t4, check_w2_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
s equal to value in $t4 go to check_w2_Q7_
6169:
            beq $t8, $t5, check_w1_Q7_ # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t8 i
s equal to value in $t5 go to check w1 Q7
                               # Else jump to _check_w1_Q7_
6170:
            j _check_w1_Q7_
6171:
6172:
       check z1 Q7 :
6173:
            bne $t8, $t4, _check_w1_Q7_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
t8 is NOT equal to value in $t4 go to _check_w1_Q7_
            bne $t8, $t5, _check_w1_Q7_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
6174:
t8 is NOT equal to value in $t5 go to _check_w1_Q7_
            bne $t8, $t6, _check_w1_Q7_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
6175:
t8 is NOT equal to value in $t6 go to _check_w1_Q7_
6176:
            bne $t8, $t7, _check_w1_Q7_ # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
t8 is NOT equal to value in $t7 go to _check_w1_Q7_
6177:
            j check_w1_Q7_
                             # Else jump to check_w1_Q7_
6178:
6179:
        check w1 Q7:
```

```
beq $t9, $t4, Correct_Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t9 i
s equal to value in $t4 go to Correct_Q7
6181:
           j lost_Q7 # Else jump to lost_Q7
6182:
6183:
       check_w2_Q7_:
6184:
           beq $t9, $t5, Correct_Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t9 i
s equal to value in $t5 go to Correct_Q7
6185:
           j lost Q7  # Else jump to lost Q7
6186:
6187:
       check_w3_Q7_:
6188:
           beq $t9, $t6, Correct_Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t9 i
s equal to value in $t6 go to Correct_Q7
6189:
           j lost_Q7 # Else jump to lost_Q7
6190:
       check_w4_Q7_:
6191:
           beg $t9, $t7, Correct Q7  # Branch if equal, if value held in register $t9 i
6192:
s equal to value in $t7 go to Correct Q7
           j lost_Q7 # Else jump to lost_Q7
6193:
6194:
6195:
       _check_w1_Q7_:
6196:
           bne $t9, $t4, lost_Q7
                                      # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
t9 is NOT equal to value in $t4 go to lost Q7
           bne $t9, $t5, lost_Q7
                                      # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
6197:
t9 is NOT equal to value in $t5 go to lost_Q7
6198:
           bne $t9, $t6, lost_Q7
                                      # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
t9 is NOT equal to value in $t6 go to lost_Q7
           bne $t9, $t7, lost_Q7
                                    # Branch if not equal, if value held in register $
6199:
t9 is NOT equal to value in $t7 go to lost Q7
           j lost_Q7 # Else jump to lost_Q7
6200:
6201:
       lost Q7:
6202:
                               # Load the address of "beep6" into $a0
6203:
           la $a0, beep6
           la $a1, duration6 # Load the address of "duration6" into $a1
6204:
6205:
           la $a2, instrument6 # Load the address of "instrument6" into $a2
6206:
           la $a3, volume6
                             # Load the address of "volume6" into $a3
6207:
6208:
           lb $a0, 0($a0)
                              # Load the value of "beep6" into $a0
                              # Load the value of "duration6" into $a1
6209:
           lb $a1, 0($a1)
6210:
           lb $a2, 0($a2)
                              # Load the value of "instrument6" into $a2
6211:
           lb $a3, 0($a3)
                              # Load the value of "volume6" into $a3
6212:
6213:
           # Make the system call to play the sound
               li $v0, 31 # Use the "play note" system call
6214:
6215:
                           # Print out the output on screen
               svscall
6216:
6217:
           li $v0, 4  # Telling the system to print a TEXT by putting value 4 into regis
ter $v0
6218:
           la $a0, lost # Load lost into $a0 using la (load Address)
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
6219:
6220:
6221:
           # Telling the system to stop executing the program
6222:
           li $v0. 10
                      # Telling the system to stop executing by putting value 10 into
register $v0
6223:
           syscall # Print out the output on screen
6224:
```

6225: exit_Q7:

6226:

6227: jr \$ra # Finish and return to main and continue executing

6228: 6229: