

Exercise 8.4:

CPU X runs a program/code sequence which consists of 100 instructions. Calculate and fill in the table:

- (a) The CPI for each instruction class given below.
- (b) The execution time for each instruction class, given a clock cycle time is **0.2 milliseconds**.
- (c) The CPU X 's execution time.
- (d) The CPU X 's clock rate (hz).

Instruction	Instructions count	Clock Cycles	(a) CPI	(b) Execution time
A	20	3	$3/20 = 0.15$	0.6ms
B	25	1	$1/25 = 0.04$	0.2ms
C	10	2	$2/10 = 0.2$	0.4ms
D	30	2	$2/30 = 0.067$	0.4ms
E	10	3	$3/10 = 0.3$	0.6ms
F	5	4	$4/5 = 0.8$	0.8ms

a) $CPI = \text{Clock cycles} / \text{Instruction count}$

Example $CPI (\text{Instr A}) = 3 / 20 = \mathbf{0.15}$

...

b) Can use either one of the available equations:

Eq 1 : Exec. time (Instr A) = [Instr count x Clock cycles] x Clock cycle time

3 is clock cycles for
20 instruction.

$$= \mathbf{3} \times 0.2\text{ms} = \mathbf{0.6\text{ms}}$$

Eq 1 is easier & simpler.

Eq 2 : Exec. time (Instr A) = Instr count x CPI x Clock cycle time

$$= 20 \times 0.15 \times 0.2\text{ms} = \mathbf{0.6\text{ms}}$$

....

c) CPU X's Execution Time = **Total of Execution Time for all Instructions** = $(.6+.2+.4+.4+.6+.8)\text{ms} = \mathbf{3\text{ms}}$

d) CPU X's Clock rate = Total of Clock Cycles / Total of Execution Time

$$= (3+1+2+2+3+4) / 3\text{ms}$$

$$= 15 / (3 \times 10^{-3}) = (15 \times 10^0) / (3 \times 10^{-3}) = 5 \times 10^{0 - (-3)}$$

$$= \mathbf{5 \times 10^3 = 5 \text{ KHz}}$$