DAP LAB BOOK 2

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18BBTCS003

- **PANDAS :**

Pandas is an open source Python package that is most widely used for data science/data analysis and machine learning tasks. It is built on top of another package named Numpy, which provides support for multi-dimensional arrays.

- **DATAFRAME :**

DataFrame is a 2-dimensional labeled data structure with columns of potentially different types. You can think of it like a spreadsheet or SQL table, or a dictionary of Series objects. It is generally the most commonly used pandas object.

- **DESTRICTIVE STATISTICS :**

A large number of methods collectively compute descriptive statistics and other related operations on DataFrame. Most of these are aggregations like sum(), mean(), but some of them, like sumsum(), produce an object of the same size.

- **LAMBDA FUNCTION :**

Lambda Function, also referred to as 'Anonymous function' is same as a regular python function but can be defined without a name. While normal functions are defined using the def keyword, anonymous functions are defined using the lambda keyword.

- **SORTING :**

The sort() method is a built-in Python method that, by default, sorts the list in ascending order. However, you can modify the order from ascending to descending by specifying the sorting criteria.

- **INDEXING/SELECTING DATA :**

Indexing in Python is a way to refer the individual items within an iterable by its position. In other words, you can directly access your elements of choice within an iterable and do various operations depending on your needs.

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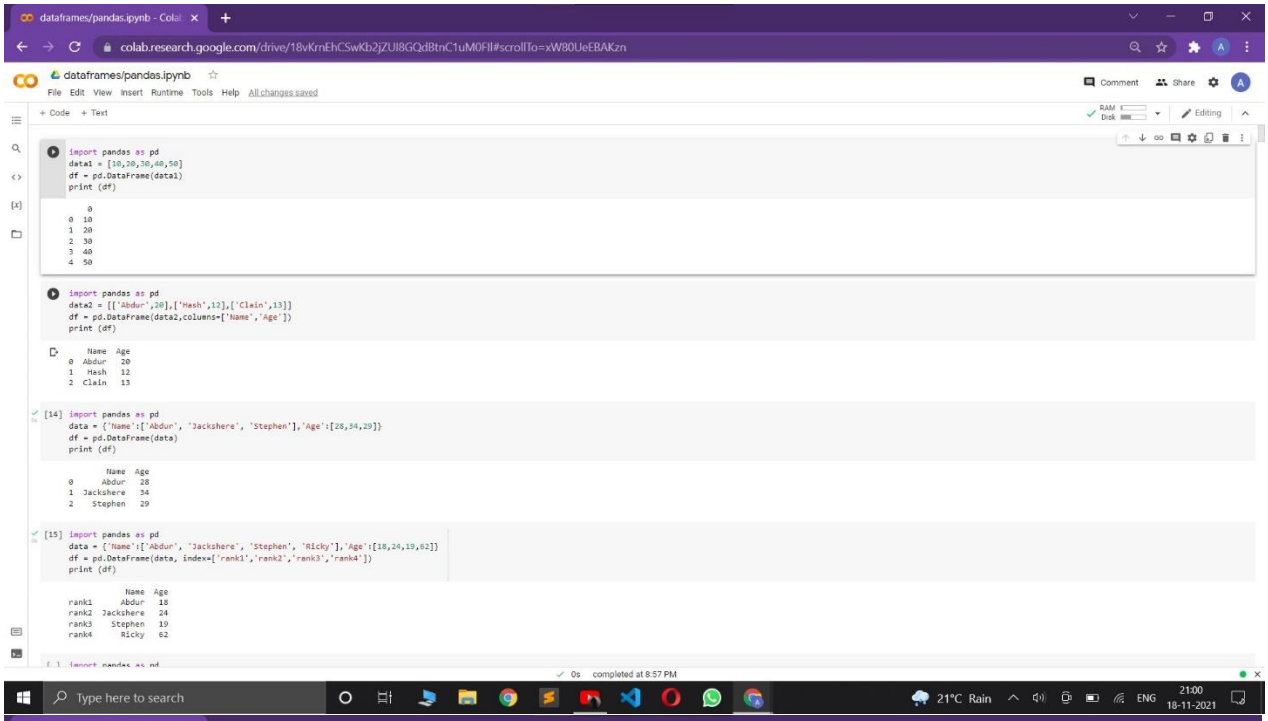

```
import pandas as pd
data1 = [10,20,30,40,50]
df = pd.DataFrame(data1)
print (df)
```

```
    0
0  10
1  20
2  30
3  40
4  50
```

```
import pandas as pd
data2 = [['Abdur',20],['Hash',12],['Clain',13]]
df = pd.DataFrame(data2,columns=['Name','Age'])
print (df)
```

```
     Name  Age
0  Abdur   20
1   Hash   12
2  Clain   13
```

```
[14] import pandas as pd
data = {'Name':['Abdur', 'Jackshere', 'Stephen'],'Age':[28,34,29]}
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
print (df)
```

```
        Name  Age
0      Abdur   28
1  Jackshere   34
2    Stephen   29
```

```
[15] import pandas as pd
data = {'Name':['Abdur', 'Jackshere', 'Stephen', 'Ricky'],'Age':[18,24,19,62]}
df = pd.DataFrame(data, index=['rank1','rank2','rank3','rank4'])
print (df)
```

```
            Name  Age
rank1      Abdur   18
rank2  Jackshere   24
rank3    Stephen   19
rank4      Ricky   62
```

```
[ ] import pandas as pd
```

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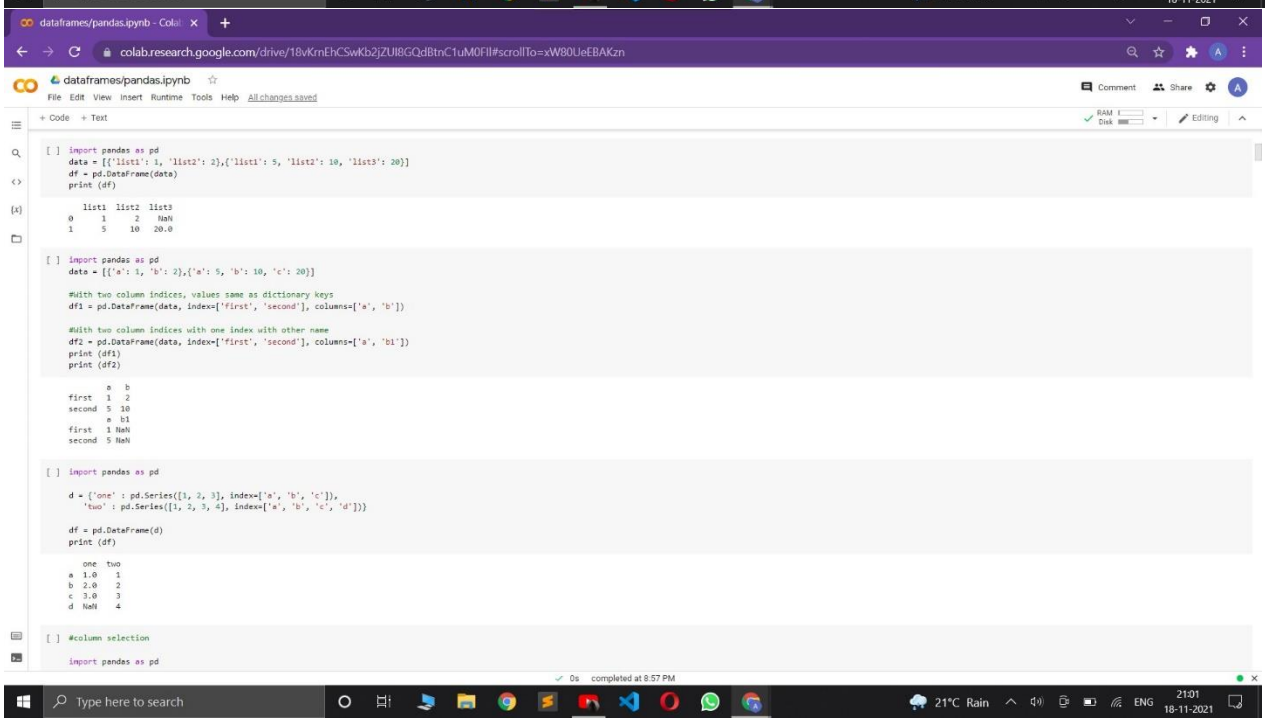

```
[ ] import pandas as pd
data = [{'list1': 1, 'list2': 2},{'list1': 5, 'list2': 10, 'list3': 20}]
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
print (df)
```

```
   list1  list2  list3
0      1      2    NaN
1      5     10   20.0
```

```
[ ] import pandas as pd
data = [{'a': 1, 'b': 2},{'a': 5, 'b': 10, 'c': 20}]

#With two column indices, values same as dictionary keys
df1 = pd.DataFrame(data, index=['first', 'second'], columns=['a', 'b'])

#With two column indices with one index with other name
df2 = pd.DataFrame(data, index=['first', 'second'], columns=['a', 'b1'])
print (df1)
print (df2)
```

```
        a   b
first   1   2
second  5  10
        a  b1
first   1 NaN
second  5 NaN
```

```
[ ] import pandas as pd

d = {'one' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3], index=['a', 'b', 'c']),
   'two' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3, 4], index=['a', 'b', 'c', 'd'])}

df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (df)
```

```
   one  two
a  1.0    1
b  2.0    2
c  3.0    3
d  NaN    4
```

```
[ ] #column selection

    import pandas as pd
```

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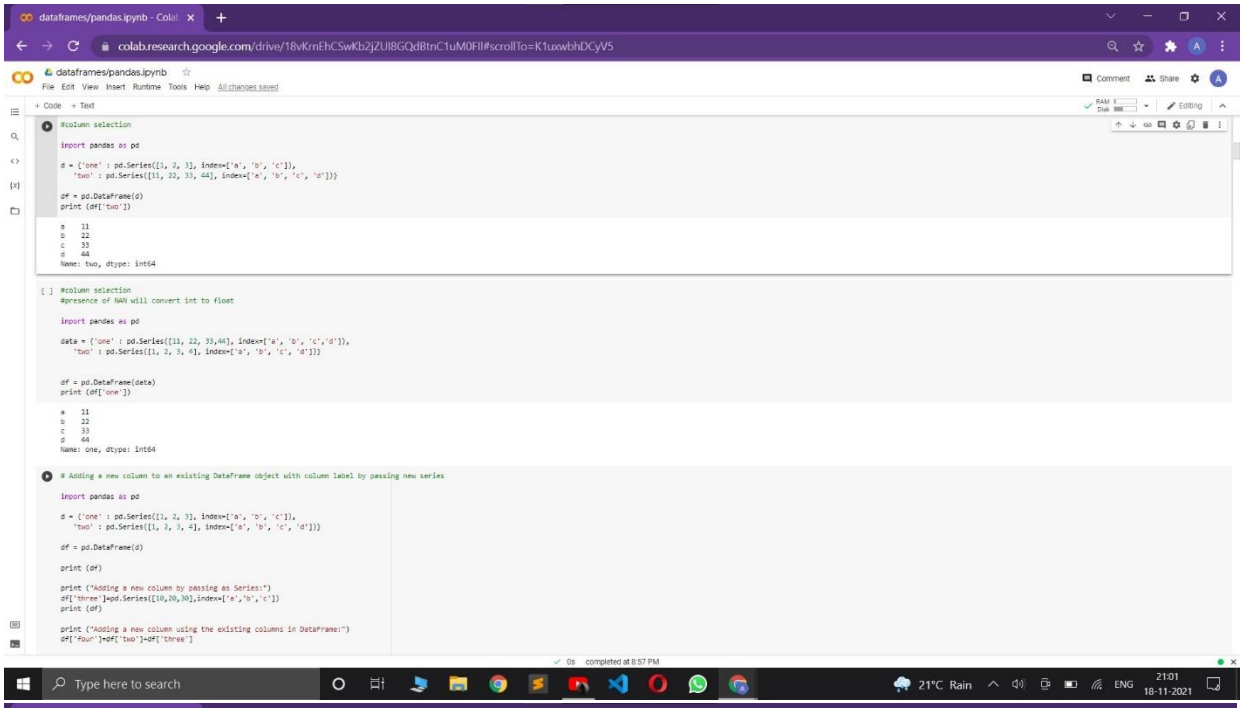
dataframes/pandas.ipynb - Colab
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dataframes/pandas.ipynb
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#column selection
import pandas as pd
d = {'one' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3], index=['a', 'b', 'c']),
'two' : pd.Series([11, 22, 33, 44], index=['a', 'b', 'c', 'd'])}
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (df['two'])
a 11
b 22
c 33
d 44
Name: two, dtype: int64
#column selection
#presence of NAN will convert int to float
import pandas as pd
data = {'one' : pd.Series([11, 22, 33,44], index=['a', 'b', 'c','d']),
'two' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3, 4], index=['a', 'b', 'c', 'd'])}
df = pd.DataFrame(dete)
print (df['one'])
a 11
b 22
c 33
d 44
Name: one, dtype: int64
# Adding a new column to an existing DataFrame object with column label by passing new series
import pandas as pd
d = {'one' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3], index=['a', 'b', 'c']),
'two' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3, 4], index=['a', 'b', 'c', 'd'])}
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (df)
print ("Adding a new column by passing as Series:")
df['three']=pd.Series([10,20,30],index=['a','b','c'])
print (df)
print ("Adding a new column using the existing columns in DataFrame:")
df['four']=df['two']+df['three']
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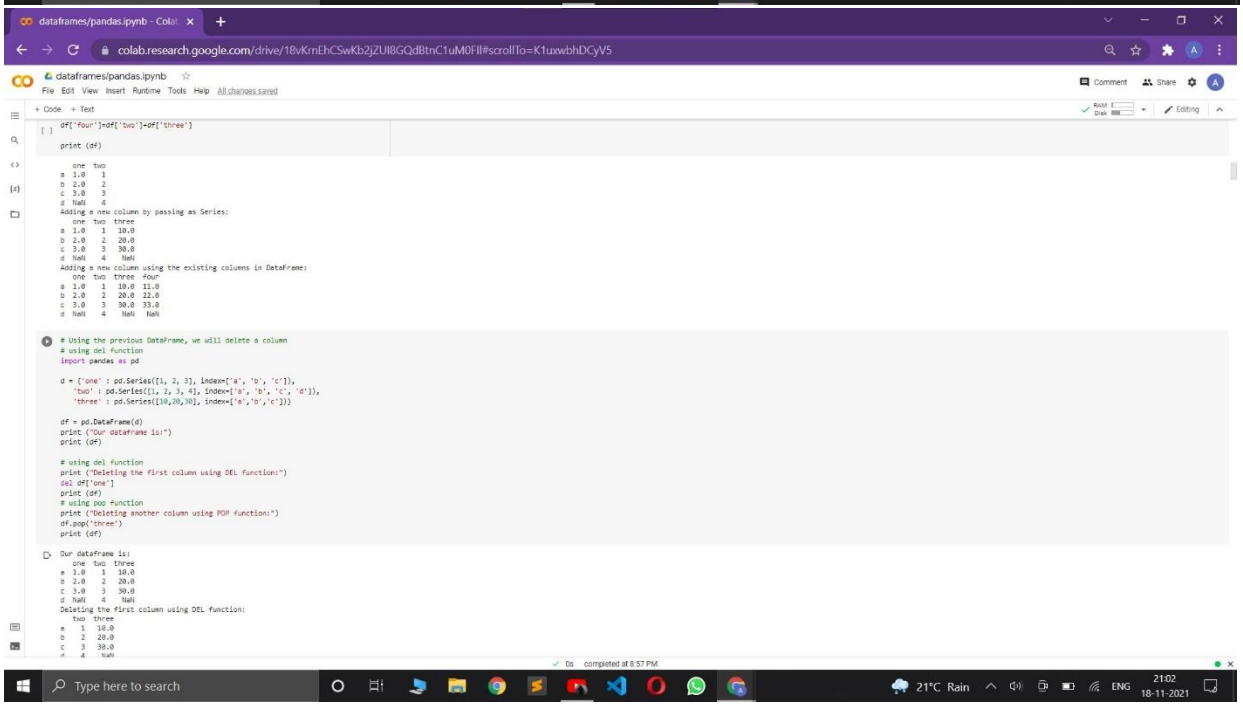
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dataframes/pandas.ipynb
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Editing
df['four']=df['two']+df['three']
print (df)
one two
a 1.0 1
b 2.0 2
c 3.0 3
d NaN 4
Adding a new column by passing as Series:
one two three
a 1.0 1 10.0
b 2.0 2 20.0
c 3.0 3 30.0
d NaN 4 NaN
Adding a new column using the existing columns in DataFrame:
one two three four
a 1.0 1 10.0 11.0
b 2.0 2 20.0 22.0
c 3.0 3 30.0 33.0
d NaN 4 NaN NaN
# Using the previous DataFrame, we will delete a column
# using del function
import pandas as pd
d = {'one' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3], index=['a', 'b', 'c']),
'two' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3, 4], index=['a', 'b', 'c', 'd']),
'three' : pd.Series([10,20,30], index=['a','b','c'])}
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print ("Our dataframe is:")
print (df)
using del function
print ("Deleting the first column using DEL function:")
del df['one']
print (df)
using pop function
print ("Deleting another column using POP function:")
df.pop('three')
print (df)
Our dataframe is:
one two three
a 1.0 1 10.0
b 2.0 2 20.0
c 3.0 3 30.0
d NaN 4 NaN
Deleting the first column using DEL function:
two three
a 1 10.0
b 2 20.0
c 3 30.0
d 4 NaN
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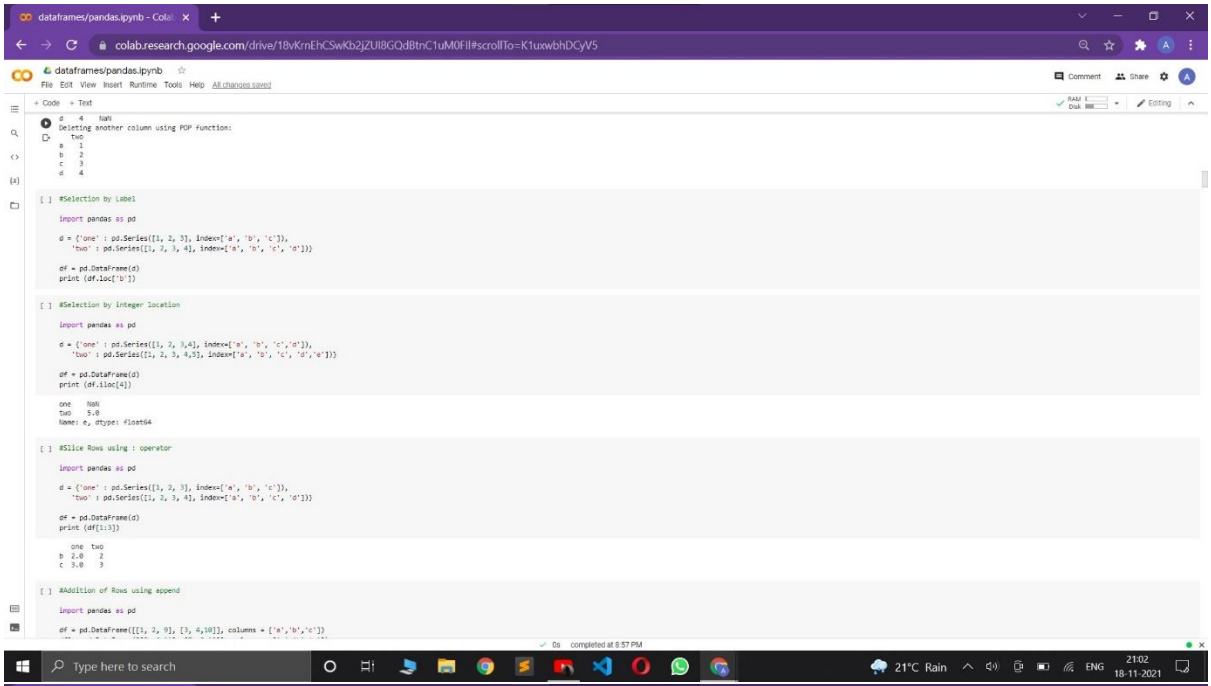
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d 4 NaN
Deleting another column using POP function:
two
a 1
b 2
c 3
d 4
#Selection by Label
import pandas as pd
d = {'one' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3], index=['a', 'b', 'c']),
'two' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3, 4], index=['a', 'b', 'c', 'd'])}
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (df.loc['b'])
#Selection by integer location
import pandas as pd
d = {'one' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3,4], index=['a', 'b', 'c','d']),
'two' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3, 4,5], index=['a', 'b', 'c', 'd','e'])}
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (df.iloc[4])
one NaN
Two 5.0
Name: e, dtype: float64
#Slice Rows using : operator
import pandas as pd
d = {'one' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3], index=['a', 'b', 'c']),
'two' : pd.Series([1, 2, 3, 4], index=['a', 'b', 'c', 'd'])}
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (df[1:3])
one two
b 2.0 2
c 3.0 3
#Addition of Rows using append
import pandas as pd
df = pd.DataFrame([[1, 2, 9], [3, 4,10]], columns = ['a','b','c'])
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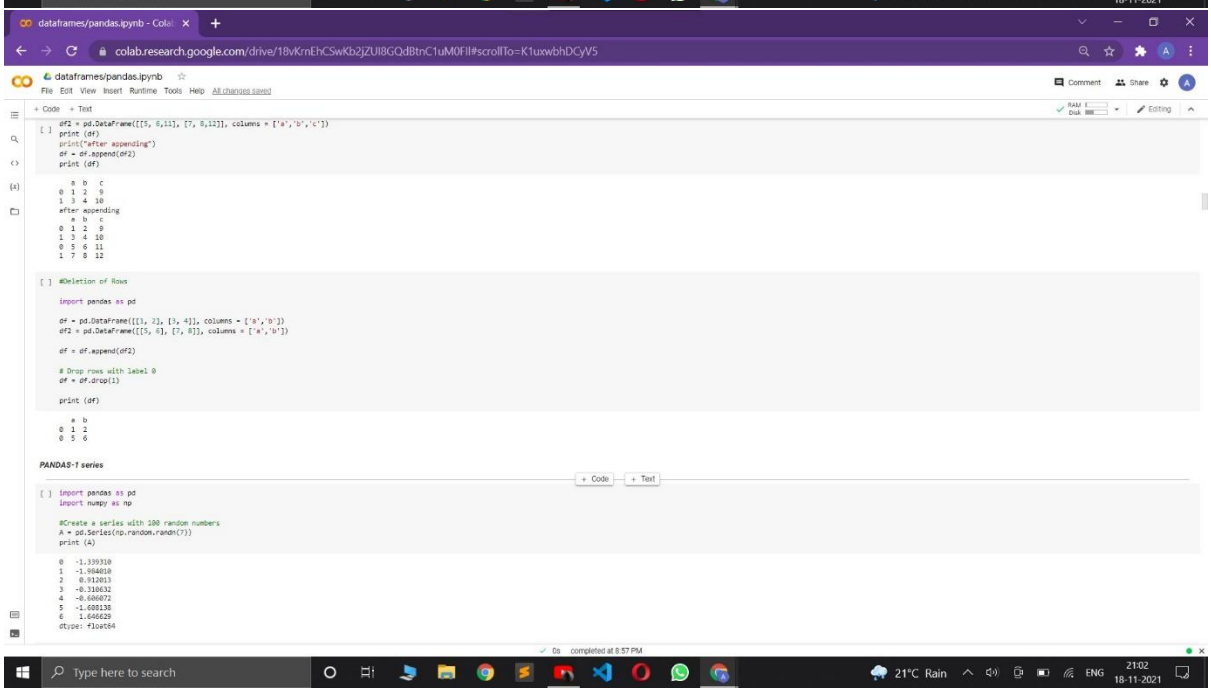
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dataframes/pandas.ipynb
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df2 = pd.DataFrame([[5, 6,11], [7, 8,12]], columns = ['a','b','c'])
print (df)
print("after appending")
df = df.append(df2)
print (df)
a b c
0 1 2 9
1 3 4 10
after appending
a b c
0 1 2 9
1 3 4 10
0 5 6 11
1 7 8 12
#Deletion of Rows
import pandas as pd
df = pd.DataFrame([[1, 2], [3, 4]], columns = ['a','b'])
df2 = pd.DataFrame([[5, 6], [7, 8]], columns = ['a','b'])
df = df.append(df2)
# Drop rows with label 0
df = df.drop(1)
print (df)
a b
0 1 2
0 5 6
PANDAS-T series
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import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a series with 100 random numbers
A = pd.Series(np.random.randn(7))
print (A)
0 -1.339310
1 -1.984010
2 0.912013
3 -0.330632
4 -0.606072
5 -1.628138
6 1.646629
dtype: float64
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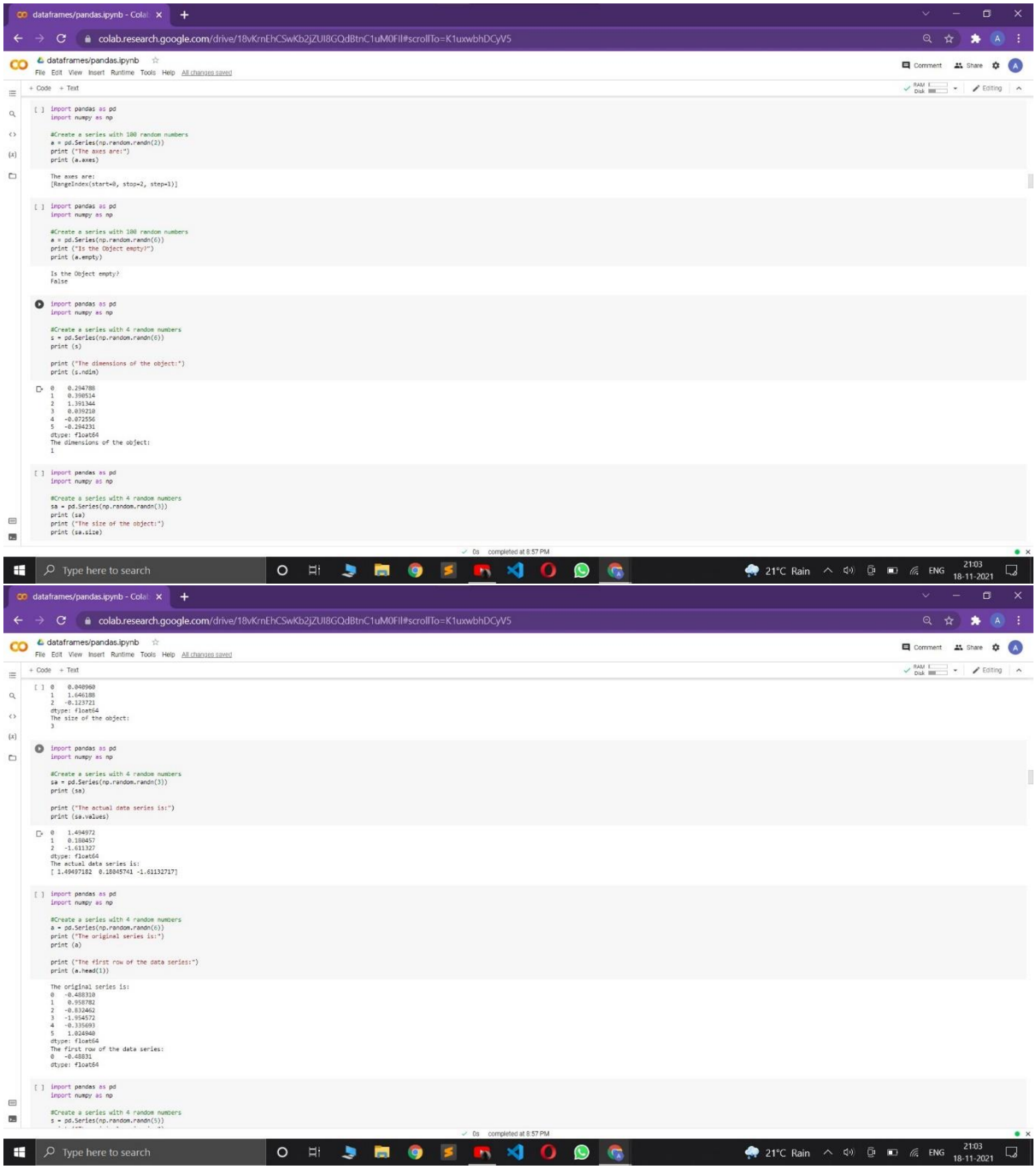
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[ ] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a series with 100 random numbers
a = pd.Series(np.random.randn(2))
print ("The axes are:")
print (a.axes)
The axes are:
[RangeIndex(start=0, stop=2, step=1)]
[ ] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a series with 100 random numbers
a = pd.Series(np.random.randn(6))
print ("Is the Object empty?")
print (a.empty)
Is the Object empty?
False
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a series with 4 random numbers
s = pd.Series(np.random.randn(6))
print (s)
print ("The dimensions of the object:")
print (s.ndim)
0 0.294788
1 0.398514
2 1.391344
3 0.839210
4 -0.872556
5 -0.294231
dtype: float64
The dimensions of the object:
1
[ ] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a series with 4 random numbers
sa = pd.Series(np.random.randn(3))
print (sa)
print ("The size of the object:")
print (sa.size)
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[ ] 0 0.040960
1 1.646188
2 -0.123721
dtype: float64
The size of the object:
3
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a series with 4 random numbers
sa = pd.Series(np.random.randn(3))
print (sa)
print ("The actual data series is:")
print (sa.values)
0 1.494972
1 0.188457
2 -1.611327
dtype: float64
The actual data series is:
[1.49497182 0.18845741 -1.61132717]
[ ] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a series with 4 random numbers
a = pd.Series(np.random.randn(6))
print ("The original series is:")
print (a)
print ("The first row of the data series:")
print (a.head(1))
The original series is:
0 -0.488310
1 0.958702
2 -0.832462
3 -1.954572
4 -0.335693
5 1.024948
dtype: float64
The first row of the data series:
0 -0.48831
dtype: float64
[ ] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a series with 4 random numbers
s = pd.Series(np.random.randn(5))
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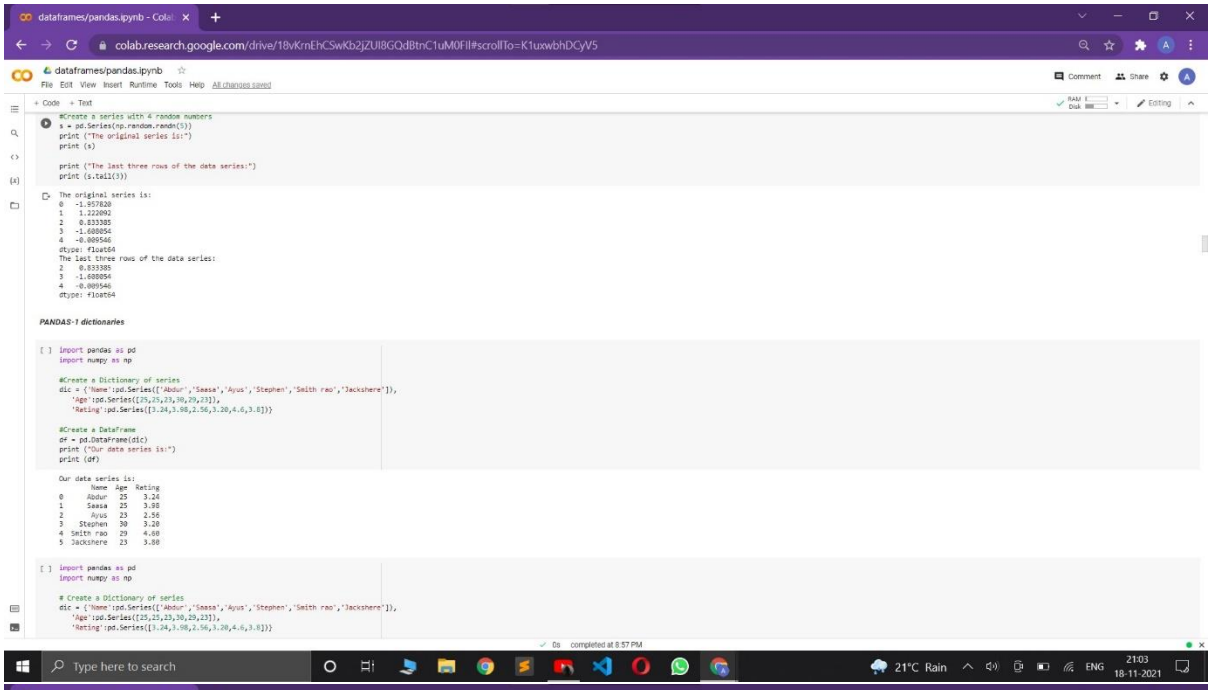
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Editing
#Create a series with 4 random numbers
s = pd.Series(np.random.randn(5))
print ("The original series is:")
print (s)
print ("The last three rows of the data series:")
print (s.tail(3))
The original series is:
0 -1.957820
1 1.222092
2 0.833385
3 -1.688054
4 -0.809546
dtype: float64
The last three rows of the data series:
2 0.833385
3 -1.688054
4 -0.809546
dtype: float64
PANDAS-1 dictionaries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a Dictionary of series
dic = {'Name':pd.Series(['Abdur','Saasa','Ayus','Stephen','Smith rao','Jackshere']),
'Age':pd.Series([25,25,23,30,29,23]),
'Rating':pd.Series([3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}
#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(dic)
print ("Our data series is:")
print (df)
Our data series is:
Name Age Rating
0 Abdur 25 3.24
1 Saasa 25 3.98
2 Ayus 23 2.56
3 Stephen 30 3.20
4 Smith rao 29 4.60
5 Jackshere 23 3.80
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
# Create a Dictionary of series
dic = {'Name':pd.Series(['Abdur','Saasa','Ayus','Stephen','Smith rao','Jackshere']),
'Age':pd.Series([25,25,23,30,29,23]),
'Rating':pd.Series([3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}
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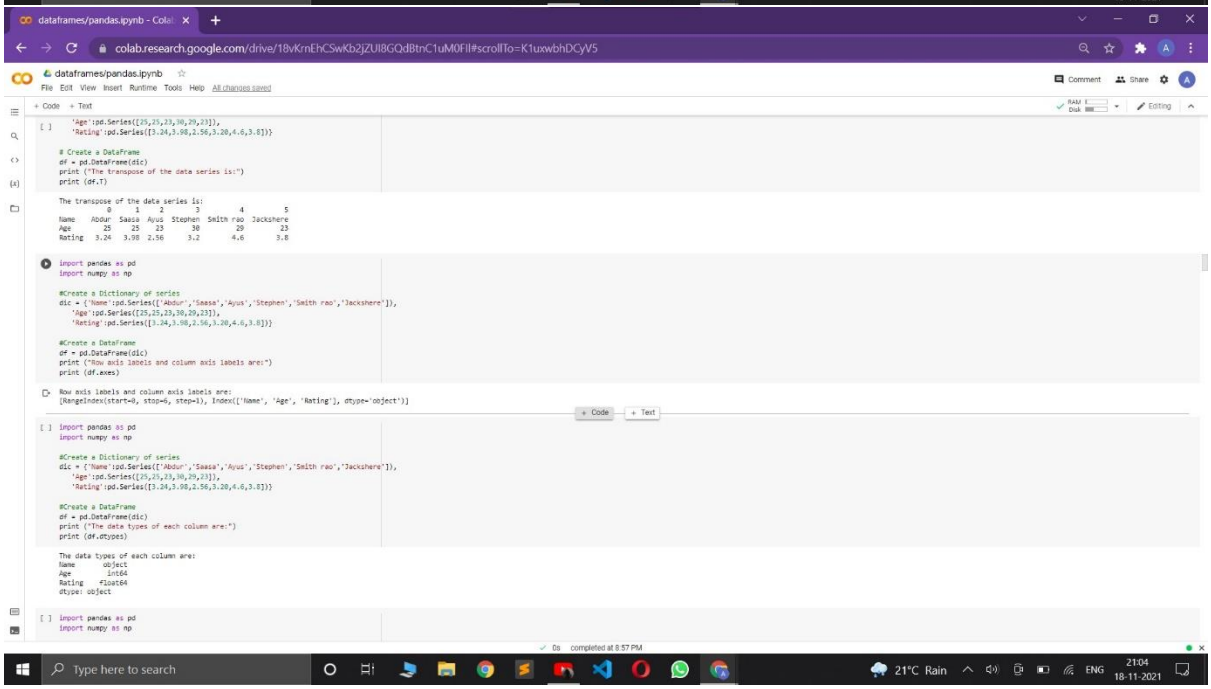
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dataframes/pandas.ipynb
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Editing
'Age':pd.Series([25,25,23,30,29,23]),
'Rating':pd.Series([3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}
# Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(dic)
print ("The transpose of the data series is:")
print (df.T)
The transpose of the data series is:
0 1 2 3 4 5
Name Abdur Saasa Ayus Stephen Smith rao Jackshere
Age 25 25 23 30 29 23
Rating 3.24 3.98 2.56 3.2 4.6 3.8
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a Dictionary of series
dic = {'Name':pd.Series(['Abdur','Saasa','Ayus','Stephen','Smith rao','Jackshere']),
'Age':pd.Series([25,25,23,30,29,23]),
'Rating':pd.Series([3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}
#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(dic)
print ("Row axis labels and column axis labels are:")
print (df.axes)
Row axis labels and column axis labels are:
[RangeIndex(start=0, stop=6, step=1), Index(['Name', 'Age', 'Rating'], dtype='object')]
+ Code + Text
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a Dictionary of series
dic = {'Name':pd.Series(['Abdur','Saasa','Ayus','Stephen','Smith rao','Jackshere']),
'Age':pd.Series([25,25,23,30,29,23]),
'Rating':pd.Series([3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}
#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(dic)
print ("The data types of each column are:")
print (df.dtypes)
The data types of each column are:
Name object
Age int64
Rating float64
dtype: object
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
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21°C Rain
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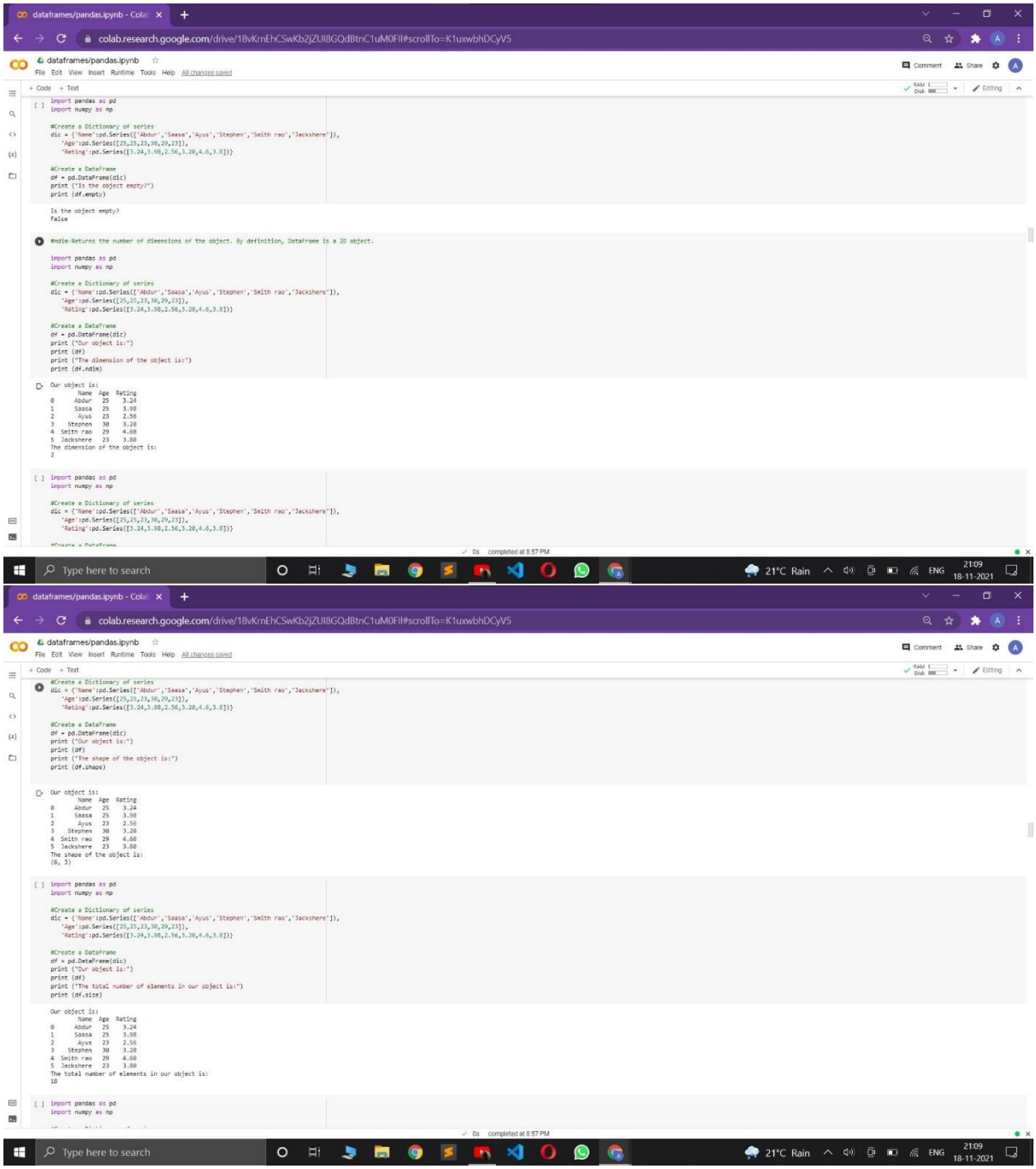
21:04
18-11-2021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dataframes/pandas.ipynb
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RAM Disk Editing
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a Dictionary of series
dic = {'Name':pd.Series(['Abdur','Saasa','Ayus','Stephen','Smith rao','Jackshere']),
'Age':pd.Series([25,25,23,30,29,23]),
'Rating':pd.Series([3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}
#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(dic)
print ("Is the object empty?")
print (df.empty)
Is the object empty?
False
#ndim-Returns the number of dimensions of the object. By definition, DataFrame is a 2D object.
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a Dictionary of series
dic = {'Name':pd.Series(['Abdur','Saasa','Ayus','Stephen','Smith rao','Jackshere']),
'Age':pd.Series([25,25,23,30,29,23]),
'Rating':pd.Series([3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}
#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(dic)
print ("Our object is:")
print (df)
print ("The dimension of the object is:")
print (df.ndim)
Our object is:
Name Age Rating
0 Abdur 25 3.24
1 Saasa 25 3.98
2 Ayus 23 2.56
3 Stephen 30 3.20
4 Smith rao 29 4.60
5 Jackshere 23 3.80
The dimension of the object is:
2
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a Dictionary of series
dic = {'Name':pd.Series(['Abdur','Saasa','Ayus','Stephen','Smith rao','Jackshere']),
'Age':pd.Series([25,25,23,30,29,23]),
'Rating':pd.Series([3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}
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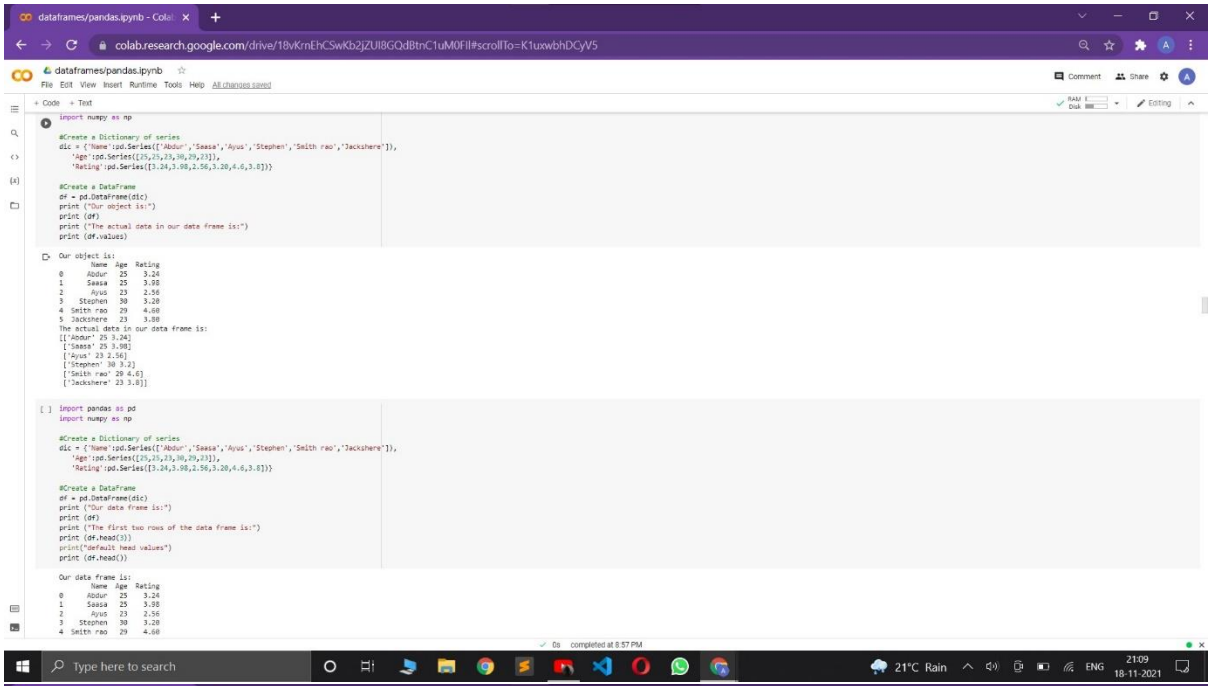
#Create a Dictionary of series
dic = {'Name':pd.Series(['Abdur','Saasa','Ayus','Stephen','Smith rao','Jackshere']),
'Age':pd.Series([25,25,23,30,29,23]),
'Rating':pd.Series([3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}
#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(dic)
print ("Our object is:")
print (df)
print ("The shape of the object is:")
print (df.shape)
Our object is:
Name Age Rating
0 Abdur 25 3.24
1 Saasa 25 3.98
2 Ayus 23 2.56
3 Stephen 30 3.20
4 Smith rao 29 4.60
5 Jackshere 23 3.80
The shape of the object is:
(6, 3)
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a Dictionary of series
dic = {'Name':pd.Series(['Abdur','Saasa','Ayus','Stephen','Smith rao','Jackshere']),
'Age':pd.Series([25,25,23,30,29,23]),
'Rating':pd.Series([3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}
#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(dic)
print ("Our object is:")
print (df)
print ("The total number of elements in our object is:")
print (df.size)
Our object is:
Name Age Rating
0 Abdur 25 3.24
1 Saasa 25 3.98
2 Ayus 23 2.56
3 Stephen 30 3.20
4 Smith rao 29 4.60
5 Jackshere 23 3.80
The total number of elements in our object is:
18
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
0s completed at 8:57 PM
Type here to search
21°C Rain
ENG
21:09
18-11-2021


dataframes/pandas.ipynb - Colab
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dataframes/pandas.ipynb
File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help All changes saved
Comment Share
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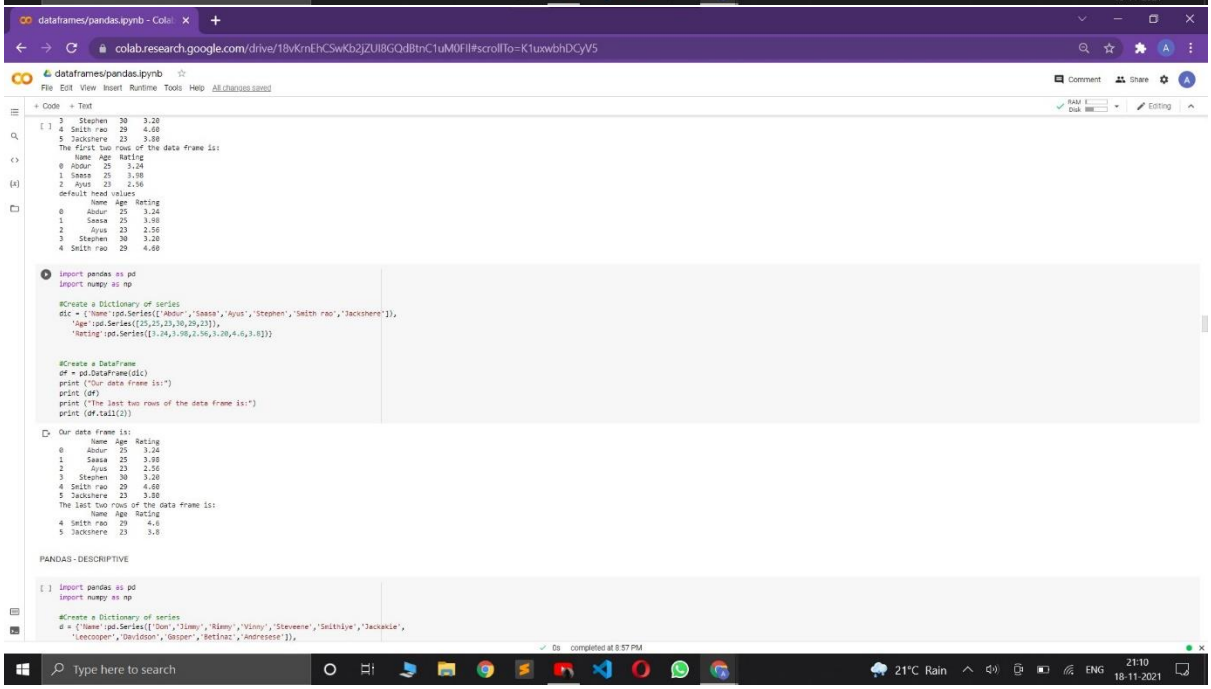
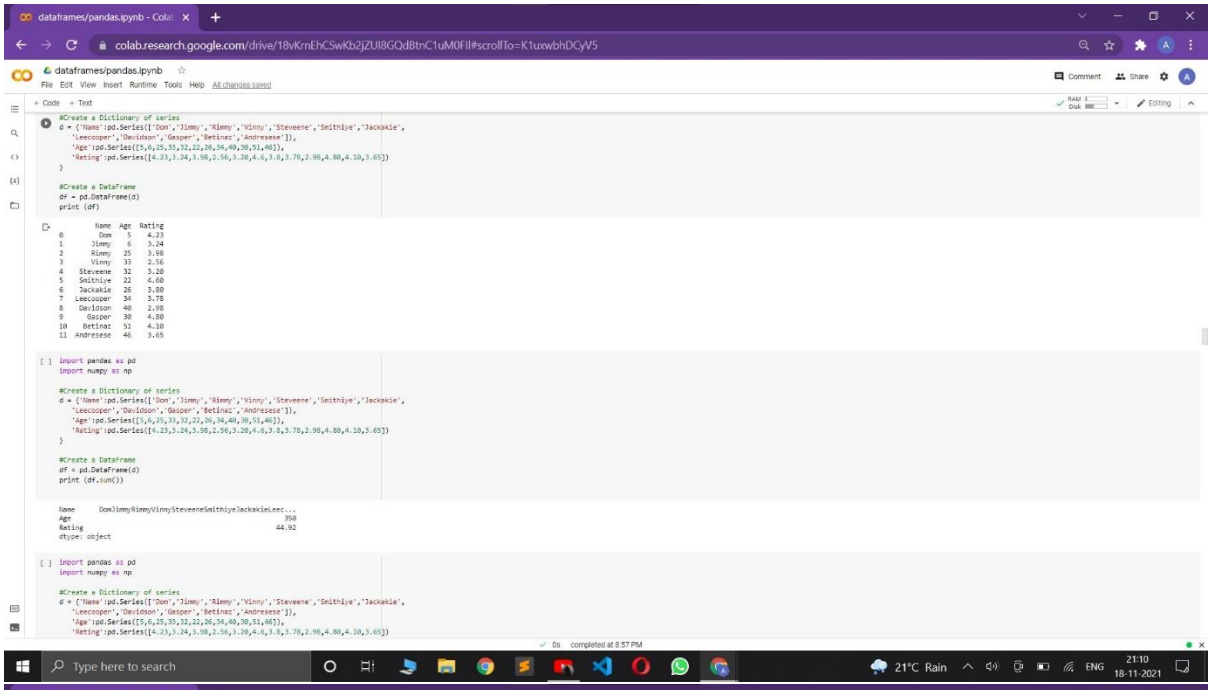
RAM Disk
Editing
import numpy as np
#Create a Dictionary of series
dic = {'Name':pd.Series(['Abdur','Saasa','Ayus','Stephen','Smith rao','Jackshere']),
'Age':pd.Series([25,25,23,30,29,23]),
'Rating':pd.Series([3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}
#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(dic)
print ("Our object is:")
print (df)
print ("The actual data in our data frame is:")
print (df.values)
Our object is:
Name Age Rating
0 Abdur 25 3.24
1 Saasa 25 3.98
2 Ayus 23 2.56
3 Stephen 30 3.20
4 Smith rao 29 4.60
5 Jackshere 23 3.80
The actual data in our data frame is:
[['Abdur' 25 3.24]
['Saasa' 25 3.98]
['Ayus' 23 2.56]
['Stephen' 30 3.2]
['Smith rao' 29 4.6]
['Jackshere' 23 3.8]]
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a Dictionary of series
dic = {'Name':pd.Series(['Abdur','Saasa','Ayus','Stephen','Smith rao','Jackshere']),
'Age':pd.Series([25,25,23,30,29,23]),
'Rating':pd.Series([3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}
#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(dic)
print ("Our data frame is:")
print (df)
print ("The first two rows of the data frame is:")
print (df.head(3))
print("default head values")
print (df.head())
Our data frame is:
Name Age Rating
0 Abdur 25 3.24
1 Saasa 25 3.98
2 Ayus 23 2.56
3 Stephen 30 3.20
4 Smith rao 29 4.60
0s completed at 8:57 PM
Type here to search
21°C Rain
ENG
21:09
18-11-2021


dataframes/pandas.ipynb - Colab
colab.research.google.com/drive/18vKrnEhCSwKb2jZUI8GQdBtnC1uM0FIl#scrollTo=K1uxwbhDCyV5
dataframes/pandas.ipynb
File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help All changes saved
Comment Share
+ Code + Text
RAM Disk
Editing
3 Stephen 30 3.20
4 Smith rao 29 4.60
5 Jackshere 23 3.80
The first two rows of the data frame is:
Name Age Rating
0 Abdur 25 3.24
1 Saasa 25 3.98
2 Ayus 23 2.56
default head values
Name Age Rating
0 Abdur 25 3.24
1 Saasa 25 3.98
2 Ayus 23 2.56
3 Stephen 30 3.20
4 Smith rao 29 4.60
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a Dictionary of series
dic = {'Name':pd.Series(['Abdur','Saasa','Ayus','Stephen','Smith rao','Jackshere']),
'Age':pd.Series([25,25,23,30,29,23]),
'Rating':pd.Series([3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}
#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(dic)
print ("Our data frame is:")
print (df)
print ("The last two rows of the data frame is:")
print (df.tail(2))
Our data frame is:
Name Age Rating
0 Abdur 25 3.24
1 Saasa 25 3.98
2 Ayus 23 2.56
3 Stephen 30 3.20
4 Smith rao 29 4.60
5 Jackshere 23 3.80
The last two rows of the data frame is:
Name Age Rating
4 Smith rao 29 4.6
5 Jackshere 23 3.8
PANDAS - DESCRIPTIVE
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a Dictionary of series
d = {'Name':pd.Series(['Don','Jimmy','Rimmy','Vinny','Steveene','Smithiye','Jackakie',
'Leecooper','Davidson','Gasper','Betinaz','Andreesee']),
0s completed at 8:57 PM
Type here to search
21°C Rain
ENG
21:10
18-11-2021


dataframes/pandas.ipynb - Colab
colab.research.google.com/drive/18vKrnEhCSwKb2jZUI8GQdBtnC1uM0FIl#scrollTo=K1uxwbhDCyV5
dataframes/pandas.ipynb
File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help All changes saved
Comment Share
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#Create a Dictionary of series
d = {'Name':pd.Series(['Dom','Jimmy','Rimmy','Vinny','Steveene','Smithiye','Jackakie',
'Leecooper','Davidson','Gasper','Betinaz','Andresese']),
'Age':pd.Series([5,6,25,33,32,22,26,34,40,30,51,46]),
'Rating':pd.Series([4.23,3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8,3.78,2.98,4.80,4.10,3.65])
}
#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (df)
Name Age Rating
0 Dom 5 4.23
1 Jimmy 6 3.24
2 Rimmy 25 3.98
3 Vinny 33 2.56
4 Steveene 32 3.20
5 Smithiye 22 4.60
6 Jackakie 26 3.80
7 Leecooper 34 3.78
8 Davidson 40 2.98
9 Gasper 30 4.80
10 Betinaz 51 4.10
11 Andresese 46 3.65
[ ] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a Dictionary of series
d = {'Name':pd.Series(['Dom','Jimmy','Rimmy','Vinny','Steveene','Smithiye','Jackakie',
'Leecooper','Davidson','Gasper','Betinaz','Andresese']),
'Age':pd.Series([5,6,25,33,32,22,26,34,40,30,51,46]),
'Rating':pd.Series([4.23,3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8,3.78,2.98,4.80,4.10,3.65])
}
#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (df.sum())
Name DomJimmyRimmyVinnySteveeneSmithiyeJackakieLeec...
Age 350
Rating 44.92
dtype: object
[ ] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a Dictionary of series
d = {'Name':pd.Series(['Dom','Jimmy','Rimmy','Vinny','Steveene','Smithiye','Jackakie',
'Leecooper','Davidson','Gasper','Betinaz','Andresese']),
'Age':pd.Series([5,6,25,33,32,22,26,34,40,30,51,46]),
'Rating':pd.Series([4.23,3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8,3.78,2.98,4.80,4.10,3.65])
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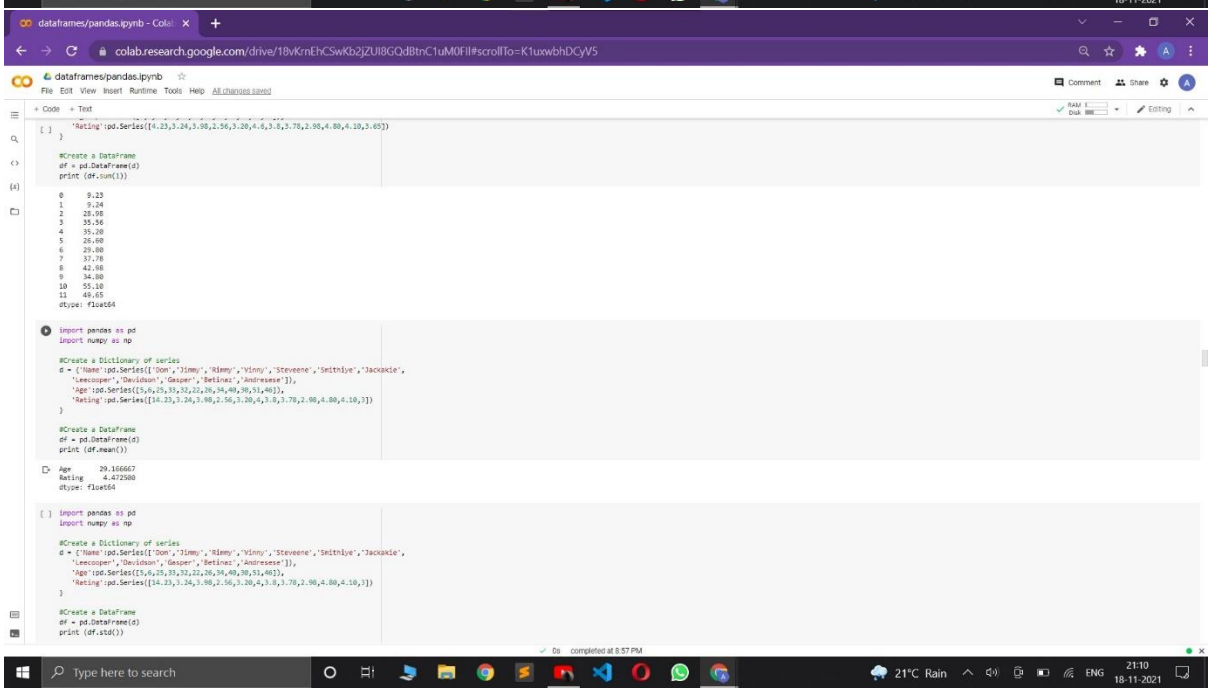
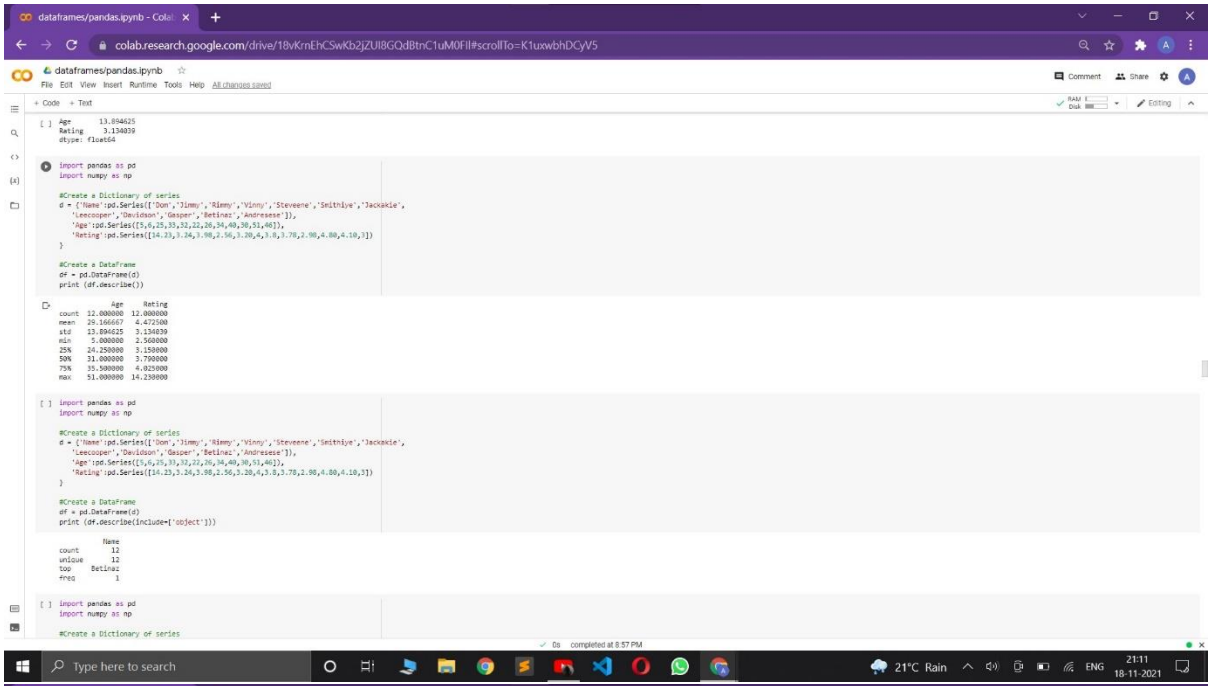
21°C Rain
ENG
21:10
18-11-2021


dataframes/pandas.ipynb - Colab
colab.research.google.com/drive/18vKrnEhCSwKb2jZUI8GQdBtnC1uM0FIl#scrollTo=K1uxwbhDCyV5
dataframes/pandas.ipynb
File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help All changes saved
Comment Share
+ Code + Text
RAM Disk Editing
[ ] 'Rating':pd.Series([4.23,3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8,3.78,2.98,4.80,4.10,3.65])
}
#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (df.sum())
0 9.23
1 9.24
2 28.98
3 35.56
4 35.20
5 26.60
6 29.80
7 37.78
8 42.98
9 34.80
10 55.10
11 49.65
dtype: float64
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a Dictionary of series
d = {'Name':pd.Series(['Dom','Jimmy','Rimmy','Vinny','Steveene','Smithiye','Jackakie',
'Leecooper','Davidson','Gasper','Betinaz','Andresese']),
'Age':pd.Series([5,6,25,33,32,22,26,34,40,30,51,46]),
'Rating':pd.Series([14.23,3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4,3.8,3.78,2.98,4.80,4.10,3])
}
#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (df.mean())
Age 29.166667
Rating 4.472500
dtype: float64
[ ] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
#Create a Dictionary of series
d = {'Name':pd.Series(['Dom','Jimmy','Rimmy','Vinny','Steveene','Smithiye','Jackakie',
'Leecooper','Davidson','Gasper','Betinaz','Andresese']),
'Age':pd.Series([5,6,25,33,32,22,26,34,40,30,51,46]),
'Rating':pd.Series([14.23,3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4,3.8,3.78,2.98,4.80,4.10,3])
}
#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (df.std())
0s completed at 8:57 PM
Type here to search
21°C Rain
ENG
21:10
18-11-2021



```
Age       13.894625
Rating     3.134039
dtype: float64
```

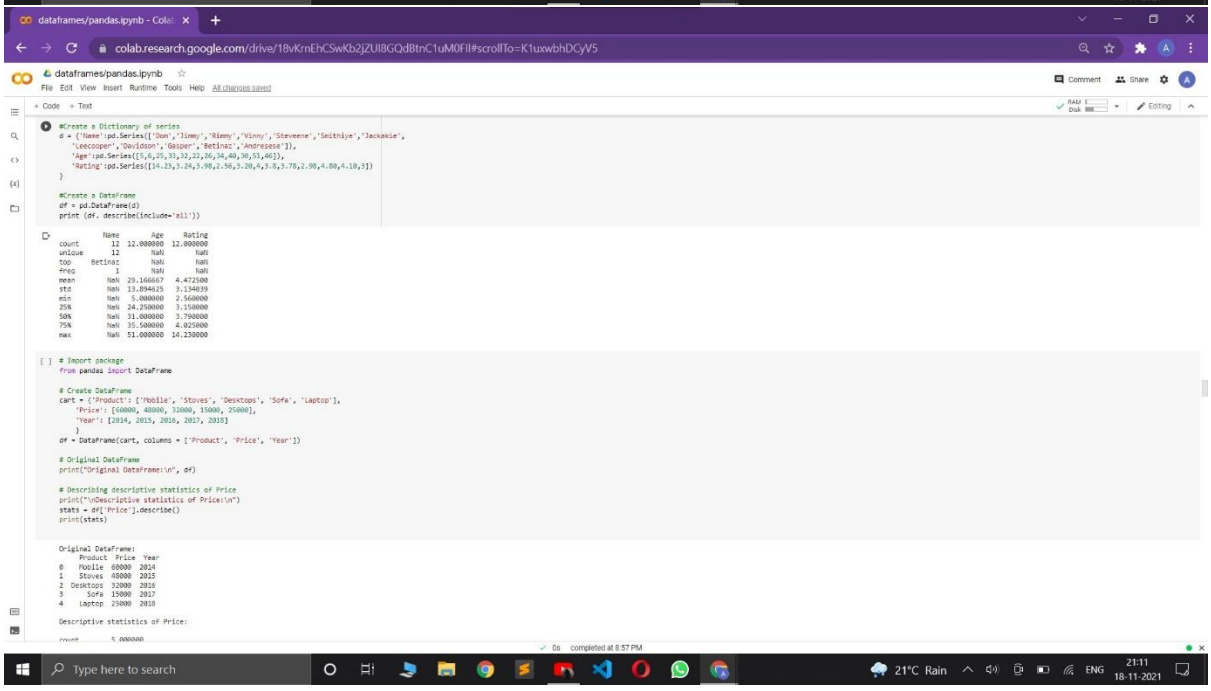
```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

#Create a Dictionary of series
d = {'Name':pd.Series(['Don','Jimmy','Rimmy','Vinny','Steveene','Smithiye','Jackakie',
   'Leecooper','Davidson','Gasper','Betinaz','Andresese']),
   'Age':pd.Series([5,6,25,33,32,22,26,34,40,30,51,46]),
   'Rating':pd.Series([14.23,3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4,3.8,3.78,2.98,4.80,4.10,3])
}

#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (df.describe())
```

```
             Age     Rating
count  12.000000  12.000000
mean   29.166667   4.472500
std    13.894625   3.134039
min     5.000000   2.560000
25%    24.250000   3.150000
50%    31.000000   3.790000
75%    35.500000   4.025000
max    51.000000  14.230000
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

#Create a Dictionary of series
d = {'Name':pd.Series(['Don','Jimmy','Rimmy','Vinny','Steveene','Smithiye','Jackakie',
   'Leecooper','Davidson','Gasper','Betinaz','Andresese']),
   'Age':pd.Series([5,6,25,33,32,22,26,34,40,30,51,46]),
   'Rating':pd.Series([14.23,3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4,3.8,3.78,2.98,4.80,4.10,3])
}

#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (df.describe(include=['object']))
```

```
             Name
count          12
unique         12
top     Betinaz
freq            1
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

#Create a Dictionary of series
```

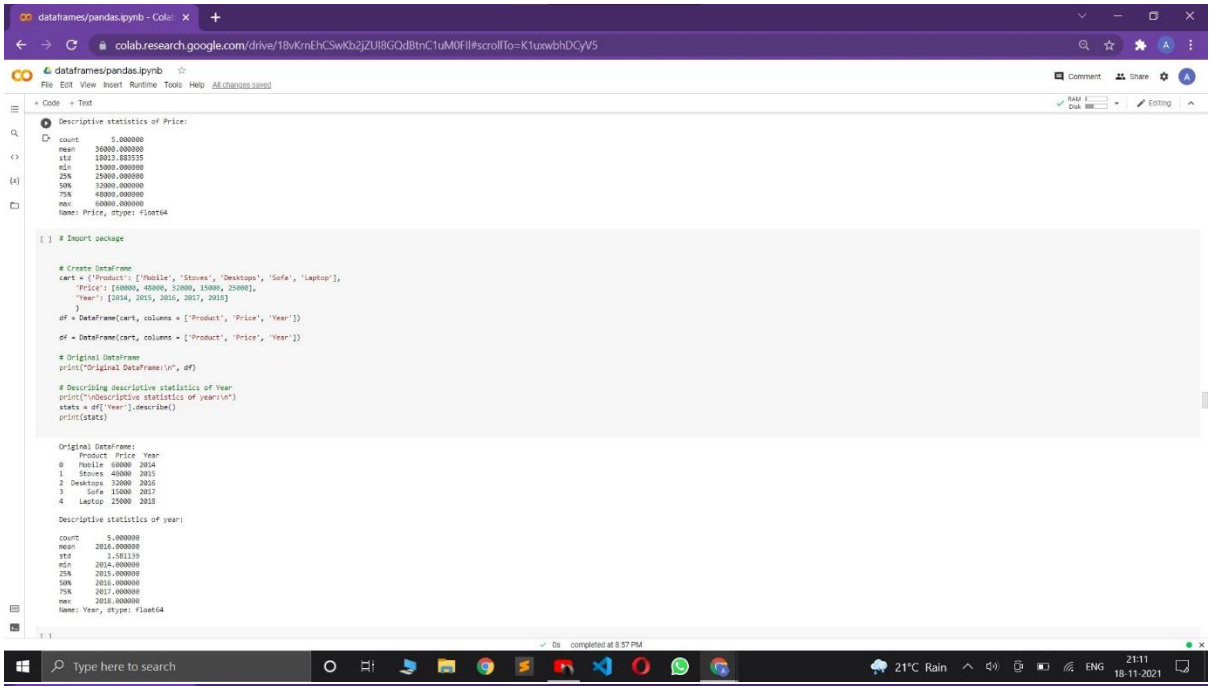


```
#Create a Dictionary of series
d = {'Name':pd.Series(['Don','Jimmy','Rimmy','Vinny','Steveene','Smithiye','Jackakie',
   'Leecooper','Davidson','Gasper','Betinaz','Andresese']),
   'Age':pd.Series([5,6,25,33,32,22,26,34,40,30,51,46]),
   'Rating':pd.Series([14.23,3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4,3.8,3.78,2.98,4.80,4.10,3])
}

#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print (df. describe(include='all'))
```

```
             Name        Age     Rating
count          12  12.000000  12.000000
unique         12        NaN        NaN
top     Betinaz          NaN        NaN
freq            1        NaN        NaN
mean          NaN  29.166667   4.472500
std           NaN  13.894625   3.134039
min           NaN   5.000000   2.560000
25%           NaN  24.250000   3.150000
50%           NaN  31.000000   3.790000
75%           NaN  35.500000   4.025000
max           NaN  51.000000  14.230000
```

```
# Import package
from pandas import DataFrame

# Create DataFrame
cart = {'Product': ['Mobile', 'Stoves', 'Desktops', 'Sofa', 'Laptop'],
    'Price': [60000, 40000, 32000, 15000, 25000],
    'Year': [2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018]
    }
df = DataFrame(cart, columns = ['Product', 'Price', 'Year'])

# Original DataFrame
print("Original DataFrame:\n", df)

# Describing descriptive statistics of Price
print("\nDescriptive statistics of Price:\n")
stats = df['Price'].describe()
print(stats)
```

```
Original DataFrame:
     Product  Price  Year
0    Mobile  60000  2014
1    Stoves  40000  2015
2  Desktops  32000  2016
3      Sofa  15000  2017
4    Laptop  25000  2018

Descriptive statistics of Price:

count        5.000000
```


dataframes/pandas.ipynb - Colab
colab.research.google.com/drive/18vKrnEhCSwKb2jZUI8GQdBtnC1uM0FIl#scrollTo=K1uxwbhDCyV5
dataframes/pandas.ipynb
File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help All changes saved
Comment Share
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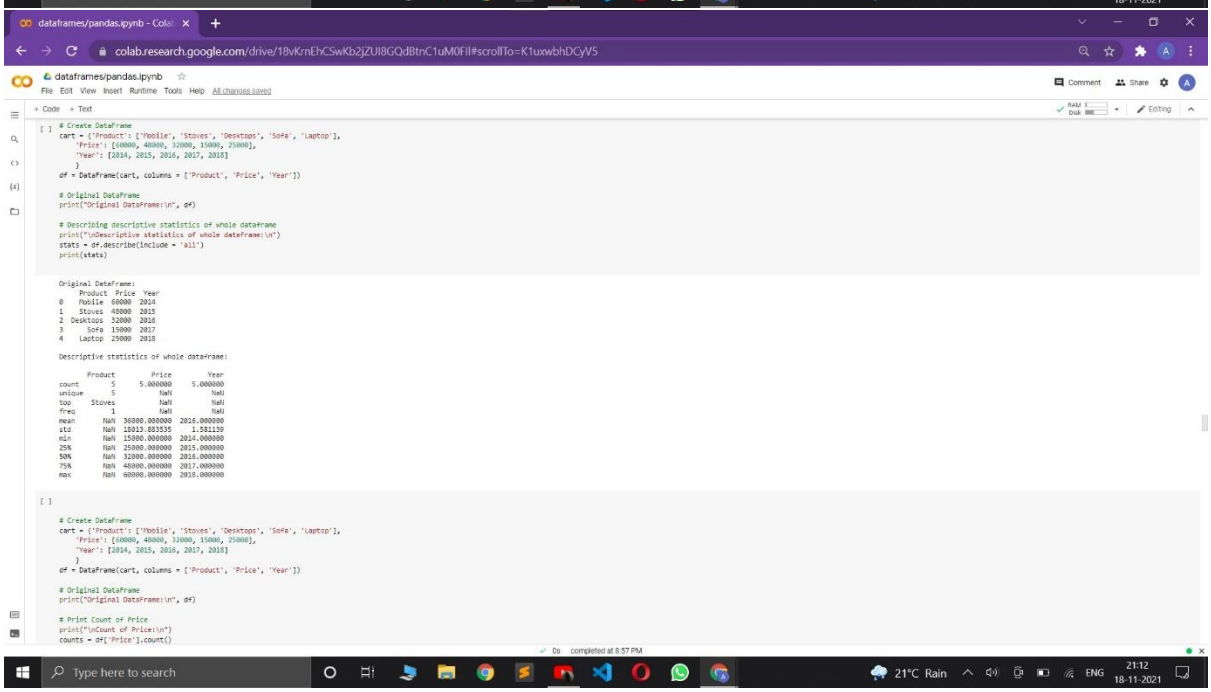
Descriptive statistics of Price:
count 5.000000
mean 36000.000000
std 18013.883535
min 15000.000000
25% 25000.000000
50% 32000.000000
75% 48000.000000
max 60000.000000
Name: Price, dtype: float64
[ ] # Import package
# Create DataFrame
cart = {'Product': ['Mobile', 'Stoves', 'Desktops', 'Sofa', 'Laptop'],
'Price': [60000, 48000, 32000, 15000, 25000],
'Year': [2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018]
}
df = DataFrame(cart, columns = ['Product', 'Price', 'Year'])
df = DataFrame(cart, columns = ['Product', 'Price', 'Year'])
# Original DataFrame
print("Original DataFrame:\n", df)
# Describing descriptive statistics of Year
print("\nDescriptive statistics of year:\n")
stats = df['Year'].describe()
print(stats)
Original DataFrame:
Product Price Year
0 Mobile 60000 2014
1 Stoves 48000 2015
2 Desktops 32000 2016
3 Sofa 15000 2017
4 Laptop 25000 2018
Descriptive statistics of year:
count 5.000000
mean 2016.000000
std 1.581139
min 2014.000000
25% 2015.000000
50% 2016.000000
75% 2017.000000
max 2018.000000
Name: Year, dtype: float64
0s completed at 9:57 PM
Type here to search
21°C Rain
ENG
21:11
18-11-2021


dataframes/pandas.ipynb - Colab
colab.research.google.com/drive/18vKrnEhCSwKb2jZUI8GQdBtnC1uM0FIl#scrollTo=K1uxwbhDCyV5
dataframes/pandas.ipynb
File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help All changes saved
Comment Share
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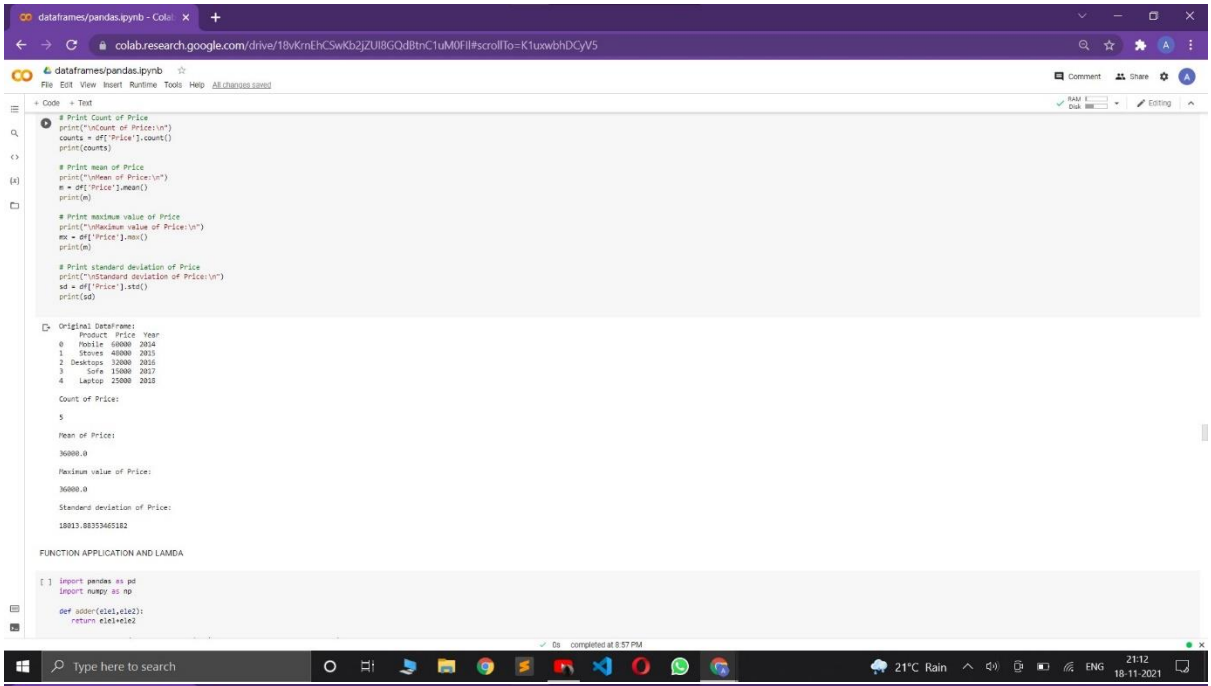
Editing
[ ] # Create DataFrame
cart = {'Product': ['Mobile', 'Stoves', 'Desktops', 'Sofa', 'Laptop'],
'Price': [60000, 48000, 32000, 15000, 25000],
'Year': [2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018]
}
df = DataFrame(cart, columns = ['Product', 'Price', 'Year'])
# Original DataFrame
print("Original DataFrame:\n", df)
# Describing descriptive statistics of whole dataframe
print("\nDescriptive statistics of whole dataframe:\n")
stats = df.describe(include = 'all')
print(stats)
Original DataFrame:
Product Price Year
0 Mobile 60000 2014
1 Stoves 48000 2015
2 Desktops 32000 2016
3 Sofa 15000 2017
4 Laptop 25000 2018
Descriptive statistics of whole dataframe:
Product Price Year
count 5 5.000000 5.000000
unique 5 NaN NaN
top Stoves NaN NaN
freq 1 NaN NaN
mean NaN 36000.000000 2016.000000
std NaN 18013.883535 1.581139
min NaN 15000.000000 2014.000000
25% NaN 25000.000000 2015.000000
50% NaN 32000.000000 2016.000000
75% NaN 48000.000000 2017.000000
max NaN 60000.000000 2018.000000
[ ]
# Create DataFrame
cart = {'Product': ['Mobile', 'Stoves', 'Desktops', 'Sofa', 'Laptop'],
'Price': [60000, 48000, 32000, 15000, 25000],
'Year': [2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018]
}
df = DataFrame(cart, columns = ['Product', 'Price', 'Year'])
# Original DataFrame
print("Original DataFrame:\n", df)
# Print Count of Price
print("\nCount of Price:\n")
counts = df['Price'].count()
0s completed at 9:57 PM
Type here to search
21°C Rain
ENG
21:12
18-11-2021

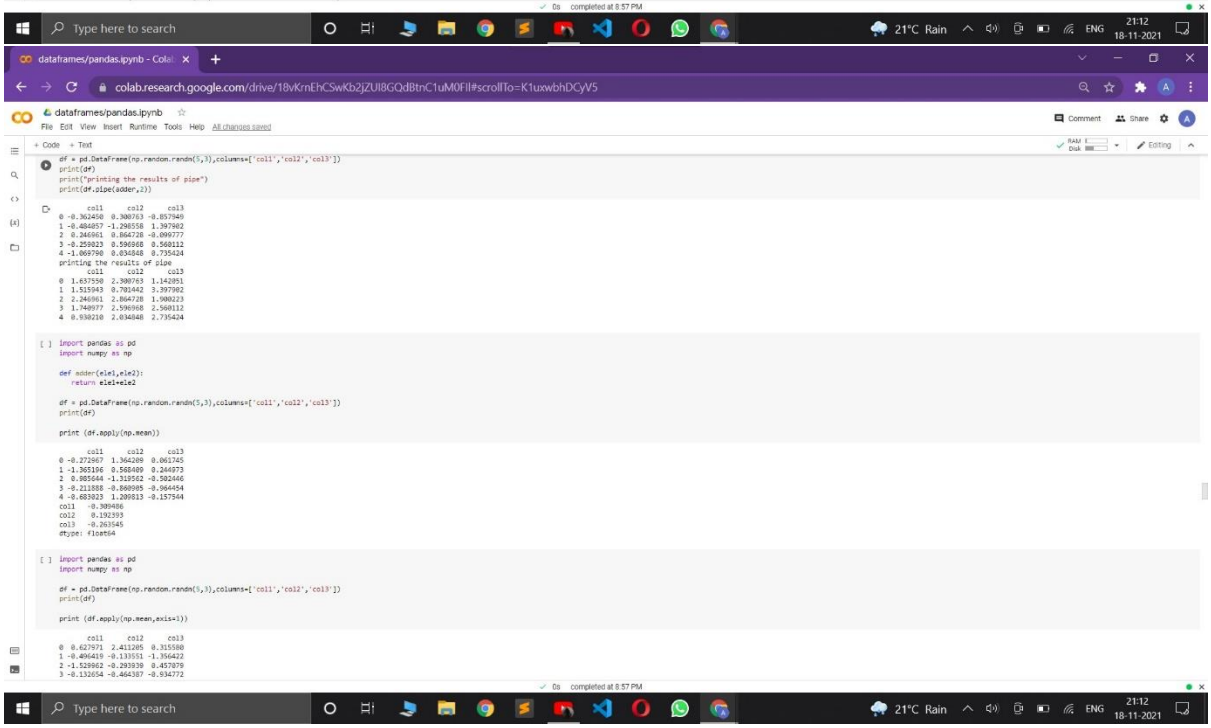


```
# Print Count of Price
print("\nCount of Price:\n")
counts = df['Price'].count()
print(counts)

# Print mean of Price
print("\nMean of Price:\n")
m = df['Price'].mean()
print(m)

# Print maximum value of Price
print("\nMaximum value of Price:\n")
mx = df['Price'].max()
print(m)

# Print standard deviation of Price
print("\nStandard deviation of Price:\n")
sd = df['Price'].std()
print(sd)
```

```
Original DataFrame:
      Product  Price  Year
0    Mobile  60000  2014
1    Stores  40000  2015
2  Desktops  32000  2016
3      Sofa  15000  2017
4    Laptop  25000  2018

Count of Price:

5

Mean of Price:

36000.0

Maximum value of Price:

36000.0

Standard deviation of Price:

18013.88353465182
```

FUNCTION APPLICATION AND LAMDA

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

def adder(ele1,ele2):
  return ele1+ele2
```



```
df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(5,3),columns=['col1','col2','col3'])
print(df)
print("printing the results of pipe")
print(df.pipe(adder,2))
```

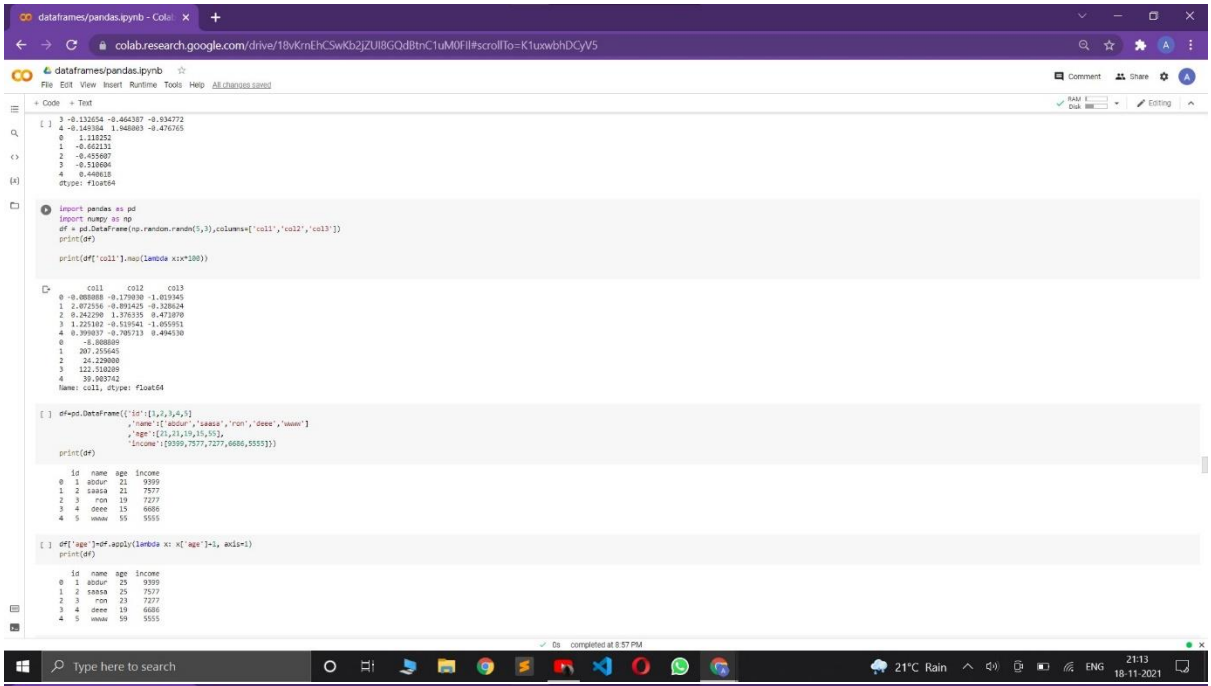
```
       col1      col2      col3
0 -0.362450  0.300763 -0.857949
1 -0.484057 -1.296558  1.397902
2  0.246861  0.864728 -0.099777
3 -0.259023  0.596968  0.560112
4 -1.069790  0.034848  0.735424
printing the results of pipe
       col1      col2      col3
0  1.637550  2.300763  1.142051
1  1.515943  0.703442  3.397902
2  2.246861  2.864728  1.900223
3  1.740977  2.596968  2.560112
4  0.930210  2.034848  2.735424
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

def adder(ele1,ele2):
  return ele1+ele2

df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(5,3),columns=['col1','col2','col3'])
print(df)

print (df.apply(np.mean))
```

```
       col1      col2      col3
0 -0.272967  1.364208  0.061745
1 -1.365196  0.568409  0.244973
2  0.985644 -1.319562 -0.502446
3 -0.211888 -0.869085 -0.064454
4 -0.683023  1.200813 -0.157544
col1   -0.309486
col2    0.192393
col3   -0.263545
dtype: float64
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(5,3),columns=['col1','col2','col3'])
print(df)

print (df.apply(np.mean,axis=1))
```

```
       col1      col2      col3
0  0.627971  2.411205  0.315580
1 -0.496419 -0.133551 -1.356422
2 -1.529962 -0.293930  0.457079
3 -0.132654 -0.464387 -0.934772
```


dataframes/pandas.ipynb - Colab
colab.research.google.com/drive/18vKrnEhCSwKb2jZUI8GQdBtnC1uM0FIl#scrollTo=K1uxwbhDCyV5
dataframes/pandas.ipynb
File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help All changes saved
Comment Share
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Editing
3 -0.132654 -0.464387 -0.934772
4 -0.149384 1.948803 -0.476765
0 1.118252
1 -0.662131
2 -0.455607
3 -0.510604
4 0.440618
dtype: float64
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(5,3),columns=['col1','col2','col3'])
print(df)
print(df['col1'].map(lambda x:x*100))
col1 col2 col3
0 -0.088088 -0.179030 -1.019345
1 2.072556 -0.891425 -0.328624
2 0.241290 1.376335 0.471870
3 1.225102 -0.519541 -1.055951
4 0.399037 -0.705713 0.494530
0 -8.808809
1 207.255645
2 24.129000
3 122.510209
4 39.903742
Name: col1, dtype: float64
df=pd.DataFrame({'id':[1,2,3,4,5]
,'name':['abdur','saasa','ron','deee','wwww']
,'age':[21,21,19,15,55],
'income':[9399,7577,7277,6686,5555]})
print(df)
id name age income
0 1 abdur 21 9399
1 2 saasa 21 7577
2 3 ron 19 7277
3 4 deee 15 6686
4 5 wwww 55 5555
df['age']=df.apply(lambda x: x['age']-1, axis=1)
print(df)
id name age income
0 1 abdur 25 9399
1 2 saasa 25 7577
2 3 ron 23 7277
3 4 deee 19 6686
4 5 wwww 59 5555
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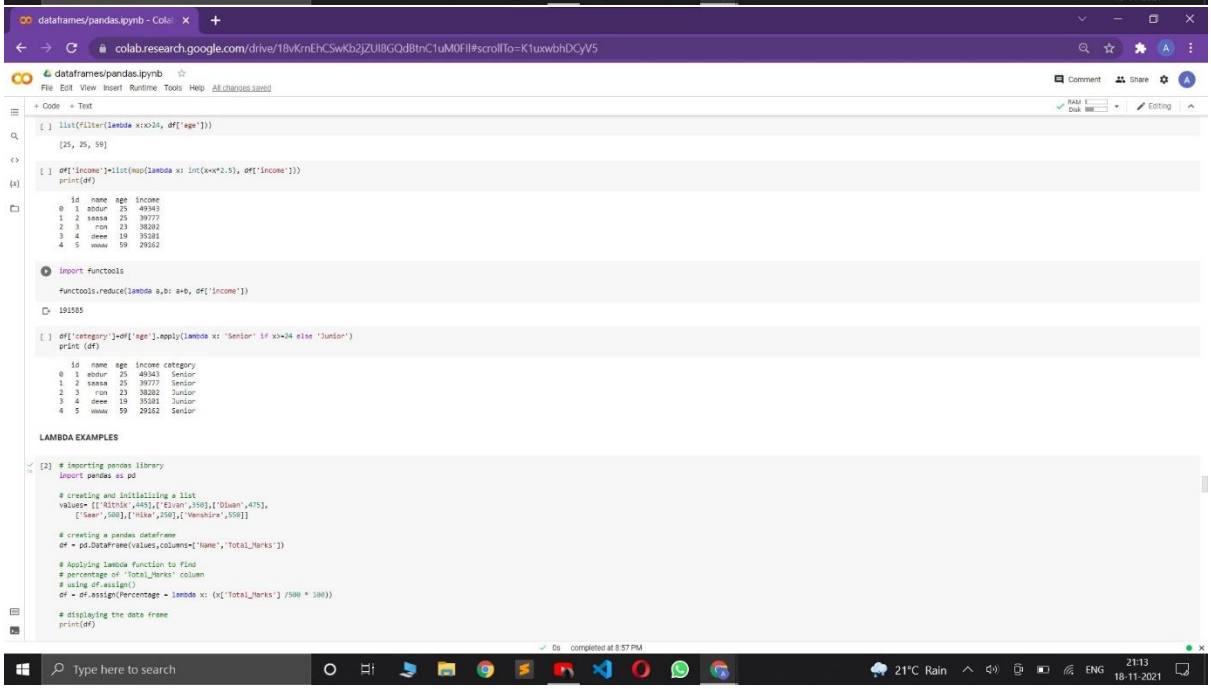
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dataframes/pandas.ipynb
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list(filter(lambda x:x>24, df['age']))
[25, 25, 59]
df['income']=list(map(lambda x: int(x+x*2.5), df['income']))
print(df)
id name age income
0 1 abdur 25 49343
1 2 saasa 25 39777
2 3 ron 23 38202
3 4 deee 19 35101
4 5 wwww 59 29162
import functools
functools.reduce(lambda a,b: a+b, df['income'])
191585
df['category']=df['age'].apply(lambda x: 'Senior' if x>=24 else 'Junior')
print (df)
id name age income category
0 1 abdur 25 49343 Senior
1 2 saasa 25 39777 Senior
2 3 ron 23 38202 Junior
3 4 deee 19 35101 Junior
4 5 wwww 59 29162 Senior
LAMBDA EXAMPLES
# importing pandas library
import pandas as pd
# creating and initializing a list
values= [['Ritik',445],['Ekvan',250],['Diwan',475],
['Saar',500],['Hike',250],['Vanshira',550]]
# creating a pandas dataframe
df = pd.DataFrame(values,columns=['Name','Total_Marks'])
# Applying lambda function to find
# percentage of 'Total_Marks' column
# using df.assign()
df = df.assign(Percentage = lambda x: (x['Total_Marks'] /500 * 100))
# displaying the data frame
print(df)
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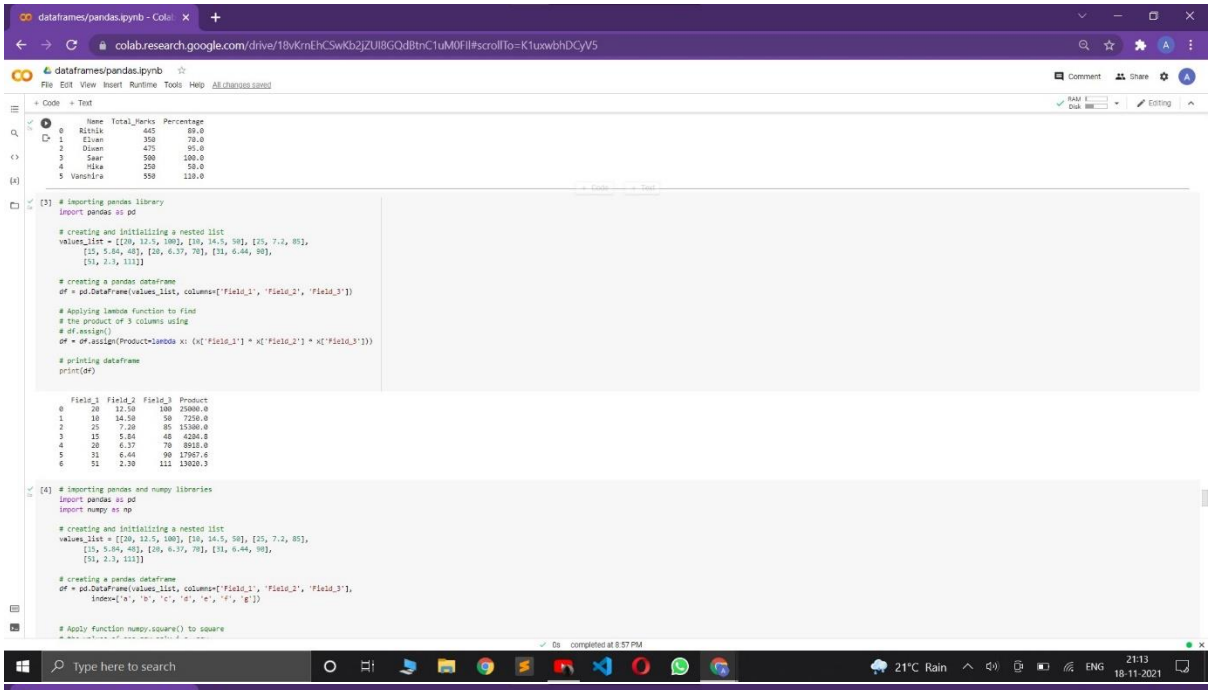
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dataframes/pandas.ipynb
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Name Total_Marks Percentage
0 Rithik 445 89.0
1 Elvan 350 70.0
2 Diwan 475 95.0
3 Saar 500 100.0
4 Hika 250 50.0
5 Vanshira 550 110.0
[3] # importing pandas library
import pandas as pd
# creating and initializing a nested list
values_list = [[20, 12.5, 100], [10, 14.5, 50], [25, 7.2, 85],
[15, 5.84, 48], [28, 6.37, 70], [31, 6.44, 90],
[51, 2.3, 111]]
# creating a pandas dataframe
df = pd.DataFrame(values_list, columns=['Field_1', 'Field_2', 'Field_3'])
# Applying lambda function to find
# the product of 3 columns using
# df.assign()
df = df.assign(Product=lambda x: (x['Field_1'] * x['Field_2'] * x['Field_3']))
# printing dataframe
print(df)
Field_1 Field_2 Field_3 Product
0 20 12.50 100 25000.0
1 10 14.50 50 7250.0
2 25 7.20 85 15300.0
3 15 5.84 48 4204.8
4 28 6.37 70 8918.0
5 31 6.44 90 17967.6
6 51 2.30 111 13020.3
[4] # importing pandas and numpy libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
# creating and initializing a nested list
values_list = [[20, 12.5, 100], [10, 14.5, 50], [25, 7.2, 85],
[15, 5.84, 48], [28, 6.37, 70], [31, 6.44, 90],
[51, 2.3, 111]]
# creating a pandas dataframe
df = pd.DataFrame(values_list, columns=['Field_1', 'Field_2', 'Field_3'],
index=['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g'])
# Apply function numpy.square() to square
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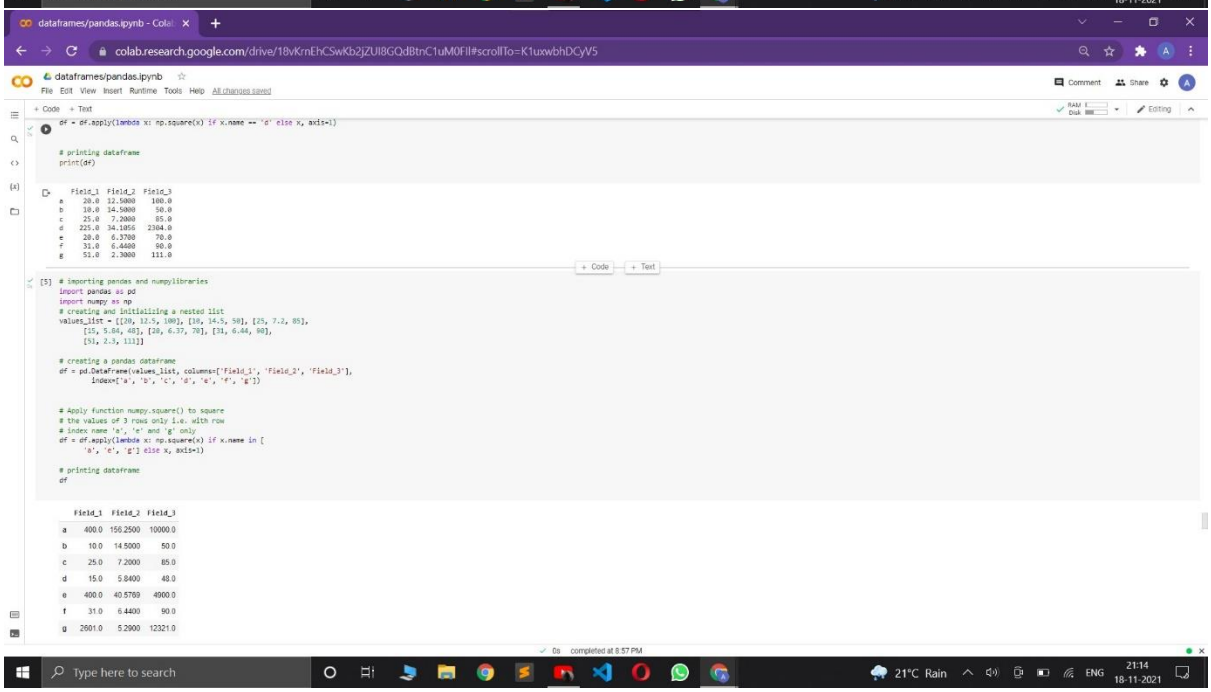
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df = df.apply(lambda x: np.square(x) if x.name == 'd' else x, axis=1)
# printing dataframe
print(df)
Field_1 Field_2 Field_3
a 20.0 12.5000 100.0
b 10.0 14.5000 50.0
c 25.0 7.2000 85.0
d 225.0 34.1056 2304.0
e 28.0 6.3700 70.0
f 31.0 6.4400 90.0
g 51.0 2.3000 111.0
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[5] # importing pandas and numpylibraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
# creating and initializing a nested list
values_list = [[20, 12.5, 100], [10, 14.5, 50], [25, 7.2, 85],
[15, 5.84, 48], [28, 6.37, 70], [31, 6.44, 90],
[51, 2.3, 111]]
# creating a pandas dataframe
df = pd.DataFrame(values_list, columns=['Field_1', 'Field_2', 'Field_3'],
index=['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g'])
# Apply function numpy.square() to square
# the values of 3 rows only i.e. with row
# index name 'a', 'e' and 'g' only
df = df.apply(lambda x: np.square(x) if x.name in [
'a', 'e', 'g'] else x, axis=1)
printing dataframe
df
Field_1 Field_2 Field_3
a 400.0 156.2500 10000.0
b 10.0 14.5000 50.0
c 25.0 7.2000 85.0
d 15.0 5.8400 48.0
e 400.0 40.5769 4900.0
f 31.0 6.4400 90.0
g 2601.0 5.2900 12321.0
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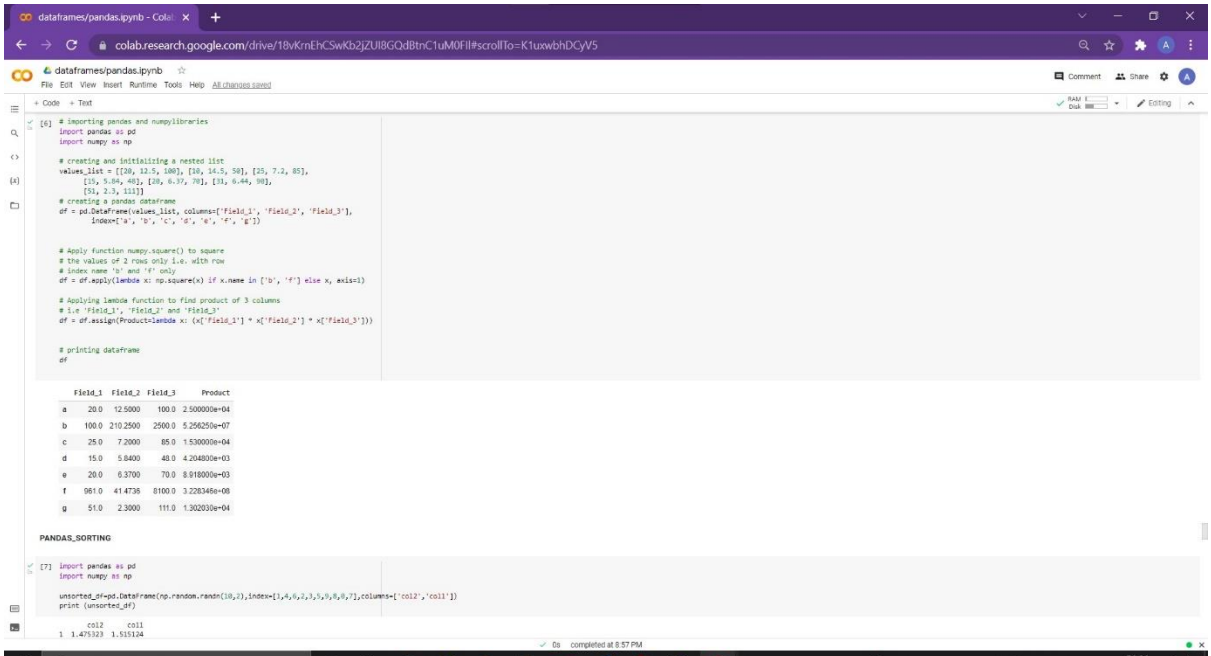
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dataframes/pandas.ipynb
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[6] # importing pandas and numpylibraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
# creating and initializing a nested list
values_list = [[20, 12.5, 100], [10, 14.5, 50], [25, 7.2, 85],
[15, 5.84, 48], [20, 6.37, 70], [31, 6.44, 90],
[91, 2.3, 111]]
# creating a pandas dataframe
df = pd.DataFrame(values_list, columns=['Field_1', 'Field_2', 'Field_3'],
index=['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g'])
# Apply function numpy.square() to square
# the values of 2 rows only i.e. with row
# index name 'b' and 'f' only
df = df.apply(lambda x: np.square(x) if x.name in ['b', 'f'] else x, axis=1)
# Applying lambda function to find product of 3 columns
# i.e 'Field_1', 'Field_2' and 'Field_3'
df = df.assign(Product=lambda x: (x['Field_1'] * x['Field_2'] * x['Field_3']))
# printing dataFrame
df
Field_1 Field_2 Field_3 Product
a 20.0 12.5000 100.0 2.500000e+04
b 100.0 210.2500 2500.0 5.256250e+07
c 25.0 7.2000 85.0 1.530000e+04
d 15.0 5.8400 48.0 4.204800e+03
e 20.0 6.3700 70.0 8.918000e+03
f 961.0 41.4736 8100.0 3.228346e+08
g 51.0 2.3000 111.0 1.302030e+04
PANDAS_SORTING
[7] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
unsorted_df=pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(10,2),index=[1,4,6,2,3,5,9,8,0,7],columns=['col2','col1'])
print (unsorted_df)
col2 col1
1 1.475323 1.515124
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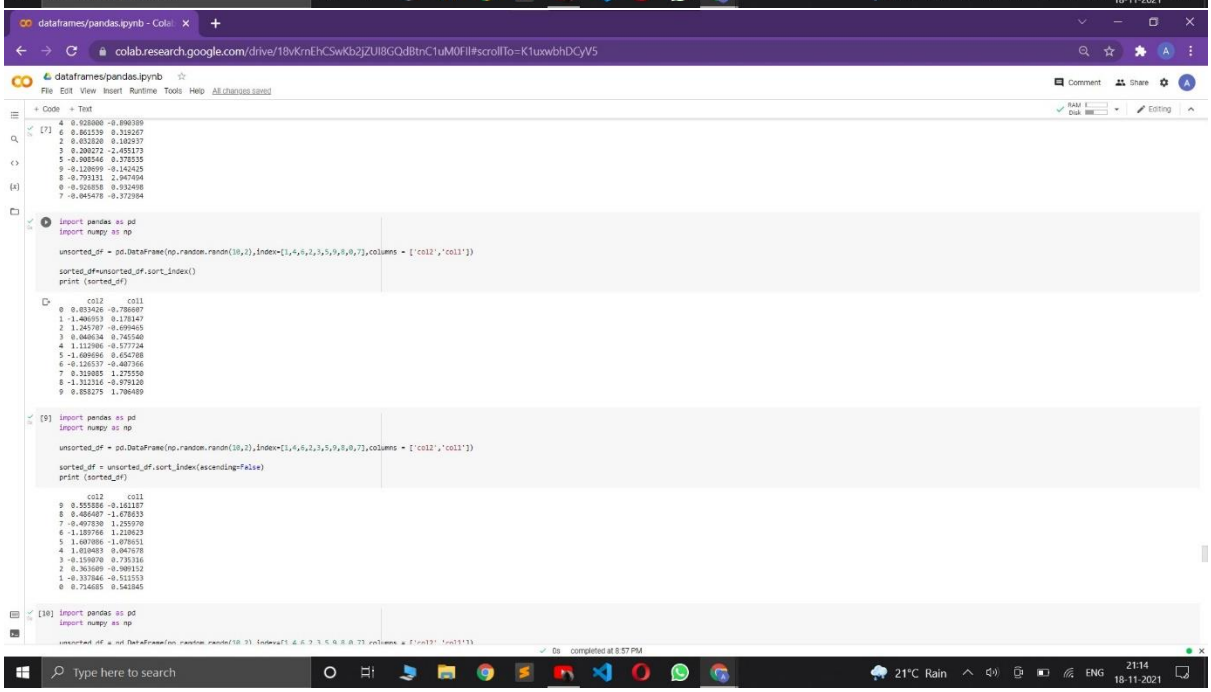
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4 0.928000 -0.890389
[7] 6 0.861539 0.319267
2 0.032820 0.102937
3 0.200272 -2.455173
5 -0.908546 0.378535
9 -0.120899 -0.142425
8 -0.793131 2.947494
0 -0.926858 0.032498
7 -0.045478 -0.372984
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
unsorted_df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(10,2),index=[1,4,6,2,3,5,9,8,0,7],columns = ['col2','col1'])
sorted_df=unsorted_df.sort_index()
print (sorted_df)
col2 col1
0 0.033426 -0.786607
1 -1.406953 0.178147
2 1.245707 -0.699465
3 0.040634 0.745540
4 1.112906 -0.577724
5 -1.609696 0.654708
6 -0.126537 -0.407366
7 0.319885 1.275550
8 -1.312316 -0.079120
9 0.858275 1.706489
[9] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
unsorted_df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(10,2),index=[1,4,6,2,3,5,9,8,0,7],columns = ['col2','col1'])
sorted_df = unsorted_df.sort_index(ascending=False)
print (sorted_df)
col2 col1
9 0.555886 -0.161107
8 0.486407 -1.678633
7 -0.497330 1.255970
6 -1.189766 1.210023
5 1.607086 -1.078651
4 1.010483 0.047678
3 -0.159070 0.735316
2 0.363609 -0.909152
1 -0.337046 -0.511553
0 0.714685 0.561845
[10] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
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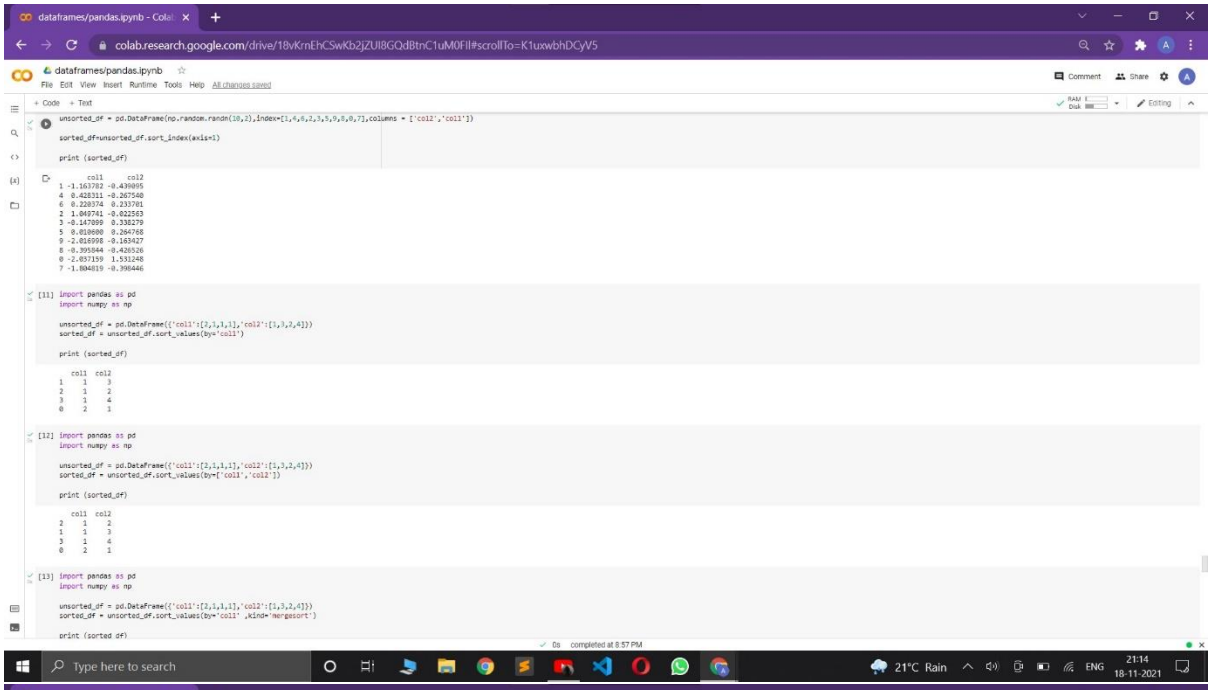
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unsorted_df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(10,2),index=[1,4,6,2,3,5,9,8,0,7],columns = ['col2','col1'])
sorted_df=unsorted_df.sort_index(axis=1)
print (sorted_df)
col1 col2
1 -1.163782 -0.439805
4 0.428311 -0.267540
6 0.228374 0.233701
2 1.049741 -0.022563
3 -0.147099 0.338279
5 0.010600 0.264748
9 -2.016998 -0.163427
8 -0.395844 -0.426526
0 -2.057159 1.531248
7 -1.804819 -0.398446
[11] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
unsorted_df = pd.DataFrame({'col1':[2,1,1,1],'col2':[1,3,2,4]})
sorted_df = unsorted_df.sort_values(by='col1')
print (sorted_df)
col1 col2
1 1 3
2 1 2
3 1 4
0 2 1
[12] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
unsorted_df = pd.DataFrame({'col1':[2,1,1,1],'col2':[1,3,2,4]})
sorted_df = unsorted_df.sort_values(by=['col1','col2'])
print (sorted_df)
col1 col2
2 1 2
1 1 3
3 1 4
0 2 1
[13] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
unsorted_df = pd.DataFrame({'col1':[2,1,1,1],'col2':[1,3,2,4]})
sorted_df = unsorted_df.sort_values(by='col1' ,kind='mergesort')
print (sorted_df)
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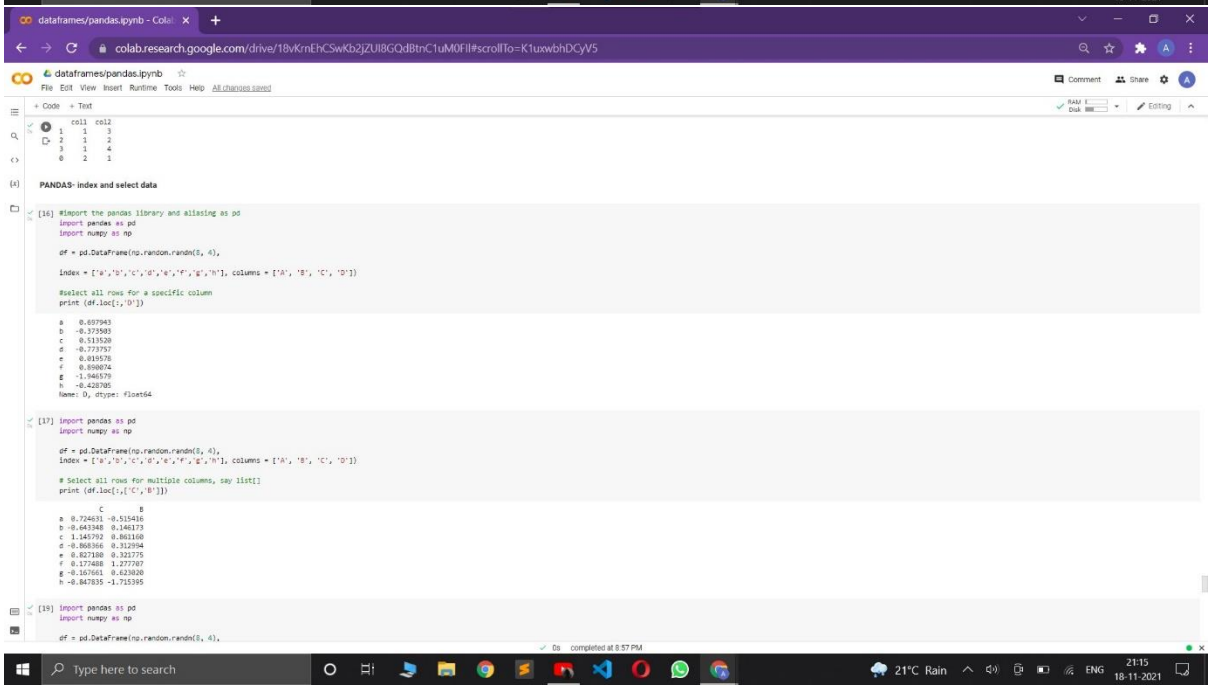
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dataframes/pandas.ipynb
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col1 col2
1 1 3
2 1 2
3 1 4
0 2 1
PANDAS- index and select data
[16] #import the pandas library and aliasing as pd
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(8, 4),
index = ['a','b','c','d','e','f','g','h'], columns = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D'])
#select all rows for a specific column
print (df.loc[:,'D'])
a 0.697943
b -0.373503
c 0.513520
d -0.773757
e 0.819578
f 0.890074
g -1.946579
h -0.428705
Name: D, dtype: float64
[17] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(8, 4),
index = ['a','b','c','d','e','f','g','h'], columns = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D'])
# Select all rows for multiple columns, say list[]
print (df.loc[:,['C','B']])
C B
a 0.724631 -0.515416
b -0.643348 0.146173
c 1.145792 0.861160
d -0.868366 0.312994
e 0.827180 0.321775
f 0.177488 1.277707
g -0.167661 0.623020
h -0.847835 -1.715395
[18] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(8, 4),
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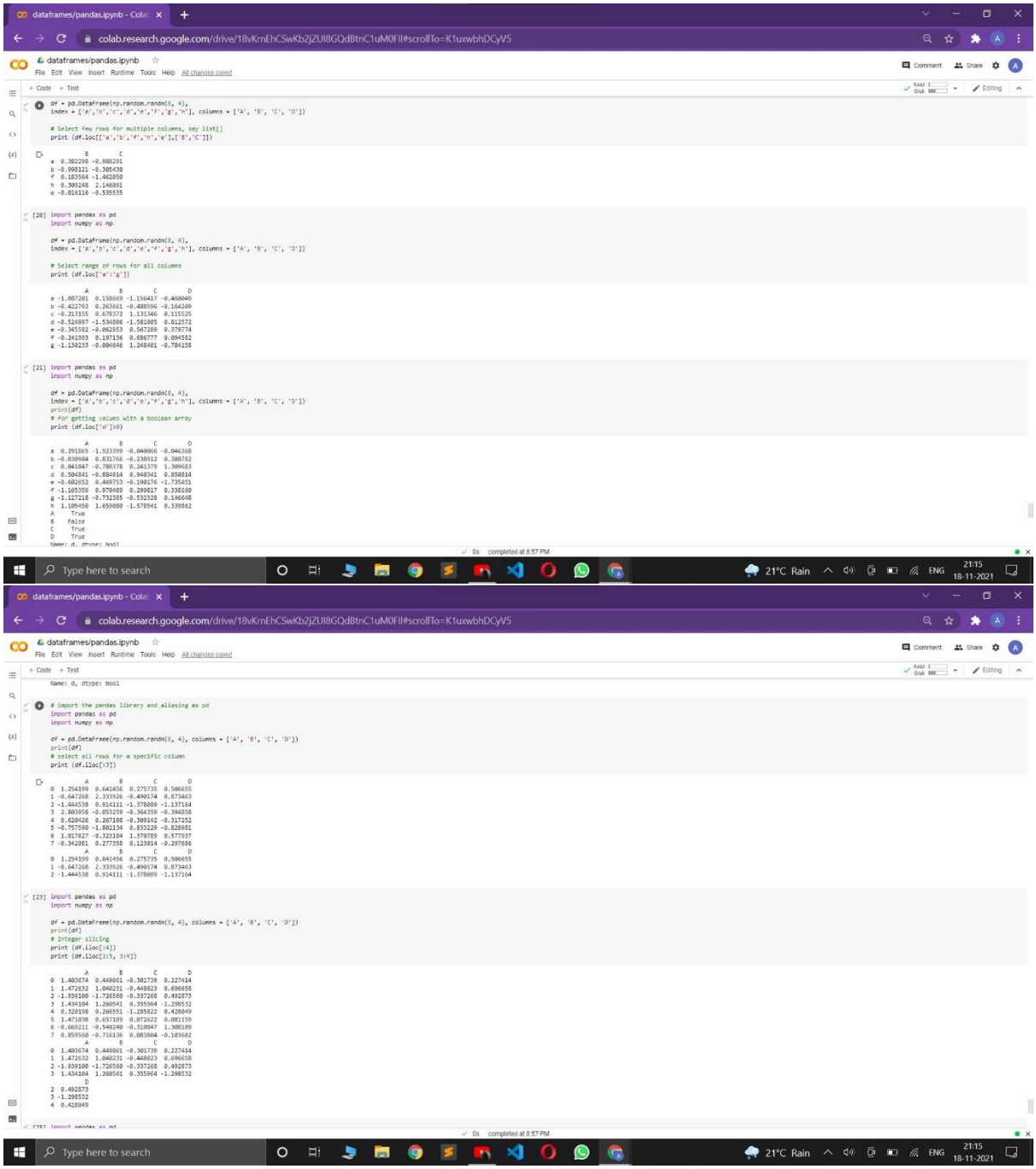
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df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(8, 4),
index = ['a','b','c','d','e','f','g','h'], columns = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D'])
# Select few rows for multiple columns, say list[]
print (df.loc[['a','b','f','h','e'],['B','C']])
B C
a 0.382298 -0.988291
b -0.998121 -0.305430
f 0.183564 -1.462050
h 0.309248 2.140091
e -0.016116 -0.535535
[28] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(8, 4),
index = ['a','b','c','d','e','f','g','h'], columns = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D'])
# Select range of rows for all columns
print (df.loc['e':'g'])
A B C D
e -1.887201 0.158669 -1.156417 -0.460049
b -0.422792 0.263661 -0.488596 -0.164249
c -0.213155 0.678372 1.131346 0.115525
d -0.524997 -1.534806 -1.581805 0.812572
e -0.345582 -0.062953 0.567289 0.379774
f -0.241093 0.197136 0.686777 0.094582
g -1.130233 -0.004646 1.248401 -0.784158
[21] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(8, 4),
index = ['a','b','c','d','e','f','g','h'], columns = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D'])
print(df)
# for getting values with a boolean array
print (df.loc['d']>0)
A B C D
a 0.291865 -1.923399 -0.040066 -0.046368
b -0.030904 0.831766 -0.230912 0.380782
c 0.041047 -0.780378 0.241379 1.309683
d 0.504841 -0.884914 0.940341 0.050814
e -0.602652 0.469753 -0.190176 -1.735401
f -1.165359 0.970480 0.299817 0.338160
g -1.127218 -0.732305 -0.532328 0.146648
h 1.105450 1.659080 -1.578541 0.539062
A True
B False
C True
D True
Name: d, dtype: bool
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Name: d, dtype: bool
# import the pandas library and aliasing as pd
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(8, 4), columns = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D'])
print(df)
# select all rows for a specific column
print (df.iloc[:3])
A B C D
0 1.254199 0.641456 0.275735 0.506655
1 -0.647268 2.333926 -0.490174 0.873463
2 -1.444538 0.914111 -1.378089 -1.137164
3 2.803958 -0.053259 -0.364359 -0.394858
4 0.620426 0.267108 -0.300142 -0.317282
5 -0.757590 -1.802134 0.833229 -0.828981
6 1.017627 -0.323184 1.370789 0.577937
7 -0.341201 0.277358 0.123914 -0.297686
A B C D
0 1.254199 0.641456 0.275735 0.506655
1 -0.647268 2.333926 -0.490174 0.873463
2 -1.444538 0.914111 -1.378089 -1.137164
[23] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(8, 4), columns = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D'])
print(df)
# Integer slicing
print (df.iloc[:4])
print (df.iloc[2:5, 3:4])
A B C D
0 1.403674 0.449861 -0.301739 0.227414
1 1.472632 1.040231 -0.448023 0.696658
2 -1.939100 -1.726560 -0.337268 0.492873
3 1.434104 1.260541 0.355964 -1.298532
4 0.328198 0.206551 -1.285822 0.428049
5 1.471038 0.657189 0.072622 0.081159
6 -0.669211 -0.540240 -0.310847 1.308109
7 0.859560 -0.716136 0.083804 -0.103602
A B C D
0 1.403674 0.449861 -0.301739 0.227414
1 1.472632 1.040231 -0.448023 0.696658
2 -1.939100 -1.726560 -0.337268 0.492873
3 1.434104 1.260541 0.355964 -1.298532
D
2 0.492873
3 -1.298532
4 0.428049
[25] import pandas as pd
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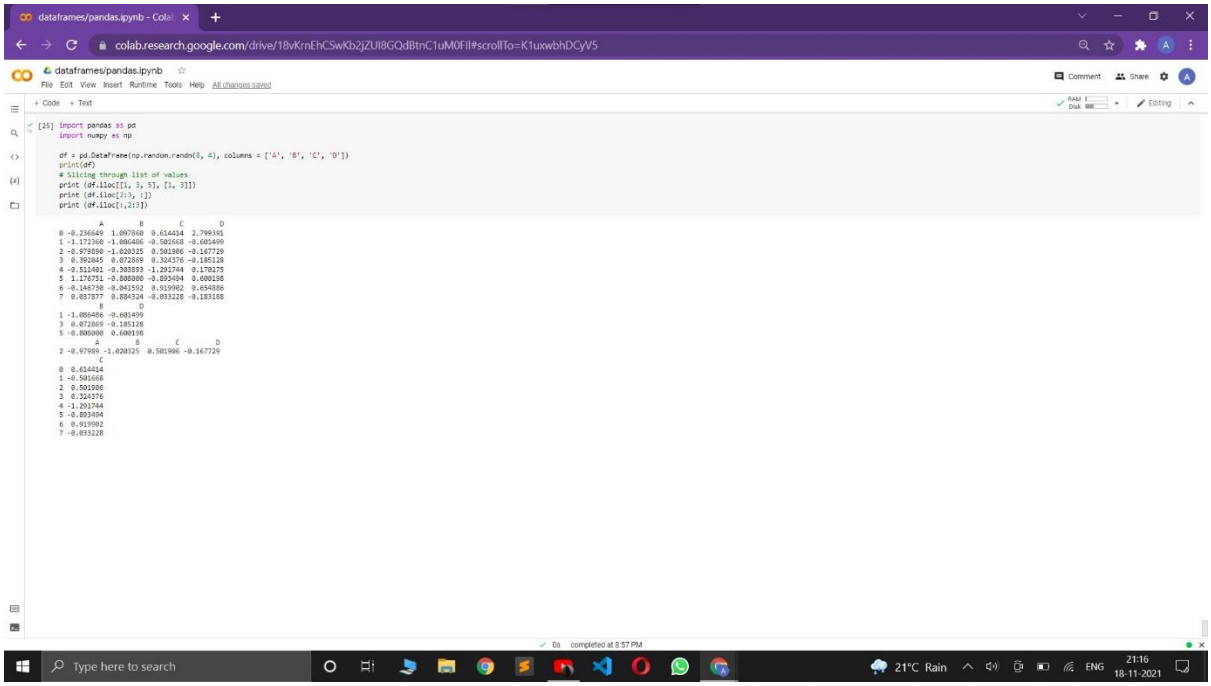
dataframes/pandas.ipynb - Colab
colab.research.google.com/drive/18vKrnEhCSwKb2jZUI8GQdBtnC1uM0FIl#scrollTo=K1uxwbhDCyV5
dataframes/pandas.ipynb
File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help All changes saved
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Editing
[25] import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(8, 4), columns = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D'])
print(df)
# Slicing through list of values
print (df.iloc[[1, 3, 5], [1, 3]])
print (df.iloc[2:3, :])
print (df.iloc[:,2:3])
A B C D
0 -0.236649 1.097860 0.614414 2.799391
1 -1.172360 -1.086486 -0.501668 -0.601499
2 -0.979890 -1.020325 0.501906 -0.167729
3 0.392045 0.072869 0.324376 -0.185128
4 -0.511401 -0.303893 -1.291744 0.170275
5 1.176751 -0.806000 -0.893494 0.600198
6 -0.146730 -0.041592 0.919902 0.654886
7 0.037877 0.804524 -0.033228 -0.183188
B D
1 -1.086486 -0.601499
3 0.072869 -0.185128
5 -0.806000 0.600198
A B C D
2 -0.97989 -1.020325 0.501906 -0.167729
C
0 0.614414
1 -0.501668
2 0.501906
3 0.324376
4 -1.291744
5 -0.893494
6 0.919902
7 -0.033228
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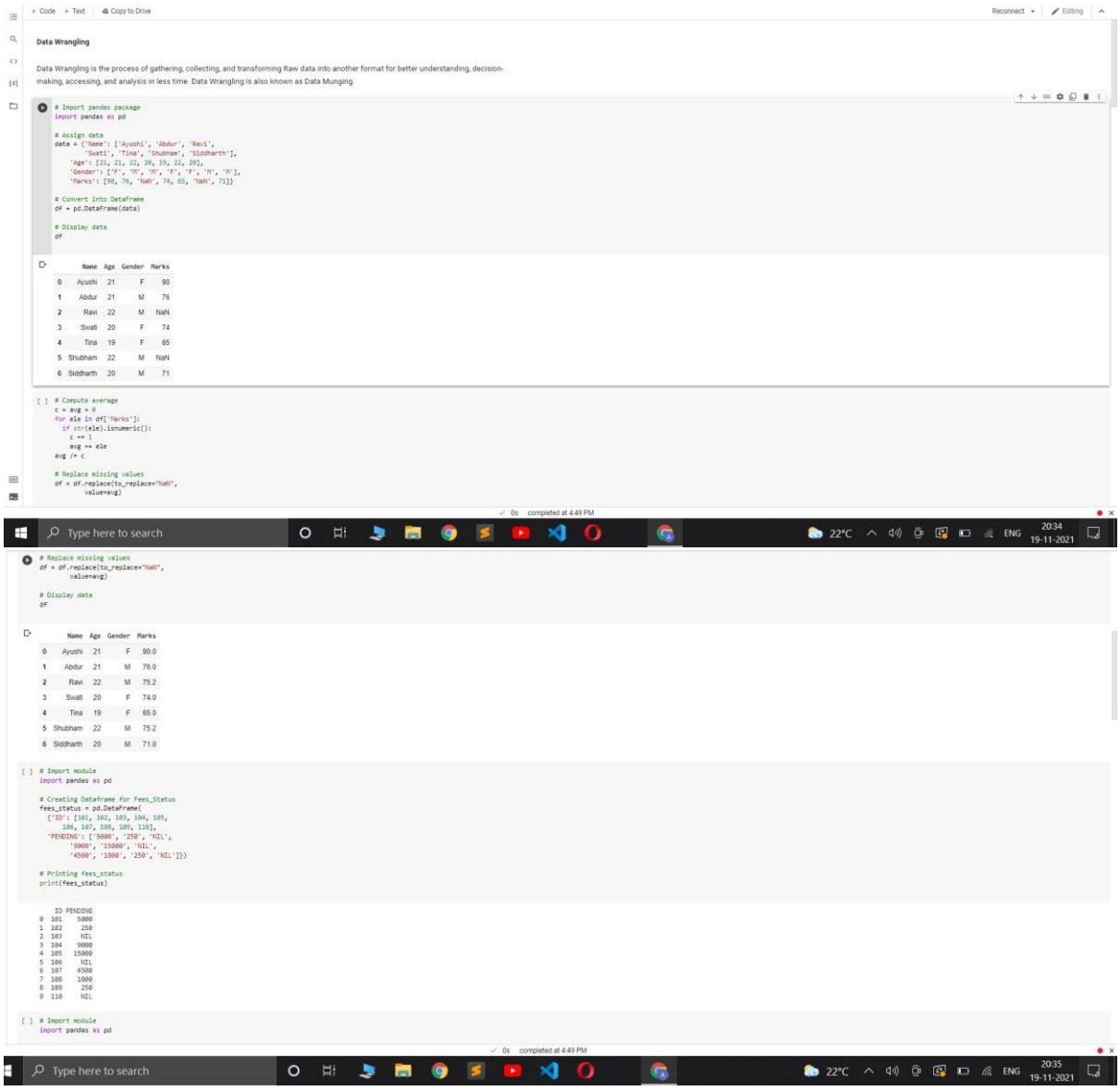
21°C Rain
ENG
21:16
18-11-2021

DATA WRANGLING:

Data Wrangling is the process of gathering, collecting, and transforming Raw data into another format for better understanding, decision-making, accessing, and analysis in less time. Data Wrangling is also known as Data Munging.



Data Wrangling

Data Wrangling is the process of gathering, collecting, and transforming Raw data into another format for better understanding, decision-making, accessing, and analysis in less time. Data Wrangling is also known as Data Munging.

```
# Import pandas package
import pandas as pd

# Assign data
data = {'Name': ['Ayushi', 'Abdur', 'Ravi',
                 'Swati', 'Tina', 'Shubham', 'Siddharth'],
        'Age': [21, 21, 22, 20, 19, 22, 20],
        'Gender': ['F', 'M', 'M', 'F', 'F', 'M', 'M'],
        'Marks': [90, 76, 'NaN', 74, 65, 'NaN', 71]}

# Convert into Dataframe
df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Display data
df
```

	Name	Age	Gender	Marks
0	Ayushi	21	F	90
1	Abdur	21	M	76
2	Ravi	22	M	NaN
3	Swati	20	F	74
4	Tina	19	F	65
5	Shubham	22	M	NaN
6	Siddharth	20	M	71

```
# Compute average
c = avg = 0
for ele in df['Marks']:
  if str(ele).isnumeric():
    c += 1
    avg += ele
avg /= c

# Replace missing values
df = df.replace(to_replace="NaN",
                value=avg)
```

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```
# Replace missing values
df = df.replace(to_replace="NaN",
                value=avg)

# Display data
df
```

	Name	Age	Gender	Marks
0	Ayushi	21	F	90.0
1	Abdur	21	M	76.0
2	Ravi	22	M	75.2
3	Swati	20	F	74.0
4	Tina	19	F	65.0
5	Shubham	22	M	75.2
6	Siddharth	20	M	71.0

```
# Import module
import pandas as pd

# Creating Dataframe for Fees_Status
fees_status = pd.DataFrame(
  {'ID': [101, 102, 103, 104, 105,
          106, 107, 108, 109, 110],
   'PENDING': ['5000', '250', 'NIL',
               '9000', '15000', 'NIL',
               '4500', '1800', '250', 'NIL']})

# Printing fees_status
print(fees_status)
```

```
    ID PENDING
0  101    5000
1  102     250
2  103     NIL
3  104    9000
4  105   15000
5  106     NIL
6  107    4500
7  108    1800
8  109     250
9  110     NIL
```

```
# Import module
import pandas as pd
```

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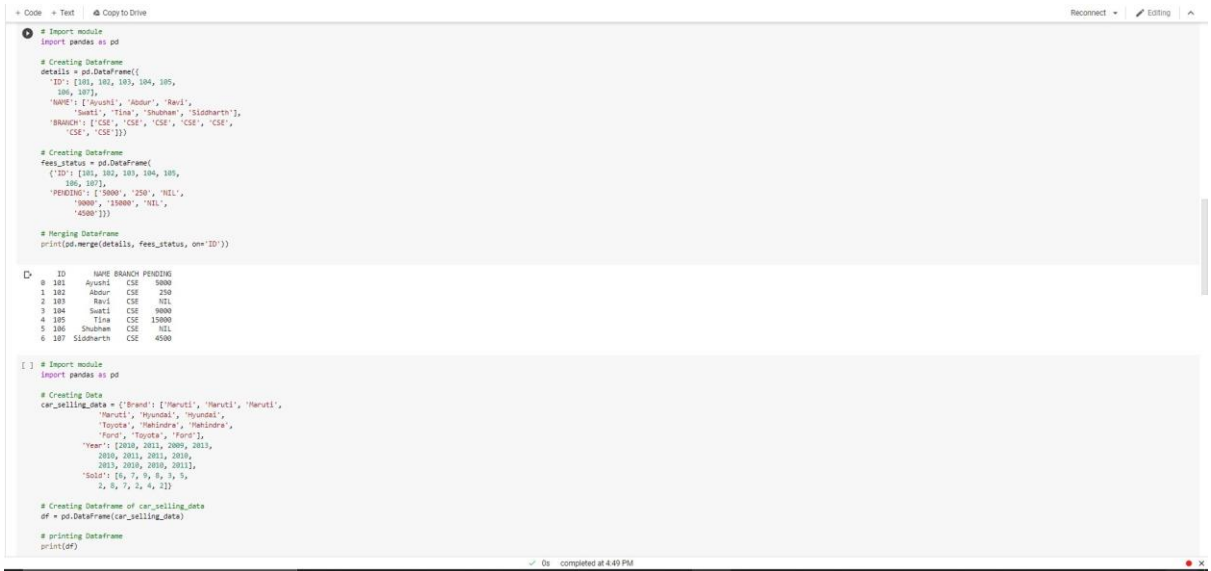

```
# Import module
import pandas as pd

# Creating Dataframe
details = pd.DataFrame({
  'ID': [101, 102, 103, 104, 105,
    106, 107],
  'NAME': ['Ayushi', 'Abdur', 'Ravi',
        'Swati', 'Tina', 'Shubham', 'Siddharth'],
  'BRANCH': ['CSE', 'CSE', 'CSE', 'CSE', 'CSE',
     'CSE', 'CSE']})

# Creating Dataframe
fees_status = pd.DataFrame(
  {'ID': [101, 102, 103, 104, 105,
      106, 107],
  'PENDING': ['5000', '250', 'NIL',
       '9000', '15000', 'NIL',
       '4500']})

# Merging Dataframe
print(pd.merge(details, fees_status, on='ID'))
```

```
    ID      NAME BRANCH PENDING
0  101    Ayushi    CSE    5000
1  102     Abdur    CSE     250
2  103      Ravi    CSE     NIL
3  104     Swati    CSE    9000
4  105      Tina    CSE   15000
5  106   Shubham    CSE     NIL
6  107  Siddharth    CSE    4500
```

```
# Import module
import pandas as pd

# Creating Data
car_selling_data = {'Brand': ['Maruti', 'Maruti', 'Maruti',
              'Maruti', 'Hyundai', 'Hyundai',
              'Toyota', 'Mahindra', 'Mahindra',
              'Ford', 'Toyota', 'Ford'],
            'Year': [2010, 2011, 2009, 2013,
               2010, 2011, 2011, 2010,
               2013, 2010, 2010, 2011],
            'Sold': [6, 7, 9, 8, 3, 5,
               2, 8, 7, 2, 4, 2]}

# Creating Dataframe of car_selling_data
df = pd.DataFrame(car_selling_data)

# printing Dataframe
print(df)
```

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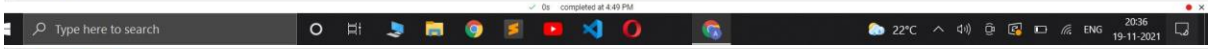

```
# printing Dataframe
print(df)
```

```
      Brand  Year  Sold
0    Maruti  2010     6
1    Maruti  2011     7
2    Maruti  2009     9
3    Maruti  2013     8
4   Hyundai  2010     3
5   Hyundai  2011     5
6    Toyota  2011     2
7  Mahindra  2010     8
8  Mahindra  2013     7
9      Ford  2010     2
10   Toyota  2010     4
11     Ford  2011     2
```

```
# Import module
import pandas as pd

# Creating Data
car_selling_data = {'Brand': ['Maruti', 'Maruti', 'Maruti',
              'Maruti', 'Hyundai', 'Hyundai',
              'Toyota', 'Mahindra', 'Mahindra',
              'Ford', 'Toyota', 'Ford'],
            'Year': [2010, 2011, 2009, 2013,
               2010, 2011, 2011, 2010,
               2013, 2010, 2010, 2011],
            'Sold': [6, 7, 9, 8, 3, 5,
               2, 8, 7, 2, 4, 2]}

# Creating Dataframe for Provided Data
df = pd.DataFrame(car_selling_data)

# Group the data when year = 2010
grouped = df.groupby('Year')
print(grouped.get_group(2010))
```

```
      Brand  Year  Sold
0    Maruti  2010     6
4   Hyundai  2010     3
7  Mahindra  2010     8
9      Ford  2010     2
10   Toyota  2010     4
```

```
# Import module
import pandas as pd

# Initializing Data
student_data = {'Name': ['Ayushi', 'Abdur', 'Ravi',
          'Swati', 'Tina', 'Shubham', 'Siddharth',
```

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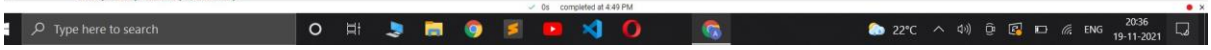

```
# Import module
import pandas as pd

# Initializing Data
student_data = {'Name': ['Ayushi', 'Abdur', 'Ravi',
                         'Swati', 'Tina', 'Shubham', 'Siddharth',
                         'Satyapal', 'Amit',
                         'Rahul', 'Praveen', 'Amit'],

                'Roll_no': [23, 54, 29, 36, 59, 38,
                            12, 45, 34, 36, 54, 23],

                'Email': ['xxxx@gmail.com', 'xxxxxx@gmail.com',
                          'xxxxxx@gmail.com', 'xx@gmail.com',
                          'xxxx@gmail.com', 'xxxxx@gmail.com',
                          'xxxxx@gmail.com', 'xxxxx@gmail.com',
                          'xxxxx@gmail.com', 'xxxxxx@gmail.com',
                          'xxxxxxxxxx@gmail.com', 'xxxxxxxxxx@gmail.com']}

# Creating DataFrame of Data
df = pd.DataFrame(student_data)

# Printing Dataframe
print(df)
```

```
         Name  Roll_no              Email
0      Ayushi       23       xxxx@gmail.com
1       Abdur       54     xxxxxx@gmail.com
2        Ravi       29     xxxxx@gmail.com
3       Swati       36        xx@gmail.com
4        Tina       59      xxxx@gmail.com
5     Shubham       38     xxxxx@gmail.com
6   Siddharth       12     xxxxx@gmail.com
7    Satyapal       45     xxxxx@gmail.com
8        Amit       34     xxxxx@gmail.com
9       Rahul       36     xxxxxx@gmail.com
10    Praveen       54  xxxxxxxxxx@gmail.com
11       Amit       23  xxxxxxxxxx@gmail.com
```

```
[ ] # import module
    import pandas as pd

    # initializing Data
    student_data = {'Name': ['Amit', 'Praveen', 'Jagroop',
                             'Rahul', 'Vishal', 'Suraj',
                             'Rishab', 'Satyapal', 'Amit',
                             'Rahul', 'Praveen', 'Amit'],

                    'Roll_no': [23, 54, 29, 36, 59, 38,
                                12, 45, 34, 36, 54, 23],
                    'Email': ['xxxx@gmail.com', 'xxxxxx@gmail.com',
                              'xxxxxx@gmail.com', 'xx@gmail.com',
```

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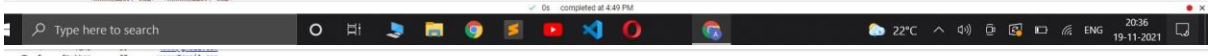


```
5     Shubham       38       xxxxx@gmail.com
6   Siddharth       12       xxxxx@gmail.com
7    Satyapal       45       xxxxx@gmail.com
8        Amit       34       xxxxx@gmail.com
9       Rahul       36       xxxxxx@gmail.com
10    Praveen       54    xxxxxxxxxx@gmail.com
11       Amit       23    xxxxxxxxxx@gmail.com
```

```
# import module
import pandas as pd

# initializing Data
student_data = {'Name': ['Amit', 'Praveen', 'Jagroop',
                         'Rahul', 'Vishal', 'Suraj',
                         'Rishab', 'Satyapal', 'Amit',
                         'Rahul', 'Praveen', 'Amit'],

                'Roll_no': [23, 54, 29, 36, 59, 38,
                            12, 45, 34, 36, 54, 23],
                'Email': ['xxxx@gmail.com', 'xxxxxx@gmail.com',
                          'xxxxxx@gmail.com', 'xx@gmail.com',
                          'xxxx@gmail.com', 'xxxxx@gmail.com',
                          'xxxxx@gmail.com', 'xxxxx@gmail.com',
                          'xxxxx@gmail.com', 'xxxxxx@gmail.com',
                          'xxxxxxxxxx@gmail.com', 'xxxxxxxxxx@gmail.com']}

# creating dataframe
df = pd.DataFrame(student_data)

# Here df.duplicated() list duplicate Entries in ROllno.
# So that ~(NOT) is placed in order to get non duplicate values.
non_duplicate = df[~df.duplicated('Roll_no')]

# printing non-duplicate values
print(non_duplicate)
```

```
       Name  Roll_no              Email
0      Amit       23       xxxx@gmail.com
1   Praveen       54     xxxxxx@gmail.com
2   Jagroop       29     xxxxx@gmail.com
3     Rahul       36        xx@gmail.com
4    Vishal       59      xxxx@gmail.com
5     Suraj       38     xxxxx@gmail.com
6    Rishab       12     xxxxx@gmail.com
7  Satyapal       45     xxxxx@gmail.com
8      Amit       34     xxxxx@gmail.com
```

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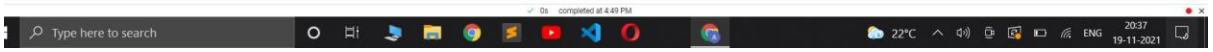
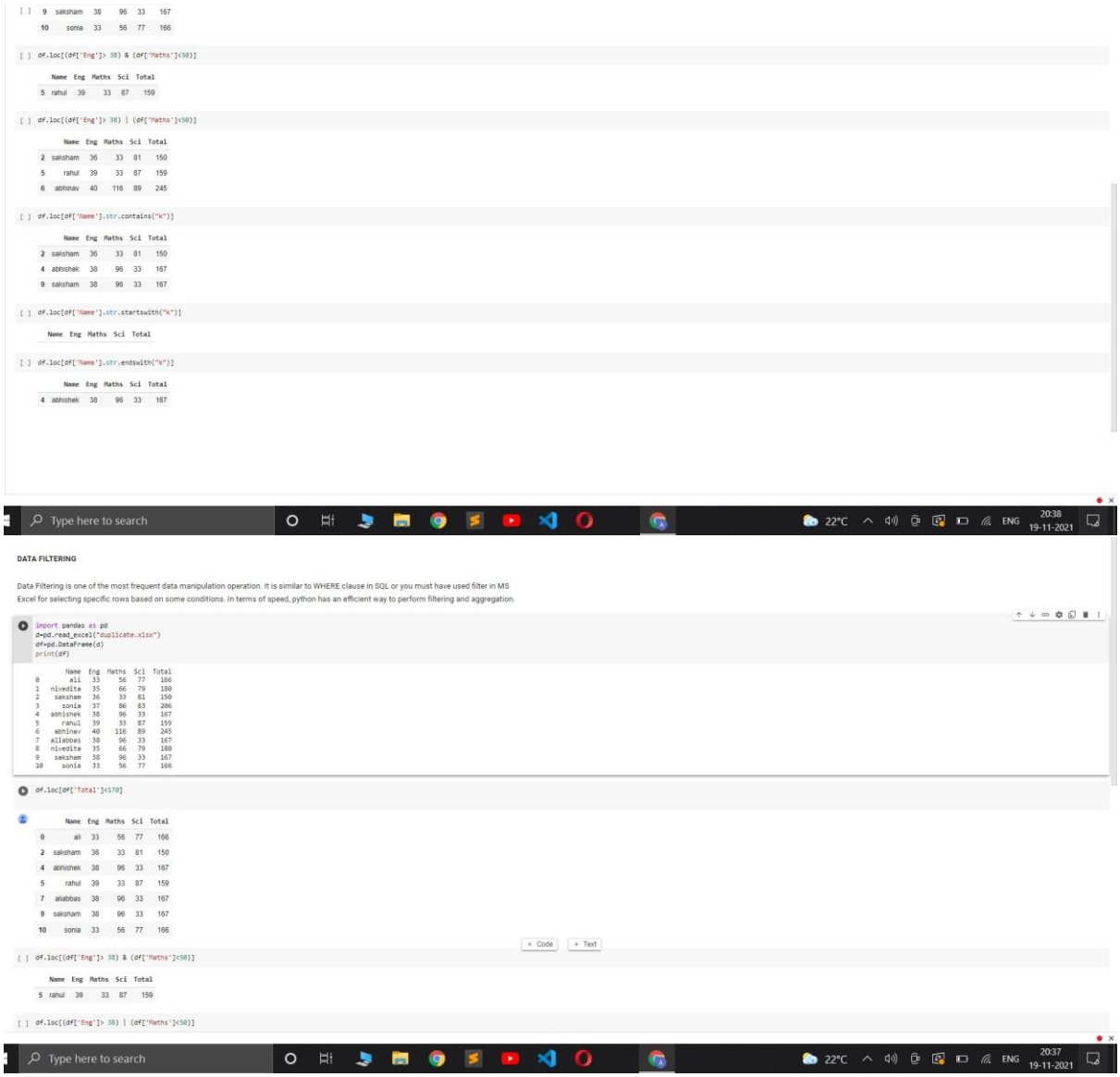


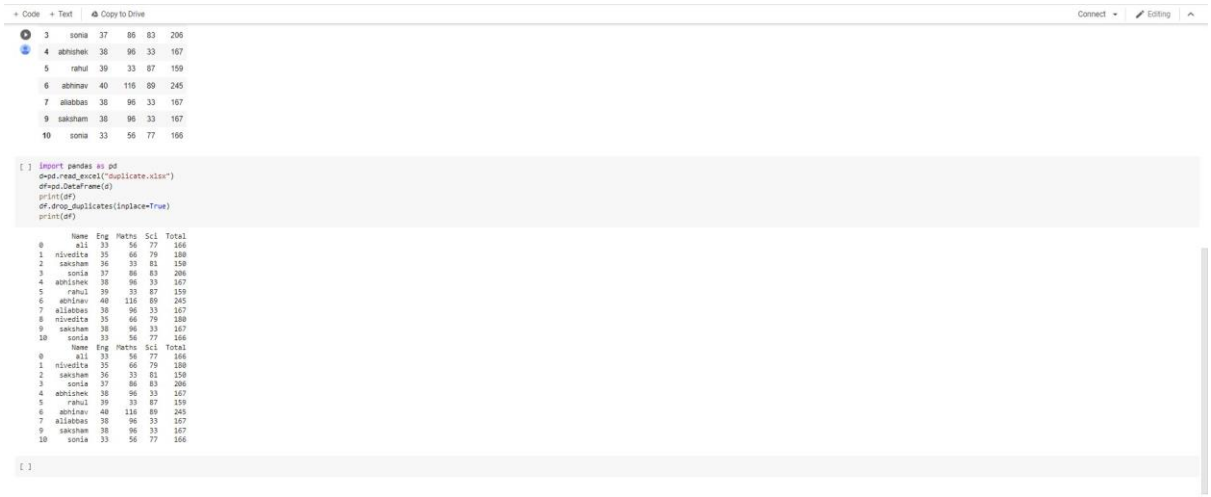
DATA FILTERING:

Data Filtering is one of the most frequent data manipulation operation. It is similar to WHERE clause in SQL or you must have used filter in MS Excel for selecting specific rows based on some conditions. In terms of speed, python has an efficient way to perform filtering and aggregation.



PANDAS DUPLICATION:

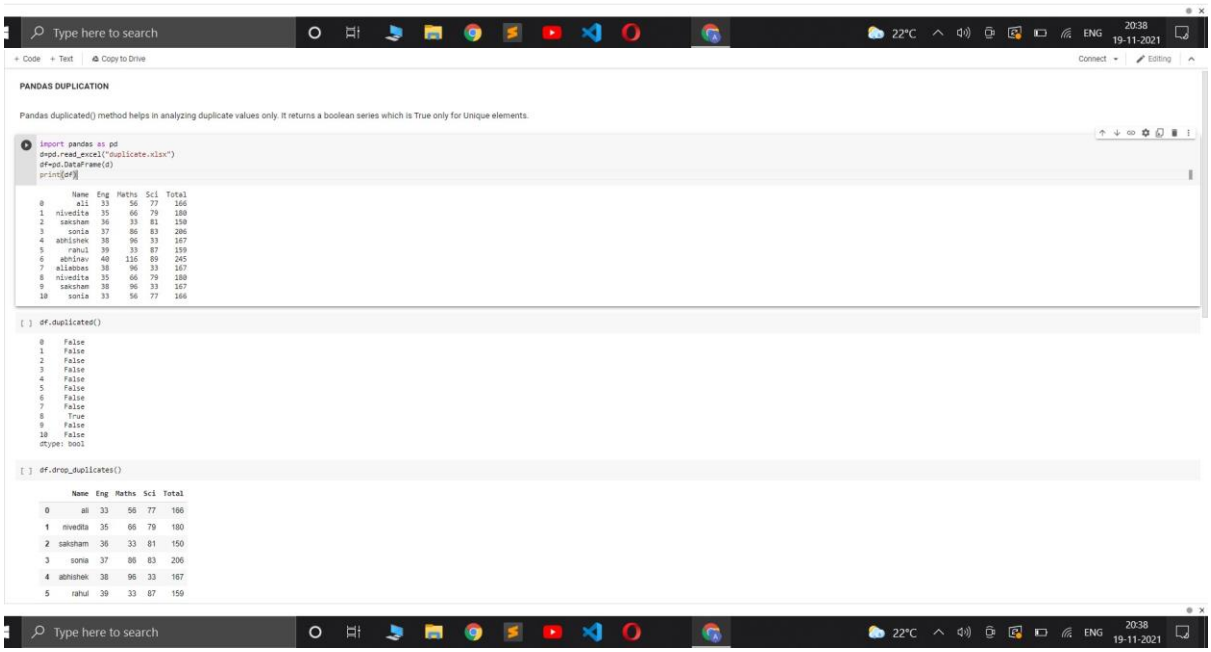
Pandas duplicated() method helps in analyzing duplicate values only. It returns a boolean series which is True only for Unique elements.



```
   3     sonia   37   86   83   206
   4   abhishek  38   96   33   167
   5      rahul  39   33   87   159
   6    abhinav  40  116   89   245
   7   allabbas  38   96   33   167
   9    saksham  38   96   33   167
  10     sonia   33   56   77   166
```

```
import pandas as pd
d=pd.read_excel("duplicate.xlsx")
df=pd.DataFrame(d)
print(df)
df.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
print(df)
```

```
         Name  Eng  Maths  Sci  Total
0         ali   33     56   77    166
1   nivedita    35     66   79    180
2    saksham    36     33   81    150
3      sonia    37     86   83    206
4   abhishek    38     96   33    167
5      rahul    39     33   87    159
6    abhinav    40    116   89    245
7   allabbas    38     96   33    167
8   nivedita    35     66   79    180
9    saksham    38     96   33    167
10     sonia    33     56   77    166
         Name  Eng  Maths  Sci  Total
0         ali   33     56   77    166
1   nivedita    35     66   79    180
2    saksham    36     33   81    150
3      sonia    37     86   83    206
4   abhishek    38     96   33    167
5      rahul    39     33   87    159
6    abhinav    40    116   89    245
7   allabbas    38     96   33    167
9    saksham    38     96   33    167
10     sonia    33     56   77    166
```



PANDAS DUPLICATION

Pandas duplicated() method helps in analyzing duplicate values only. It returns a boolean series which is True only for Unique elements.

```
import pandas as pd
d=pd.read_excel("duplicate.xlsx")
df=pd.DataFrame(d)
print(df)
```

```
         Name  Eng  Maths  Sci  Total
0         ali   33     56   77    166
1   nivedita    35     66   79    180
2    saksham    36     33   81    150
3      sonia    37     86   83    206
4   abhishek    38     96   33    167
5      rahul    39     33   87    159
6    abhinav    40    116   89    245
7   allabbas    38     96   33    167
8   nivedita    35     66   79    180
9    saksham    38     96   33    167
10     sonia    33     56   77    166
```

```
df.duplicated()
```

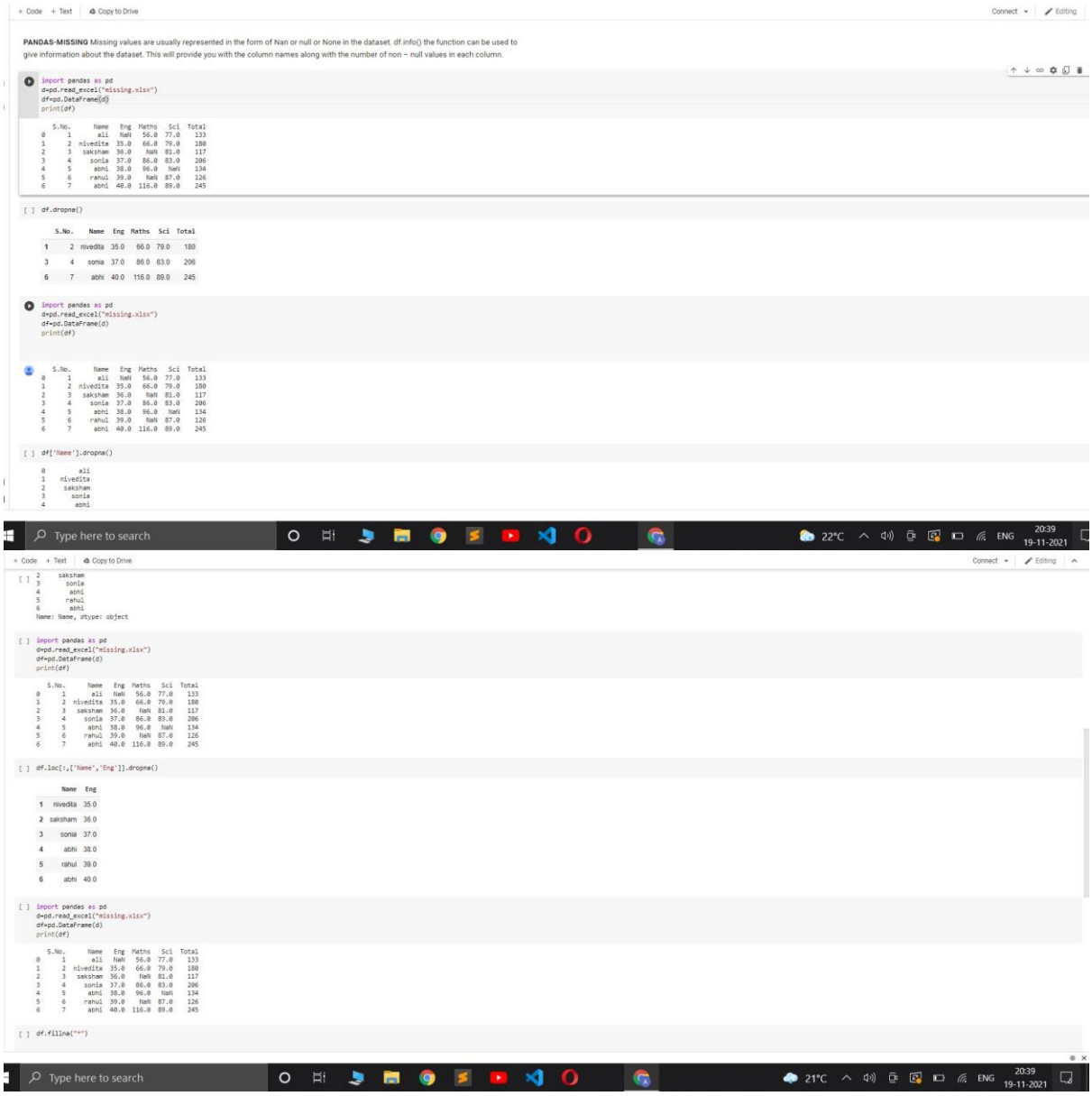
```
0    False
1    False
2    False
3    False
4    False
5    False
6    False
7    False
8     True
9    False
10   False
dtype: bool
```

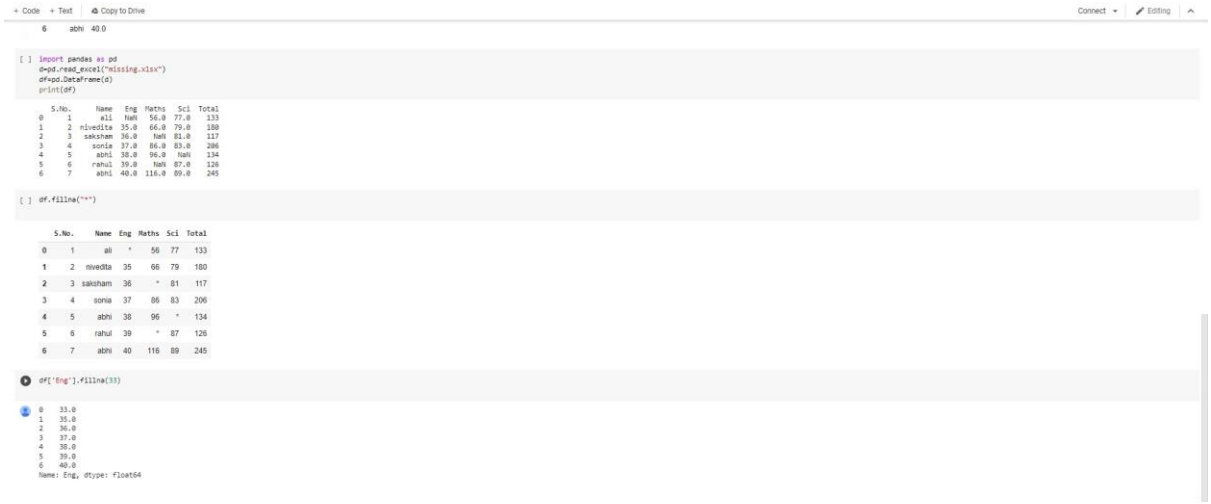
```
df.drop_duplicates()
```

	Name	Eng	Maths	Sci	Total
0	ali	33	56	77	166
1	nivedita	35	66	79	180
2	saksham	36	33	81	150
3	sonia	37	86	83	206
4	abhishek	38	96	33	167
5	rahul	39	33	87	159

PANDAS-MISSING:

Missing values are usually represented in the form of Nan or null or None in the dataset. df.info() the function can be used to give information about the dataset. This will provide you with the column names along with the number of non – null values in each column.





```
6    abhi  40.0
```

```
import pandas as pd
d=pd.read_excel("missing.xlsx")
df=pd.DataFrame(d)
print(df)
```

```
   S.No.      Name  Eng  Maths   Sci  Total
0      1       ali  NaN   56.0  77.0    133
1      2  nivedita 35.0   66.0  79.0    180
2      3  saksham 36.0    NaN  81.0    117
3      4     sonia 37.0   86.0  83.0    206
4      5      abhi 38.0   96.0   NaN    134
5      6     rahul 39.0    NaN  87.0    126
6      7      abhi 40.0 116.0  89.0    245
```

```
df.fillna("*")
```

	S.No.	Name	Eng	Maths	Sci	Total
0	1	ali	*	56	77	133
1	2	nivedita	35	66	79	180
2	3	saksham	36	*	81	117
3	4	sonia	37	86	83	206
4	5	abhi	38	96	*	134
5	6	rahul	39	*	87	126
6	7	abhi	40	116	89	245

```
df['Eng'].fillna(33)
```

```
0    33.0
1    35.0
2    36.0
3    37.0
4    38.0
5    39.0
6    40.0
Name: Eng, dtype: float64
```

```
import pandas as pd
d=pd.read_excel("Book1.xlsx")
df=pd.DataFrame(d)
print(df)
```

```
   S.No. Name  Eng  Maths  Sci  Total
0      1    a   34     56   77    167
1      2    s   35     66   79    180
2      3    d   36     76   81    193
3      4    f   37     86   83    206
4      5   gh   38     96   85    219
5      6    j   39    106   87    232
6      7   kk   40    116   89    245
```

```
df['Percentage']=df['Total']/300*100
print(df)
```

```
   S.No. Name  Eng  Maths  Sci  Total  Percentage
0      1    a   34     56   77    167   55.666667
1      2    s   35     66   79    180   60.000000
2      3    d   36     76   81    193   64.333333
3      4    f   37     86   83    206   68.666667
4      5   gh   38     96   85    219   73.000000
5      6    j   39    106   87    232   77.333333
6      7   kk   40    116   89    245   81.666667
```

```
df.to_excel("new.xlsx")
```

```
df.to_excel("new1.xlsx",index=False)
```

```
df.to_csv("CSV1.csv",index=False)
```

```
df.to_csv("TEXT.txt",index=False,sep="\t")
```

PANDAS EXPORT: