

GIT Department of Computer Engineering
CSE 222/505 - Spring 2022
Homework 7 Report

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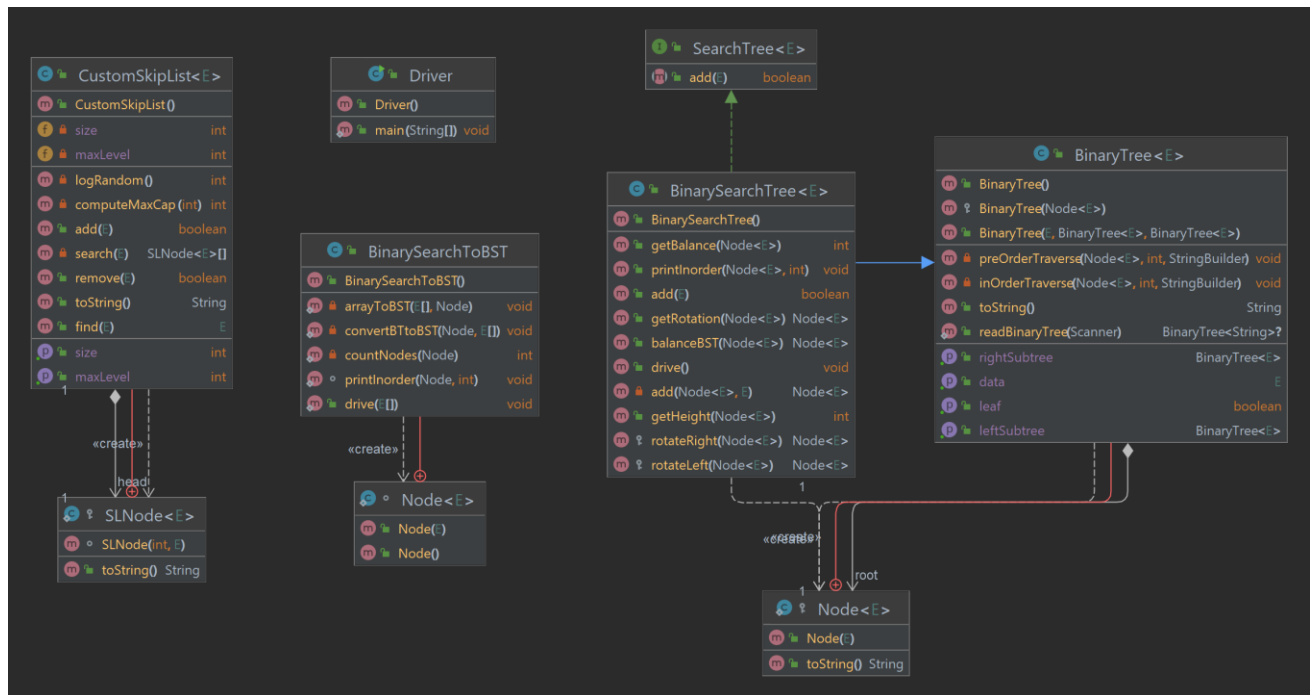
1. SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

➤ Functional Requirements

◆ System

- openjdk 17.0.2 2022-01-18 LTS
- OpenJDK Runtime Environment Corretto-17.0.2.8.1 (build 17.0.2+8-LTS)
- OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM Corretto-17.0.2.8.1 (build 17.0.2+8-LTS, mixed mode, sharing)

2. CLASS DIAGRAM



3. PROBLEM SOLUTION APPROACH

For first part, I created a temporary array and stored elements from taking binary tree as inorder traversal. Then I sorted that array. Finally, I copied array elements to the tree with inorder traversal one by one. Copying elements to the array takes $O(n)$. I used quick sort to sort items, and it takes $O(n \log n)$. In second question, we are converting a binary search tree to AVL tree which is balanced tree. I made it with rotation operation as requested. A binary search tree is balanced if the depth of the two subtrees of every node never differs by more than 1. I assume that the left and right sub-trees are balanced at each node. The two sub-trees must now be combined with the node. Condition for balanced tree is that $\text{abs}(\text{left height} - \text{right height}) \leq 1$. Do Nothing since the root node is already balanced. The root node is skewed to the left, and the left sub-tree has a height of or more. (Configuration of LL) -> Simply do a right rotation to balance this. Do two swaps in the LR configuration. To make the left sub-tree root an LL configuration, left rotate it first, then right rotate it. RR configuration -> Rotate the root left RL configuration -> Rotate the right sub-tree root first to make it an RR configuration Then rotate the root to the left. We must ensure that the swapped nodes form a balanced sub-tree whenever we rotate!

4. TEST CASES

Test 1:

```
System.out.println("*** HW7 DRIVER CODE ***");
```

```
System.out.println("*** Question 1 Start***");
```

```
BinarySearchToBST bsttobst = new BinarySearchToBST ();
```

```
Integer [] values = new Integer [] {23, 45, 7, 46, 14};
```

```
System.out.println("integer array created with values [23, 45, 7, 46, 14]");
```

```
bsttobst.drive(values);
```

```
System.out.println("Binary tree structure is creating...");
root = new Node (0);
System.out.println("Head node created. Value: 23");
root.left = new Node(0);
System.out.println("left node created with value 45");
root.right = new Node(0);
System.out.println("right node created with value 7");
root.left.left = new Node(0);
System.out.println("left -> left node created with value 46");
root.left.right = new Node(0);
System.out.println("left -> right node created with value 14");
```

```
System.out.println("I was able to show the version rotated 90 degrees  
counterclockwise in console.");
```

```
System.out.println("It keeps the original structure of Binary Tree when converting  
BST");
```

```
System.out.println("*** Question 1 END ***");
```

Test 2:

```
Integer[] values2 = new Integer[]{7, 3, 1, 28, 55};
```

Same structure used with above

Test 3:

```
BinarySearchTree<Integer> bst = new BinarySearchTree<>();
System.out.println("Binary search tree created");
bst.add(12);
System.out.println("12 added to BST");
bst.add(23);
System.out.println("23 added to BST");
bst.add(66);
System.out.println("66 added to BST");
bst.add(1);
System.out.println("1 added to BST");
bst.add(4);
System.out.println("4 added to BST");
bst.add(95);
System.out.println("95 added to BST");
```

```
bst.add(63);
System.out.println("63 added to BST");
bst.add(33);
System.out.println("33 added to BST");
bst.add(34);
System.out.println("34 added to BST");
bst.add(35);
System.out.println("35 added to BST");
System.out.println("Created BST");
bst.drive();
System.out.println("BST is converting to AVL tree");
```

Test 4:

```
System.out.println("Test 2 | extended version of previous one");
System.out.println("Binary search tree created");
bst.add(12);
System.out.println("12 added to BST");
bst.add(23);
System.out.println("23 added to BST");
bst.add(66);
System.out.println("66 added to BST");
bst.add(1);
System.out.println("1 added to BST");
bst.add(4);
System.out.println("4 added to BST");
bst.add(95);
System.out.println("95 added to BST");
bst.add(63);
System.out.println("63 added to BST");
bst.add(33);
System.out.println("33 added to BST");
bst.add(34);
System.out.println("34 added to BST");
bst.add(35);
System.out.println("35 added to BST");
bst.add(12);
System.out.println("12 added to BST");
bst.add(23);
System.out.println("23 added to BST");
bst.add(66);
System.out.println("66 added to BST");
bst.add(1);
System.out.println("1 added to BST");
bst.add(8);
System.out.println("8 added to BST");
bst.add(6);
System.out.println("6 added to BST");
bst.add(156);
System.out.println("156 added to BST");
bst.add(28);
System.out.println("28 added to BST");
bst.add(33);
System.out.println("33 added to BST");
bst.add(38);
System.out.println("38 added to BST");
bst.add(24);
System.out.println("24 added to BST");
bst.add(5);
```

```

System.out.println("5 added to BST");
System.out.println("Created BST");
bst.drive();
System.out.println("BST is converting to AVL tree");

```

5. RUNNING AND RESULTS

Debugger Console

```

"C:\Program Files\Amazon Corretto\jdk17.0.2_8\bin\java.exe" -agentlib:jwp=transport=dt_socket,address=127.0.0.1:51676,suspend=y,server=n -javaagent:C:\Users\abdun\AppData\Local\JetBrains\IntelliJ\idea2022...
Connected to the target VM, address: '127.0.0.1:51676', transport: 'socket'
** HW7 DRIVER CODE **
** Question 1 Start**
Test 1
Integer array created with values [23, 45, 7, 46, 14]
Binary tree structure is creating...
Head node created. Value : 23
left node created with value 45
right node created with value 7
left -> left node created with value 46
left -> right node created with value 14
Original Binary Tree with zero(s)

```

0

0

0

Converted to BST:

46

45

14

23

7

I was able to show the version rotated 90 degrees counterclockwise in console.
It keeps the original structure of Binary Tree when converting BST

Debugger Console

```

It keeps the original structure of Binary Tree when converting BST
Test 2
Binary tree structure is creating...
Head node created. Value : 23
left node created with value 45
right node created with value 7
left -> left node created with value 46
left -> right node created with value 14
Original Binary Tree with zero(s)

```

0

0

0

Converted to BST:

55

28

7

3

1

** Question 1 END **

```
Project
  Driver.java
  BinarySearchToBST.java

Debugger Console
  ** Question 2 Start**
  Test 2
  Binary search tree created
  12 added to BST
  23 added to BST
  66 added to BST
  1 added to BST
  4 added to BST
  95 added to BST
  63 added to BST
  33 added to BST
  34 added to BST
  35 added to BST
  Created BST
  *****

          95
         /
        66
       /
      63
     /
    35
   /
  34
 /
33
/
23
/
12
/
1
/
4

*****
```

```
Project
  Driver.java
  BinarySearchToBST.java

Debugger Console
  *****
  3
  0
  BST is converting to AVL tree
  Test 2 | extended version of previous one
  12 added to BST
  23 added to BST
  66 added to BST
  1 added to BST
  8 added to BST
  6 added to BST
  150 added to BST
  28 added to BST
  33 added to BST
  38 added to BST
  24 added to BST
  5 added to BST
  Created BST
  *****

          95
         /
        66
       /
      63
     /
    35
   /
  34
 /
33
/
23
/
12
/
1
/
4

*****
```



```
Debugger Console
156
95
66
63
38
35
34
33
28
24
23
12
8
6
5
4
1
*****
```

```
Debugger Console
156
95
66
63
38
35
34
33
28
24
23
12
8
6
5
4
1
*****
4
1
BST is converting to AVL tree
** Question 2 End**
```

```
Debugger Console
12
8
6
5
4
1
*****
4
1
BST is converting to AVL tree
** Question 2 End**

** Question 3 Start**
Skip list created
12 added
44 added
66 added
9 added
4 added
2 added
35 added
63 added
27 added
53 added
92 added
82 added
size: 12
max level: 4
** Question 3 End**
Disconnected from the target VM, address: '127.0.0.1:51070', transport: 'socket'

Process finished with exit code 0
```