Hodunahna BULLY

a) if 
$$f(t) = e^{-3t}$$
 , zero - stark response = ?

$$F(s) = \frac{1}{5t}$$

$$Y(s) = H(s), F(s) = \frac{1}{s+3} \cdot \frac{2s+3}{s^2+5s+6} = \frac{2s+3}{(s+3)^2, (s+2)} = \frac{1}{s+2} + \frac{\alpha_0}{(s+3)^2} + \frac{\alpha_1}{s+3}$$

$$k = \frac{2s+3}{(s+3)^2} \Big|_{s=-1} = \frac{-1}{1} = -1$$

$$a_0 = \frac{2s+7}{s+2} \Big|_{s=-3} = \frac{-3}{-1} = 3$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{-1}{s+2} + \frac{3}{(s+3)^2} + \frac{a_1}{s+3} = \frac{2s+3}{(s+3)(s+3)^2}$$

To compute a, Multiply both sides by 5 and let 5+00,

= b) the differential equation relating output Y(1) to the input f(1).

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{d^2y}{dt^2}}} + \frac{5dy}{dt} + 6y(t) = 2\frac{df}{dt} + 3f(t)$$

$$H(s) = \frac{St2}{S(s+1)} = \frac{L}{5} + \frac{a_0}{(s+1)^2} + \frac{a_1}{5+1}$$

comer-12p

$$k = \frac{s+2}{s(s+1)^2}\Big|_{s=0} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$$

$$a_0 = \frac{S+2}{S_1(S+1)^2}\Big|_{S=-1} = \frac{1}{-1} = -1$$

To compark on, multiply both sides by 5 and let 5 - 300

Equation in Iday Sorm

$$24(2) - \frac{3}{2} 4(2) + \frac{1}{2^2} + 1 = \frac{42}{2 - 0.25} - \frac{3}{2 - 0.25}$$

$$\left(2-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{1}{2^{2}}\right)$$
  $\frac{1}{2}$   $\left(2\right)$  = -1 +  $\frac{42-3}{2-0.25}$ 

$$\frac{2^{2}}{2^{2}} / \left(2 - \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{21}\right) Y(1) = \frac{3_{2} - 2,75}{2 - 0,25}$$

$$(22^{2}-32+1)$$
.  $\frac{4(2)}{2}$  =  $\frac{2.(32-2.75)}{2-0.25}$ 

$$\frac{Y(21)}{2} = \frac{2.(32-2.75)}{(22^2-32+1)(2-0.25)} = \frac{2.(32-2.75)}{(22-1).(2-1).(2-0.25)}$$

$$\frac{Y(z)}{z} = \frac{2.(3z-2.75)}{2.(z-0.5).(z-1).(z-0.25)}$$
 Cover-19 Method

$$\frac{Y(x)}{z} = \frac{5/2}{2-0.5} + \frac{1/3}{2-1} - \frac{4/3}{2-0.25}$$

$$\frac{H(2)}{2} = \frac{-52+22}{(241)(24)^2}$$

$$= \frac{k}{241} + \frac{\alpha_0}{(24)^2} + \frac{\alpha_1}{2-2}$$

$$\frac{-52+22}{(2)(3-2)^2}\Big|_{k=-1}=\frac{27}{9}=)^{\frac{1}{2}}=3$$

$$\frac{-52+12}{(2+1)(2-2)^2}\Big|_{a=1} = \frac{12}{3} = 4 = 90$$

$$\frac{H(2)}{2} = \frac{3}{2+1} + \frac{4}{(2-2)^2} + \frac{91}{2-2}$$

Multiply both sider by 2 and let 270

$$Han = 3\frac{2}{241} + 4\frac{2}{(2-1)^2} - 3\frac{2}{2-2}$$