CSCI 3104 Fall 2021 Instructors: Profs. Grochow and Wggoner

Quiz-Standard 13

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1 Instructions

- The solutions **should be typed**, using proper mathematical notation. We cannot accept hand-written solutions. Here's a short intro to LATEX.
- You should submit your work through the **class Canvas page** only. Please submit one PDF file, compiled using this LaTeX template.
- You may not need a full page for your solutions; pagebreaks are there to help Gradescope automatically find where each problem is. Even if you do not attempt every problem, please submit this document with no fewer pages than the blank template (or Gradescope has issues with it).
- You may not collaborate with other students. Copying from any source is an Honor Code violation. Furthermore, all submissions must be in your own words and reflect your understanding of the material. If there is any confusion about this policy, it is your responsibility to clarify before the due date.
- Posting to **any** service including, but not limited to Chegg, Discord, Reddit, StackExchange, etc., for help on an assignment is a violation of the Honor Code.
- You **must** virtually sign the Honor Code (see Section 2). Failure to do so will result in your assignment not being graded.

2 Honor Code (Make Sure to Virtually Sign)

Problem 1.

- My submission is in my own words and reflects my understanding of the material.
- I have not collaborated with any other person.
- I have not posted to external services including, but not limited to Chegg, Discord, Reddit, StackExchange, etc.
- I have neither copied nor provided others solutions they can copy.

Agreed (signature here).	
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3 Standard 13- Calculus II

Problem 2. Let f(n) = (2n)! and $g(n) = 3^n$. Determine the relationship that best applies: $f(n) \in o(g(n))$, $f(n) \in O(g(n))$, $f(n) \in O(g(n))$, $f(n) \in O(g(n))$, or $f(n) \in O(g(n))$. Prove your answer. Note that you are expected to spell out all Calculus details at the level of Calculus I-II.

- Note that $f(n) \in o(g(n))$ means that $f(n) \in O(g(n))$, but that $f(n) \notin \Theta(g(n))$.
- Note that $f(n) \in \omega(g(n))$ means that $f(n) \in \Omega(g(n))$, but that $f(n) \notin \Theta(g(n))$.

Standard 13
$$f(n) = (2n)!$$

$$g(n) = 3^{n}$$

Latin test
$$a_{n} = (2n)!$$

$$3^{n}$$

$$a_{n} = (2n)!$$

$$n \neq 0$$

$$a_{n}$$

$$(2n + 1))! 3^{n}$$

$$a_{n} = (2n)!$$

$$(2n)! \in o(3^{n})$$

Proof.