$\begin{array}{c} {\rm COMP~354} \\ {\rm Desgin~Document~for~myMoney} \end{array}$

Team PA-PK

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1 Introduction and Purpose

The primary goal of this project is to develop the myMoney application. The goal of this design document is to provide all the details of the Architectural Design (AD), Detailed design (DD) and the Dynamic Design Scenarios (DDS) for the application. The AD section focuses on the high-level project decomposition, the DD describes the overall system design including the UML design divided into subsections and the DDS will display how the subsystems interact with one another in order to produce system-level services.

2 Architectural Design

The myMoney application uses the Model-View-Controller (MVC) pattern to read, validate and modify the objects. The front-end, which is the view interacts with view controllers when events are triggered. These events trigger functions in the services package where the model is then modified.

In the service packages, there is a package named remote which is used to represent an external system via an API to connect to bank accounts from different companies.

2.1 **Architectural Diagram** package-diagram.png

This design represents the MVC pattern discussed previously. The big advantage of this design is that everything is separated with interfaces which makes it easier to use different implementations, modify the features and create or mock tests.

The com.github.comp354project.service package is the main subsystem where most of the logic happens. The data validation and processing is done there. It connects to an SQLite database to persist the data. The com.github.comp354project.viewController calls this package to update the view and the model.

The com.github.comp354project.service package.account.remote package is a subsystem to our services which is meant to mock an API call to systems outside of ours like banks or credit card companies. Because we don't have access to these APIs for real, obviously, the data is persisted in the same SQLite database as the rest of the system.

2.2 Subsystem Interface Specifications

Specification of the software interfaces between the subsystems, i.e. specific messages (or function calls) that are exchanged by the subsystems. These are also often called "Module Interface Specifications". Description of the parameters to be passed into these function calls in order to have a service fulfilled, including valid and invalid ranges of values. Each subsystem interface must be presented in a separate subsection.

*Note: The above is a description of what to provide. Need to edit into our own

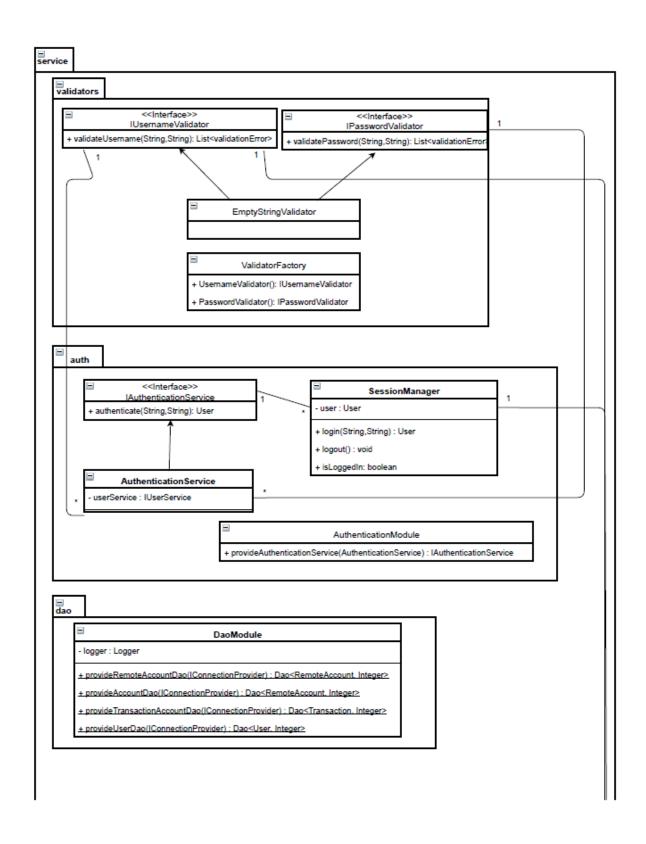
3 Detailed Design

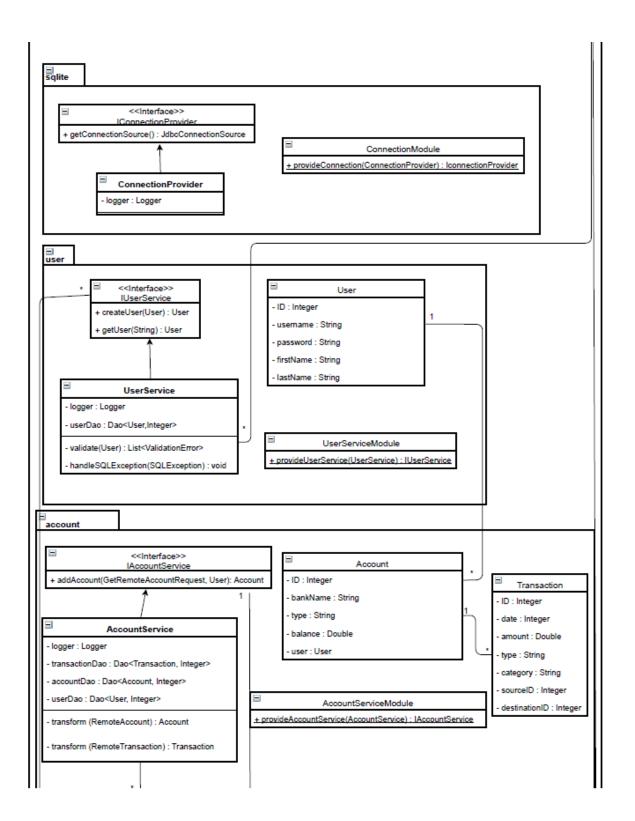
Complete description of the system design, describing one subsystem separately in respective subsection. UML class diagrams are to be used, as well as a short textual description describing the purpose of each class.

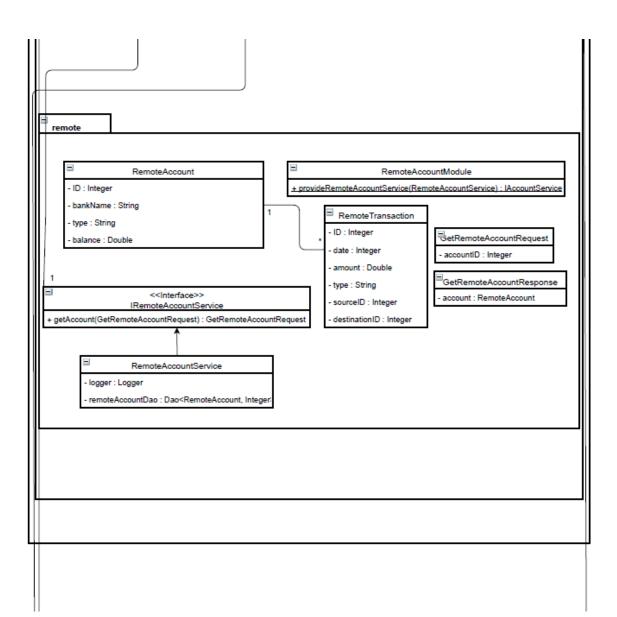
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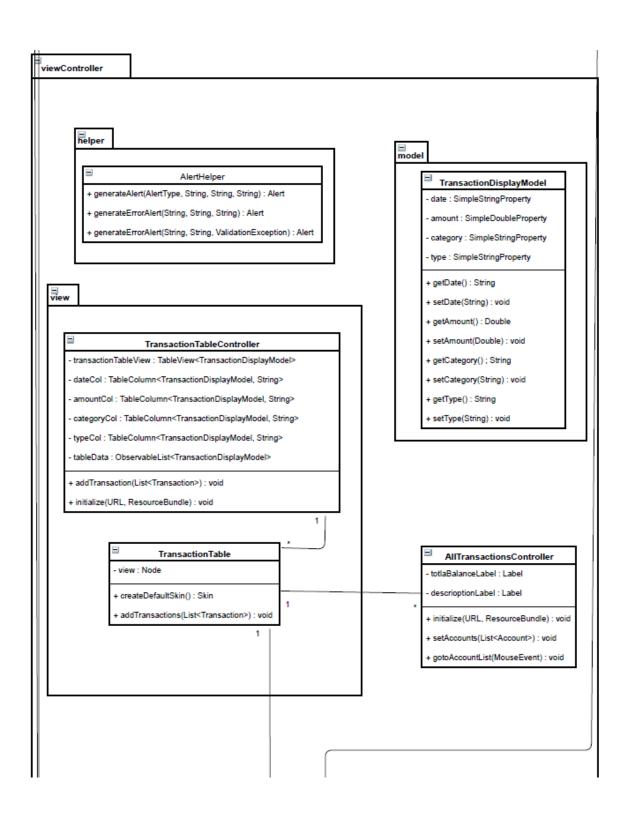
3.1 Class Diagram

In this section we provide the class diagram of our system, useful for the system developers and testers. This is an in depth look at all of the classes within our system see figure 1 below If a term is unclear, view section 3.2 for the glossary.









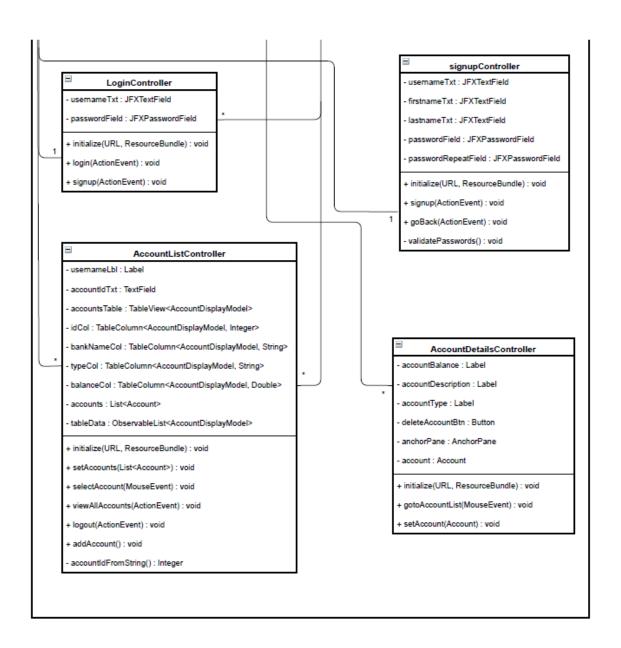


Figure 1: Class Diagram

3.2 Glossary of Domain Concepts

Table 2: Glossary of Domain Concepts

Expression	Definition
User	The person that is using the application and the main provider of re-
	quests to the system.
User Account	A data object containing user information. It also contains the various
	bank accounts that a user may have linked to the system.
Bank Account	A data object containing transactions linked with a specific bank ac-
	count in a bank institution. One user account may have more than one
	bank accounts.
Transaction	Any kind of money exchange associated with a bank account.
Transfer	A type of transaction that occurs between two parties.
Deposit	A type of transaction where the owner puts money in his own bank
	account.
Withdrawal	A type of transaction where the owner of the bank account removes
	money from his balance.
Database	A local or online container which holds data in an organised, efficient
	manner.
Server	a computer that is accessible on a network, on which a database and/or
	system may be hosted. The bank institutions' databases will be hosted
	on here.
Object-Oriented Programming	A programming paradigm which separates entities into objects, and
	uses the concept of inheritance of properties, polymorphism of objects,
	encapsulation of objects. We use this paradigm for its maintainability
NOTE AND LANGUE OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE	and structural benefits.
MVC - Model-View-Controller Architecture	An architectural pattern which strictly separates components into the
	model (manages the data and logic), the view (output of the model),
Interface	and the controller (handling input and passing it to the model or view).
Interface	A component of a system by which other entities (be it humans or other gystems) may energe in an exchange of data with the gystem in question
API - Application Programming Interface	systems) may engage in an exchange of data with the system in question. A protocol or set of functions which serve as a method of communication
At 1 - Application Frogramming Interface	to a software system. It is a type of interface, and the one by which our
	system will communicate with the banking institutions' databases.
DAO - Data access object	An object that provides an abstract interface to some type of database
DAO - Data access object	or other persistence mechanism.
	of other peroscence mediamoni.

3.3 Subsystem X

Detailed Design Diagram

UML class diagram depicting the internal structure of the subsystem, accompanied by a paragraph of text describing the rationale of this design.

*Note: The above is a description of what to provide. Need to edit into our own

Units Description

List each class in this subsystem and write a short description of its purpose, as well as notes or reminders useful for the programmers who will implement them. List all attributes and functions of the class.

*Note: The above is a description of what to provide. Need to edit into our own

4 Dynamic Design Scenarios

Describe some (at least two) important execution scenarios of the system using UML sequence diagrams. These scenarios must demonstrate how the various subsystems and units are interacting to achieve a system-level service. Units and subsystems depicted here must be compatible with the descriptions provided in section 2 and 3.

*Note: The above is a description of what to provide. Need to edit into our own

4.1 Dynamic Models of System Interface

We have chosen 3 major functionalities of the system (also known as use cases) in order to portray the interactions between the classes of the system. By using a sequence diagram, this will display the dynamics visually by showcasing the sequences of method calls when a particular use case begins functioning.

Use Case 1: Create User Account

The following scenario depicts the actions that occur when a user clicks the sign up button in order to create their account. Firstly, the SignUpController (which represents the controller part of the MVC architecture) is called to handle the sign up event. The SignUpController then calls the validatePassword() method in order to check if the password chosen fits the required format. Next, the signupcontroller sends a message to the User class in order to start its builder method. The builder method is filled out with the info needed to sign up. The user class then sends a message to the IUserService class in order to finally create a user within the database using the information entered. Finally, the IUserService class calls the MyMoneyApplication's displayLogin() method in order to show the user the success of creating an account (The View)

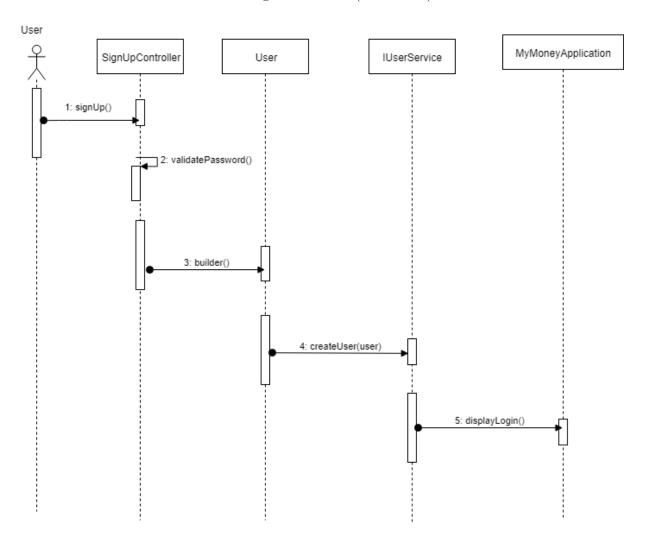


Figure 2: Use case 1 Sequence Diagram

5 Reference

- User information: As our user and use-cases was based on feedback provided by our developers, our references lie mainly within our own team.
- \bullet Craig Larman Applying UML and Patterns
- Greg Butler's course COMP 354 content
- MIT Curricular Information System Software Requirements Document
- Carnegie Mellon Business Goals
- Use-Case: Oracle