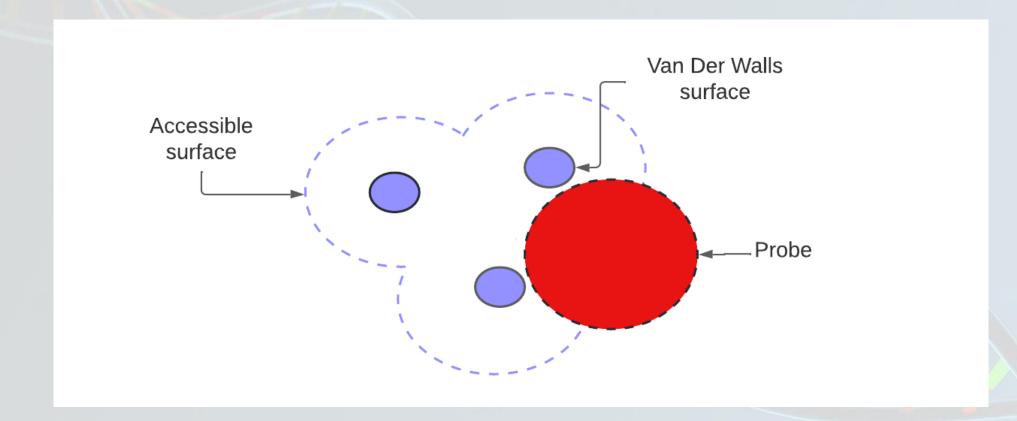


Calculation of the solvent accessible surface of a protein

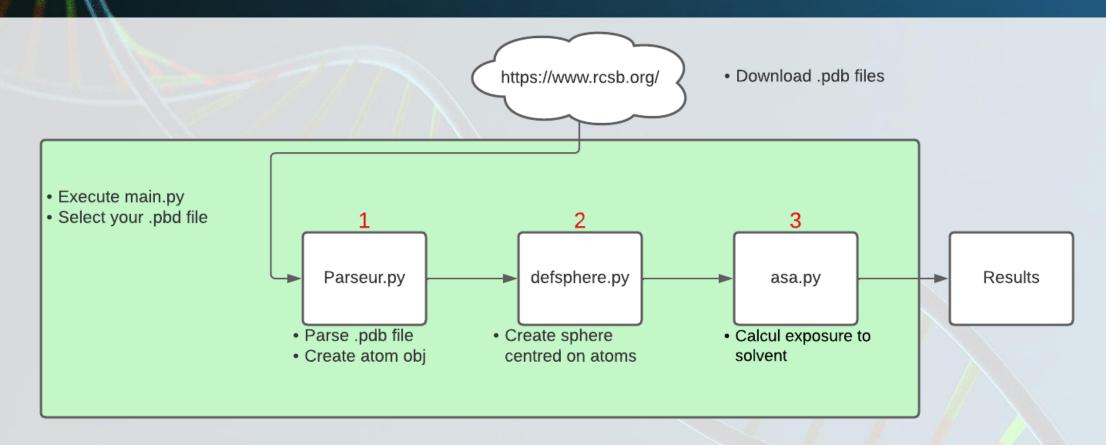
Anas BELAKTIB

Shrake, A; Rupley, JA. (1973). "Environment and exposure to solvent of protein atoms. Lysozyme and insulin". J Mol Biol 79 (2): 351–71. doi:10.1016/0022-2836(73)90011-9.

What is ASA?

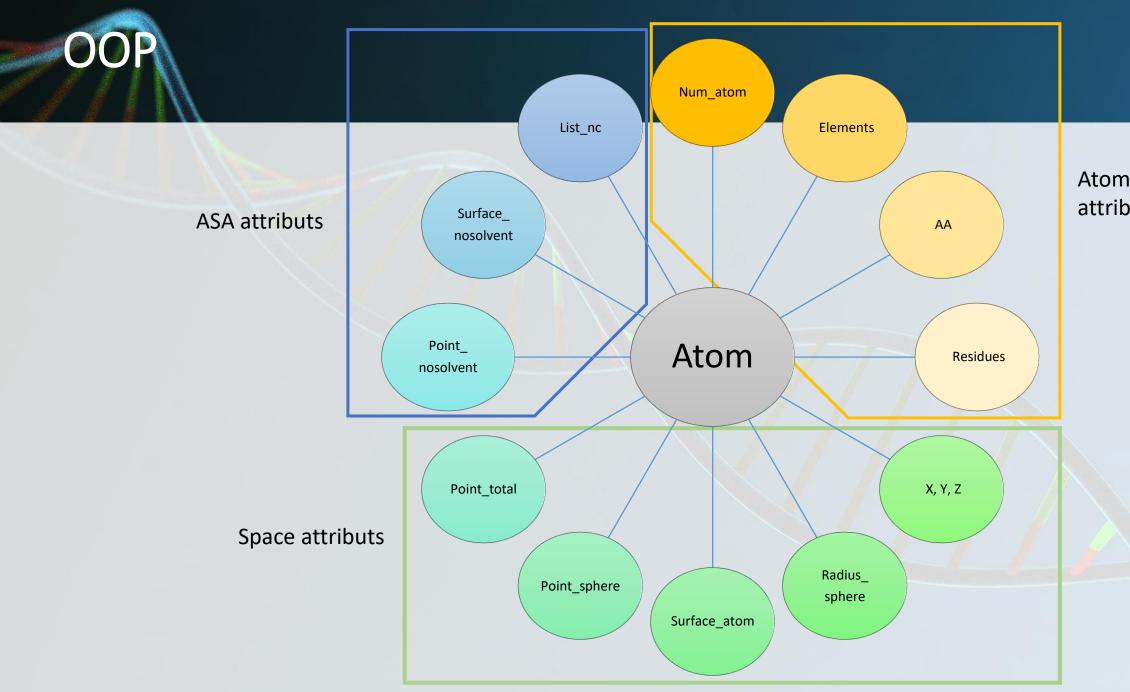


Pipeline



DEPEDENCIES:

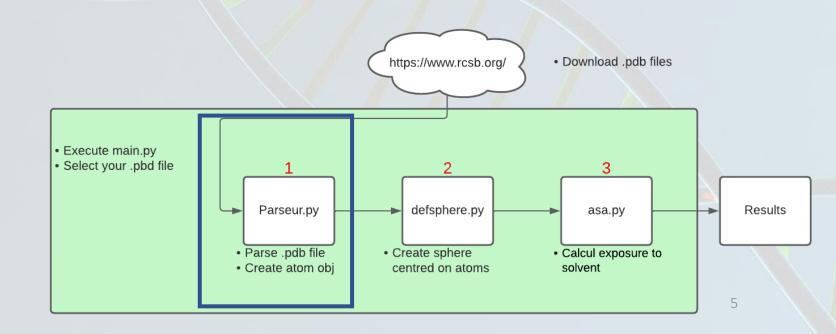
- Python
- Biopython
- .pdb files



Atom ID attributs

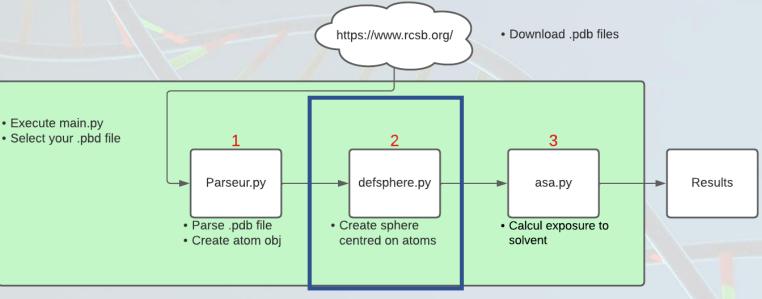
Parse .pdb files

- RCBS Protein Data Bank [2]
- Biopython
- Only lines starting with ATOM
- Only the first model

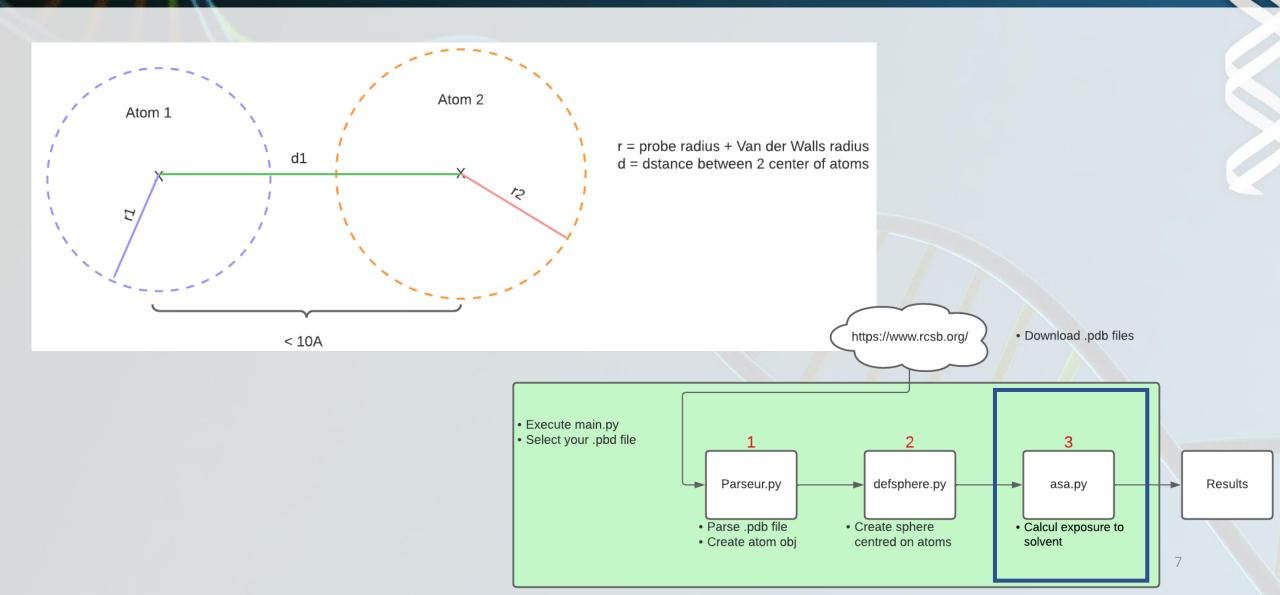


Create Sphere

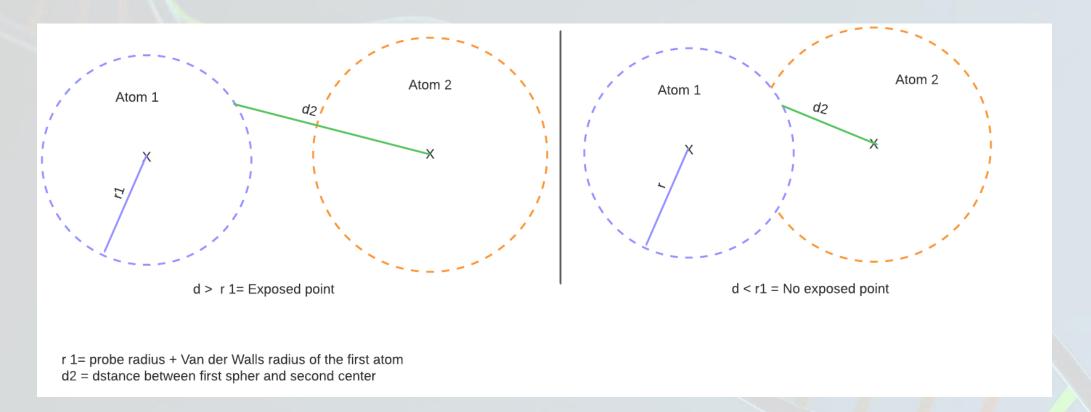
- Fibonacci algorithm
- 92 points **[3]**
- Radius for each atom + VdW radius
- Adjusted center



Calcul of ASA



Calcul of ASA



$$ASA = \frac{Sum (Exposed point)}{Total of points} * Atom Surface$$

Results

- By residue
 - Accessible Surface Area (ASA)
 - Relative accessible Surface Area (RSA)
- All protein
 - Percentage of accessibility to the solvent
 - Accessible Surface Area (ASA)
 - Relative accessible Surface Area (RSA)

```
- asa_abs (Å**2):81.20060872635044
id residue: (90, 'ASN')
                                                                - asa rel :0.41641337808384843
                         - asa abs (Å**2):10.337205740159808
id residue: (91, 'ALA')
                                                                asa rel :0.08013337783069618
id residue: (92, 'PRO')
                         - asa abs (Å**2):53.81821397569194
                                                                - asa rel :0.3384793331804524
id residue:(93, 'GLU')
                        - asa abs (Å**2):224.0515585047771
                                                                - asa rel :1.0047155089900317
id residue:(94, 'LEU')
                         - asa abs (Å**2):42.69561007213468
                                                                - asa rel :0.2124159705081327
id residue:(95, 'LEU')
                         - asa abs (Å**2):1.312639365260779
                                                                - asa rel :0.00653054410577502
id residue: (96, 'LYS')
                         - asa abs (Å**2):215.96400628655752
                                                                - asa rel :0.9151017215532098
Le poucentage d'accessibilité est de: 5.9437772667720195
La surface accessible au solvant est de 9617.304319950308Å**2
La surface accessible relative au solvant est de 50.69615441413572%
```

Results

| Files | Atoms | Results program A ² | Results DSSP A ² | Differences |
|----------|-------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| 1bja.pdb | 1423 | 9617.3 | 9721.4 | -1.0% |
| 1bjb.pdb | 431 | 2450.5 | 2431.1 | 0.8% |
| 1bjj.pdb | 5837 | 37862.7 | 37435.6 | 1.1% |
| 1bzv.pdb | 362 | 3704.4 | 3839.8 | -3.5% |
| 1jhg.pdb | 1806 | 8133.5 | 8222.1 | 1.0% |
| 2ml6.pdb | 2354 | 9958.1 | 10266.5 | 3.0% |
| 6a5j.pdb | 260 | 1596.43 | 1556.6 | 2.6% |



References

- [1] Lee, B; Richards, FM. (1971). "The interpretation of protein structures: estimation of static accessibility". J Mol Biol. 55 (3): 379–400. doi:10.1016/0022-2836(71)90324-X.
- [2] https://www.rcsb.org/
- [3] Shrake, A; Rupley, JA. (1973). "Environment and exposure to solvent of protein atoms. Lysozyme and insulin". J Mol Biol 79 (2): 351–71. doi:10.1016/0022-2836(73)90011-9.
- [4] Tien, et al.. (2013). "Maximum allowed solvent accessibilites of residues in proteins". PLOS ONE. 8 (11): e80635. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0080635