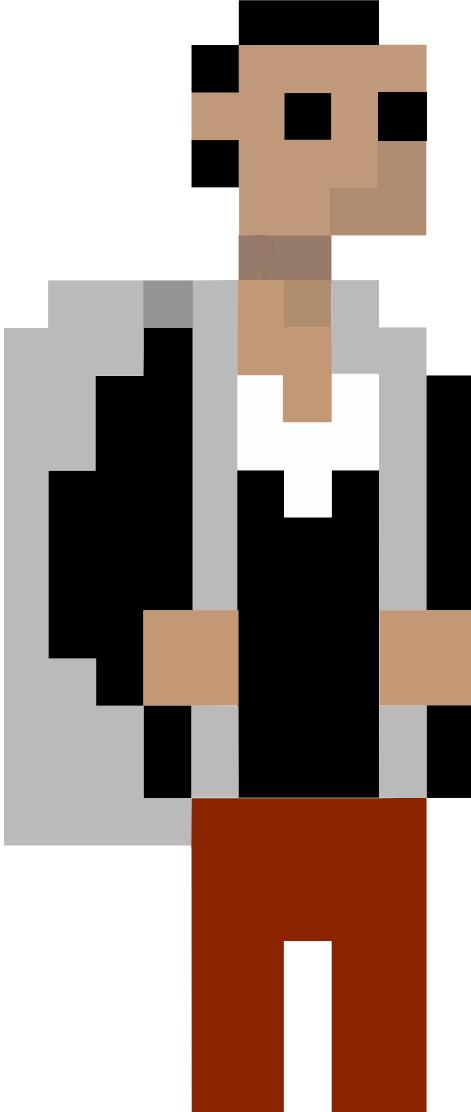


Spice Up Your Xamarin.Forms UIs with Custom Renderers

Pierce Boggan

Who's this guy?



Pierce Boggan
Developer Evangelism Team, Xamarin

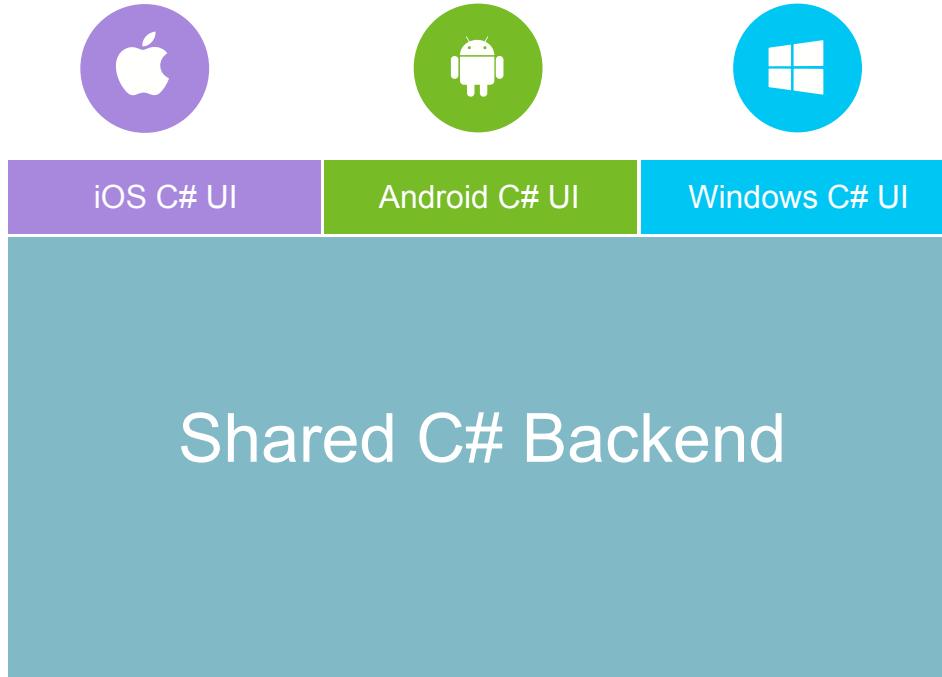
pierce@xamarin.com
[@pierceboggan](https://twitter.com/pierceboggan)

Meet Xamarin.Forms

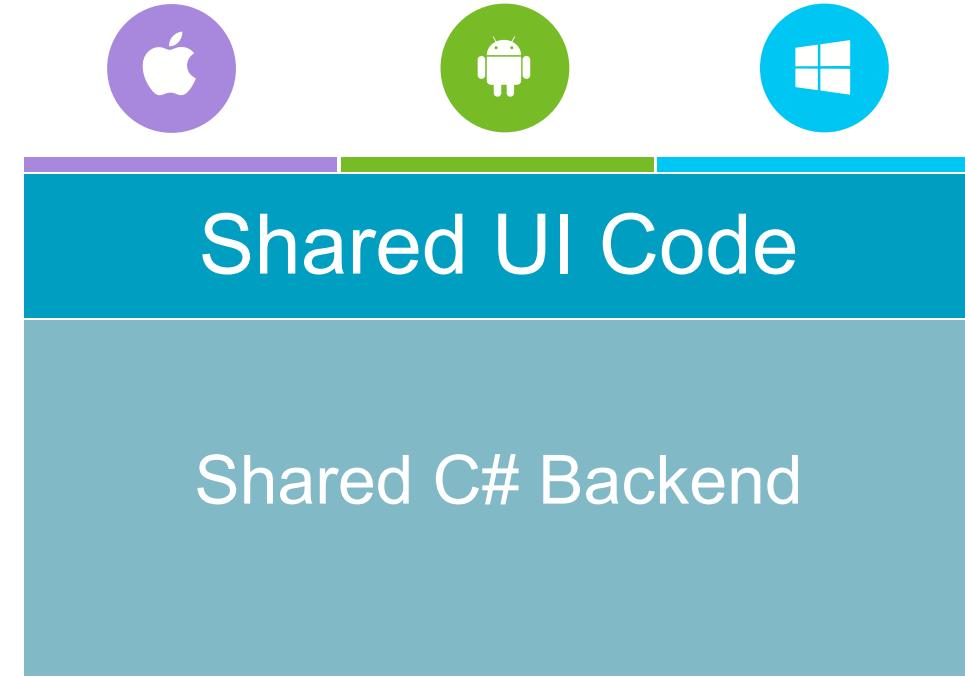


Build native UIs for iOS, Android, and Windows Phone
from a single, shared C# codebase.

Xamarin + Xamarin.Forms

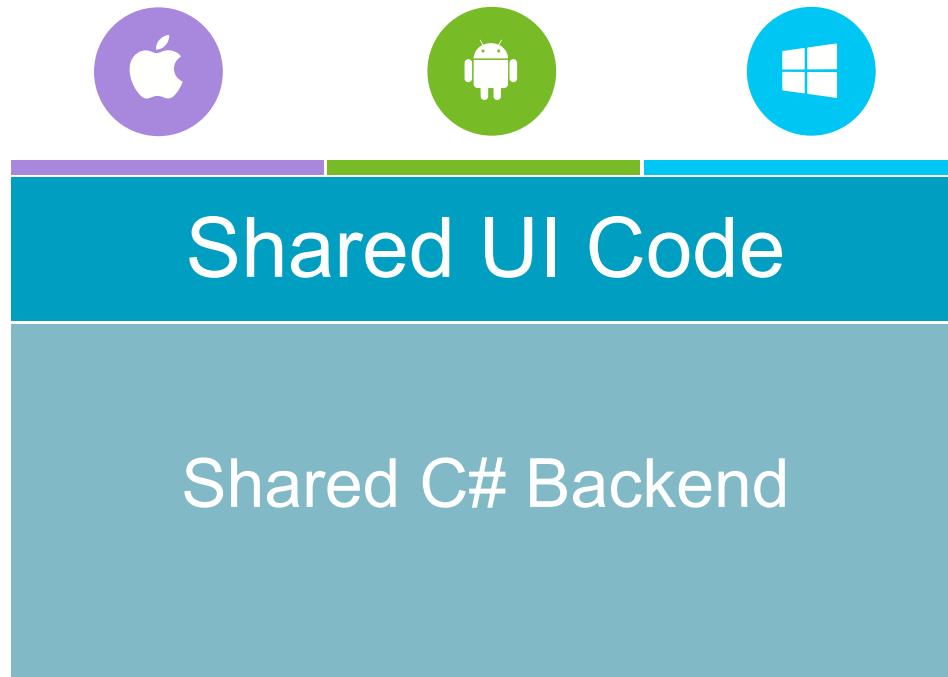


Traditional Xamarin
Approach



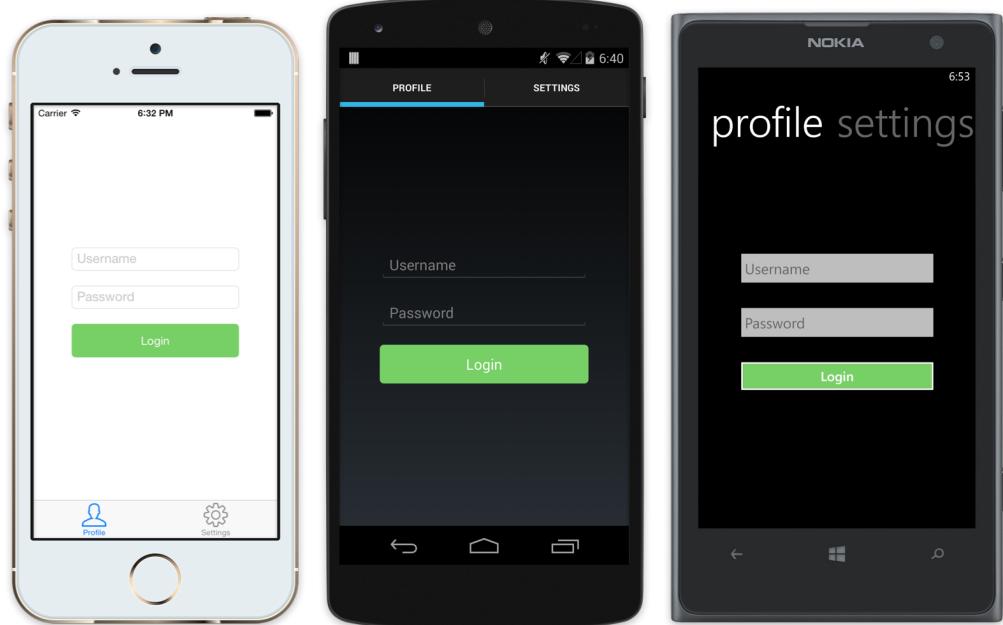
With Xamarin.Forms:
More code-sharing, all native

What's included



- ✓ 40+ Pages, layouts, and controls
(Build from code behind or XAML)
- ✓ Two-way data binding
- ✓ Navigation
- ✓ Animation API
- ✓ Dependency Service
- ✓ Messaging Center

Native UI from shared code



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<TabbedPage xmlns="http://xamarin.com/schemas/2014/forms"
             xmlns:x="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2009/xaml"
             x:Class="MyApp.MainPage">
<TabbedPage.Children>
<ContentPage Title="Profile" Icon="Profile.png">
    <StackLayout Spacing="20" Padding="20"
                 VerticalOptions="Center">
        <Entry Placeholder="Username"
              Text="{Binding Username}"/>
        <Entry Placeholder="Password"
              Text="{Binding Password}"
              IsPassword="true"/>
        <Button Text="Login" TextColor="White"
               BackgroundColor="#77D065"
               Command="{Binding LoginCommand}"/>
    </StackLayout>
</ContentPage>
<ContentPage Title="Settings" Icon="Settings.png">
    <!-- Settings -->
</ContentPage>
</TabbedPage.Children>
```

Which Xamarin approach is best for your app?



Xamarin.Forms is best for:

- Data entry apps
- Prototypes and proofs-of-concept
- Apps that require little platform-specific functionality
- Apps where code sharing is more important than custom UI

→ [Learn more: xamarin.com/forms](http://xamarin.com/forms)

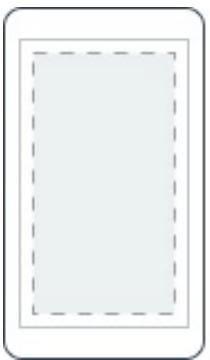


Xamarin.iOS / Xamarin.Android is best for:

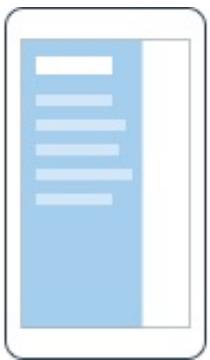
- Apps that require specialized interaction
- Apps with highly polished design
- Apps that use many platform-specific APIs
- Apps where custom UI is more important than code sharing

→ [Learn more: xamarin.com/platform](http://xamarin.com/platform)

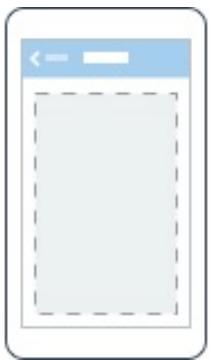
Pages



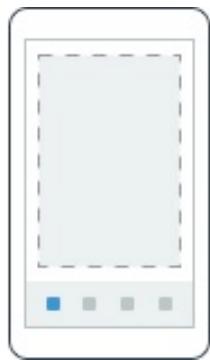
Content



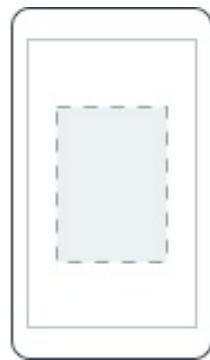
MasterDetail



Navigation

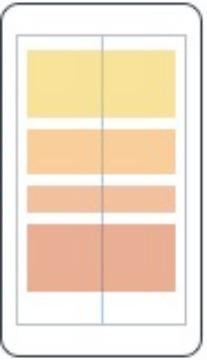


Tabbed

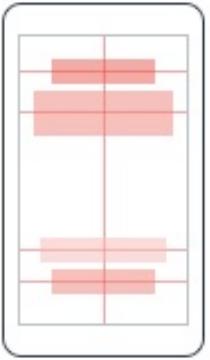


Carousel

Layouts



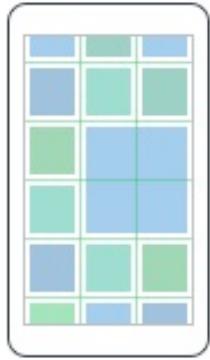
Stack



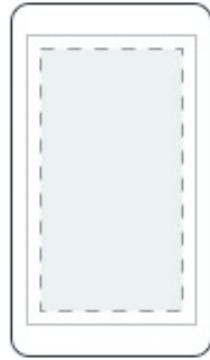
Absolute



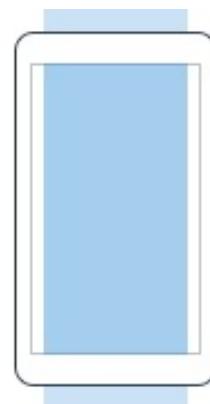
Relative



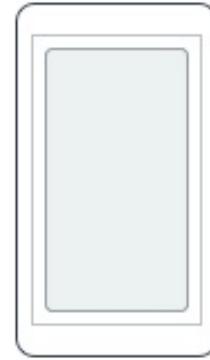
Grid



ContentView



ScrollView



Frame

Controls

ActivityIndicator

BoxView

Button

DatePicker

Editor

Entry

Image

Label

ListView

Map

OpenGLView

Picker

ProgressBar

SearchBar

Slider

Stepper

TableView

TimePicker

WebView

EntryCell

ImageCell

SwitchCell

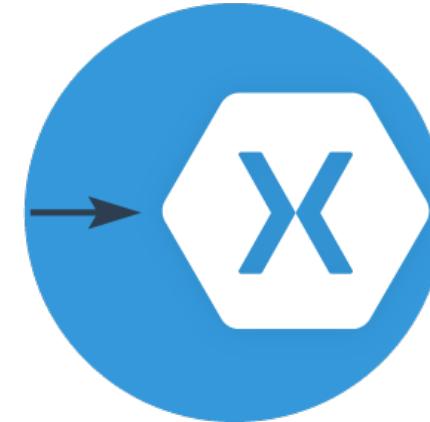
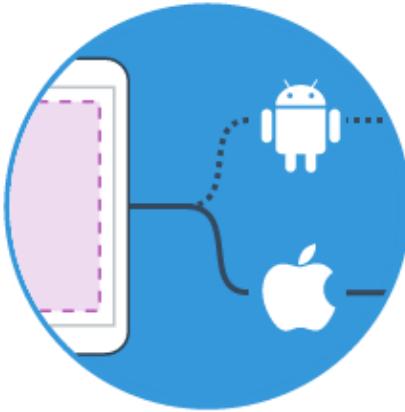
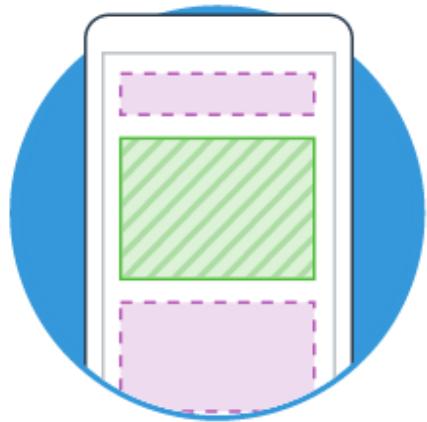
TextCell

ViewCell

Xamarin.Forms Ecosystem



Extensibility



Embed Custom Views Anywhere

Not only are `Xamarin.Forms` pages mixable with custom screens, you can embed custom views built directly against `Xamarin.iOS` and `Xamarin.Android` into `Xamarin.Forms` pages.

Call Platform APIs via Shared Services

Need platform-specific functionality within a `Xamarin.Forms` page, such as querying the accelerometer? We've included services that quickly and easily abstract platform-specific API calls to keep you writing as much shared code as possible.

Easy migration to the Xamarin Platform

When your native platform integration requirements outgrow `Xamarin.Forms`, your shared code is easily migrated to `Xamarin.iOS` and `Xamarin.Android` using the full `Xamarin` platform.

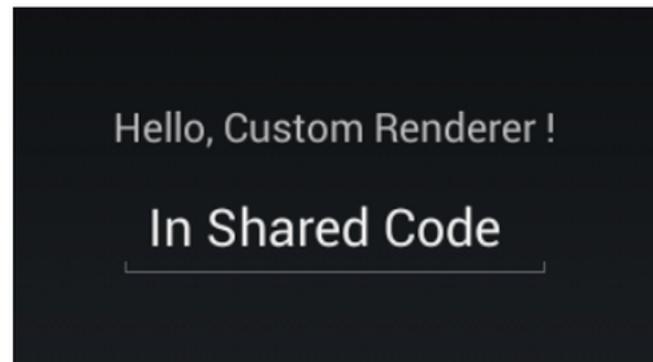
Exploring Custom Renderers

User interfaces built with Xamarin.Forms look and feel native because they *are* native.

Hello, Custom Renderer !

In Shared Code

iOS



Android

Hello, Custom Renderer !

In Shared Code

Windows Phone

The “Entry” control rendered on three platforms natively.

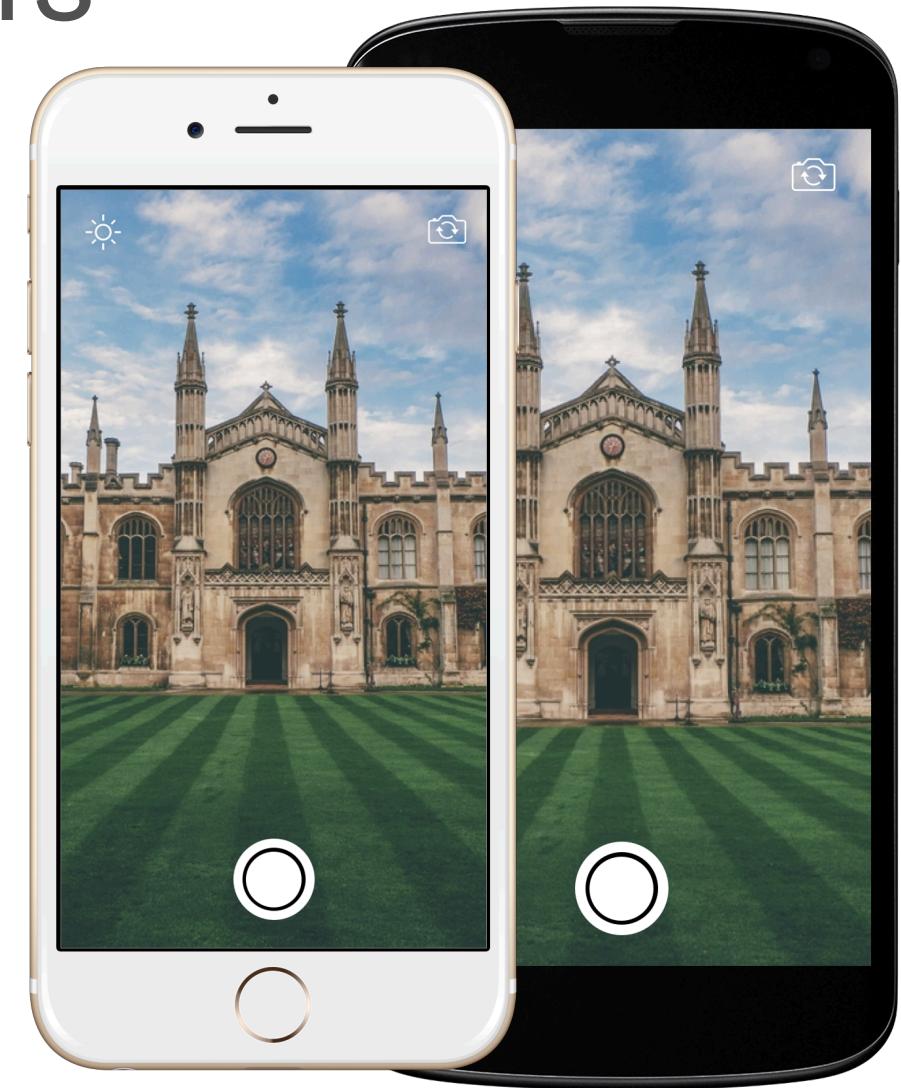
Exploring Custom Renderers

- Pages, layouts, and controls represent a common API to describe cross-platform user interfaces
- Each control is rendered differently on each platform
- A *Renderer* class creates a rendering for a `Xamarin.Forms` control using native controls (such as `UITextField`, `EditText`, and `TextBox`)

Exploring Custom Renderers

By tapping into the built-in rendering engine, developers can:

- ✓ Modify existing controls
- ✓ Build custom controls
- ✓ Create custom pages



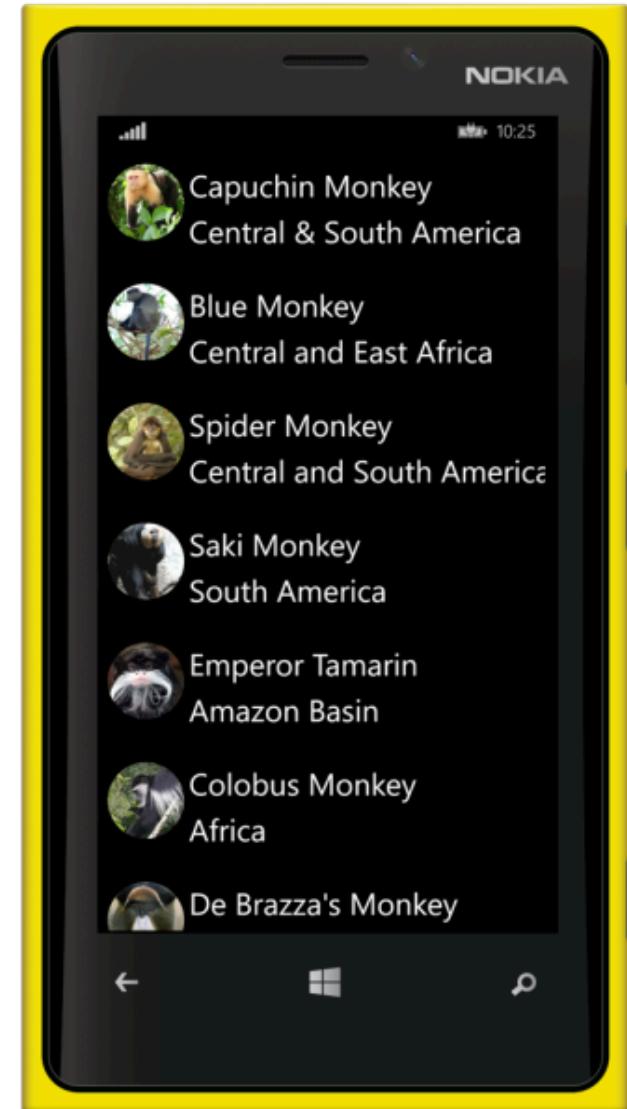
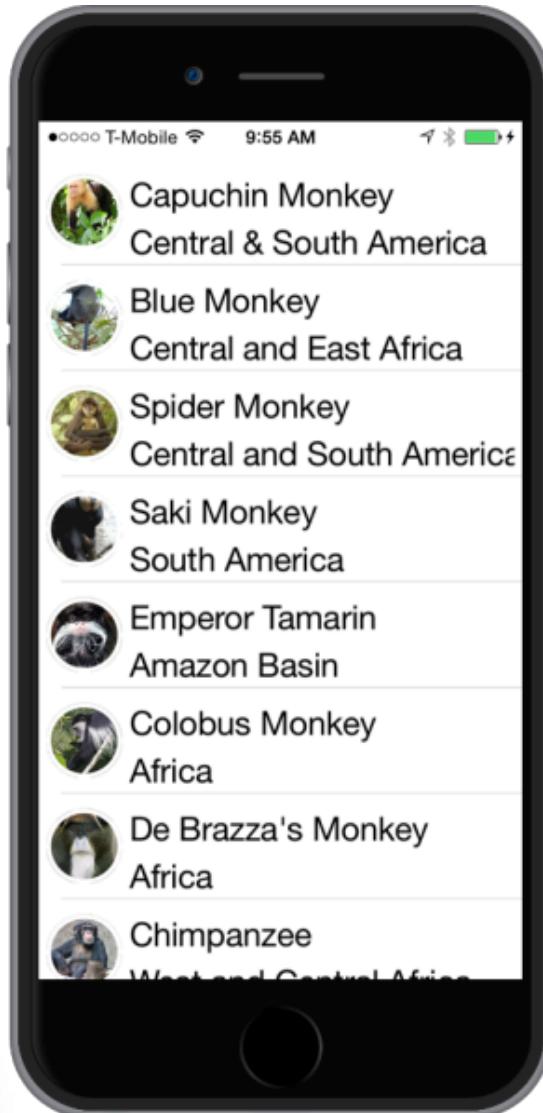
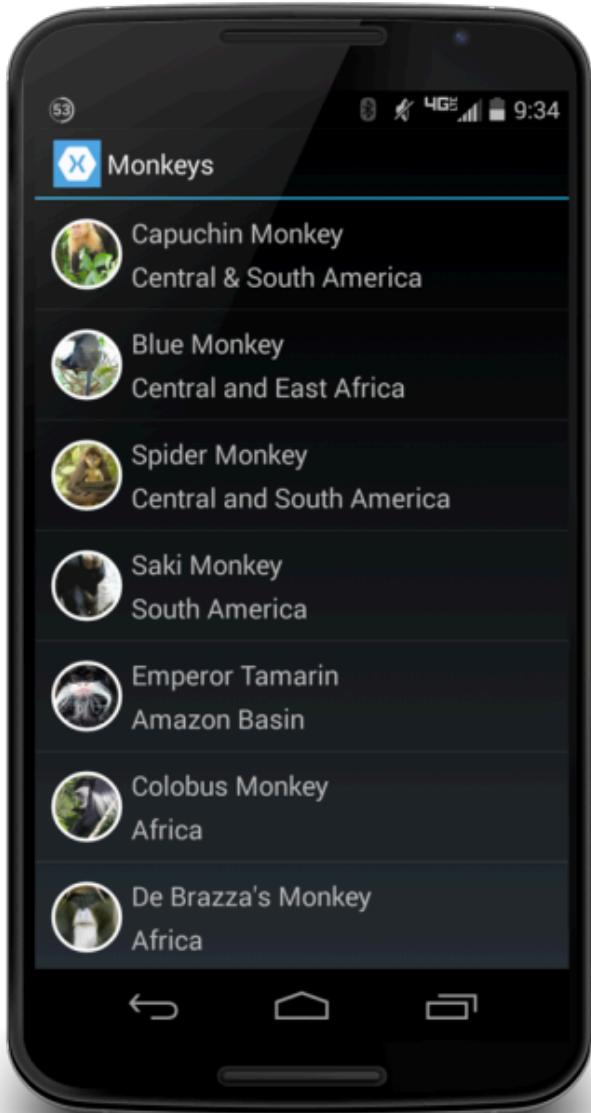
Moments



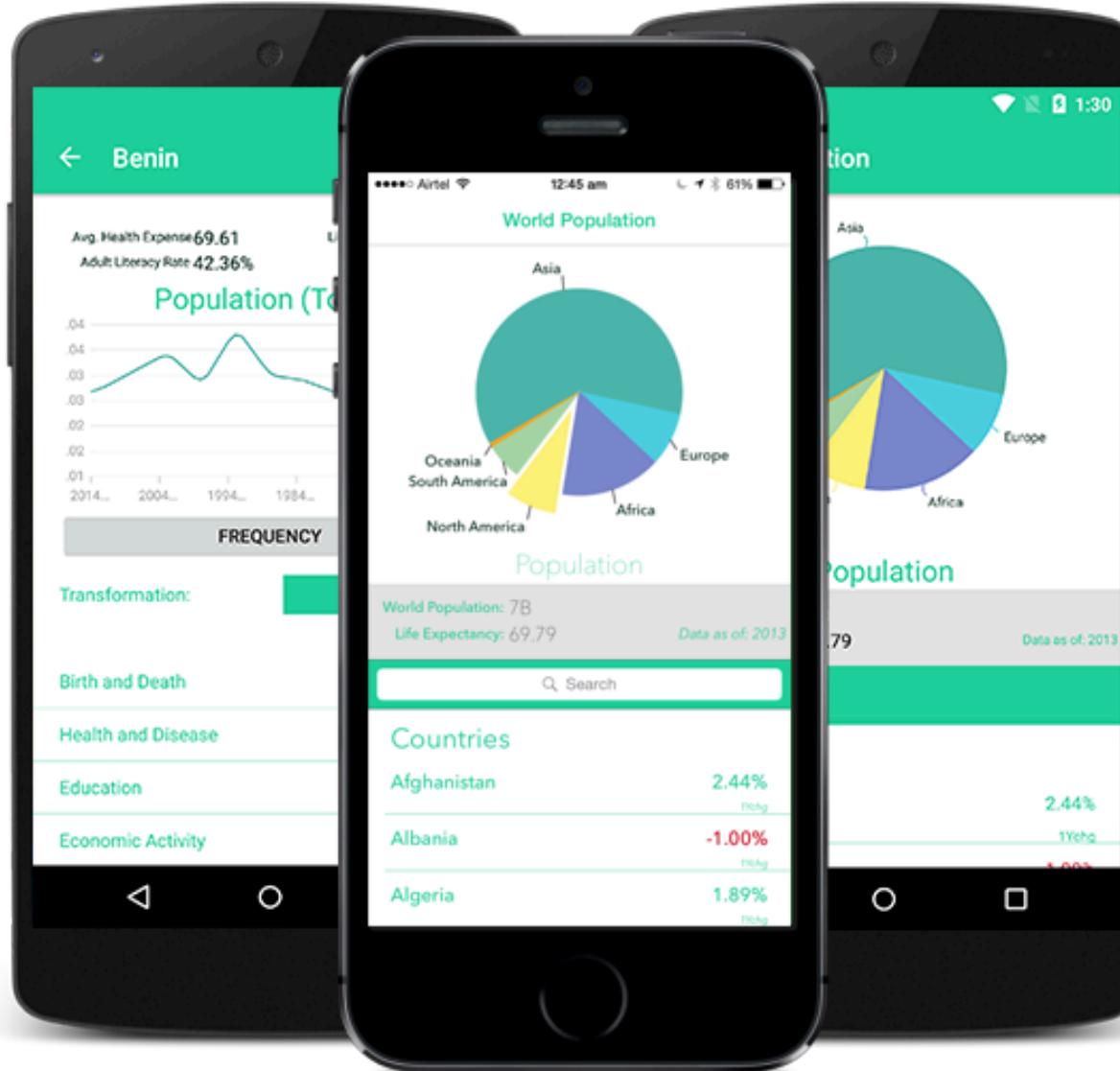
Moments

- Snapchat clone built with Xamarin.Forms
- 87% shared code
- Custom renderers
 - Modified controls
 - Custom control
 - Custom pages

Custom Renderers in the Wild



Custom Renderers in the Wild



Implementing a Custom Renderer

1. Create a new `Xamarin.Forms` control.
 - Derive from an existing control or the `View` class for new controls.
2. Create a view renderer for each platform targeted.
 - Use an existing renderer class (i.e. `EntryRenderer` or `PageRenderer`)
 - Use `ViewRenderer<TView, TNative>` for new controls.
3. Associate the renderer with the control through the `[ExportRenderer]` attribute.

Modifying Existing Controls

Demo

Modifying Existing Controls (Correctly)

Demo

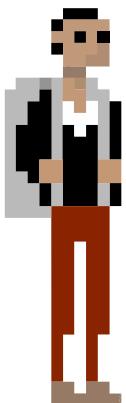
Creating Custom Pages

Demo

Resources

- Official Documentation
 - [Xamarin Blog](#)
 - [Custom Renderers Documentation](#)
 - Mark Smith's "[Customizing Control Rendering in Xamarin.Forms](#)" Talk
 - [Creating Mobile Apps with Xamarin.Forms](#)
- Additional Resources
 - Slides & Code
 - [Xamarin.Forms Labs](#)

Thank you. Questions?



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