

# Beyond routing 🚀 Spring Cloud Gateway with style



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# Who are we?

- Senior Software Engineer(s) @ VMware
- Working with Spring Cloud + Kubernetes



Barcelona JUG  
Asciidoctor Contributor  
Pedantic Linux User



Coding from Asturias

♥ Open Source

Non-Pedantic Sommelier

EMPACHATE.COM  
¡y cuéntanoslo!



# Why are we here?

## Goals

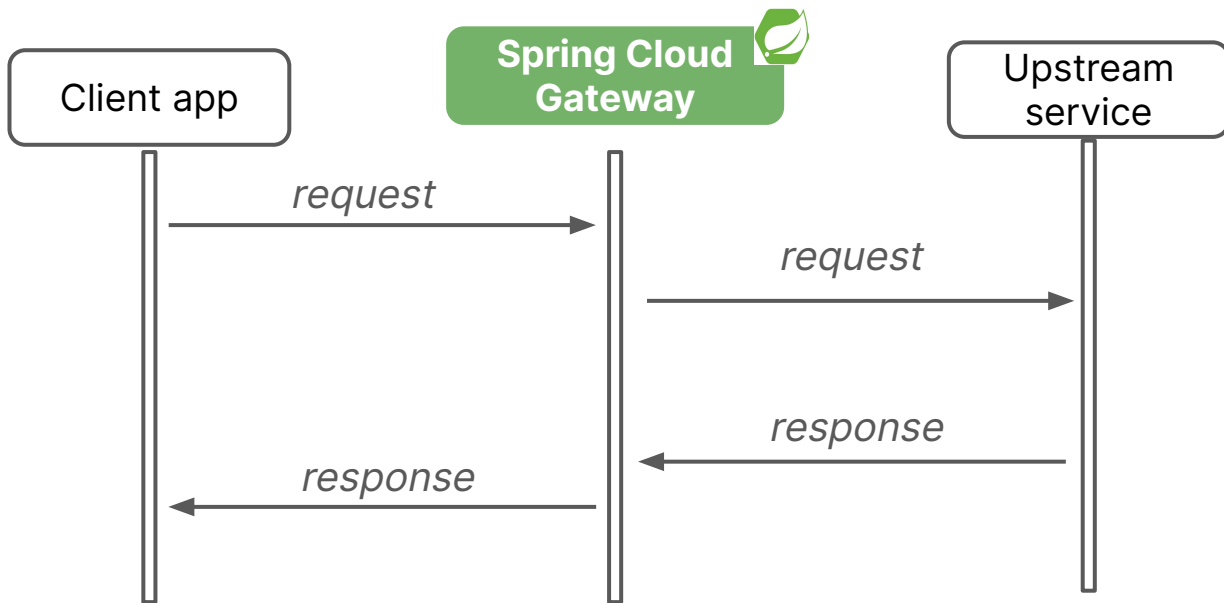
- Learn a few tricks
- Know how to exploit Spring Cloud Gateway's potential
- Have fun

## What is it not

- 101 on Spring Cloud Gateway

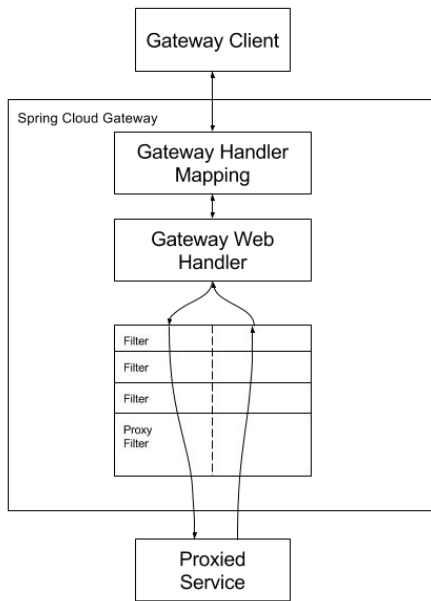
# How does Spring Cloud Gateway work?

The gateway is nothing else than a *http\_proxy* (on steroids)



# How does Spring Cloud Gateway work?

**Filters** act on requests and responses through a **chain**



# Lets go!



# What we need to begin?



## Project

☒ Gradle - Groovy

☐ Gradle - Kotlin

☐ Maven

## Language

☒ Java

☐ Kotlin

☐ Groovy

## Spring Boot

☐ 3.1.0 (SNAPSHOT)

☐ 3.1.0 (RC2)

☐ 3.1.0 (M2)

☐ 3.0.7 (SNAPSHOT)

☒ 3.0.6

☐ 2.7.12 (SNAPSHOT)

☐ 2.7.11

## Project Metadata

Group net.springio

Artifact gateway-with-style

Name gateway-with-style

Description Go Go Gateway!

Package name net.springio.scg.with.style

Packaging ☒ Jar ☐ War

Java ☐ 20 ☒ 17 ☐ 11 ☐ 8

## Dependencies

ADD DEPENDENCIES... ⌘ + B

### Gateway

SPRING CLOUD ROUTING

Provides a simple, yet effective way to route to APIs and provide cross cutting concerns to them such as security, monitoring/metrics, and resiliency.

### Spring Boot Actuator

OPS

Supports built in (or custom) endpoints that let you monitor and manage your application - such as application health, metrics, sessions, etc.

### Spring Security

SECURITY

Highly customizable authentication and access-control framework for Spring applications.

# Our first filter!

```
@Component
class AddHeaderGatewayFilterFactory extends AbstractGatewayFilterFactory<Object> {

    private static final Logger LOGGER = LoggerFactory.getLogger(AddHeaderGatewayFilterFactory.class);
    private static final String MY_HEADER_KEY = "X-SpringIO-Header";
    private static final String ANOTHER_HEADER_KEY = "X-Another-Header";

    @Override
    public GatewayFilter apply(Object config) {
        return (exchange, chain) -> {
            ServerWebExchange updatedExchange = exchange.mutate()
                .request(request -> request.headers(headers -> {
                    headers.put(MY_HEADER_KEY, List.of("gen-" + LocalDateTime.now()));
                    LOGGER.info("Processed request, added " + MY_HEADER_KEY + " header");
                }))
                .build();

            return chain.filter(updatedExchange)
                .then(Mono.fromRunnable(() -> {
                    HttpHeaders headers = exchange.getResponse().getHeaders();
                    headers.add(ANOTHER_HEADER_KEY, headerValue: "a-Value");
                    LOGGER.info("Processed response, added " + ANOTHER_HEADER_KEY + " header");
                }))
                .thenReturn(chain.filter(updatedExchange));
        });
    }
}
```

Gateway  
hook

Mutate the  
Request

Modify the  
Response



# Our first filter!

Not really hard so far...



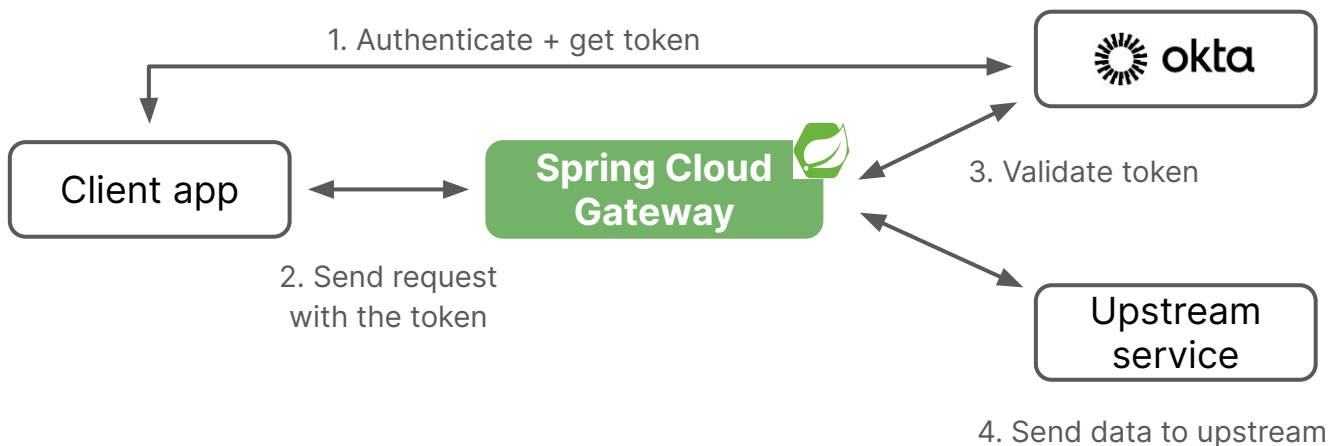
# Let's see our second filter

Raising the stakes...

- Can we secure our app with OAuth?
- And extract the information from the token?
- And adapt it for an upstream that doesn't talk OAuth?

# Let's see our second filter: Spring Security Filters!

Authorizing OAuth requests



# Let's see our second filter: Validate Token

```
@Component
public class AuthorizeGatewayFilterFactory extends AbstractGatewayFilterFactory<Object> {

    2 usages
    private final ReactiveJwtDecoder reactiveJwtDecoder;

    AuthorizeGatewayFilterFactory(ReactiveJwtDecoder gatewayReactiveJwtDecoder) {
        this.reactiveJwtDecoder = gatewayReactiveJwtDecoder;
    }

    @Override
    public GatewayFilter apply(Object config) {
        SecurityWebFilterChain securityChain =
            baseConfiguration(ServerHttpSecurity.http()) ServerHttpSecurity

        .oauth2ResourceServer() OAuth2ResourceServerSpec
        .jwt().jwtDecoder(reactiveJwtDecoder).and()
        .and() ServerHttpSecurity

        .authorizeExchange() AuthorizeExchangeSpec
        .anyExchange() Access
        .authenticated() AuthorizeExchangeSpec
        .and() ServerHttpSecurity
        .build();

        return (exchange, chain) -> {
            return new WebFilterChainProxy(securityChain)
                .filter(exchange, chain::filter);
        };
    }
}
```

Enable token  
processing

Define what to  
do with it

Integrate the Security filter  
as a Gateway filter

# Let's see our second filter: Send data to upstream

Get the Security Context

```
@Component
public class ExtractClaimGatewayFilterFactory
    implements GatewayFilterFactory<ExtractClaimGatewayFilterFactory.Config> {

    @Override
    public GatewayFilter apply(Config config) {
        return (exchange, chain) -> ReactiveSecurityContextHolder
            .getContext()
            .map(context -> {
                ServerWebExchange mutatedExchange = addClaim(config, exchange,
                    context.getAuthentication());
                return mutatedExchange != null ? mutatedExchange : exchange;
            })
            .switchIfEmpty(Mono.fromSupplier(() -> markAsUnauthenticated(exchange)))
            .flatMap(chain::filter);
    }
}
```

Mutate the request

Call the chain

# Hacking Security with a couple of filters!



# Let's talk about configuration

## Common configuration of filters

```
spring:
  cloud:
    gateway:
      routes:
        - id: red
          uri: https://example.org
          predicates:
            - Path=/red/{segment}
          filters:
            - name: AddRequestHeader
              args:
                Color: red
                max: 1000
```

```
spring:
  cloud:
    gateway:
      routes:
        - id: add_request_header_route
          uri: https://example.org
          predicates:
            - Path=/red/{segment}
          filters:
            - AddRequestHeader=X-Request-Color,red
            - AddRequestHeader=X-Request-Size,XL
```

-Color,red

# Let's talk about configuration

RewriteJsonResponseBody=`slideshow.author:Marta,slideshow.slides[0].title:Spring/IO 2023!`

RewriteJsonResponseBody=`slideshow.author,Marta`

RewriteJsonResponseBody=`slideshow.slides[0].title,Spring/IO 2023!`



```
{
  "slideshow": {
    "author": "Yours Truly",
    "date": "date of publication",
    "slides": [
      {
        "title": "Wake up to WonderWidgets!",
        "type": "all"
      },
      {
        "items": [
          "Why <em>WonderWidgets</em> are great",
          "Who <em>buys</em> WonderWidgets"
        ],
        "title": "Overview",
        "type": "all"
      }
    ]
  },
  "title": "Sample Slide Show"
}
```



# Let's talk about configuration: Custom Converters!

```
@Component
public class CustomKeyValueConverter implements Converter<String, KeyValue> {
```

1 usage

```
private static final String INVALID_CONFIGURATION_MESSAGE = "Invalid configuration, expected format: 'key:value'";
```

```
@Override
```

```
public KeyValue convert(String source) throws IllegalArgumentException {
    String[] split = source.split(regex: ":");
    if (source.contains(":") && StringUtils.hasText(split[0])) {
        return new KeyValue(split[0], split.length == 1 ? "" : split[1]);
    }
    throw new IllegalArgumentException(INVALID_CONFIGURATION_MESSAGE);
}
```



```
public class KeyValueConfig {

    private KeyValue[] keyValues;

    public KeyValue[] getKeyValues() {
        return keyValues;
    }

    public void setKeyValues(KeyValue[] keyValues) {
        this.keyValues = keyValues;
    }

}
```

# Modifying the Response content

```
@Override
public GatewayFilter apply(KeyValueConfig config) {
    ModifyResponseBodyGatewayFilterFactory.Config modifyResponseBodyConfig = new ModifyResponseBodyGatewayFilterFactory.Config();
    modifyResponseBodyConfig.setInClass(String.class);
    modifyResponseBodyConfig.setOutClass(String.class);

    RewriteFunction<String, String> rewriteFunction = (exchange, body) -> {
        if (exchange.getResponse().getHeaders().getContentType().isCompatibleWith(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON)) {
            DocumentContext jsonBody = JsonPath.parse(body);

            for (KeyValue kv : config.getKeyValues()) {
                try {
                    jsonBody.set(path: "$." + kv.getKey(), kv.getValue());
                } catch (PathNotFoundException e) {
                    LOGGER.debug("Could not find JSON path: " + kv.getKey(), e.getMessage());
                }
            }

            return Mono.just(jsonBody.jsonString());
        }
        return Mono.just(body);
    };
    modifyResponseBodyConfig.setRewriteFunction(rewriteFunction);

    return modifyResponseBodyGatewayFilterFactory.apply(modifyResponseBodyConfig);
}
```

Gateway  
hook

Custom  
Config

Apply  
Changes

# With great power comes great responsibility



# Conclusions

- Know the difference between Request and Response
- Mind the Order
- Do not reinvent the wheel
- Gateway abstraction helps with feature encapsulation

## Demos

- <https://github.com/abelsromero/gateway-with-style>

# Everything we say, maybe be a bit useless 😊



**Spencer Gibb (@spencergibb@social.sdf.org)**

@spencerbgibb

If you've wanted to use [@springcloud](#) gateway, but are unable to use webflux, watch this pull request for an MVC/Servlet compatible gateway. One of the highest voted enhancement requests: [github.com/spring-cloud/s...](https://github.com/spring-cloud/spring-cloud-gateway/issues/100)

[Traducir Tweet](#)



**Spencer Gibb (@spencergibb@social.sdf.o... @spencerbgibb...** · 7 feb. 2021

Respondiendo a @spencerbgibb @david\_syer y 2 más

We do have an open issue to support a Spring MVC version of gateway. Add your +1 there [github.com/spring-cloud/s...](https://github.com/spring-cloud/spring-cloud-gateway/issues/100)

4:35 a. m. · 10 may. 2023

# THANK YOU!

## Q&A

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