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For Random Organized File (Bucket):

Given $\begin{cases} NR = \text{num of records} \\ R = \text{size record} \\ CB = \text{size block} \\ P = \text{pointer size} \\ NB = \text{number buckets} \end{cases}$

• To find BD, blocks for bucket directory
 $PB = \left\lfloor \frac{CB}{P} \right\rfloor = \text{how many pointers in 1 block}$

$BD = \left\lceil \frac{NB}{PB} \right\rceil = \text{how many blocks for a bucket directory}$

• To find blocks for main file:

$M = \text{max num of a record inside a block}$

$M \cdot R + P \leq CB \quad \text{so} \quad M \leq \left\lfloor \frac{CB - P}{R} \right\rfloor$

! $M = \left\lfloor \frac{CB - 2P}{R} \right\rfloor$

if there are 2 pointers (start - end)

$RB = \left\lceil \frac{NR}{NB} \right\rceil = \text{how many rec inside a bucket}$

$NBB = \left\lceil \frac{RB}{M} \right\rceil = \text{how many blocks inside a bucket}$

• Total of blocks: $NBB \cdot NB + BD = \text{tot block}$
blocks inside each bucket \times num. of buckets

• Avg linear search: $\left\lceil \frac{NBB}{2} \right\rceil = MA$

• How many buckets if $MA = x$?

$$NB = \left\lceil \frac{NR}{2 \cdot x \cdot M} \right\rceil$$

! check always this is an INT

ISAM:

Given $\begin{cases} NR = \text{num of recs} \\ R = \text{rec size} \\ K = \text{key size} \\ P = \text{pointer size} \\ CB = \text{block size} \end{cases}$

• How to find number of blocks for main file BF

$$M = \left\lfloor \frac{CB \cdot U - P}{R} \right\rfloor$$

$$BF = \left\lceil \frac{NR}{M} \right\rceil$$

$U = \text{utilization rate}$

WATCH if the exercise says the block points to each other

! check if records are pointed

• How to find blocks for index BI

$$RI = K + P$$

$$M_{RI} = \left\lfloor \frac{CB}{RI} \right\rfloor$$

$$BI = \left\lceil \frac{BF}{M_{RI}} \right\rceil$$

• Binary search: $MA = \lceil \log_2 BI \rceil + 1$

B-Tree:

NR = num records
 R = record size
 K = key size
 CB = block size
 P = pointer

• How to find number of blocks for index and main file:

① check $n \cdot R \geq CB$

$$M = \left\lfloor \frac{CB}{R} \right\rfloor$$

$$M = \left\lfloor \frac{CB/2}{R} \right\rfloor$$

if ex. says tree min

If B+ tree $\longrightarrow M = \left\lfloor \frac{CB - P}{R} \right\rfloor$

$$BF = \left\lceil \frac{NR}{M} \right\rceil$$

$$BI = \left\lfloor \frac{CB - P}{R_1} \right\rfloor + 1$$

if B+ tree $BI = \left\lfloor \frac{CB - P}{R_1} \right\rfloor + 1$

if min check if $n \cdot R_1 \geq \frac{CB}{2}$

$$L_1 = \left\lceil \frac{BF}{BI} \right\rceil$$

$$L_n = \left\lceil \frac{L_{n-1}}{BI} \right\rceil$$

until $L_k = 1$