## Team Project 1

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### **Data Overview**

In the 1970s, researchers in the United States ran several randomized experiments intended to evaluate public policy programs. One of the most famous experiments is the National Supported Work Demonstration (NSWD), in which researchers wanted to assess whether or not job training for disadvantaged workers had an effect on their wages. Eligible workers were randomly assigned either to receive job training or not to receive job training. Since this is a randomized experiment, we can make causal claims about the effect of job training on wages for this population of workers.

We analyze a subset of the data from the NSWD. These and other data were originally analyzed in a highly influential paper by the economist Robert Lalonde. The reference for the study is Lalonde, R. J. (1986), Evaluating the econometric evaluations of training programs with experimental data, The American Economic Review, 76, 604 - 620.

We will use linear and logistic regression modeling to answer the following questions of interest.

- Is there evidence that workers who receive job training tend to earn higher wages than workers who do not receive job training? What is a likely range for the effect of training? Is there any evidence that the effects differ by demographic groups? Are there other interesting associations with wages that are worth mentioning?
- Is there evidence that workers who receive job training tend to be more likely to have positive (non-zero) wages than workers who do not receive job training? What is a likely range for the effect of training? Is there any evidence that the effects differ by demographic groups? Are there other interesting associations with positive wages that are worth mentioning?

A summary of the dataset used in both our linear and logisitic regessions is summarized below:

##	Х	treat	age	educ	black	
##	NSW1 : 1	0:429	Min. :16.	00 Min. : 0.0	00 Min. :0.0000	
##	NSW10 : 1	1:185	1st Qu.:20.	00 1st Qu.: 9.0	00 1st Qu.:0.0000	
##	NSW100 : 1		Median:25.	00 Median :11.0	00 Median :0.0000	
##	NSW101 : 1		Mean :27.	36 Mean :10.2	27 Mean :0.3958	
##	NSW102 : 1		3rd Qu.:32.	00 3rd Qu.:12.0	00 3rd Qu.:1.0000	
##	NSW103 : 1		Max. :55.	00 Max. :18.0	00 Max. :1.0000	
##	(Other):608					
##			arried	nodegree	re74	
##	Min. :0.000	00 Min.	:0.0000	Min. :0.0000	Min. : 0	
##	1st Qu.:0.000	00 1st	Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.: 0	
##	Median :0.000	00 Medi	an :0.0000	Median :1.0000	Median : 1042	
##	Mean :0.11	73 Mean	:0.4153	Mean :0.6303	Mean : 4558	
##	3rd Qu.:0.000	00 3rd	Qu.:1.0000	3rd Qu.:1.0000	3rd Qu.: 7888	
##	Max. :1.000	00 Max.	:1.0000	Max. :1.0000	Max. :35040	
##						
##	re75			re78c	re75c	
##	Min. :	0.0 Min	. : 0.0	Min. :-6793	Min. :-2185	
##	1st Qu.:	0.0 1st	Qu.: 238.3	1st Qu.:-6555	1st Qu.:-2185	
##	Median: 60	1.5 Med	ian : 4759.0	Median :-2034	Median :-1583	
##	Mean : 218	4.9 Mea	n : 6792.8	Mean : 0	Mean : 0	
##	3rd Qu.: 3249	9.0 3rd	Qu.:10893.6	3rd Qu.: 4101	3rd Qu.: 1064	

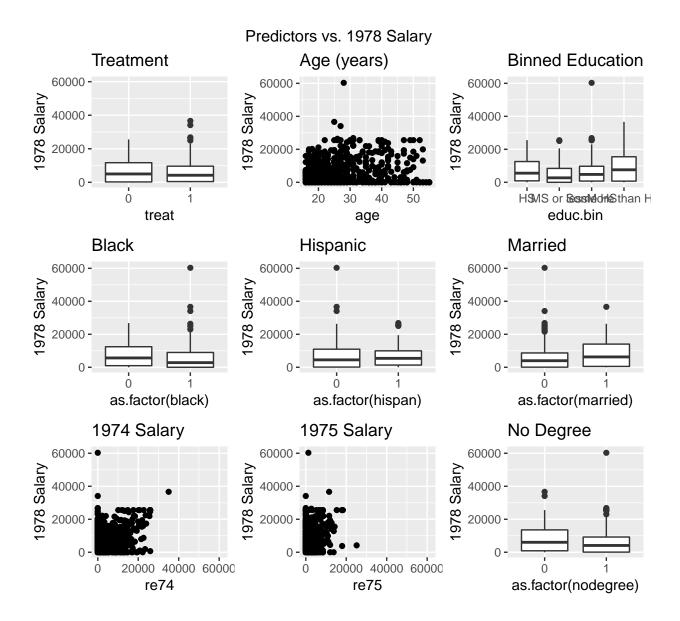
```
##
    Max.
            :25142.2
                       Max.
                               :60307.9
                                                   :53515
                                                            Max.
                                                                    :22957
                                           Max.
##
##
        re74c
                           agec
                                           employed78
                                                              employed74
                                                                   :0.0000
##
            :-4558
                             :-11.363
                                                 :0.0000
    Min.
                     Min.
                                         Min.
                                                           Min.
##
    1st Qu.:-4558
                     1st Qu.: -7.363
                                         1st Qu.:1.0000
                                                           1st Qu.:0.0000
    Median :-3515
                     Median : -2.363
                                         Median :1.0000
                                                           Median :1.0000
##
                                                 :0.7671
                                                                   :0.6042
##
    Mean
            :
                     Mean
                             : 0.000
                                         Mean
                                                           Mean
    3rd Qu.: 3331
##
                     3rd Qu.:
                               4.637
                                         3rd Qu.:1.0000
                                                           3rd Qu.:1.0000
##
    Max.
            :30483
                     Max.
                             : 27.637
                                         Max.
                                                 :1.0000
                                                           Max.
                                                                   :1.0000
##
##
             educ.bin
                              educ.bin2
                                                                     age3
                                                 age2
##
    HS
                 :157
                         Some HS + :480
                                                   : 0.1319
                                                                        :-1467.24
                                           Min.
                                                                Min.
                                           1st Qu.: 11.3111
##
    MS or less
                 :134
                        MS or less:134
                                                                1st Qu.: -399.21
                 :253
                                           Median: 54.2166
##
    Some HS
                                                                Median:
                                                                           -13.20
##
    More than HS: 70
                                                   : 97.4788
                                                                           986.08
                                           Mean
                                                                Mean
##
                                           3rd Qu.:107.3958
                                                                3rd Qu.:
                                                                            99.69
##
                                                   :763.7931
                                           Max.
                                                                       :21108.80
                                                                Max.
##
```

## Linear Regression

## **Exploratory Data Analysis**

For concern of multicollinearity, we cannot include both nodegree and education in our model (nodegree is, in essence, a binned version of education with 0 being over 12 years of education and 1 being less than 12 years of education). We were originally concerned with including both 1974 salary (re74) and 1975 salary (re75), however, the correlation between these two variables is only 0.55 which low enough to allow both salary variables as predictors in our model. No other variables had high enough correlation to be a multicollinearity concern.

A plot of each predictor in relation to our outcome variable, 1978 salary is below.



#### **Model Selection**

Through a series of modeling fittings, we examined a variety of logistic models to answer the question, 'Is there evidence that workers who receive job training tend to earn higher wages than workers who do not receive job training?'. We evaluated each model based on R-squared value and whether addition variables and interactions resulted in a significant or near-significant nested F test results.

We attempted logging our outcome variable (1978 salary (re78)), logging 1974 and 1975 salaries, using nodegree as opposed to education, using education as a continuous variable as well as a binned factor variable. We also looked at potential interaction effects between treatment and education, treatment and black, treatment and hispanic, and treatment and age (see appendix Fig. 1 for plots of potential interaction effects). Additionally, we used mean-centered continuous variables to aid in interpretation.

Before we finalized our model selection we examined the residuals and influential points. The residuals of this model are normally distributed and have constant variance therefore fitting our assumptions of linear regression (see appendix). The most influential points in our model were determined to be corner cases and did not call for alteration of our final model. (For further details on our model's redisuals and influential

points, see appendix).

Ultimately, we selected the model summarized below.

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = re78 ~ treat + agec + educ.bin + black + hispan +
       married + re74c + re75c, data = lalonde)
##
##
  Residuals:
##
##
      Min
              1Q Median
                             3Q
                                   Max
   -13858
           -4842 -1516
                           4062
                                 54869
##
## Coefficients:
##
                           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                          6655.8106
                                      724.1249
                                                  9.192
                                                         < 2e-16 ***
## treat1
                          1612.9207
                                      779.9046
                                                  2.068
                                                          0.0391 *
## agec
                             6.9456
                                       32.4362
                                                  0.214
                                                          0.8305
## educ.binMS or less
                         -1693.6195
                                      844.2911
                                                 -2.006
                                                          0.0453 *
## educ.binSome HS
                            29.6427
                                      726.9096
                                                  0.041
                                                          0.9675
## educ.binMore than HS
                          2254.6884
                                     1003.6187
                                                  2.247
                                                          0.0250 *
## black
                         -1278.3191
                                      767.4450
                                                 -1.666
                                                          0.0963 .
                                                          0.7014
## hispan
                           357.4441
                                      931.7120
                                                  0.384
## married
                           518.6474
                                      696.6006
                                                  0.745
                                                          0.4568
## re74c
                             0.3044
                                        0.0580
                                                  5.247 2.14e-07 ***
## re75c
                             0.2205
                                        0.1043
                                                  2.113
                                                          0.0350 *
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
## Residual standard error: 6934 on 603 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1526, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1385
## F-statistic: 10.86 on 10 and 603 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

### Interpretation

Our model has an R-squared of 0.15. In other words, our model explains 15% of the variance 1978 salary.

**Intercept**: For non-black, non-hispanic, un-married individuals of average age, average 1974 and 1975 salaries, with High School only education, who did not recieve treatment, we estimate the average salary in 1978 to be \$6655.81 (95% CI: \$5233.7, \$8077.92).

**Treatment**: Holding all else constant, individuals who participated in the treatment are estimated to have average 1978 salaries increased by \$1612.92 (95% CI: \$81.26, \$3144.58).

**Age**: Holding all else constant, for each 10 years an individual ages on average we estimate his salary to increase by \$69.46 (95% CI: \$-567.56, \$706.47). Given that this confidence interval includes 0, we are not confident that there is a meaningful effect of age on 1978 salary.

**Education**: Holding all else contant, for an individual with:

- Less than a middle school education: we estimate avergage 1978 salary to be \$1693.62 less (95% CI: \$-3351.73, \$-35.51).
- Some high school education: we estimate avergage 1978 salary to be \$29.64 more (95% CI: \$-1397.94, \$1457.22). Given that this confidence interval includes 0, we are not confident that there is a meaningful effect of some high school compared to completion of high school on 1978 salary.

• More than a high school education: we estimate avergage 1978 salary to be \$2254.69 more (95% CI: \$283.68, \$4225.7).

Married: Holding all else constant, for married individuals we estimate average 1978 salaries to be \$518.65 more (95% CI: \$-849.41, \$1886.71). Given that this confidence interval includes 0, we are not confident that there is a meaningful effect of blackness on 1978 salary.

**Black**: Holding all else constant, for black individuals we estimate average 1978 salaries to be \$1278.32 less (95% CI: \$-2785.51, \$228.87). Given that this confidence interval includes 0, we are not confident that there is a meaningful effect of blackness on 1978 salary.

**Hispanic**: Holding all else constant, for black individuals we estimate average 1978 salaries to be \$357.44 more (95% CI: \$-1472.35, \$2187.24). Given that this confidence interval includes 0, we are not confident that there is a meaningful effect of hispanic ethnicity on 1978 salary.

1974 Salary: Holding all else constant, for each \$1,000 an individual made in 1974, on average we estimate his 1978 salary to be \$304.35 higher (95% CI: \$190.43, \$418.26).

1975 Salary: Holding all else constant, for each \$1,000 an individual made in 1975, on average we estimate his 1978 salary to be \$220.53 higher (95% CI: \$15.59, \$425.47).

#### Discussion

Because this is a randomized control trial, we can say treatment may result in increased salaries. However the effect size of treatment may be small.

- The effect is confounded by age, ethnicity, education, marital status, and previous salary.
- Both being black being hispanic, and being married may not have an effect on salary
- 1974 is more representative of earning potential in 1978 compared to 1975
- Unclear whether there is a huge difference between some hs and hs completion. Matters when you have less than ms or more than hs

#### Limitations

Our model has an R-squared of 0.15. In other words, our model explains 15% of the variance 1978 salary. It seems that we are missing variables in our model that would explain additional variation in 1978 salary, therefore more research is needed to fully understand the relationship between job training programs and salary and the mediating variables in this relationship.

Doesn't work for wealthy or older individuals (Why older?) Also black Outliers

## Logistic Regression

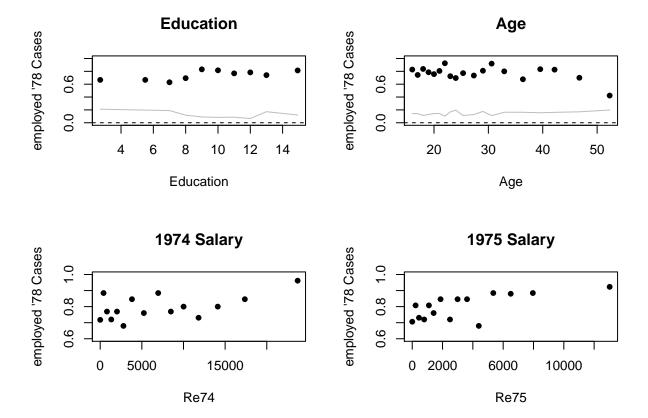
## **Exploratory Data Analysis**

In terms of mulicollinearity, the same reasoning from our linear regression applies to our logistic regression. Therefore our only restriction is a choice between either education or nodegree.

A plot of each predictor in relation to our outcome variable, employment in 1978 is below (employment being defined as salary above 0).

Table 1: Average employed '78 Cases by predictor

	0	1
treat	0.77	0.76
educ.bin2	0.79	0.67
black	0.80	0.72
hispan	0.76	0.83
married	0.76	0.78
nodegree	0.78	0.76



### **Model Selection**

We examined a variety of linear models to answer the question, 'Is there evidence that workers who receive job training tend to be more likely to have positive (non-zero) wages than workers who do not receive job training?'. We evaluated each model based on the area under the curve (AUC) and whether addition variables and interactions resulted in a significant or near-significant change in deviance tests.

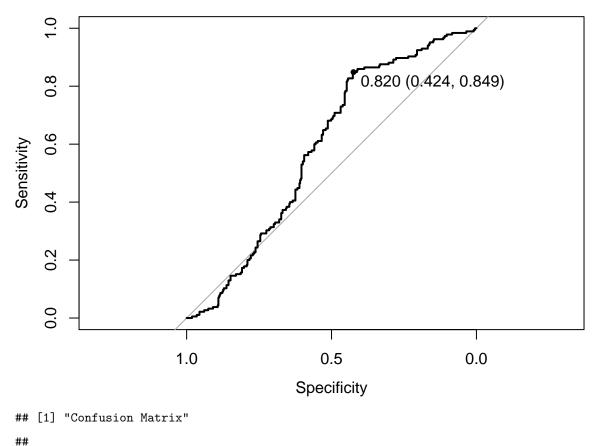
We attempted binning education in multiple ways, nonzero 1974 and 1975 variables. We also examoined potential interactions between treatment and previous salaries as well as interactions between treatment and level of education (see appendix for examination of interaction effects). Additionally, we used mean-centered continuous variables to aid in interpretation.

Before we finalized our model selection we examined the residuals and influential points. The residuals of this model fit our assumptions of logistic regression (see appendix).

The most influential points in our model were determined to be corner cases and did not call for alteration of our final model. (For further details on our model's redisuals and influential points, see appendix).

Ultimately, we selected the model summarized below.

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = employed78 ~ treat * employed74 + agec + married +
      black + hispan + educ.bin2 + re75c, family = binomial, data = lalonde)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q
                    Median
                                 3Q
                                         Max
## -2.4043
          0.3469 0.6049
                             0.7440
                                      1.4117
##
## Coefficients:
##
                        Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                       1.177e+00 2.796e-01 4.209 2.57e-05 ***
## treat1
                      7.732e-01 3.244e-01 2.383 0.01716 *
## employed74
                       4.703e-01 2.771e-01
                                            1.698 0.08959 .
                      -3.260e-02 1.039e-02 -3.137 0.00171 **
## agec
## married
                      4.758e-02 2.429e-01
                                            0.196 0.84468
## black
                      -5.287e-01 2.675e-01 -1.976 0.04810 *
## hispan
                      2.088e-01 3.601e-01
                                            0.580 0.56201
## educ.bin2MS or less -5.688e-01 2.328e-01 -2.443 0.01456 *
## re75c
                      1.297e-04 4.511e-05
                                            2.874 0.00405 **
## treat1:employed74 -1.187e+00 4.711e-01 -2.519 0.01176 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 666.5 on 613 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 622.7 on 604 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 642.7
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```



```
##
       FALSE TRUE
               25
##
     0
         118
     1
         287
              184
##
  Waiting for profiling to be done...
  [1] "Confidence intervals"
##
                                       2.5%
                        Estimate
                                                97.5%
## (Intercept)
                        3.2440128 1.8954738 5.6865021
## treat1
                        2.1666346 1.1510708 4.1177880
## employed74
                        1.6005330 0.9269135 2.7524916
                        0.9679244 0.9483436 0.9878683
## agec
## married
                        1.0487287 0.6527574 1.6943581
## black
                        0.5893666 0.3481850 0.9953958
## hispan
                       1.2321777 0.6250256 2.5907711
## educ.bin2MS or less 0.5662319 0.3598939 0.8980752
                       1.0001297 1.0000460 1.0002234
## re75c
## treat1:employed74
                       0.3051571 0.1219336 0.7774356
```

## Interpretation

Our model has an AUC of 0.59. Using the suggested threshold of 0.82, our model has a sensitivity of 0.391 and a specificity of 0.175. In other words, our model correctly predicts 39.1% of nonzero wage earners and 82.5% of zero wage earners.

**Intercept**: For non-black, non-hispanic, un-married individuals of average age, average 1975 salaries and a zero 1974 salary, with some High School or more education, who did not receive treatment, we estimate the

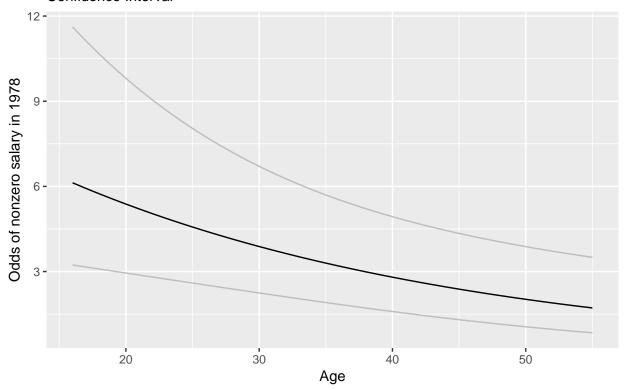
odds of nonzero salary 1978 to be \$3.24 (95\% CI: \$1.895, \$5.69).

**Treatment**: Holding all else constant, for individuals who participated in the treatment we estimate the odds of nonzero wage in 1978 to increase by a factor of 2.17 (95% CI: 1.15, 4.12).

**Education**: Holding all else contant, for an individual less than a middle school education we estimate e estimate the odds of nonzero wage in 1978 to decrease by a factor of 0.57 less (95% CI: 0.36, 0.9).

**Age**: Holding all else constant, for each 10 years an individual ages on average we estimate his salary to decrease by 0.72 (95% CI: 0.59, 0.89).

# Odds of nonzero salary in 1978 by Age Confidence Interval



Married: Holding all else constant, for married individuals we estimate estimate the odds of nonzero wage in 1978 to increase by a factor of 1.05 more (95% CI: \$0.65, 1.69). Given that this confidence interval includes 1, we are not confident that there is a meaningful effect of being married on odds of nonzero salary in 1978.

**Black**: Holding all else constant, for black individuals we estimate estimate the odds of nonzero wage in 1978 to decrease by a factor of 0.59 less (95% CI: \$0.35, 1).

**Hispanic**: Holding all else constant, for black individuals we estimate estimate the odds of nonzero wage in 1978 to increase by a factor of 1.23 more (95% CI: 0.63, 2.59). Given that this confidence interval includes 1, we are not confident that there is a meaningful effect of hispanic ethnicity on odds of nonzero salary in 1978.

1975 Salary: Holding all else constant, for each \$1,000 an individual made in 1975, on average we estimate estimate the odds of nonzero wage in 1978 to increase by a factor of 1.14 higher (95% CI:1.05, \$1.25).

# Odds of nonzero salary in 1978 by 1975 Salary Confidence Interval



### 1974 Salary:

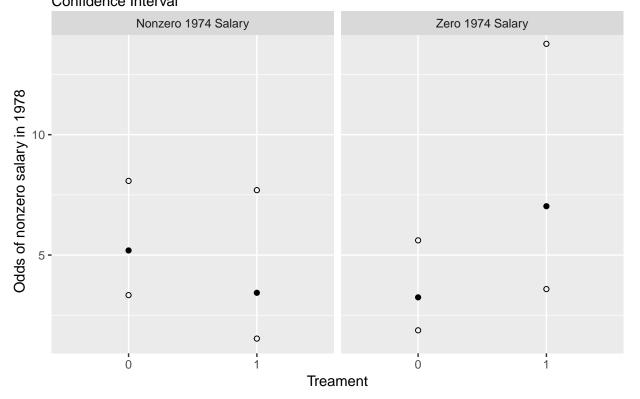
## Waiting for profiling to be done...

\*Zero Salary: Holding all else constant, for individuals who participated in the treatment we estimate the odds of nonzero wage in 1978 to increase by a factor of 2.17 (95% CI: 1.15, 4.12).

\*Nonzero Salary: Holding all else constant, for individuals who participated in the treatment we estimate the odds of nonzero wage in 1978 to decrease by a factor of 0.74 (95% CI: 0.34, 1.67). Given that this confidence interval includes 1, we are not confident that there is a meaningful effect of treatment on nonzero salary in 1978 for those with nonzero salaries in 1974.

```
fit <- predict$fit</pre>
# Append predictions
newval_74 <- newval_74 %>%
    mutate(fit = exp(fit),
           lwr = exp(lwr),
           upr = exp(upr))
newval_74 %>%
    mutate(employed74 = ifelse(employed74 == 0, 'Zero 1974 Salary', 'Nonzero 1974 Salary')) %>%
    ggplot() +
    facet_grid(. ~ employed74) +
    geom_point(mapping = aes(x = treat, y = fit) ) +
    geom_point(mapping = aes(x = treat, y = lwr), shape = 1) +
    geom_point(mapping = aes(x = treat, y = upr), shape = 1) +
    ylab('Odds of nonzero salary in 1978') +
    xlab('Treament') +
    ggtitle('Interaction effect of nonzero 1974 salary on treatment') +
    labs(subtitle = 'Confidence Interval')
```

## Interaction effect of nonzero 1974 salary on treatment Confidence Interval



## Discussion

## Limitations

## Appendix

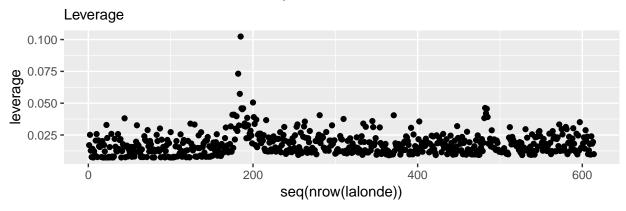
Fig 1: Linear Interaction Plots Fig 2: Linear Residual Plots

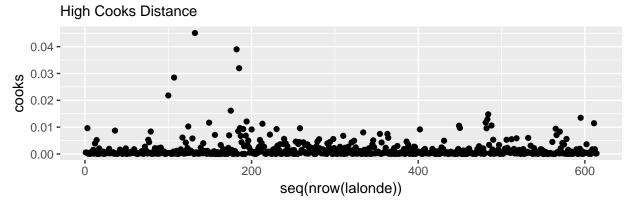
## **Influential Points**

#### Linear Model

Observations with high leverage or cooks distance in our final linear model are below:

## Potentially Influential Points





##		X	treat	age	educ	black	hispan	married	nodegree	re74	re75
##	1	NSW100	1	31	9	0	1	0	1	0.0000	0.000
##	2	NSW107	1	27	13	1	0	0	0	0.0000	0.000
##	3	NSW132	1	28	11	1	0	0	1	0.0000	1284.079
##	4	NSW182	1	25	14	1	0	1	0	35040.0700	11536.570
##	5	NSW184	1	35	8	1	0	1	1	13732.0700	17976.150
##	6	NSW185	1	33	11	1	0	1	1	14660.7100	25142.240
##	7	PSID15	0	22	14	1	0	1	0	748.4399	11105.370
##		re	78	re7	78c	re7	'5c	re74c	agec	employed78	
##	1	26817.6	00 200	024.7	766 -2	2184.93	82 -455	57.547	3.6368078	1	
##	2	34099.2	80 273	306.4	146 -2	2184.93	82 -455	57.547 -	0.3631922	1	
##	3	60307.9	30 53	515.0	)96 -	-900.85	92 -45	57.547	0.6368078	1	

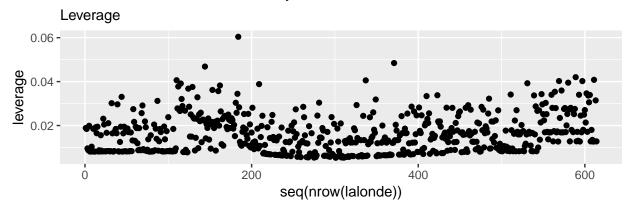
```
## 4 36646.950 29854.116 9351.6318 30482.523 -2.3631922
                                                                      1
      3786.628 -3006.206 15791.2118 9174.523
                                                                      1
                                                 7.6368078
      4181.942 -2610.892 22957.3018 10103.163
                                                 5.6368078
                                                                      1
##
  7 18208.550 11415.716
                           8920.4318 -3809.107 -5.3631922
                                                                      1
##
     employed74
                     educ.bin
                               educ.bin2
                                                age2
                                                               age3
                                                                        leverage
## 1
                               Some HS + 13.2263711
                      Some HS
                                                        48.10176982 0.027257833
## 2
                               Some HS +
                                           0.1319086
                                                        -0.04790816 0.020244859
              0 More than HS
## 3
              0
                      Some HS
                               Some HS +
                                           0.4055242
                                                         0.25824098 0.007797395
## 4
              1 More than HS
                               Some HS +
                                           5.5846773
                                                       -13.19766572 0.073164174
## 5
              1
                   {\tt MS} or less {\tt MS} or less {\tt 58.3208336}
                                                       445.38499829 0.057317557
## 6
              1
                      Some HS
                               Some HS + 31.7736024
                                                       179.10169025 0.102376529
## 7
              1 More than HS
                               Some HS + 28.7638304 -154.26595026 0.050528522
##
           cooks
## 1 0.021798727
## 2 0.028482254
## 3 0.045086361
## 4 0.038990285
## 5 0.008516218
## 6 0.031957785
## 7 0.009140412
```

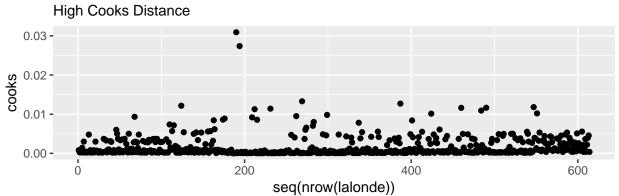
The influential points show that our model is not as accurate in its predictions for those who have high salaries in either 1974 or 1975. Because these are not the typical demographic to partake in a job training program, they are not of great interest for this research paper. Therefore we do not alter our model.

### Logistic Model

Observations with high leverage or cooks distance in our final logistic model are below:

## Potentially Influential Points





re74

##	1	NSW110	1	26	10	1	0	1	1	2027.9990
##	2	NSW124	1	27	13	0	0	1	0	9381.5660
##	3	NSW144	1	46	8	1	0	0	1	3165.6580
##	4	NSW184	1	35	8	1	0	1	1	13732.0700
##	5	PSID5	0	25	9	1	0	1	1	14829.6900
##	6	PSID9	0	38	9	0	1	1	1	16826.1800
##	7	PSID84	0	37	11	0	1	0	1	615.2098
##	8	PSID152	0	52	0	0	1	1	1	773.9104
##	9	PSID186	0	53	10	0	1	0	1	7878.2120
##	10	PSID202	0	20	9	0	1	1	1	0.0000
##	11	PSID384	0	31	4	0	1	0	1	0.0000
##	12	PSID404	0	55	7	0	0	0	1	0.0000
##	13	PSID412	0	53	12	1	0	0	0	0.0000
##	14	PSID426	0	24	1	0	1	1	1	0.0000
##		re75		re78		re78c	re75c	r	e74c	agec
##	1	0.0000		0.000	-67	792.834	-2184.9382	-2529	.548 -	-1.3631922
##	2	853.7225					-1331.2157			-0.3631922
##	3	2594.7230				792.834				18.6368078
##	4	17976.1500	378				15791.2118	9174		7.6368078
##	5	13776.5300					11591.5918			
##	6	12029.1800				792.834				10.6368078
##	7	4713.9190				792.834				9.6368078
##	8	2506.4520				792.834				24.6368078
##	9	1489.5480	1317	70.980		378.146				25.6368078
##	10	1283.6610				792.834				-7.3631922
##	11	0.0000	116	31.493	-56	331.341	-2184.9382	-4557	. 547	3.6368078

X treat age educ black hispan married nodegree

```
## 12
          0.0000
                      0.000 -6792.834 -2184.9382 -4557.547 27.6368078
## 13
          0.0000
                      0.000 -6792.834 -2184.9382 -4557.547 25.6368078
##
   14
          0.0000 19464.610 12671.776 -2184.9382 -4557.547 -3.3631922
##
      employed78
                 employed74
                                 educ.bin
                                            educ.bin2
                                                              age2
                                                                             age3
##
  1
               0
                                  Some HS
                                            Some HS
                                                         1.8582929 -2.533210e+00
## 2
               0
                           1 More than HS
                                            Some HS +
                                                         0.1319086 -4.790816e-02
## 3
               0
                               MS or less MS or less 347.3306056
                           1
                                                                    6.473134e+03
## 4
               1
                           1
                               MS or less MS or less
                                                       58.3208336
                                                                    4.453850e+02
## 5
               0
                           1
                                  Some HS
                                            Some HS +
                                                         5.5846773 -1.319767e+01
               0
## 6
                           1
                                  Some HS
                                            Some HS + 113.1416805
                                                                    1.203466e+03
## 7
               0
                           1
                                  Some HS
                                            Some HS +
                                                       92.8680649
                                                                    8.949517e+02
               0
                           1
                               MS or less MS or less 606.9722994
## 8
                                                                    1.495386e+04
## 9
                           1
                                  Some HS
                                            Some HS + 657.2459151
                                                                    1.684969e+04
               1
               0
                           0
                                  Some HS
                                            Some HS +
                                                       54.2165991 -3.992072e+02
## 10
                               MS or less MS or less
                           0
                                                       13.2263711
## 11
               1
                                                                    4.810177e+01
## 12
               0
                           0
                               MS or less MS or less 763.7931463
                                                                    2.110880e+04
## 13
               0
                           0
                                           Some HS + 657.2459151
                                                                    1.684969e+04
##
  14
               1
                           0
                               MS or less MS or less
                                                      11.3110617 -3.804127e+01
##
        leverage
                         cooks
##
  1
      0.04062583 0.0073756699
##
  2
      0.03679869 0.0121590942
      0.04684611 0.0033930294
## 4
      0.06040330 0.0009428119
      0.01909379 0.0309170281
## 5
## 6
      0.01561386 0.0273889532
      0.01969965 0.0132959816
      0.04056232 0.0078171676
## 8
## 9
      0.04844849 0.0021112125
## 10 0.02544092 0.0127010077
## 11 0.04025713 0.0028860602
## 12 0.04201691 0.0025731029
## 13 0.04024095 0.0027277268
## 14 0.04081239 0.0022232284
```

The influential points show that our model is not as accurate in its predictions for those who have high salaries in either 1974 or 1975. Because these are not the typical demographic to partake in a job training program, they are not of great interest for this research paper. Therefore we do not alter our model.

Any other limitations plots + outlier