Testing and Continous Integration

"We build software for people who build software" <Codiak>

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Why write tests?!

- Tests tell you when your code is broken.
- Tests help later developers to undestand your code.
- Tests improve the design of your code.

Types of tests ...

Unittests

- Test « one » unit of code : fct/method
- Must be isolated, small, fast and verbose
- Require more refactoring when code changes
- Intergration tests
 - Test that application components talk to each other correctly.
 - Slower and exercice more code
 - Also called system tests | functional tests | acceptance tests.

What is Unit testing?

« Any repeatable activity that checks that the individual units of code within a module/application work as expected »

Some best practises

- Bug triage unit testing:
 - Don't fix the bug.
 - Write a test for the correct behaviour.
 - Change your code until it passes.

- New feature unit testing:
 - Write test(s) for the new feature.
 - Change your code until it passes.

- Avoid premature optimisation:
 - Write tests only for code that you are changing.
 - Don't need to test every possible scenario.

Some Python testing libs



- Pytest, Nose: Unittesting library (less boilerplate)
- Mock: easily create fakes for testing.
- WebTest: request/response testing for WSGI web apps.
- Selenium: browser automation (web).

Continous Integration .. What is it?

(concepts)

 The system must be able to be build and tested automatically.

 Everyone commits their changes frequently (every day or two).

 Upon commit the system is immediately and automatically « integrated ».

Why using CI?

- Humans are not good in boring tests:
 - → Running tests manually is boring:(
 - → Tests break and you don't know which change broke what.

 How to ensure that the work done separately can be « integrated » successfully ?

- Levels of the integration problem:
 - → Merge conflics
 - → Compile conflicts
 - → Test conflicts

Golden rules

Continous Integration ---> Continous deployement

A CI system improves the productivity of a development team by automating various things.

Use Jenkins



It is time to code a bit ...

