Homework1

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```
load.data <- function(){
    load(file.path("./data", "birthweight_w271.rdata"))
    return (data)
}</pre>
```

Question 1

```
# Load the dataframe
data <- load.data()</pre>
```

Question 2

```
# Display summary information about the dataframe
print(str(data))
```

```
## 'data.frame':
                 1388 obs. of 14 variables:
## $ faminc : num 13.5 7.5 0.5 15.5 27.5 7.5 65 27.5 27.5 37.5 ...
## $ cigprice: num 122 122 122 122 122 ...
## $ bwght
           : num 109 133 129 126 134 118 140 86 121 129 ...
## $ fatheduc: int 12 6 NA 12 14 12 16 12 12 16 ...
## $ motheduc: int 12 12 12 12 12 14 14 14 17 18 ...
## $ parity : int 1 2 2 2 2 6 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ male
            : int 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ white : int 1000101011...
## $ cigs
            : int 0000000000...
## $ lbwght : num 4.69 4.89 4.86 4.84 4.9 ...
## $ bwghtlbs: num 6.81 8.31 8.06 7.88 8.38 ...
## $ packs
            : num 0000000000...
## $ lfaminc : num 2.603 2.015 -0.693 2.741 3.314 ...
## - attr(*, "datalabel")= chr ""
## - attr(*, "time.stamp")= chr "25 Jun 2011 23:03"
## - attr(*, "formats")= chr "%9.0g" "%9.0g" "%9.0g" "%8.0g" ...
## - attr(*, "types")= int 254 254 254 252 251 251 251 251 251 251 ...
## - attr(*, "val.labels")= chr "" "" "" ...
## - attr(*, "var.labels")= chr "1988 family income, $1000s" "cig. tax in home state, 1988" "cig. pri
## - attr(*, "version")= int 10
## NULL
```

print(summary(data))

```
##
        faminc
                         cigtax
                                         cigprice
                                                           bwght
##
           : 0.50
                                                              : 0.0
    Min.
                            : 2.00
                                             :103.8
                     Min.
                                      Min.
                                                       Min.
    1st Qu.:14.50
                     1st Qu.:15.00
                                      1st Qu.:122.8
                                                       1st Qu.:106.0
##
    Median :27.50
                     Median :20.00
                                      Median :130.8
                                                       Median :119.0
           :29.03
                            :19.55
                                             :130.6
##
    Mean
                     Mean
                                      Mean
                                                       Mean
                                                              :117.9
##
    3rd Qu.:37.50
                     3rd Qu.:26.00
                                      3rd Qu.:137.0
                                                       3rd Qu.:132.0
##
    Max.
           :65.00
                     Max.
                            :38.00
                                             :152.5
                                      Max.
                                                       Max.
                                                              :271.0
##
       fatheduc
                        motheduc
##
                                          parity
                                                            male
##
    Min.
          : 1.00
                     Min.
                            : 2.00
                                      Min.
                                             :1.000
                                                       Min.
                                                              :0.0000
    1st Qu.:12.00
                     1st Qu.:12.00
                                      1st Qu.:1.000
                                                       1st Qu.:0.0000
    Median :12.00
                     Median :12.00
                                      Median :1.000
                                                       Median :1.0000
##
##
    Mean
          :13.19
                     Mean
                            :12.94
                                      Mean
                                             :1.633
                                                       Mean
                                                              :0.5209
##
    3rd Qu.:16.00
                     3rd Qu.:14.00
                                      3rd Qu.:2.000
                                                       3rd Qu.:1.0000
##
    Max.
           :18.00
                     Max.
                            :18.00
                                      Max.
                                             :6.000
                                                       Max.
                                                              :1.0000
##
    NA's
           :196
                     NA's
                            :1
##
        white
                           cigs
                                            lbwght
                                                            bwghtlbs
##
    Min.
           :0.0000
                      Min.
                             : 0.000
                                        Min.
                                                :0.000
                                                                 : 0.000
    1st Qu.:1.0000
                      1st Qu.: 0.000
                                        1st Qu.:4.663
                                                         1st Qu.: 6.625
##
##
    Median :1.0000
                      Median : 0.000
                                        Median :4.779
                                                         Median: 7.438
##
    Mean
           :0.7846
                      Mean
                             : 2.087
                                        Mean
                                                :4.726
                                                         Mean
                                                                : 7.366
    3rd Qu.:1.0000
                      3rd Qu.: 0.000
                                        3rd Qu.:4.883
                                                         3rd Qu.: 8.250
##
    Max.
           :1.0000
                             :50.000
                                        Max.
                                               :5.602
                                                         Max.
                                                                :16.938
                      Max.
##
##
                         lfaminc
        packs
                             :-0.6931
    Min.
           :0.0000
                      Min.
##
    1st Qu.:0.0000
                      1st Qu.: 2.6741
##
    Median : 0.0000
                      Median: 3.3142
##
    Mean
           :0.1044
                             : 3.0713
                      Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:0.0000
                      3rd Qu.: 3.6243
##
    Max.
           :2.5000
                      Max.
                             : 4.1744
##
```

print(stat.desc(data))

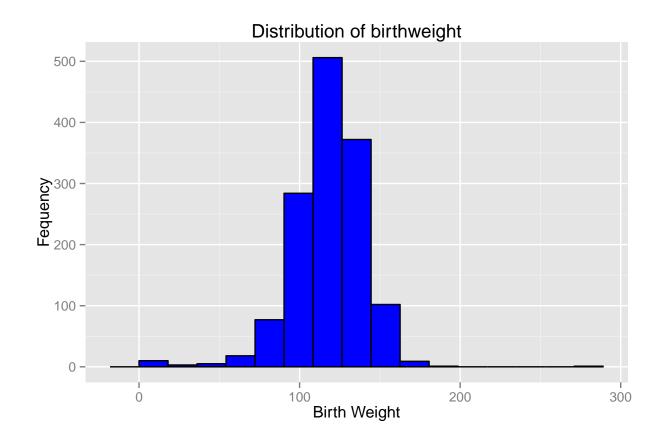
```
##
                                    cigtax
                                               cigprice
                      faminc
                                                               bwght
                1.388000e+03 1.388000e+03 1.388000e+03 1.388000e+03
## nbr.val
## nbr.null
                0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00 1.000000e+01
                0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00
## nbr.na
                5.000000e-01 2.000000e+00 1.038000e+02 0.000000e+00
## min
## max
                6.500000e+01 3.800000e+01 1.525000e+02 2.710000e+02
                6.450000e+01 3.600000e+01 4.870000e+01 2.710000e+02
## range
## sum
                4.028900e+04 2.713950e+04 1.812159e+05 1.635790e+05
## median
                2.750000e+01 2.000000e+01 1.308000e+02 1.190000e+02
## mean
                2.902666e+01 1.955295e+01 1.305590e+02 1.178523e+02
                5.029888e-01 2.092448e-01 2.749764e-01 6.085627e-01
## SE.mean
## CI.mean.0.95 9.867009e-01 4.104705e-01 5.394145e-01 1.193803e+00
## var
                3.511608e+02 6.077135e+01 1.049495e+02 5.140438e+02
## std.dev
                1.873928e+01 7.795598e+00 1.024448e+01 2.267253e+01
## coef.var
                6.455888e-01 3.986916e-01 7.846632e-02 1.923809e-01
```

```
##
                                                 parity
                    fatheduc
                                  motheduc
                1.192000e+03 1.387000e+03 1.388000e+03 1.388000e+03
## nbr.val
                0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00 6.650000e+02
## nbr.null
                1.960000e+02 1.000000e+00 0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00
## nbr.na
##
  min
                1.000000e+00 2.000000e+00 1.000000e+00 0.000000e+00
                1.800000e+01 1.800000e+01 6.000000e+00 1.000000e+00
##
  max
                1.700000e+01 1.600000e+01 5.000000e+00 1.000000e+00
## range
## sum
                1.571800e+04 1.794200e+04 2.266000e+03 7.230000e+02
## median
                1.200000e+01 1.200000e+01 1.000000e+00 1.000000e+00
## mean
                1.318624e+01 1.293583e+01 1.632565e+00 5.208934e-01
## SE.mean
                7.953531e-02 6.381773e-02 2.399695e-02 1.341381e-02
## CI.mean.0.95 1.560449e-01 1.251898e-01 4.707424e-02 2.631355e-02
##
                7.540432e+00 5.648838e+00 7.992848e-01 2.497434e-01
   var
## std.dev
                2.745985e+00 2.376728e+00 8.940273e-01 4.997433e-01
                2.082462e-01 1.837322e-01 5.476213e-01 9.593966e-01
## coef.var
##
                                                 lbwght
                                                             bwghtlbs
                       white
                                      cigs
                1.388000e+03 1388.0000000 1.388000e+03 1.388000e+03
## nbr.val
## nbr.null
                2.990000e+02 1176.0000000 1.000000e+01 1.000000e+01
                                 0.0000000 0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00
## nbr.na
                0.00000e+00
## min
                0.000000e+00
                                 0.0000000 0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00
## max
                1.000000e+00
                                50.0000000 5.602119e+00 1.693750e+01
                                50.0000000 5.602119e+00 1.693750e+01
## range
                1.000000e+00
                1.089000e+03 2897.0000000 6.559307e+03 1.022369e+04
## sum
## median
                1.000000e+00
                                 0.0000000 4.779123e+00 7.437500e+00
## mean
                7.845821e-01
                                 2.0871758 4.725725e+00 7.365769e+00
## SE.mean
                1.103880e-02
                                 0.1603153 1.195727e-02 3.803517e-02
                                 0.3144867 2.345628e-02 7.461267e-02
## CI.mean.0.95 2.165455e-02
##
  var
                1.691349e-01
                                35.6730005 1.984510e-01 2.007984e+00
                                 5.9726879 4.454784e-01 1.417033e+00
## std.dev
                4.112601e-01
  coef.var
                5.241772e-01
                                 2.8616123 9.426668e-02 1.923809e-01
##
                       packs
                                    lfaminc
## nbr.val
                1.388000e+03 1388.00000000
  nbr.null
                1.176000e+03
                                 0.0000000
## nbr.na
                0.00000e+00
                                 0.0000000
                0.000000e+00
                                -0.69314718
##
  min
## max
                2.500000e+00
                                 4.17438745
## range
                2.500000e+00
                                 4.86753464
                1.448500e+02 4262.92435274
## sum
## median
                0.000000e+00
                                 3.31418610
## mean
                1.043588e-01
                                 3.07127115
## SE.mean
                8.015767e-03
                                 0.02464214
## CI.mean.0.95 1.572434e-02
                                 0.04833990
## var
                8.918250e-02
                                 0.84284246
## std.dev
                                 0.91806452
                2.986344e-01
## coef.var
                2.861612e+00
                                 0.29892005
```

There are 1388 obs. of 14 variables in the data.

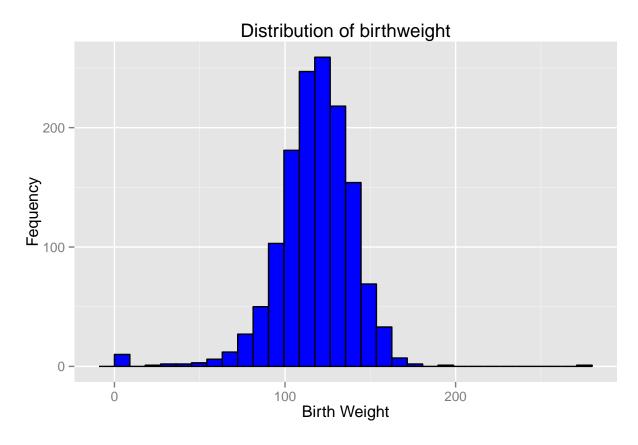
Question 3

```
# Get summary statistics about the birthweight variable.
print(summary(data$bwght))
##
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
##
           106.0
                    119.0
                             117.9
                                     132.0
                                             271.0
print(sum(is.nan(data$bwght)))
## [1] 0
print(quantile(data$bwght, probs = c(.1, .5, .10, .25, .50, .75, .90, .95, .99, 1)))
##
      10%
             50%
                    10%
                           25%
                                  50%
                                         75%
                                                90%
                                                        95%
                                                               99%
                                                                     100%
    93.00 119.00 93.00 106.00 119.00 132.00 143.00 149.00 160.13 271.00
# Plot the histogram of bwght at 15 bins
bwght.hist <- ggplot(data, aes(bwght)) +</pre>
    theme(legend.position = "none") +
    geom_histogram(fill = "Blue", colour = "Black", binwidth = (range(data$bwght)[2] - range(data$bwght)
    labs(title = "Distribution of birthweight", x = "Birth Weight", y = "Fequency")
plot(bwght.hist)
```



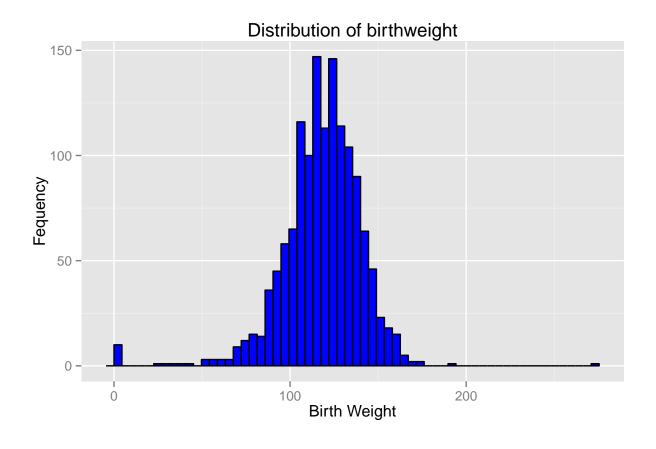
```
# Plot the histogram of bwght at 30 bins
bwght.hist <- ggplot(data, aes(bwght)) +
    theme(legend.position = "none") +
    geom_histogram(fill = "Blue", colour = "Black") +
    labs(title = "Distribution of birthweight", x = "Birth Weight", y = "Fequency")
plot(bwght.hist)</pre>
```

stat_bin: binwidth defaulted to range/30. Use 'binwidth = x' to adjust this.



```
# Plot the histogram of bwght at 60 bins
bwght.hist <- ggplot(data, aes(bwght)) +
    theme(legend.position = "none") +
    geom_histogram(fill = "Blue", colour = "Black", binwidth = (range(data$bwght)[2] - range(data$bwght)
    labs(title = "Distribution of birthweight", x = "Birth Weight", y = "Fequency")

plot(bwght.hist)</pre>
```



Data observations:

These are the outlier observations. There are babies with birthweights of 0 and over 200 ounces.

```
print(sum(data$bwght == 0))

## [1] 10

print(data$bwght[data$bwght > 200])
```

We should remove the zero baby weights from the data. They probably correspond to data entry issues. We should also remove the single 271 ounces baby observation in the data set. For the purpose of a linear regression, that outlier data point may affect the regression.

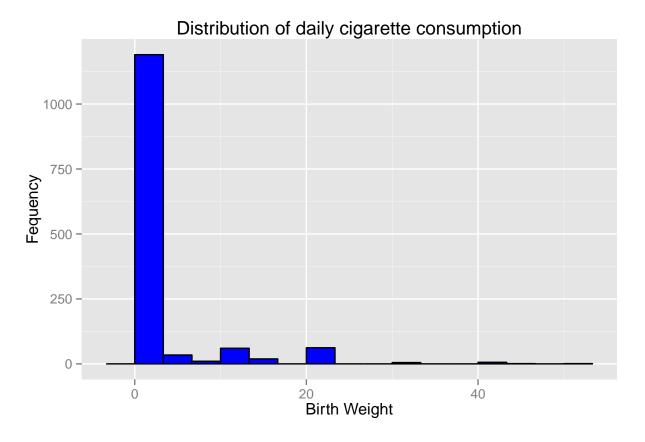
Question 4

[1] 271

```
# Get summary statistics about the cigarettes smoked variable.
print(summary(data$cigs))
```

```
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                            Mean 3rd Qu.
          0.000
##
    0.000
                    0.000
                            2.087 0.000 50.000
print(sum(is.nan(data$cigs)))
## [1] 0
print(quantile(data$cigs, probs = c(.1, .5, .10, .25, .50, .75, .90, .95, .99, 1)))
   10% 50% 10% 25% 50% 75% 90% 95%
                                          99% 100%
     0
               0
                    0
                         0
                              0
                                 10
##
                                           20
```

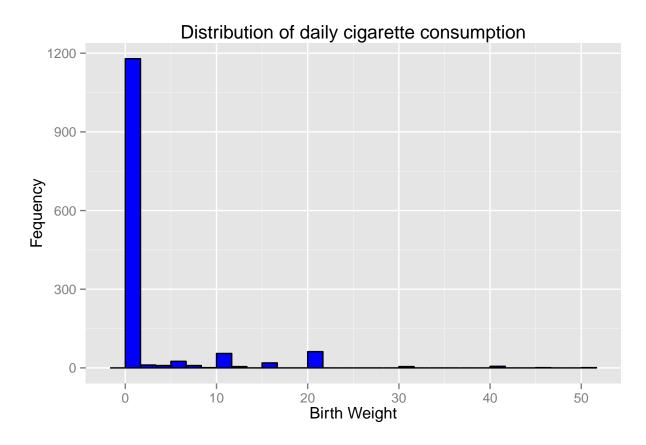




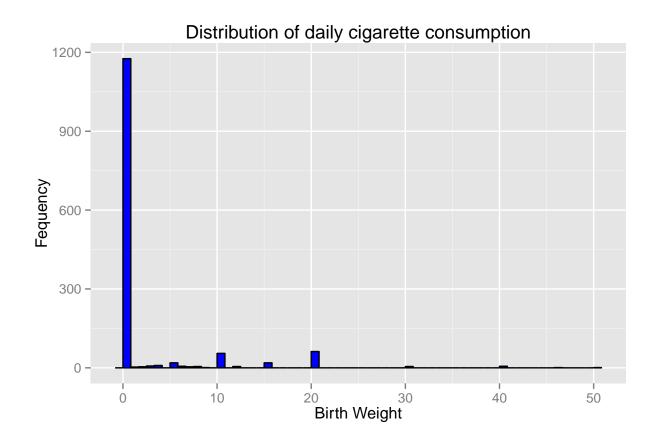
```
# Plot the histogram of cigs at 30 bins
cigs.hist <- ggplot(data, aes(cigs)) +
    theme(legend.position = "none") +
    geom_histogram(fill = "Blue", colour = "Black") +</pre>
```

```
labs(title = "Distribution of daily cigarette consumption", x = "Birth Weight", y = "Fequency")
plot(cigs.hist)
```

stat_bin: binwidth defaulted to range/30. Use 'binwidth = x' to adjust this.



```
# Plot the histogram of cigs at 60 bins
cigs.hist <- ggplot(data, aes(cigs)) +
    theme(legend.position = "none") +
    geom_histogram(fill = "Blue", colour = "Black", binwidth = (range(data$cigs)[2] - range(data$cigs)[
    labs(title = "Distribution of daily cigarette consumption", x = "Birth Weight", y = "Fequency")
plot(cigs.hist)</pre>
```

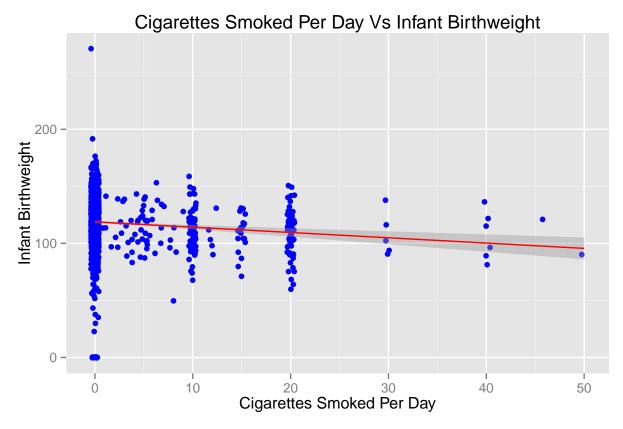


Data observations:

The histogram for the number of cigarettes smoked is positively skewed with a very high proportion of individuals smoking zero cigarettes per day during heir pregnancy. There are no other visible signs of anomalies in the data.

Question 5:

```
# Create a scatterplot of cigarettes smoked per day vs baby birthweight
scatter.bwght.cigs <- ggplot(data, aes(cigs, bwght)) +
    geom_point(colour = "Blue", position = "jitter") +
    geom_smooth(method = "lm", colour = "Red") +
    labs(x = "Cigarettes Smoked Per Day",
        y = "Infant Birthweight",
        title = "Cigarettes Smoked Per Day Vs Infant Birthweight")
plot(scatter.bwght.cigs)</pre>
```

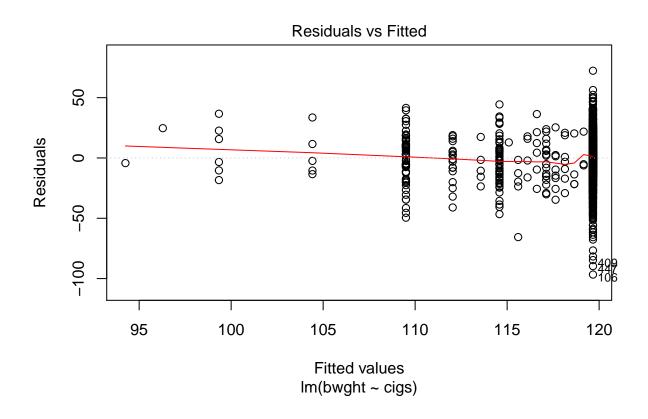


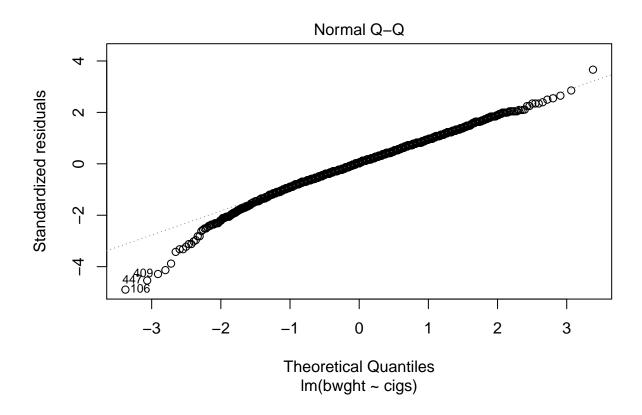
Based on the scatterplot and the fitted lm curve on it, it appears that only a very small amount of the variation of bwght will be explained by cigs. That's because the variation explained in the graph appears to be much lower than the variation of birthweights at any level of daily cigarette consumption

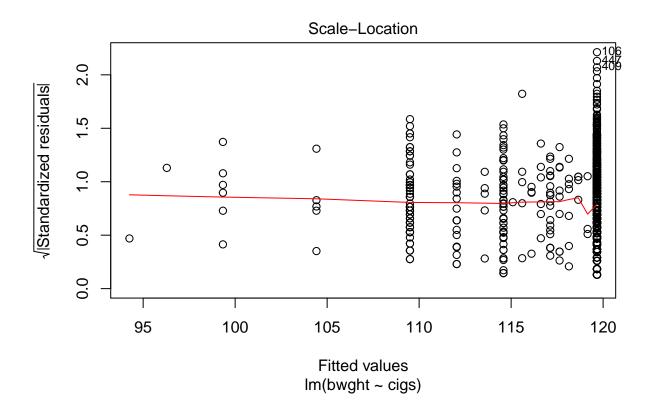
Question 6:

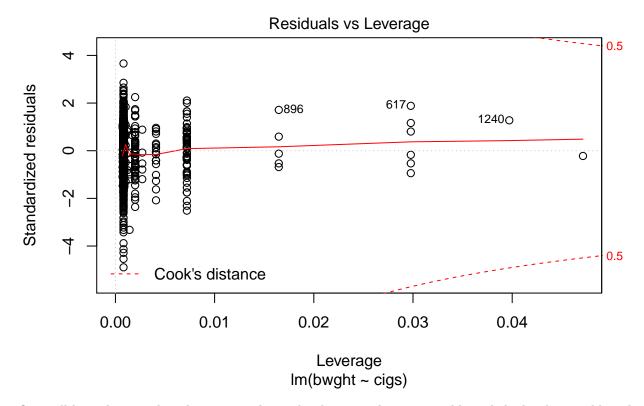
```
# Clean up the data based on previous observations
data <- data[data$bwght != 0 & data$bwght < 200, ]</pre>
# Now perform the OLS regression
simple.ols.cigs.bwght <- lm(bwght ~ cigs, data = data)</pre>
print(summary.lm(simple.ols.cigs.bwght))
##
## lm(formula = bwght ~ cigs, data = data)
##
## Residuals:
       Min
                    Median
                                 3Q
                                        Max
                1Q
  -96.666 -11.666
                     0.416 13.334
                                    72.334
##
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 119.6663
                             0.5645 211.989 < 2e-16 ***
```

plot(simple.ols.cigs.bwght)









Our null hypothesis is that there is no relationship between the cigs variable and the bwght variable. The p-value of the f-statistic of the model is significant at 1.711e-08, indicating that we should reject the null hypothesis. The model accounts for 2.28% of the variability in the variable bwght That value is givent by a R^2 value of 0.2285 and a R value of 0.151 indicating a relatively small effect size

The model shows a negative coefficient for the variable cigs with a value of -0.5147. The coefficients of the model are statistically significant.

Each cigarette smoked corresponds to a 0.5 ounce weight reduction. Std error of .0889. Coefficient is significant. # R sq indicates 2% of variation in birth weight explained by cigs

Question 7

```
# Obtain descriptive statistics for the new variable
print(summary(data$faminc))

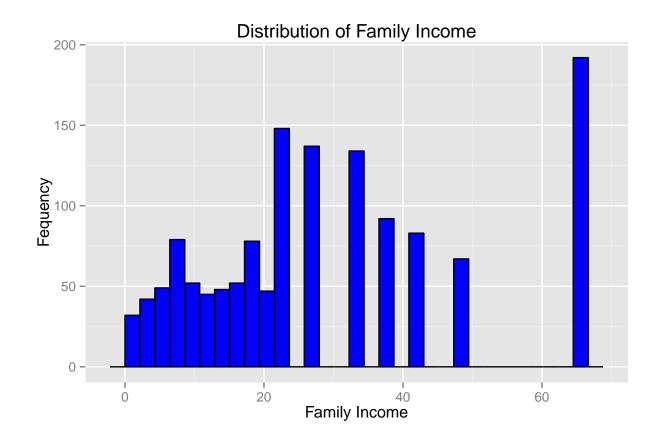
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.50 14.50 27.50 29.02 37.50 65.00

print(sum(is.nan(data$faminc)))
```

[1] 0

```
print(quantile(data$faminc, probs = c(.1, .5, .10, .25, .50, .75, .90, .95, .99, 1)))
   10% 50% 10% 25% 50% 75% 90% 95% 99% 100%
## 6.5 27.5 6.5 14.5 27.5 37.5 65.0 65.0 65.0 65.0
print(stat.desc(data$faminc, basic=FALSE, norm = TRUE))
##
          median
                                     SE.mean CI.mean.0.95
                                                                     var
                          mean
    2.750000e+01 2.901924e+01 5.064030e-01
##
                                              9.934054e-01 3.531234e+02
##
         std.dev
                      coef.var
                                    skewness
                                                  skew.2SE
                                                                kurtosis
                                              4.681523e+00 -5.383847e-01
##
    1.879158e+01 6.475557e-01 6.173813e-01
##
        kurt.2SE
                   normtest.W
                                  normtest.p
## -2.042725e+00 9.189733e-01 1.520670e-26
# Plot the histogram of famine at 30 bins
faminc.hist <- ggplot(data, aes(faminc)) +</pre>
    theme(legend.position = "none") +
    geom_histogram(fill = "Blue", colour = "Black") +
    labs(title = "Distribution of Family Income", x = "Family Income", y = "Fequency")
plot(faminc.hist)
```

stat_bin: binwidth defaulted to range/30. Use 'binwidth = x' to adjust this.



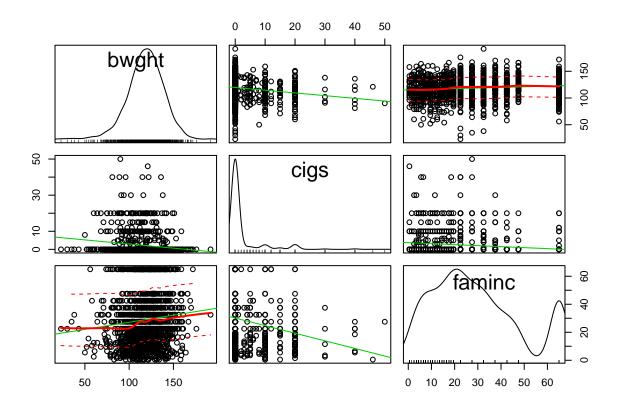
```
# Produce a scatterplot of bwght, cigs and faminc
scatterplotMatrix(~ bwght + cigs + faminc, data = data)
```

```
## Warning in smoother(x, y, col = col[2], log.x = FALSE, log.y = FALSE,
## spread = spread, : could not fit smooth

## Warning in smoother(x, y, col = col[2], log.x = FALSE, log.y = FALSE,
## spread = spread, : could not fit smooth

## Warning in smoother(x, y, col = col[2], log.x = FALSE, log.y = FALSE,
## spread = spread, : could not fit smooth

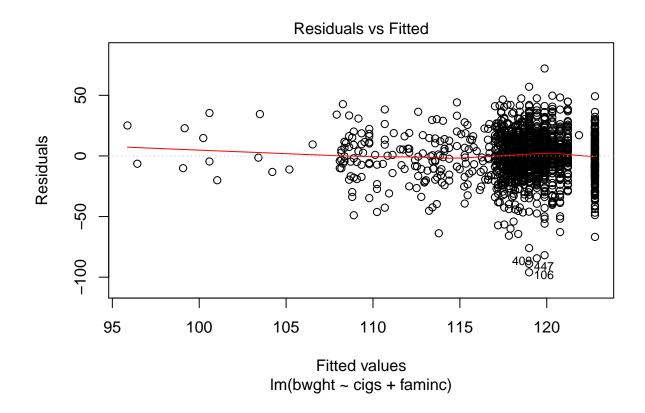
## Warning in smoother(x, y, col = col[2], log.x = FALSE, log.y = FALSE,
## spread = spread, : could not fit smooth
```

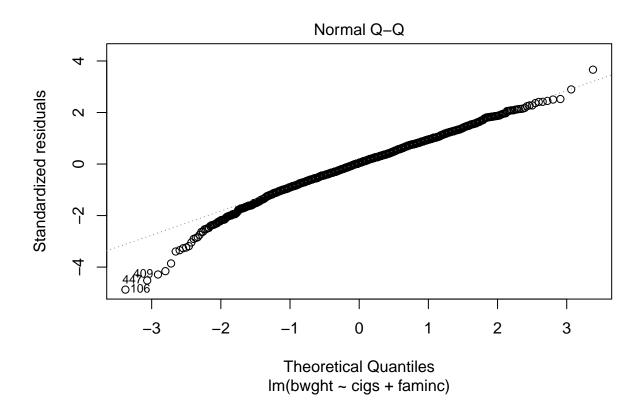


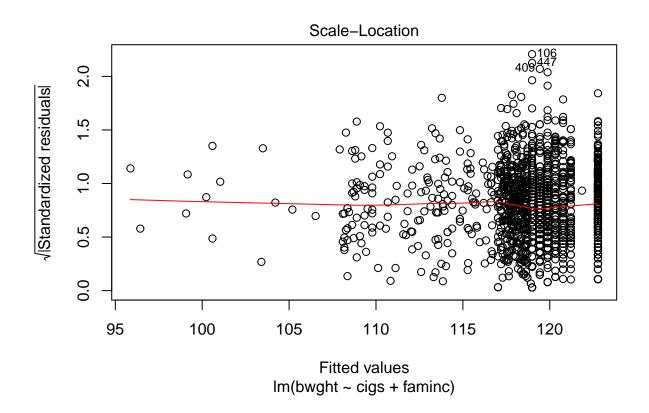
In the family income variable, it seems that the while all values below 20 were collected as exact values, values above may have been collected as ranges. For example, respondents may have ticked boxes such as 20-25, 25-20, 30-35, etc., and in the final variable it seems the data is represented as the mean of the range. It also seems strange that 65 is so far above the rest of the values. It seemsthat values above a certain number have been denoted as 65. While this is not ideal, we continue with these values as our observations.

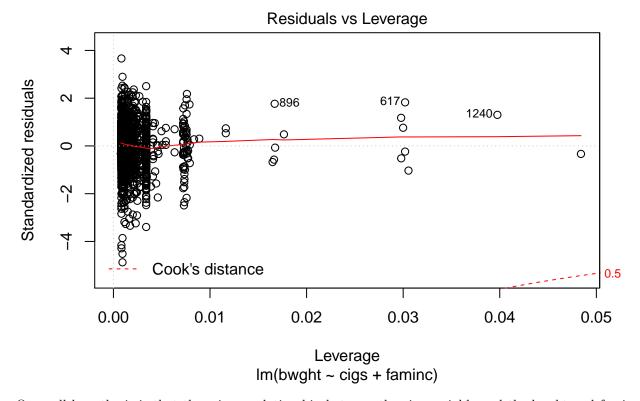
Question 8:

```
#Introduce a new independent variable to the model
multiple.ols.cigs.faminc.bwght <- lm(bwght ~ cigs + faminc, data = data)</pre>
print(summary.lm(multiple.ols.cigs.faminc.bwght))
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = bwght ~ cigs + faminc, data = data)
## Residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                               ЗQ
                                      Max
## -95.983 -11.537  0.824  13.298  72.125
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 116.97540
                           1.03242 113.302 < 2e-16 ***
                           0.08998 -5.110 3.67e-07 ***
## cigs
               -0.45981
## faminc
                0.08921
                           0.02870 3.109 0.00192 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 19.7 on 1374 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.03004,
                                 Adjusted R-squared: 0.02863
## F-statistic: 21.28 on 2 and 1374 DF, p-value: 7.916e-10
plot(multiple.ols.cigs.faminc.bwght)
```









Our null hypothesis is that there is no relationship between the cigs variable and the bwght and faminc variables. The p-value of the f-statistic of the model is significant at 7.916e-10, indicating that we should reject the null hypothesis. The model accounts for 3.00% of the variability in the variable bwght That value is given by a R^2 value of 0.0300 and a R value of 0.173 indicating a relatively small effect size

The model shows a negative coefficient for the variable cigs with a value of -0.46. It shows a positive coefficient for the variable famine of 0.089. The coefficients of the model are statistically significant.

Question 9

The coefficient on cigs in the multiple regression means that for every additional cigarette smoked per day by the pregnant mother during their maternity, and leaving the income variable constant, the body weight of the infant children decreases by 0.460 pound.

In the simple regression, we saw that this coefficient was also negative and had a value of -0.508.

In the simple regression case, the coefficient on cigs meant that for every additional cigarette smoked per day, indepedent of any other condition of the mother, the birth weight of the infant was educed by -0.508 ounces.

In the multiple regression, the variance explained by the famic variable was captured in the residuals of the simple model and partially also in the coefficient of the cigs variable as we can suspect there is some correlation between the two variables.

Therefore the introduction of the additional variable faminc has reduced the contribution of the cigs variable to the infant body weight. We can hypothesis that there is some correlation between the number of cigarettes smoked per day and the family income, where mothers at higher family income have better health habits and therefore smoke less. And introducing the family income variable thus takes away some of the variance explanation previously captured by the cigs variable.

Question 10

The more negative cigs coefficient is that of the simpel model. It's value is -0.508 compared to the -0.46 value for the multiple regression model. Our explaination for the difference as stated in Question 9 is that there is a correlation bewtween the cigs variable and the faminc variable.