

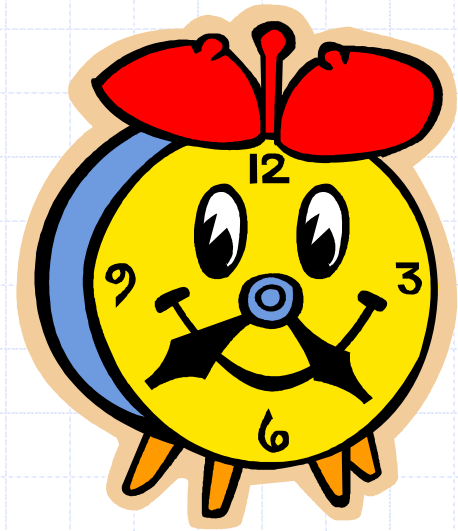


Presentations, Project Status Reporting, and Design Reviews

CS4911

Agenda

- ◆ Mid-Term Presentations (see webpage)
- ◆ Presentation Guidelines
- ◆ Sample Contents
- ◆ Process Comments
- ◆ Final Presentations
- ◆ Design Reviews
- ◆ Test Plan



Guidelines

- ◆ Each team has 15-20 minutes for midterm (Sprint 1), 30 mins for Sprint 2 demo/design review, 30-35 minutes for final presentations
- ◆ Principle purpose of midterm is project description, design alternatives and status, and Sprint 1 demo.
- ◆ Principle purpose of Sprint 2 demo is the demo and a design review
- ◆ Principle purpose of final is project (Sprint 3) demo, results, and conclusions (lessons learned)
- ◆ Each team member must present at least once at midterm or final presentation
- ◆ Attendance at presentations mandatory, miss yours (unexcused) 1 letter grade (off final grade), miss others -5 pts per miss (off presentation grade)

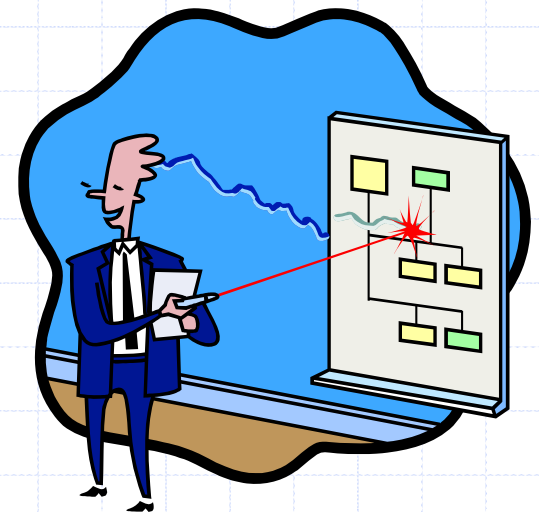
Presentations

- ◆ Present Positive Image
- ◆ Know your audience
- ◆ Develop and follow a theme (no staple together)
- ◆ Open – Body - Conclusion
- ◆ Careful with humor
- ◆ Watch mannerisms, posture
- ◆ Test your AV gear



Presentations (cont'd)

- ◆ Normally given by PM with support, but...
- ◆ Backup slides (Anticipate Questions)
- ◆ **Rehearse** – Stay within time limits
- ◆ Leave room for questions
- ◆ Be honest
- ◆ Never read slides
- ◆ Eye contact



Slides

- ◆ Legibility
- ◆ Images (relevant)
- ◆ Avoid RANSOM notes
- ◆ Avoid mixed metaphors
- ◆ Check details
 - Correct Spelling
 - Relevant/Correct Images
 - Correct Charts

OR

◆ The 10/20/30 rule

- No more than 10 slides
- No more than 20 minutes
- No less than 30 pt fonts.

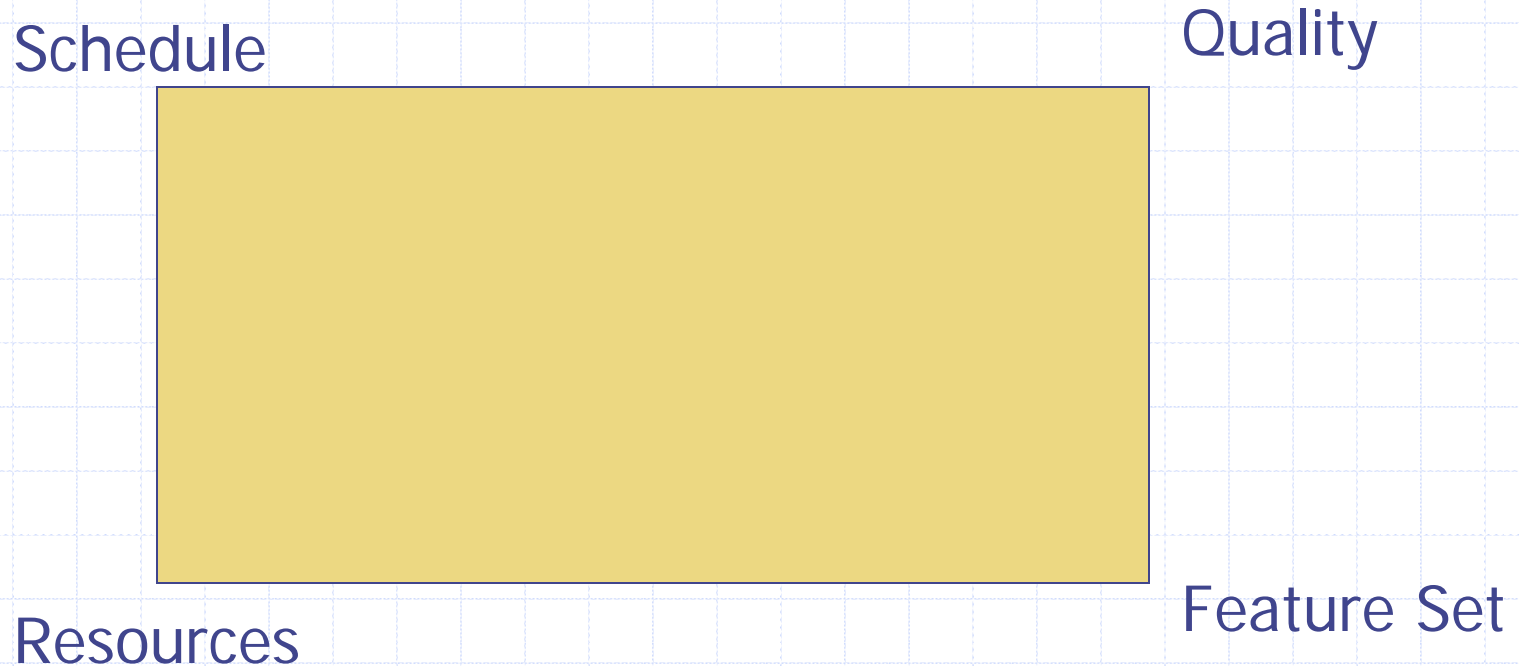
Midterm Presentation Content (Status and Design)

- ◆ Introduction of team
 - Team name, customer, faculty advisor, team members, their roles
- ◆ Product to be delivered (Vision)
 - Customer background, product context, tangible product to be developed
 - Overview of requirements
- ◆ Design Alternatives, Design Selected, Rationale (Solution Approach)
- ◆ Project plan (backlogs/burndown)
 - Project Backlog / burndown
 - Iteration 1 Backlog / burndown
- ◆ Status (Backlogs/burndown)
- ◆ Sprint 1 Demo (Demo)

A Status Report shows:

- ◆ Overview of project
- ◆ Planned vs. work to go (Burn Down Charts)
- ◆ Other Relevant Metrics
- ◆ Major Milestones Met or Missed (Burndown)
- ◆ Issues
- ◆ “Show Stoppers”
- ◆ It is NOT a “what I did on my summer project” save that for the final presentation!

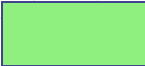

The Project Manager's Cube



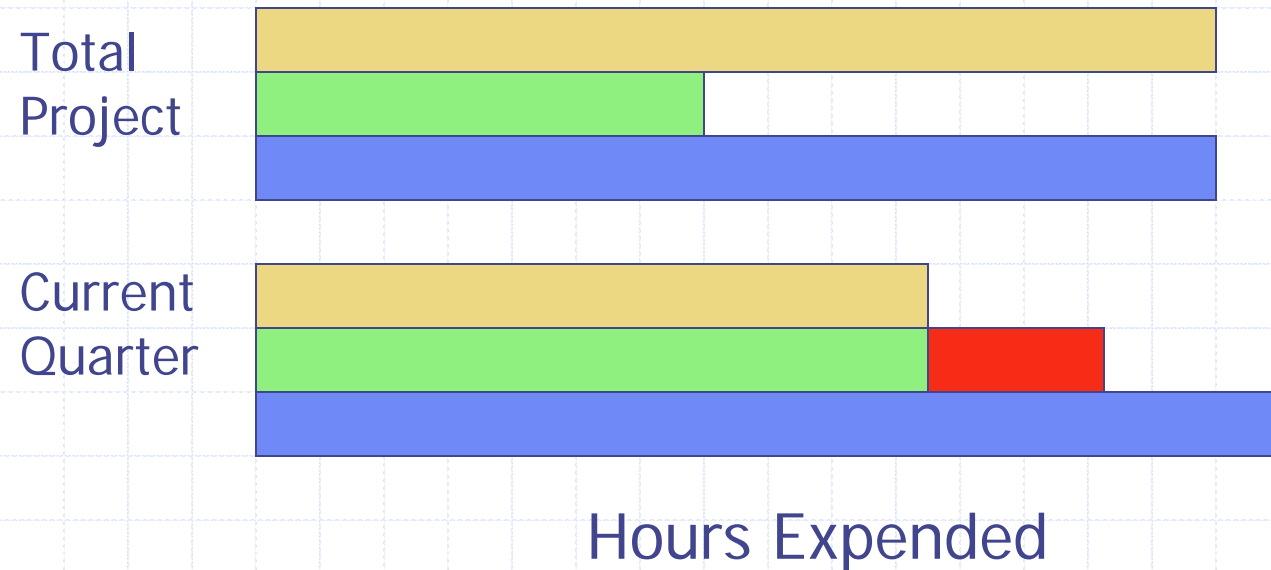
Schedule (Total)

.02 to .03 Development
As of 1/15/2004

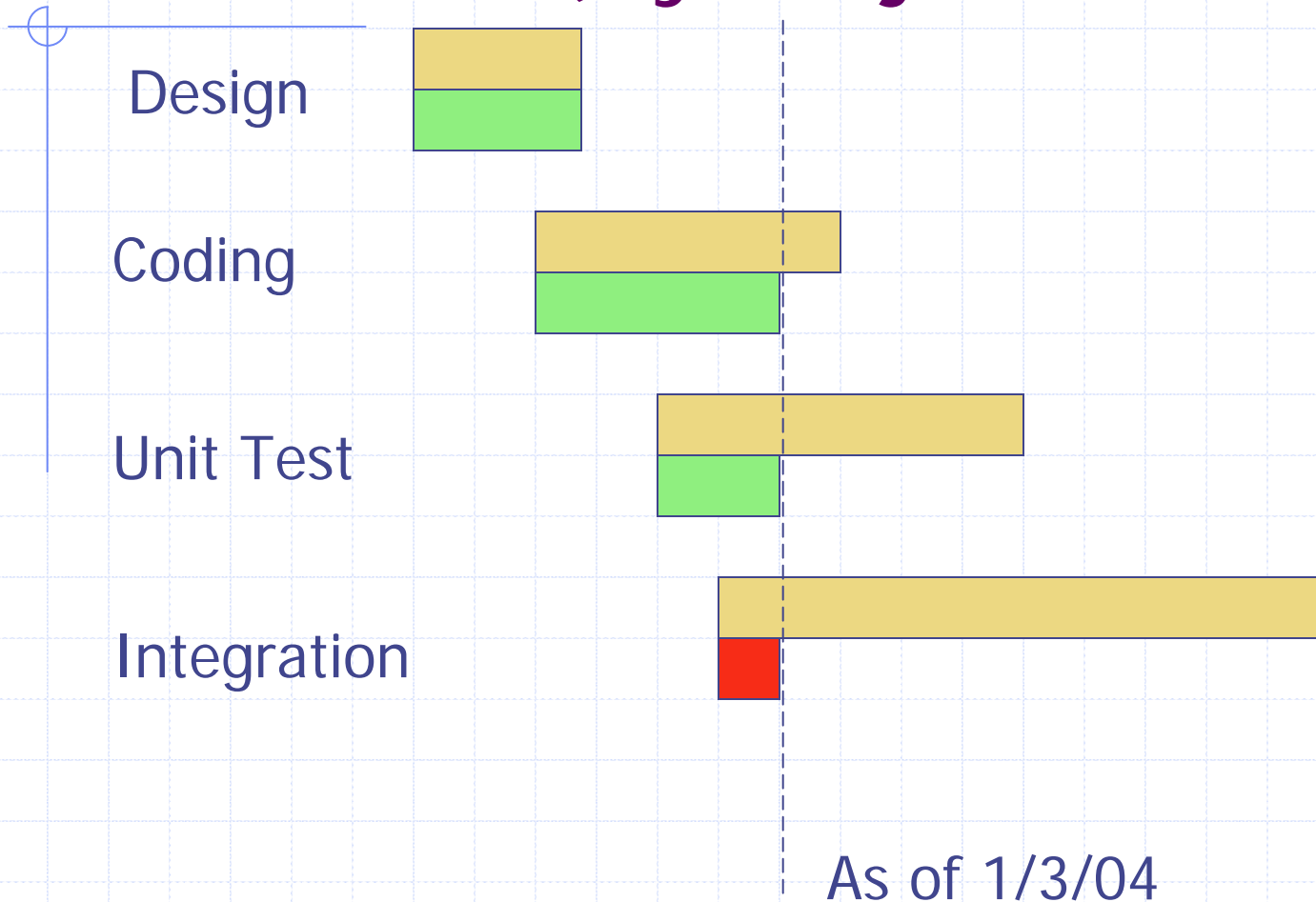
◆ Planned 

◆ Actual  

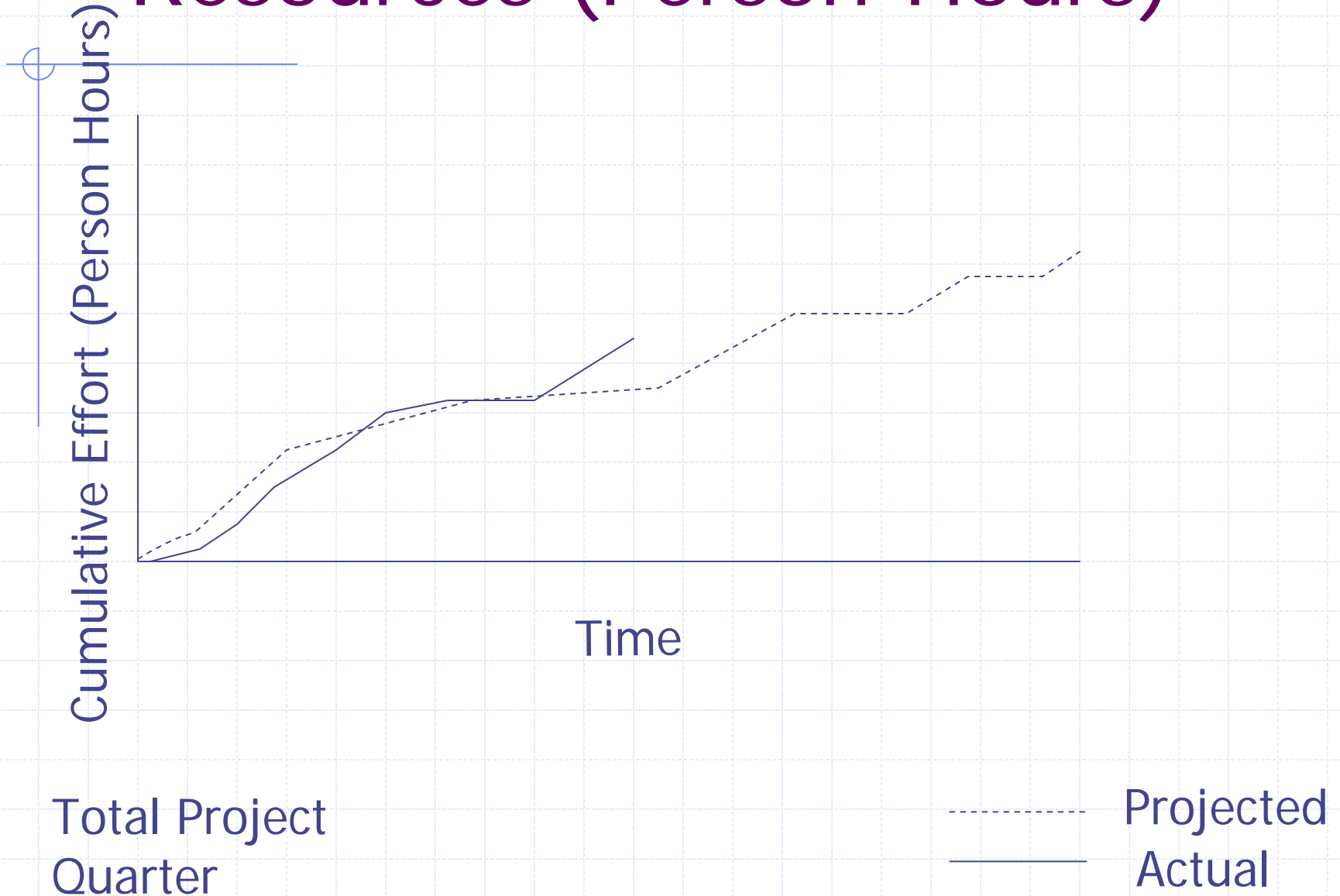
◆ Projected 



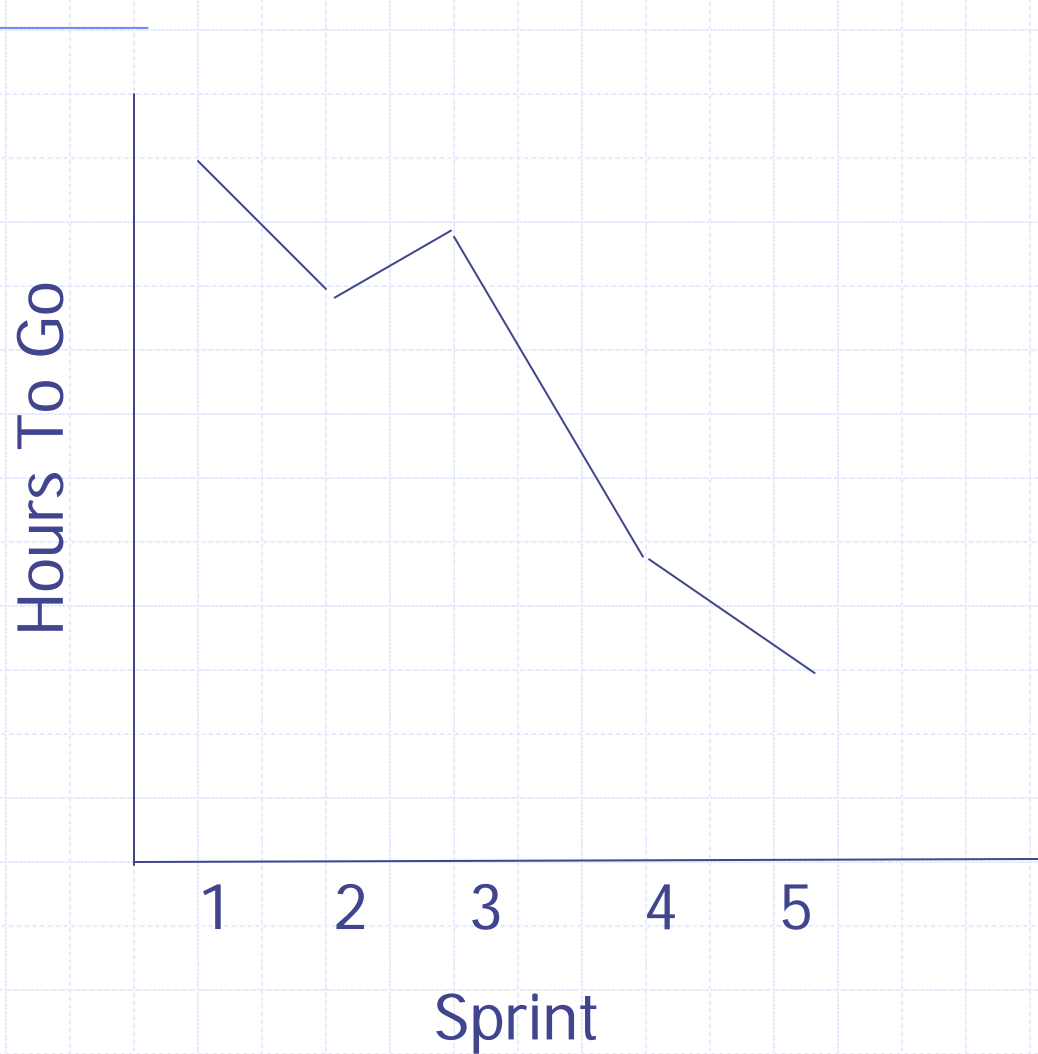
Schedule (By Major Activity)



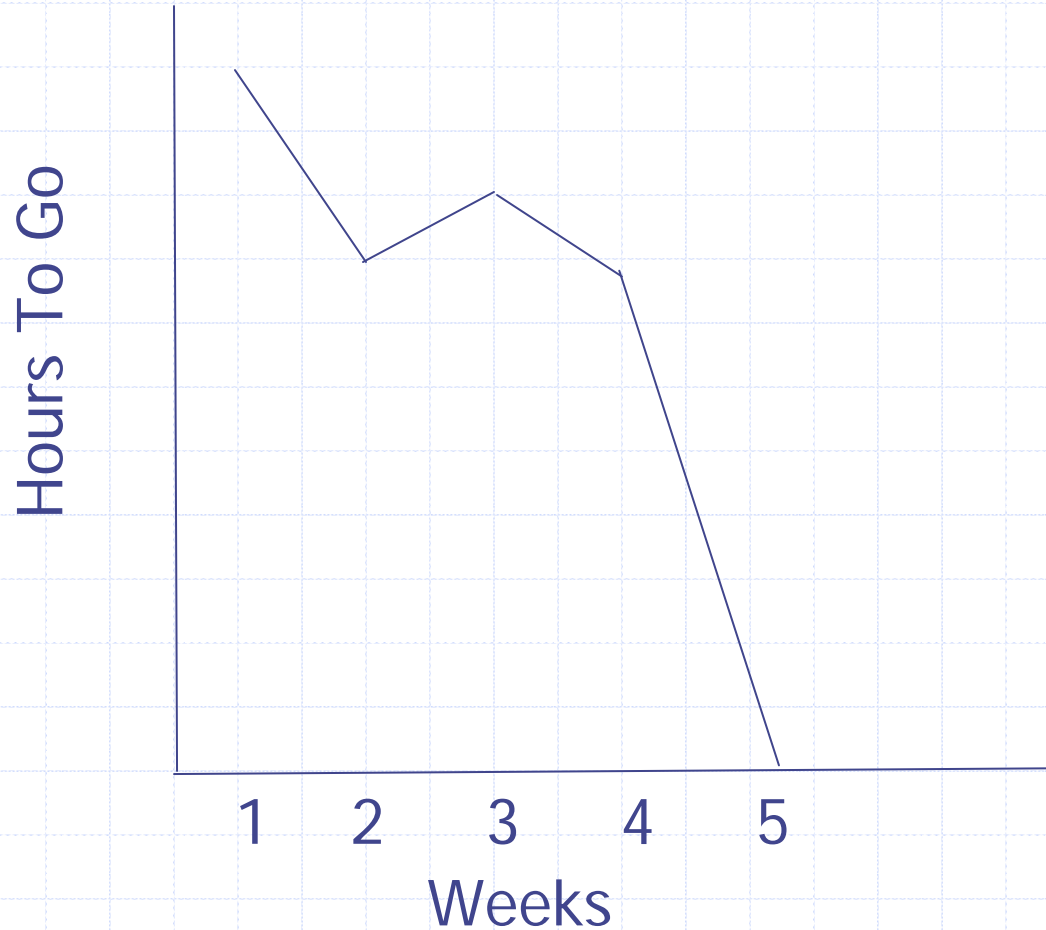
Resources (Person-Hours)



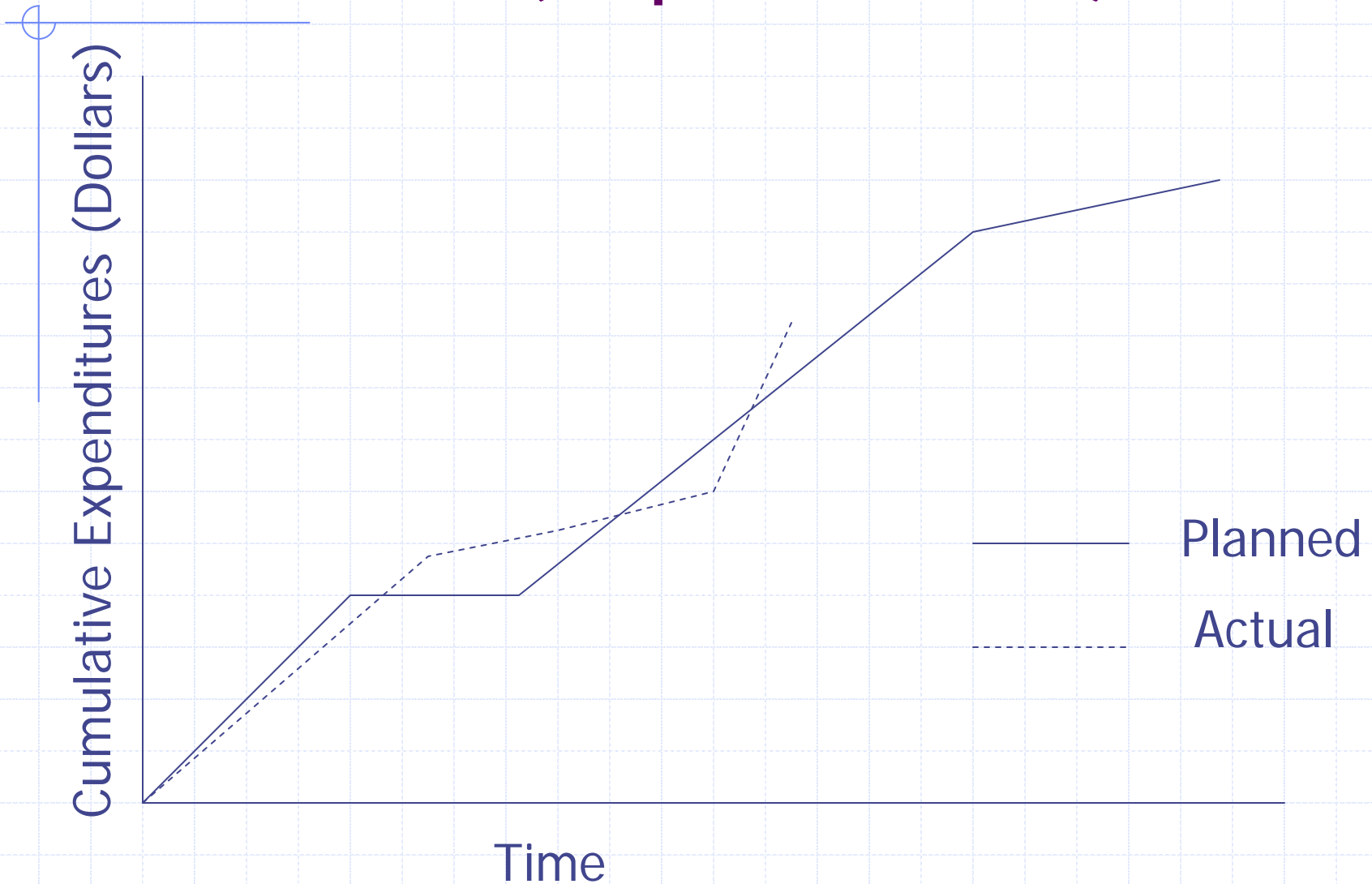
Product Burndown charts



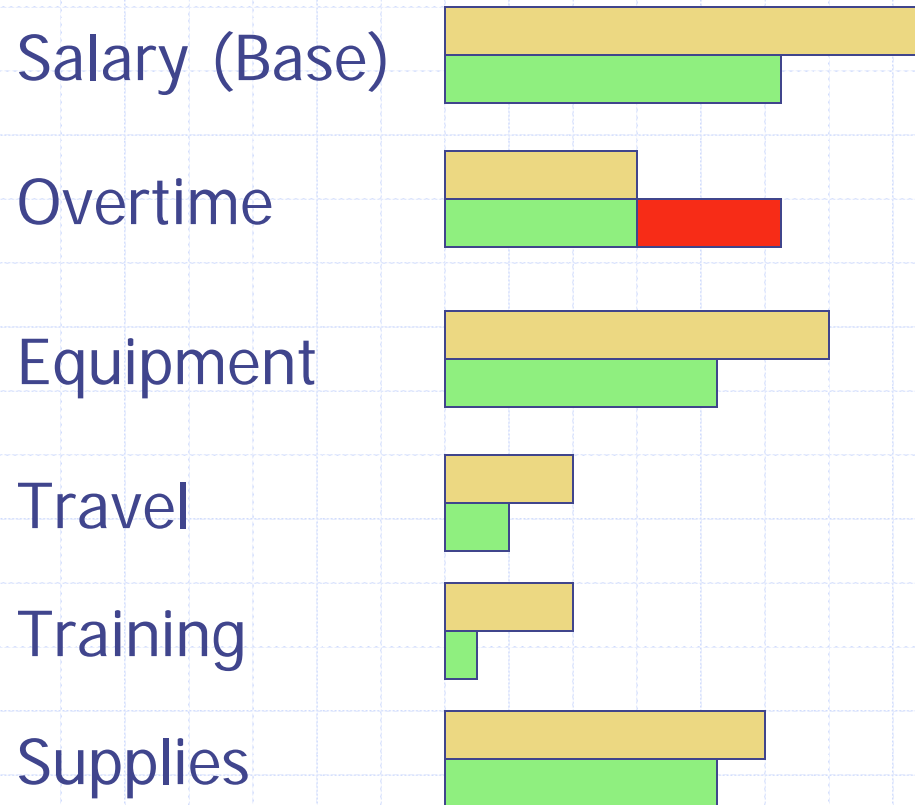
Sprint Burndown Charts



Resources (Expenditures)



Expenditure by Category

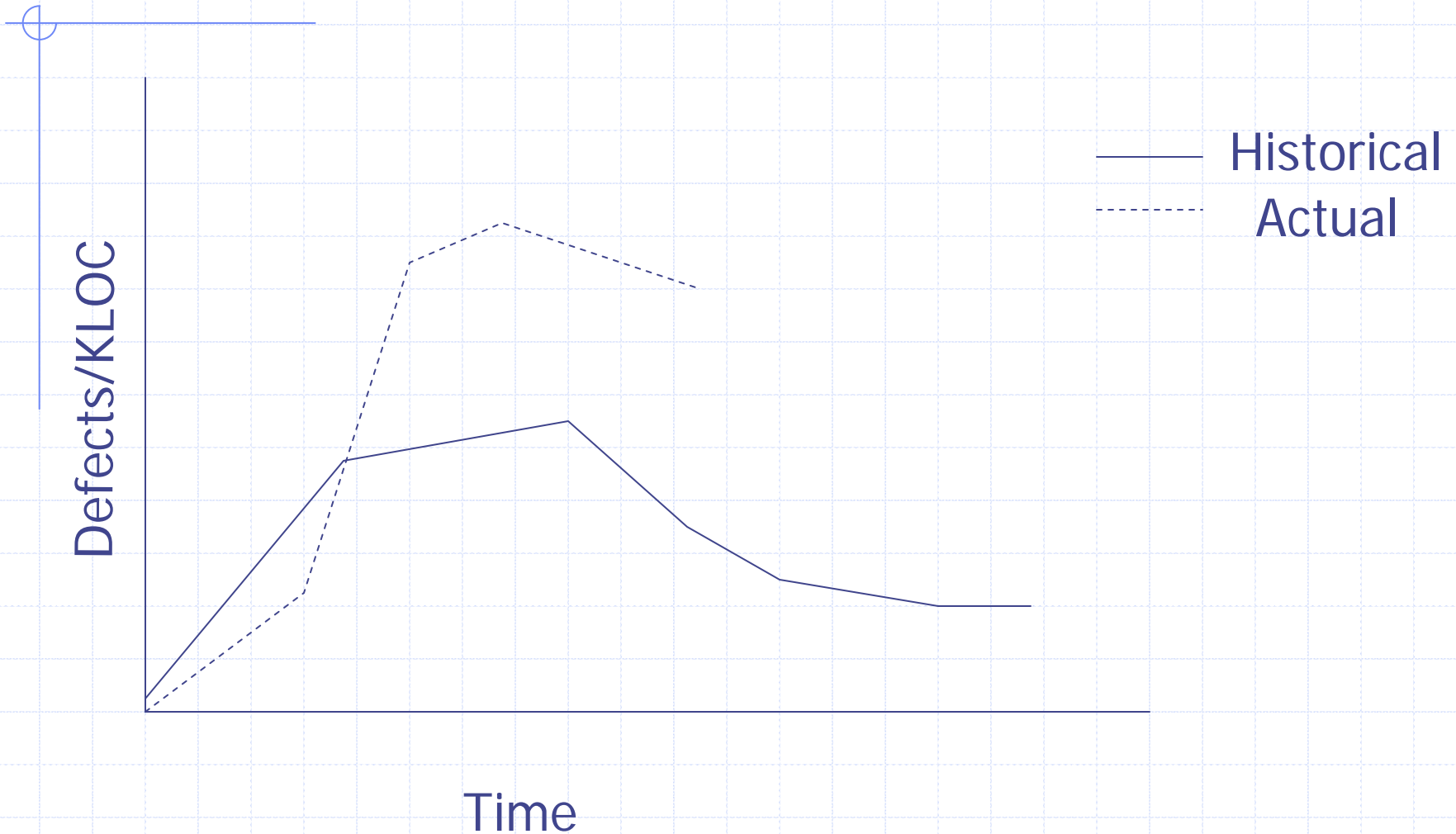


Dollars (\$)

Features



Defect Rate



Issues

- ◆ Excessive Overtime Rate
- ◆ Design Element 1.3 Modification
- ◆ Expansion of Requirements by 25%

These should be things that are affecting your project: \$, time, hours

Showstoppers

- ◆ Issue: Main Development Server Hardware failure
- ◆ Action: RAID Controller on order, expected delivery 2/12/07
- ◆ Impact: DB Coding stopped for 2 weeks, Work shifted to v2 design

Final Presentation Content (Design and Product)

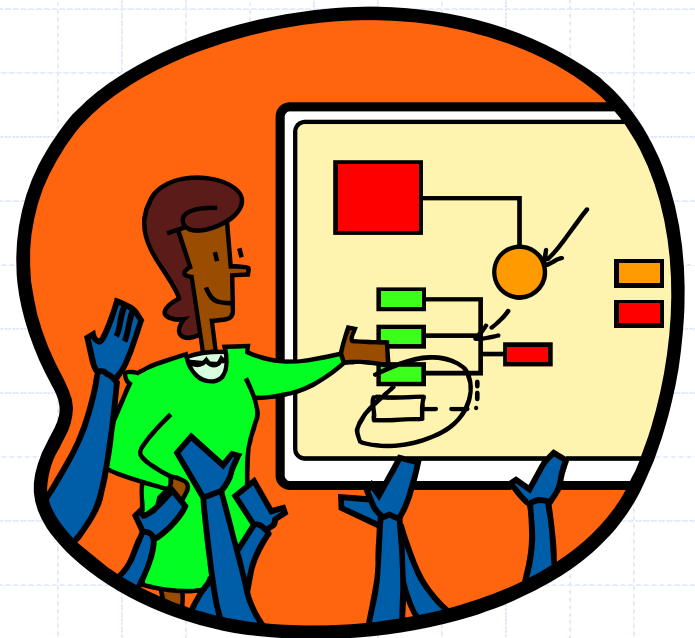
- ◆ Introduction of team
 - Team name, customer, faculty advisor, team members, their roles
- ◆ Product to be delivered (Introduction)
 - Customer background, product context, tangible product to be developed, main design question(s)
 - Overview of requirements
- ◆ Burndown and Backlogs (Final Burndown)
- ◆ Product actually delivered (Product Quality Eval)
 - Differences from plan; reasons; design resolution
 - Missing Functions, test plan results
- ◆ Process strengths and weaknesses (Lesson Learned)
- ◆ Final Design (Final Architecture and Design)
- ◆ Demo (Sprint 3)

Demo at your Final Presentation

- ◆ Your final presentation should include a demo of your product executing
- ◆ Script it
 - Know exactly what you are going to show; practice demo
- ◆ Have canned data available (not actual proprietary/personal data)
- ◆ Don't let demo be first time you try a feature
- ◆ Be sure your demo runs in the presentation environment

Presentation Conclusions

- ◆ Plan Presentation Sequence
- ◆ Practice (maybe in front of mirror)
- ◆ Check content
- ◆ Relax and be confident



Design Reviews

- ◆ Should follow on-line checklist
- ◆ Conducted at each major iteration design
- ◆ For this class—Review with instructor at Sprint 2 will focus on VALIDATION section.
 - Will post on Syllabus, so keep watching
 - Let me know of restrictions
 - Only team presenting has to come to this
 - Look at criteria