

## Questions on Indian History

**1. According to Dadabhai Naoroji Swaraj meant--**

- (a) Complete independence
- (b) Self government
- (c) Economic independence
- (d) Political independence

**2. The partition of Bengal (1905) was annulled by the\_**

- (a) Indian Councils Act of 1909
- (b) Chelmsford-Montague Report, 1919
- (c) Proclamation of Delhi Durbar in 1911
- (d) Government of India Act, 19

**3. Who of the following founded the East India Association ?**

- (a) CR. Das
- (b) Dadabhai Naoroji
- (c) Debendranath Tagore
- (d) V.D. Savarkar

**4. In which year the Indian National Congress was established ?**

- (a) 1888
- (b) 1887
- (c) 1886
- (d) 1885

**5. Who was the Viceroy of India at the time of the formation of the Indian National Congress ?**

- (a) Curzon
- (b) Canning
- (c) Lworence
- (d) Dufferin

**6. The President of the Indian National Congress in 1885 was:**

- (a) George Yule
- (b) Dadabhai Naoroji
- (c) W.C. Bannerji
- (d) W. Wedderburn

**7. Who led the Salt Satyagraha Movement with Mahatma Gandhi**

- (a) Annie Besant
- (b) Mridula Sarabhai
- (c) Muthu Lakshmi
- (d) Sarojini Naidu

**8. The book 'Unto this Last' which influenced Gandhi was authored by-**

- (a) Boris Yeltsin
- (b) John Ruskin
- (c) Pushkin
- (d) Ruskin Bond

**9. Gandhi considered Khadi as a symbol of-**

- (a) Industrialisation
- (b) Economic Independence
- (c) Economic growth
- (d) Moral Purity

**10. Moti Lal Nehru and Chitta Ranjan (C.R.) Das were the founder- members of the-**

- (a) Communist Party of India
- (b) Forward Bloc
- (c) Socialist-Swarajist Party
- (d) Swarajya Party

**11. 'India wins Freedom' is the autobiography of-**

- (a) Abul Kalam Azad
- (b) Muhammad Ali
- (c) Zakir Hussain
- (d) Syed Ahmed Khan

**12. The immortal national song Bande Mataram is written by**

- (a) Rabindranath Tagore
- (b) Sharat Chandra Chattopadhyaya
- (c) Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyaya
- (d) Surendranath Bandopadhyaya

**13. Who is the author of the novel Devdas'?**

- (a) Rabindranath Tagore
- (b) Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay
- (c) Sharat Chandra Chattopadhyay
- (d) Munshi Premchand

**14. Who amongst the following made it possible for the Indians to enter the Indian Civil Services (ICS) through**

- (a) William Bentick
- (b) Dalhousie
- (c) Mayo
- (d) Ripon

**15. Who gave the concept of Sampoora Kranti?**

- (a) Jai Prakash Narayan
- (b) Mahatma Gandhi
- (c) Karl Marx
- (d) Lenin

**16. The Constitution of India was adopted by the constituent Assembly on-**

- (a) Aug. 15, 1947
- (b) Jan. 30, 1948
- (c) Nov. 26, 1949
- (d) Jan. 26, 1950

**17. The Universities of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay were founded in the year-**

- (a) 1845
- (b) 1854
- (c) 1857
- (d) 1861

**18. Who is known as 'Nightingale of India' ?**

- (a) Vijaya Laxmi Pandit
- (b) Lata Mangeshkar
- (c) Sarojini Naidu
- (d) Noor Jahan

**19. Who was responsible for the introduction of the Vernacular Press Act ?**

- (a) Lord Mayo
- (b) Lord Lytton
- (c) Lord Ripon
- (d) Lord Curzon

**20. Who is the author of the book Glimpses of World History?**

- (a) Abul Kalam Azad
- (b) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- (c) S. Gopalan
- (d) S. Radhakrishnan

**21. Jammu and Kashmir became an integral part of India on**

- (a) 26<sup>th</sup> October, 1947
- (b) 26<sup>th</sup> October, 1948
- (c) 26<sup>th</sup> November, 1948
- (d) None of these

**22. The Muslim League first gave the call for a separate state of Pakistan in-**

- (a) 1939
- (b) 1940
- (c) 1941
- (d) 1942

**23. Who was the first Indian Woman to preside over the Indian National Congress ?**

- (a) Sarojini Naidu
- (b) Padmaja Naidu
- (c) Annie Besant
- (d) Pritilata Waddekar

**24. Aim of the Swarajya Party was to**

- (a) Agitate for total freedom
- (b) Boycott the Congress moves
- (c) Enter the legislature and wreck the Government from within
- (d) Resort to extremism

**25. Who gave the slogan 'Jai Hind' ?**

- (a) M. K. Gandhi
- (b) I. L. Nehru
- (c) S.C. Bose
- (d) B.G. Tilak

**26. Who founded All India Harijan Sangh?**

- (a) B. R. Ambedkar
- (b) Mahatma Gandhi
- (c) Tai Prakash Narayan
- (d) Raj Narayan

**27. Who established Shanti Niketan?**

- (a) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- (b) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- (c) Rabindra Nath Tagore
- (d) Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi

**28. Which one of the following is NOT correctly matched ?**

- (a) Gopal Krishna Gokhale - Servants of India Society
- (b) Syed Ahmed Khan - Mohammadam - Anglo Oriental Defence Association
- (c) Moti Lal Nehru - Nehru Report
- (d) Mohammad Ali Jinnah - Khilafat Movement

**29. What is Redcliffe Line ?**

- (a) Indo-Pakistan boundary line
- (b) Indo-China boundary line
- (c) America-Canada boundary line
- (d) Russia-Finland boundary line

**30. Who wrote the famous song Sare Jahan Se Achchha**

Hindustan Hamara?

- (a) Sahir Ludhivanvi
- (b) Syed Ahmed Khan
- (c) Muhammad Iqbal
- (d) Bahadur Shah 'Zafar

**31. Which of the following books was known as the Bible of Bengali Patriotism'**

- (a) Geetanjali
- (b) Anand Math
- (c) Devdas
- (d) Gora

**32. The whole dispute between Subhash Chandra Bose and right wing, after the Tripuri Session of Congress centred round to the question of-**

- (a) formation of Congress Working Committee
- (b) policy towards Princely States
- (c) attitude towards Central Government
- (d) Double membership of Congress Socialist Party Members

**33. Teachers' Day is celebrated on the Birth day of-**

- (a) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- (c) Rajendra Prasad
- (e) Mahatma Gandhi
- (b) S. Radha Krishnan
- (d) Indira Gandhi

**34. With reference to Indian Freedom struggle which one among the following events occurred earliest ?**

- (a) Gandhi-Irwin Pact
- (b) Lucknow Pact
- (c) Cripps Mission Proposals
- (d) August Offer

**35. Who was the Prime minister of England when India got independence?**

- (a) Attlee
- (b) Churchill
- (c) Thatcher
- (d) Wilson

**36. With reference to Indian freedom struggle, consider the following events-**

1. Champaran Satyagraha
2. Dandi March
3. Jallianwala Bagh Tragedy
4. Partition of Bengal

- (a) 1-4-3-2
- (b) 4-1-2-3
- (c) 1-4-2-3
- (d) 4-1-3-2

**37. Which British Governor General introduced Postage Stamp in India ?**

- (a) Lord Dalhousie
- (b) Lord Auckland
- (c) Lord Canning
- (d) Lord William Bentick

**38. Who headed the Cabinet Mission ?**

- (a) Stafford Cripps
- (b) A. V. Alexander
- (c) Lord Patrick Lawrence
- (d) None of these

**39. Who was the first Indian to get selected in ICS?**

- (a) Satyendra Nath Tagore
- (b) Sarojini Naidu
- (c) Lala Lajpat Rai
- (d) C. R. Das

**40. In whose Viceroyalty the White Mutiny (1883) took place?**

- (a) Lord Curzon
- (b) Lord Minto
- (c) Lord Ripon
- (d) Lord Hardinge

Answers – 1 (a) , 2 (d) , 3 (c) , 4(a) , 5 (b) , 6 (d) , 7 (d) , 8 (b) , 9 (b) , 10 (d) , 11 (a) , 12 (c) , 13 (c) , 14 (b) , 15 (a) , 16 (c) , 17 (c) , 18 (c) , 19 (b) , 20 (b) , 21 (a) , 22 (b) , 23 (a) , 24 (c) , 25 (c) , 26 (a) , 27 (c) , 28 (d) , 29 (a) , 30 (c) , 31 (b) , 32 (a) , 33 (b) , 34 (b) , 35 (a) , 36 (d) , 37 (a) , 38 (c) , 39 (a) , 40 (c) ;