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Class: BE - C

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Roll No.: 28

Sub.: Applied Data Science

Experiment No.: 04

Aim: To explore the data visualization techniques.

Importing Libraries

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from scipy import stats
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import warnings
```

Loading the dataset

```
tips = sns.load_dataset('tips')
df = pd.DataFrame(tips)
df.head()
```

total	_bill	tip	sex	smoker	day	time	size	
0	16.99	1.01	Female	No	Sun	Dinner	2	ılı
1	10.34	1.66	Male	No	Sun	Dinner	3	
2	21.01	3.50	Male	No	Sun	Dinner	3	
3	23.68	3.31	Male	No	Sun	Dinner	2	
4	24.59	3.61	Female	No	Sun	Dinner	4	

Preprocessing and Exploratory data analysis

Checking for missing values

```
df.isnull().sum()

total_bill    0
tip    0
sex    0
smoker    0
day    0
time    0
size    0
dtype: int64
```

Viewing the descriptive statistics of the dataset

df.describe()

	total_bill	tip	size	\blacksquare
count	244.000000	244.000000	244.000000	ıl.
mean	19.785943	2.998279	2.569672	
std	8.902412	1.383638	0.951100	
min	3.070000	1.000000	1.000000	
25%	13.347500	2.000000	2.000000	
50%	17.795000	2.900000	2.000000	

```
75% 24.127500 3.562500 3.000000 max 50.810000 10.000000 6.000000
```

Get a numerical summary for 'tip'

```
df.tip.describe()
             244.000000
    count
    mean
               2.998279
    std
               1.383638
               1.000000
    min
               2.000000
    25%
    50%
               2.900000
    75%
               3.562500
    max
              10.000000
    Name: tip, dtype: float64
```

Summary for 'bill' and 'tip'

```
bill = df.total_bill

print("Maximum Bill: ", np.max(bill))

print("Minimum Bill: ", np.min(bill))

print("Standard Deviation: ", np.std(bill))

print("Median: ", np.median(bill))

maximum Bill: 50.81

Minimum Bill: 3.07

Standard Deviation: 8.884150577771132

Median: 17.795

Mean: 19.78594262295082

tip = df.tip
```

```
tip = df.tip

print("Maximum tip: ", np.max(tip))
print("Minimum tip: ", np.min(tip))
print("Standard Deviation: ", np.std(tip))
print("Median: ", np.median(tip))
print("Mean: ", np.mean(tip))
```

Maximum tip: 10.0 Minimum tip: 1.0

Standard Deviation: 1.3807999538298954

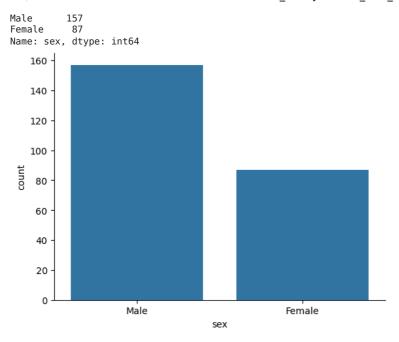
Median: 2.9

Mean: 2.99827868852459

Exploratory Data analysis

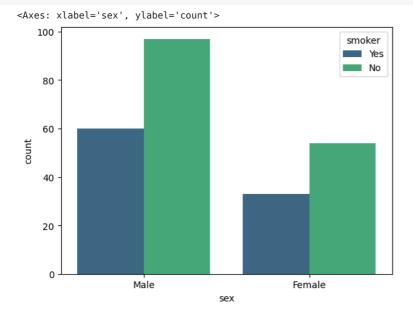
Explore if there is any dependency between the variable 'tip' and rest of the variable

```
sns.countplot(x = 'sex', data = tips)
sns.despine() # no top and right axes spine
print(tips.sex.value_counts())
```



Inference: Male customers paid more number of tips than Female

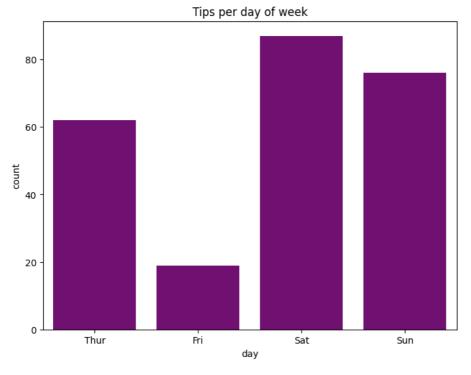
```
sns.countplot(x = 'sex', data = tips, hue = 'smoker', palette = 'viridis')
```



Inference: More number of tips have been paid by non smoker male and female.

```
plt.figure(figsize = (8,6))
plt.title("Tips per day of week")
sns.countplot(x = tips['day'], color = 'purple')
```

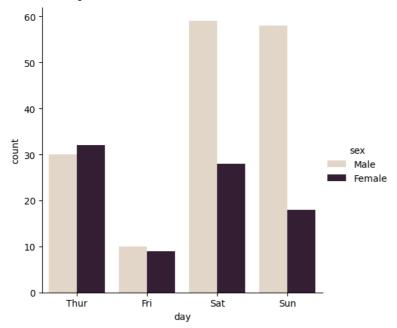
<Axes: title={'center': 'Tips per day of week'}, xlabel='day', ylabel='count'>



Inference: More number of tips are paid on weekends i.e. on saturday and sunday.

```
sns.catplot(x = 'day', data = tips, hue = 'sex', palette = 'ch:.25', kind = 'count')
```

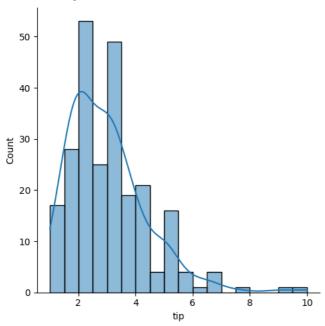
<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7ba54e3a0490>



Inference: On weekends Male customers paid more number of tips than female.

sns.displot(df['tip'], kde = 'true')

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7ba54c08d210>



Inference: More tips are paid in range of 2to4 and there are some Outliers.

```
g = sns.distplot(tips.tip,kde = False)
g.set_title("Tip amount Histogram")
```

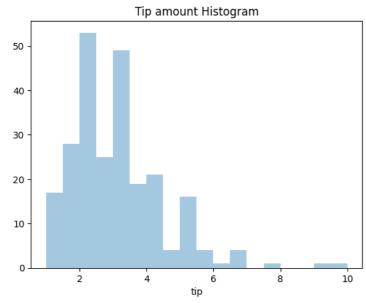
<ipython-input-15-c9959e0b8632>:1: UserWarning:

'distplot' is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

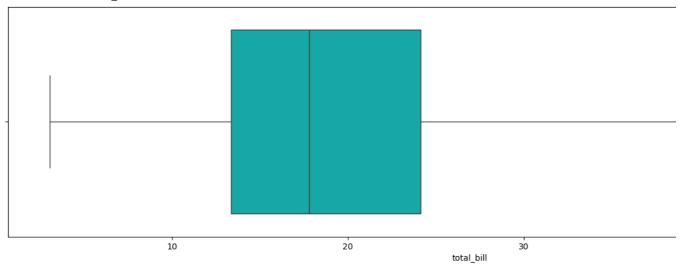
For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see $\frac{\text{https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751}}{\text{https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751}}$

g = sns.distplot(tips.tip,kde = False)
Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Tip amount Histogram')



plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
sns.boxplot(x=bill,color="c")

<Axes: xlabel='total_bill'>

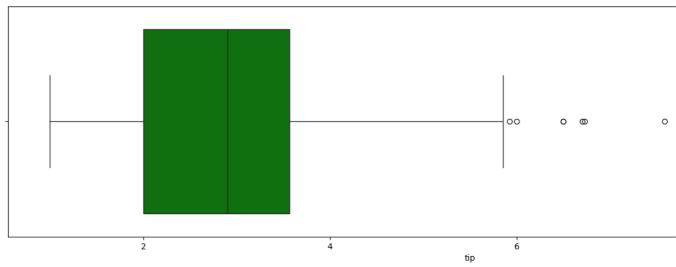


Result: Majority Range=(15,25)

outliers = upto 55

```
plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
sns.boxplot(x=tip,color="g")
```

<Axes: xlabel='tip'>

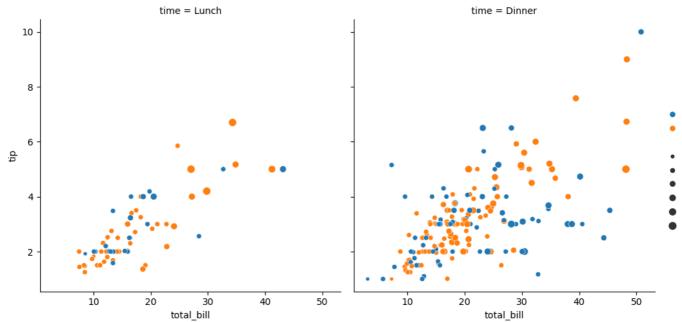


Result: Majority Range=(2,4)

outliers = upto 10

```
sns.relplot(x = "total_bill", y = 'tip', data=df,col = 'time', hue='smoker',size='size')
```

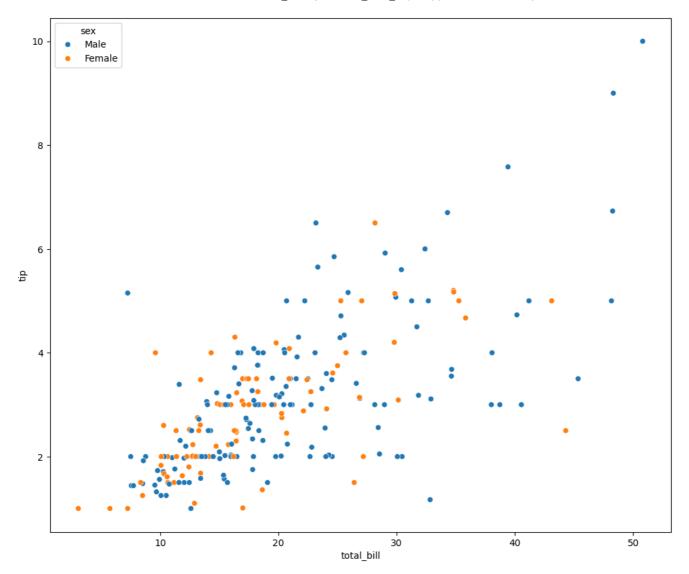
<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7ba5451b2320>



Result:

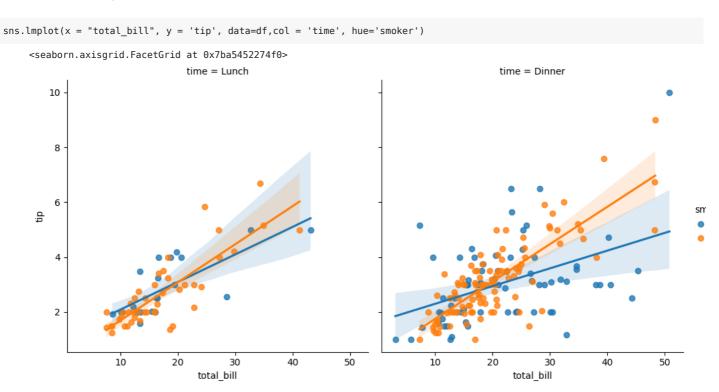
- 1. lunch time: less tips / Dinner time: More tips
- 2. more bill amount: Bigger tip
- 3. Non Smoker pay more tips

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12,10))
sns.scatterplot(x = "total_bill", y = 'tip', data=df, hue='sex');
```



Result:

Male Pay more tips
as amount increases tip incresases



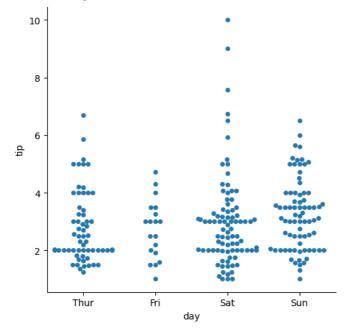
Result:

- 1. lunch time: less tips / Dinner time: More tips
- 2. more bill amount : Bigger tip
- 3. Non Smoker pay more tips

sns.catplot(x="day",y="tip",data=df,kind="swarm")

 $/usr/local/lib/python 3.10/dist-packages/seaborn/categorical.py: 3398: \ UserWarning: 8.1\% \ of the points cannot be placed; you will be placed;$ warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7ba5432a51b0>



Result:

More tips on saturday and sunday

Highest on Saturday

sns.catplot(x="day",y="tip",data=df,kind="bar",palette ='muted',height=6)

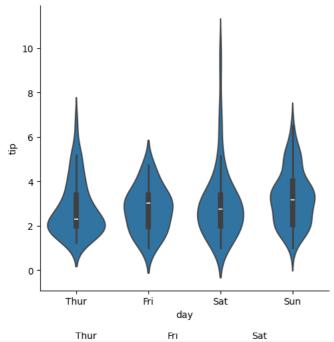
<ipython-input-34-6aef28c82619>:1: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` sns.catplot(x="day",y="tip",data=df,kind="bar",palette ='muted',height=6)

Sun

sns.catplot(x="day",y="tip",data=df,kind="violin")

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7ba542dcda20>



sns.pairplot(df,hue='sex')

