# Logging and Monitoring in Kubernetes Clusters



Anthony E. Nocentino ENTERPRISE ARCHITECT @ CENTINO SYSTEMS

@nocentino <u>www.centinosystems.com</u>

#### Course Overview



Maintaining Kubernetes Clusters

Logging and Monitoring in Kubernetes Clusters

Troubleshooting Kubernetes Clusters

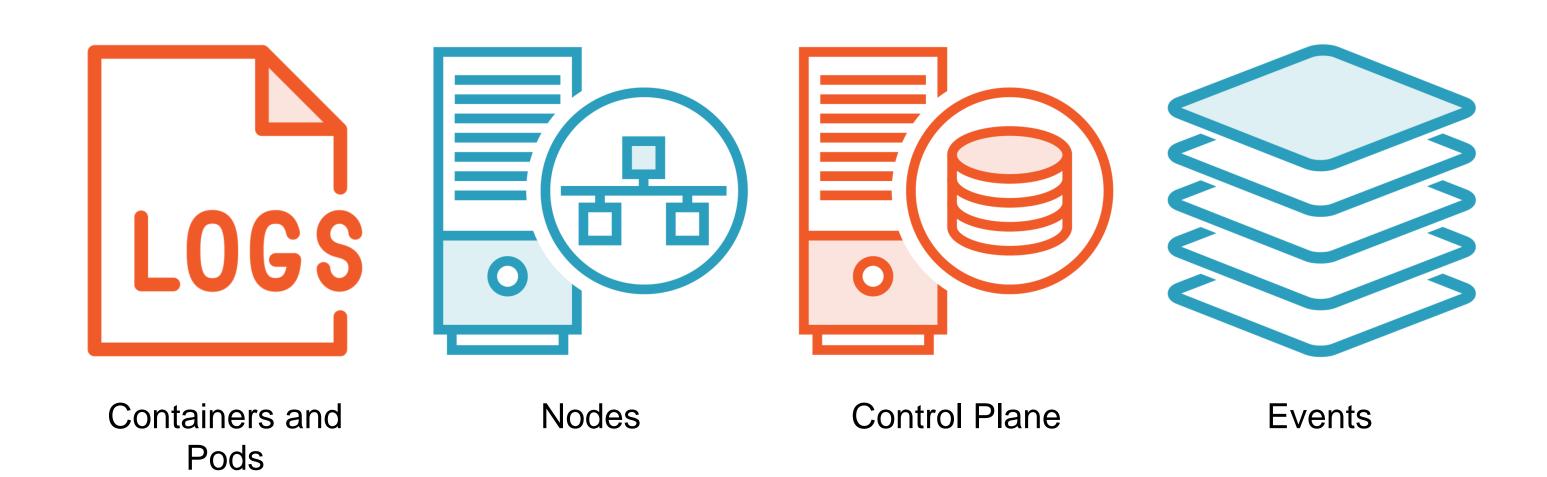
# Summary

Logging architecture

Accessing objects with JSONPath

Accessing performance data with the Kubernetes Metric Server

# Logging in Kubernetes



#### Logging Architecture - Pods and Containers

**Logging Driver** Two logs are retained on stdout and stderr the Node /var/log/containers Log Aggregation kubectl logs Log rotation

https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/cluster-administration/logging/

## Accessing Log Data - Pods and Containers

```
kubectl logs $POD_NAME
kubectl logs $POD_NAME -c $CONTAINER_NAME

crictl --runtime-endpoint \
 unix:///run/containerd/containerd.sock logs $CONTAINER_ID

tail /var/log/containers/$CONTAINER_NAME_$CONTAINER_ID
```

# Logging Architecture - Nodes

kubelet	kube-proxy
systemd service	Pod
journald	kubectl logs
journalctl kubelet.service	/var/log/containers
/var/log/kubelet.log	/var/log/kube-proxy
Local operating system logs	

LFCE: Advanced Network and System Administration

## Logging Architecture - Control Plane



Run as Pods

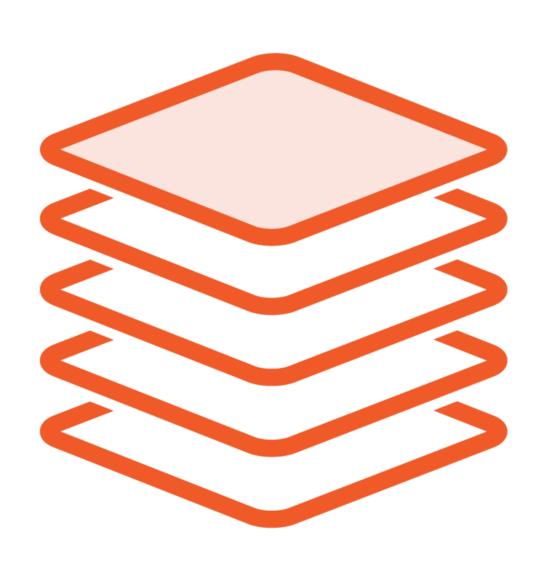
```
kubectl logs -n kube-system $PODNAME
crictl logs $CONTAINER_ID
/var/log/containers
```

systemd based system logs to journald

```
Everywhere else...
```

```
/var/log/kube-apiserver.log
/var/log/kube-scheduler.log
/var/log/kube-controller-manager.log
```

#### Kubernetes Events



Logs for resources defined in the cluster

Changes in resource state

Go to log for when something goes wrong

kubectl get events

kubectl describe \$TYPE \$NAME

One hour retention

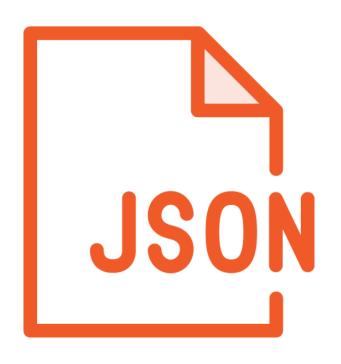
#### Demo

Kubernetes logging architecture

- Pods
- Worker Nodes
- Control Plane

**Accessing Cluster Events** 

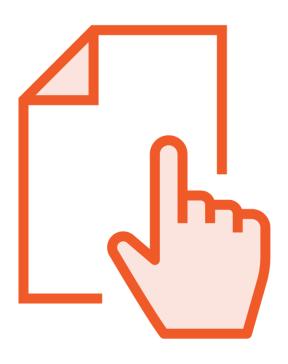
# Accessing Object Data with JSONPath



kubectl supports JSONPath



Write expressions to access, filter, sort and format object data



Precise operations on objects

https://kubernetes.io/docs/reference/kubectl/jsonpath/

```
#List just all pod names
kubectl get pods -o jsonpath='{ .items[*].metadata.name }'
#Get all container images in use by all pods in all namespaces
kubectl get pods --all-namespaces \
    -o jsonpath='{ .items[*].spec.containers[*].image }'
```

## Accessing Objects with JSONPath

## Accessing Objects with JSONPath

```
.items[*].metadata.name
.items[*].spec.containers[*].image
```

```
"items": [
        "apiVersion": "v1",
        "kind": "Pod",
        "metadata": {
            "name": "nginx-86c57db685-fmwk6",
       "spec":
             "containers": [
                      "image": "nginx",
```

```
#Get all Internal IP Addresses of Nodes in a cluster
kubectl get nodes \
   -o jsonpath="{ .items[*].status.addresses[?(@.type=='InternalIP')].address }"
```

# Filtering Objects with JSONPath

#### Demo

Using JSONpath output to access object data

- Accessing
- Filtering
- Sorting

# Monitoring in Kubernetes







Measure changes



Resource limits

#### Kubernetes Metrics Server



Provides resources metrics Pods and Nodes

Point in time

Collects resource metrics from kubelets

**CPU** and Memory

kubectl top pods

kubectl top nodes

https://github.com/kubernetes-sigs/metrics-server

#### Demo

Using kubectl top to analyze resource consumption for Pods and Nodes

#### Review

Logging architecture

Accessing objects with JSONPath

Accessing performance data with the Kubernetes Metric Server

# Up Next:

Troubleshooting Kubernetes Clusters