Design and Analysis of Cryptographic Technique for Communication System



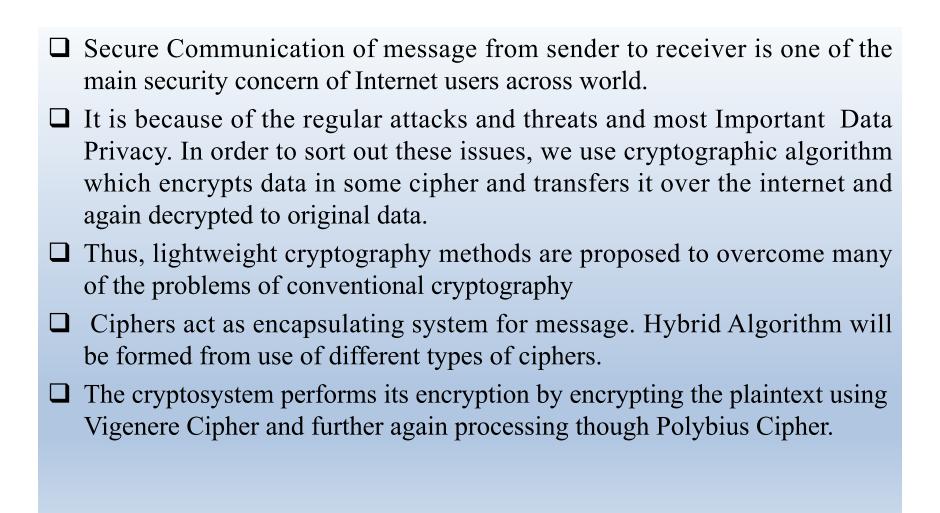
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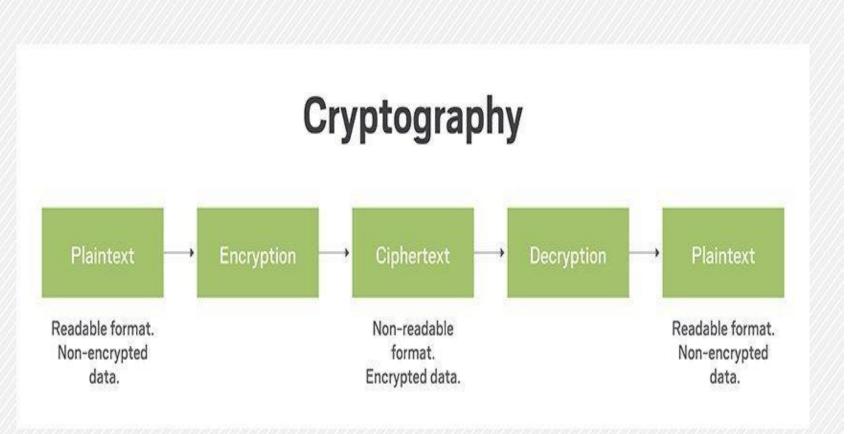
Abstract



Cryptography Definition

- ☐ Cryptography is the science of protecting information by transforming it into a secure format. This process, called encryption, has been used for centuries to prevent handwritten messages from being read by unintended recipients.
- □ Today, cryptography is used to protect digital data. It is a division of computer science that focuses on transforming data into formats that cannot be recognized by unauthorized users.
- ☐ Two Types of Cryptography:
 - Symmetric Cryptography
 - Asymmetric Cryptography

Pictorial View of Cryptography



Merits

- ☐ Highly Secure
- ☐ Confidentiality
- ☐ Authentication
- ☐ Data Integrity
- □ Non-repudiation

Demerits

	ess use of hybrid algorithms
us	elective access control also cannot be realized through the se of cryptography. Administrative controls and procedures required to be exercised for the same.
	ryptography comes at cost and time
	ess deployment of system through Deep Learning (Neural letworks)
	oifficult to access even for a legitimate user at a crucial time f decision-making.
☐ Ti	hreats that emerge from the poor design of systems.

Issue and Challenges in Communication System

State of Insecurity – Increase in Adaption and Development of fragmented attacked attack on daily basis on communication system.
Data Replication – Re-writing and Copying of data from Back End server even it is protected by Data saving applications.
Sense of Message Stealing- Important Message of huge Key length stealing or blocking & Jamming of server.
New threats and Attacks such as Eavesdroping, DOS attack and kasiski attacks
Congestion – Message overlapping and re accessing receiver channel without their knowledge.
Wireless Spoofing attacks- attacker uses information obtained by a wireless sniffer to impersonate another machine on the network.

Literature and Survey

- In [1], modified version of vigenere algorithm was proposed in which diffusion is provided by adding a random bit to each byte before the message is encrypted using Vigenere. This technique fails kasiski attack to find the length of key because the padding of message with random bits. The main drawback of this technique is that the size of the encrypted message will be increased by around 56%.
- In [2], the Caesar Cipher and Vigenere Cipher have been modified and expanded by including alphabets, numbers and symbols and at the same time introduced a complete confusion and diffusion into the modified cipher developed. It was concluded that cipher text generated by proposed hybrid technique is very difficult to break using a frequency method, brute force attack etc.
- Vigenere cipher is one of the most popular ciphers in the past because of its simplicity and resistance to the frequency analysis test of letters that can crack simple ciphers like Caesar cipher. But with the increase in the cryptanalytic skills, Vigenere cipher is no longer taken as secure cipher and is not popularly used. The most weak point of Vigenere cipher is the use of repeated words as key-streams that causes repetition of certain patterns in cipher texts at intervals equal to the length of the keyword used [3].

Vigenere Cipher

- Vigenere Cipher is a method of encrypting alphabetic text. It uses a simple form of polyalphabetic substitution.
- The encryption of the original text is done using the Vigenère square or Vigenère table.
- The table consists of the alphabets written out 26 times in different rows, each alphabet shifted cyclically to the left compared to the previous alphabet, corresponding to the 26 possible Caesar Ciphers.
- At different points in the encryption process, the cipher uses a different alphabet from one of the rows.
- The alphabet used at each point depends on a repeating keyword.

Vigenere Table

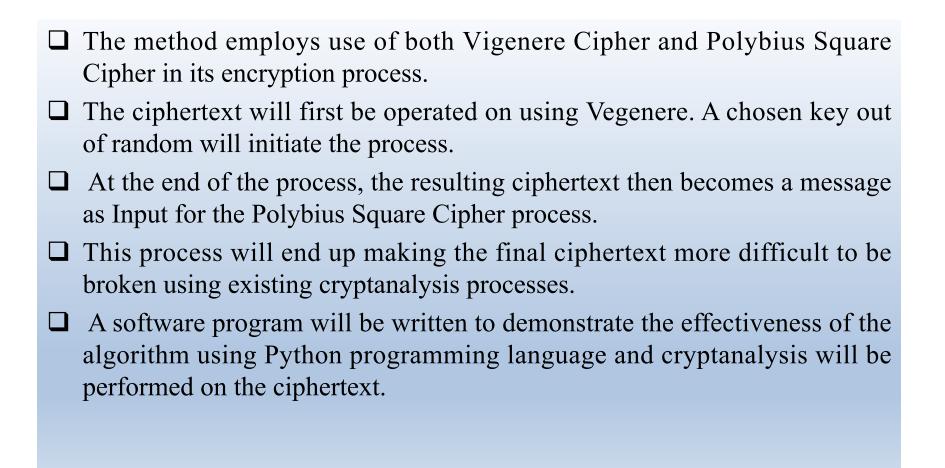
A	В	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	И	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
A	В	C	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	٧	W	Х	Y	Z
В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	V	W	×	Y	Z	A
C	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	s	Т	U	٧	W	х	Y	Z	A	В
D	E	F	G	н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	v	W	Х	Y	Z	А	В	C
E	F	G	н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	V	W	Х	Y	Z	A	В	С	D
F	G	н	I	J	К	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	В	С	D	E
G	н	I	J	К	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	v	M	Х	Y	Z	A	В	С	D	E	F
н	I	J	К	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	٧	W	X	Y	Z	A	В	С	D	E	F	G
I	J	К	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н
J	K	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	v	W	Х	Y	Z	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I
K	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	V	W	х	Y	Z	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I	J
L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	V	W	Х	Y	Z	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	K
М	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	ν	W	Х	Y	Z	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	v	W	Х	Y	Z	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	N
P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	Х	Y	Z	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0
Q	R	s	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	P
R	S	Т	U	v	W	Х	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	P	Q
S	T	U	V	W	Х	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R
T	U	٧	W	Х	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	S
U	V	W	Х	Y	Z	Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T
V	W	Х	Y	Z	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U
W	Х	Y	Z	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	٧
X	Y	Z	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	V	W
Y	Z	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	v	W	X
Z	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	s	T	U	V	W	x	Y

Polybius Cipher

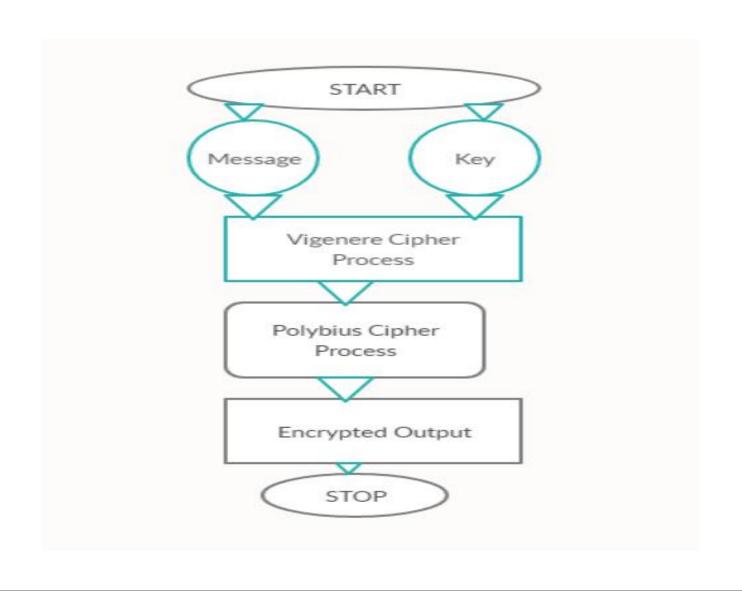
- A Polybius Square is a table that allows someone to convert letters into numbers. To make the encryption little harder, this table can be randomized and shared with the recipient.
- In order to fit the 26 letters of the alphabet into the 25 cells created by the table, the letters 'i' and 'j' are usually combined into a single cell.



Proposed Work



Pictorial View



Vigenere Cipher Output

```
In [17]:

In [17]:

In [17]: runfile('C:/Users/ad/Documents/
Python Scripts/ex1.py', wdir='C:/Users/ad/
Documents/Python Scripts')

Vegnere_cipher:
Ciphertext : DQPYQFEYCQUYD
```

```
In [18]: runfile('C:/Users/ad/Documents/
Python Scripts/ex1.py', wdir='C:/Users/ad/
Documents/Python Scripts')
Vegnere_cipher:
Ciphertext : DQPYQFEYCQUYD
Original/Decrypted Text : AMERICANVIRUS
In [19]:
```

Polybius Cryptography Output

```
IPython console
    Console 1/A
In [5]: runfile('C:/Users/ad/Documents/ex11.py',
wdir='C:/Users/ad/Documents')
[x] Polybius Square cryptography algorithm. [x]
 · 0. Encoding mode.
 · 1. Decoding mode.
[?] Select program mode - 0
[+] Enter your text - BDF
»» The result of encoding by algorithm. ««
21 41 12
IPython console
    Console 1/A
In [7]: runfile('C:/Users/ad/Documents/ex11.py',
wdir='C:/Users/ad/Documents')
[x] Polybius Square cryptography algorithm. [x]
 · 0. Encoding mode.

    1. Decoding mode.

[?] Select program mode - 1
[+] Enter your text - 21 41 12
 »» The result of encoding by algorithm. ««
BDF
```

Hybrid Cipher

- Hybrid Process though Combination of Vigenere and Polybius Square
 Cipher takes Encoding Mode where it governs on [A-Z] Aplhabetic letters
 and Numerical Both in the System.
- This Hybrid Cipher makes the System tough and unbreakable for any Assaults and attacks from Outside

Conclusion

☐ Cryptography is the widely used method for the security of data. Vigenere cipher is one of the cryptographic method that is considered simplest and weakest due to many limitations. ☐ To overcome the limitations of Vigenere cipher we proposed Summation of Polybius Cipher that makes much secure against Kasiski and Friedman attacks. Cryptanalysis, frequency analysis, pattern prediction and brute attack on proposed technique are also much difficult due to use of Combination of two Cipher for encryption. ☐ Although there are many cryptographic methods but this domain still requires serious attention of research community for the improvement of data security. In future our aim is to provide validation of proposed approach by performing security and performance analysis.

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