

```
pip install pandas
```

Requirement already satisfied: pandas in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (2.2.3)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.22.4 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from pandas) (2.2.3)

Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from pandas) (2.9.0.post0)

Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from pandas) (2025.1)

Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.7 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from pandas) (2025.1)

Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2->pandas) (1.17.0)

Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

```
pip install matplotlib
```

Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (3.10.0)

Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib) (1.3.1)

Requirement already satisfied: cyclor>=0.10 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib) (0.12.1)

Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib) (4.56.0)

Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.3.1 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib) (1.4.8)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.23 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib) (2.2.3)

Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib) (24.2)

Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=8 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib) (11.1.0)

Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib) (3.2.1)

Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib) (2.9.0.post0)  
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib) (1.17.0)  
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pip install seaborn

Requirement already satisfied: seaborn in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (0.13.2)  
Requirement already satisfied: numpy!=1.24.0,>=1.20 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from seaborn) (2.2.3)  
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=1.2 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from seaborn) (2.2.3)  
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from seaborn) (3.10.0)  
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4->seaborn) (1.3.1)  
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4->seaborn) (0.12.1)  
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4->seaborn) (4.56.0)  
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.3.1 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4->seaborn) (1.4.8)  
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```
(from pandas>=1.2->seaborn) (2025.1)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\
appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (from
python-dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.4->seaborn) (1.17.0)
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
```

```
pip install numpy
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in c:\users\abhishek upadhyay\
appdata\local\programs\python\python310\lib\site-packages (2.2.3)
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
df = pd.read_csv('Customer Churn.csv')
df
```

	customerID	gender	SeniorCitizen	Partner	Dependents	tenure	\
0	7590-VHVEG	Female	0	Yes	No	1	
1	5575-GNVDE	Male	0	No	No	34	
2	3668-QPYBK	Male	0	No	No	2	
3	7795-CFOCW	Male	0	No	No	45	
4	9237-HQITU	Female	0	No	No	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7038	6840-RESVB	Male	0	Yes	Yes	24	
7039	2234-XADUH	Female	0	Yes	Yes	72	
7040	4801-JZAZL	Female	0	Yes	Yes	11	
7041	8361-LTMKD	Male	1	Yes	No	4	
7042	3186-AJIEK	Male	0	No	No	66	

	PhoneService	MultipleLines	InternetService
OnlineSecurity ... \			
0	No	No phone service	DSL
No ...			
1	Yes	No	DSL
Yes ...			
2	Yes	No	DSL
Yes ...			
3	No	No phone service	DSL
Yes ...			
4	Yes	No	Fiber optic
No ...			
...	...	...	...
...			
7038	Yes	Yes	DSL
Yes ...			
7039	Yes	Yes	Fiber optic

No ...				
7040	No	No phone service		DSL
Yes ...				
7041	Yes		Yes	Fiber optic
No ...				
7042	Yes		No	Fiber optic
Yes ...				

	DeviceProtection	TechSupport	StreamingTV	StreamingMovies	
Contract \					
0	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
1	Yes	No	No	No	
One year					
2	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
3	Yes	Yes	No	No	
One year					
4	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
...	...	...	...	...	
...					
7038	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
One year					
7039	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	
One year					
7040	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
7041	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
7042	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Two year					

	PaperlessBilling	PaymentMethod	MonthlyCharges
TotalCharges \			
0	Yes	Electronic check	29.85
29.85			
1	No	Mailed check	56.95
1889.5			
2	Yes	Mailed check	53.85
108.15			
3	No	Bank transfer (automatic)	42.30
1840.75			
4	Yes	Electronic check	70.70
151.65			
...	...	...	...
...			
7038	Yes	Mailed check	84.80
1990.5			

7039	Yes	Credit card (automatic)	103.20
7362.9			
7040	Yes	Electronic check	29.60
346.45			
7041	Yes	Mailed check	74.40
306.6			
7042	Yes	Bank transfer (automatic)	105.65
6844.5			

	Churn
0	No
1	No
2	Yes
3	No
4	Yes
...	...
7038	No
7039	No
7040	No
7041	Yes
7042	No

[7043 rows x 21 columns]

df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

RangeIndex: 7043 entries, 0 to 7042

Data columns (total 21 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	customerID	7043 non-null	object
1	gender	7043 non-null	object
2	SeniorCitizen	7043 non-null	int64
3	Partner	7043 non-null	object
4	Dependents	7043 non-null	object
5	tenure	7043 non-null	int64
6	PhoneService	7043 non-null	object
7	MultipleLines	7043 non-null	object
8	InternetService	7043 non-null	object
9	OnlineSecurity	7043 non-null	object
10	OnlineBackup	7043 non-null	object
11	DeviceProtection	7043 non-null	object
12	TechSupport	7043 non-null	object
13	StreamingTV	7043 non-null	object
14	StreamingMovies	7043 non-null	object
15	Contract	7043 non-null	object
16	PaperlessBilling	7043 non-null	object
17	PaymentMethod	7043 non-null	object
18	MonthlyCharges	7043 non-null	float64

```

19 TotalCharges      7043 non-null object
20 Churn             7043 non-null object
dtypes: float64(1), int64(2), object(18)
memory usage: 1.1+ MB

```

#replacing blank with 0 as tenure is 0 and no charges are recorded

```

df["TotalCharges"] = df["TotalCharges"].replace(" ", "0")
df["TotalCharges"] = df["TotalCharges"].astype("float")

```

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 7043 entries, 0 to 7042
```

```
Data columns (total 21 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	customerID	7043 non-null	object
1	gender	7043 non-null	object
2	SeniorCitizen	7043 non-null	int64
3	Partner	7043 non-null	object
4	Dependents	7043 non-null	object
5	tenure	7043 non-null	int64
6	PhoneService	7043 non-null	object
7	MultipleLines	7043 non-null	object
8	InternetService	7043 non-null	object
9	OnlineSecurity	7043 non-null	object
10	OnlineBackup	7043 non-null	object
11	DeviceProtection	7043 non-null	object
12	TechSupport	7043 non-null	object
13	StreamingTV	7043 non-null	object
14	StreamingMovies	7043 non-null	object
15	Contract	7043 non-null	object
16	PaperlessBilling	7043 non-null	object
17	PaymentMethod	7043 non-null	object
18	MonthlyCharges	7043 non-null	float64
19	TotalCharges	7043 non-null	float64
20	Churn	7043 non-null	object

```
dtypes: float64(2), int64(2), object(17)
```

```
memory usage: 1.1+ MB
```

```
df.isnull().sum().sum()
```

```
np.int64(0)
```

```
df.describe()
```

	SeniorCitizen	tenure	MonthlyCharges	TotalCharges
count	7043.000000	7043.000000	7043.000000	7043.000000
mean	0.162147	32.371149	64.761692	2279.734304

std	0.368612	24.559481	30.090047	2266.794470
min	0.000000	0.000000	18.250000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	9.000000	35.500000	398.550000
50%	0.000000	29.000000	70.350000	1394.550000
75%	0.000000	55.000000	89.850000	3786.600000
max	1.000000	72.000000	118.750000	8684.800000

```
df["customerID"].duplicated().sum()
```

```
np.int64(0)
```

```
def conv(value):
    if(value == 1):
        return "Yes"
    else:
        return "No"
```

```
df['SeniorCitizen'] = df['SeniorCitizen'].apply(conv)
```

#converted 0 and 1 values of the senior citizen to yes/No to make easy to understand

```
df.head(10)
```

	customerID	gender	SeniorCitizen	Partner	Dependents	tenure
0	7590-VHVEG	Female	No	Yes	No	1
1	5575-GNVDE	Male	No	No	No	34
2	3668-QPYBK	Male	No	No	No	2
3	7795-CF0CW	Male	No	No	No	45
4	9237-HQITU	Female	No	No	No	2
5	9305-CDSKC	Female	No	No	No	8
6	1452-KIOVK	Male	No	No	Yes	22
7	6713-OKOMC	Female	No	No	No	10
8	7892-P00KP	Female	No	Yes	No	28
9	6388-TABGU	Male	No	No	Yes	62

	MultipleLines	InternetService	OnlineSecurity	...
0	No phone service	DSL	No	...
1	No	DSL	Yes	...

Yes				
2	No	DSL	Yes	...
No				
3	No phone service	DSL	Yes	...
Yes				
4	No	Fiber optic	No	...
No				
5	Yes	Fiber optic	No	...
Yes				
6	Yes	Fiber optic	No	...
No				
7	No phone service	DSL	Yes	...
No				
8	Yes	Fiber optic	No	...
Yes				
9	No	DSL	Yes	...
No				

	TechSupport	StreamingTV	StreamingMovies	Contract
	PaperlessBilling \			
0	No	No	No	Month-to-month
Yes				
1	No	No	No	One year
No				
2	No	No	No	Month-to-month
Yes				
3	Yes	No	No	One year
No				
4	No	No	No	Month-to-month
Yes				
5	No	Yes	Yes	Month-to-month
Yes				
6	No	Yes	No	Month-to-month
Yes				
7	No	No	No	Month-to-month
No				
8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Month-to-month
Yes				
9	No	No	No	One year
No				

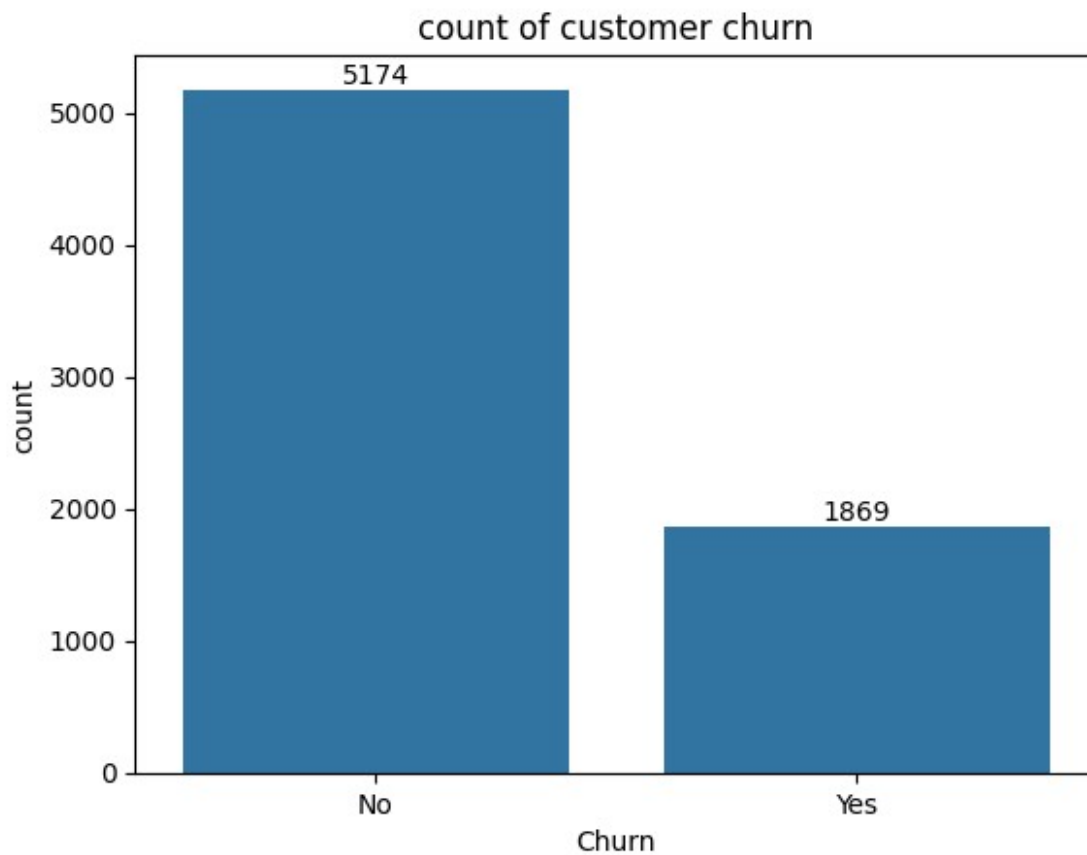
	PaymentMethod	MonthlyCharges	TotalCharges	Churn
0	Electronic check	29.85	29.85	No
1	Mailed check	56.95	1889.50	No
2	Mailed check	53.85	108.15	Yes
3	Bank transfer (automatic)	42.30	1840.75	No
4	Electronic check	70.70	151.65	Yes
5	Electronic check	99.65	820.50	Yes
6	Credit card (automatic)	89.10	1949.40	No



7	Mailed check	29.75	301.90	No
8	Electronic check	104.80	3046.05	Yes
9	Bank transfer (automatic)	56.15	3487.95	No

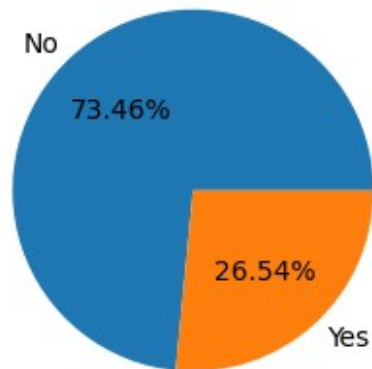
[10 rows x 21 columns]

```
ax = sns.countplot(x = 'Churn', data = df)
plt.title('count of customer churn')
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[0])
plt.show()
```



```
plt.figure(figsize = (3,4))
plt.title("count if customer churn")
gb = df.groupby("Churn").agg({'Churn':"count"})
plt.pie(gb['Churn'], labels = gb.index, autopct = "%1.2f%%")
plt.show()
```

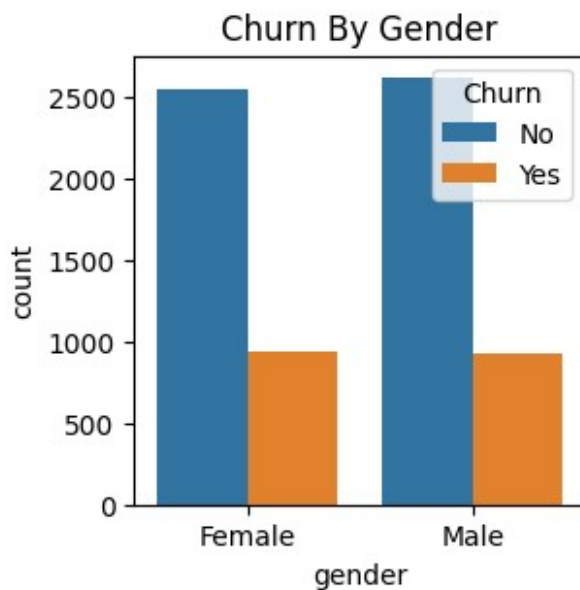
count if customer churn



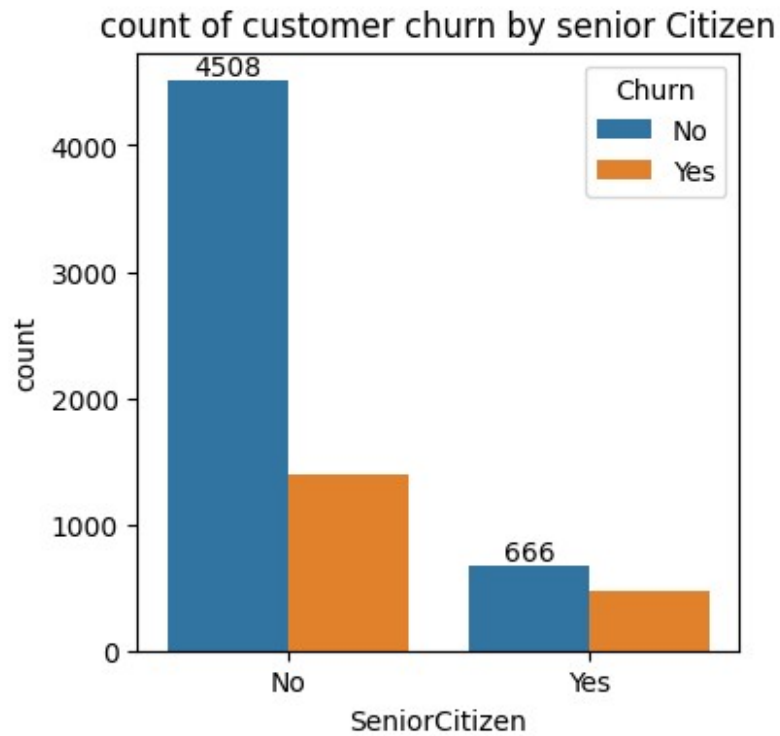
#from the given pie chart we can conclude that 26.54% of our customers have churned out.

#now let's explore the reason behind it

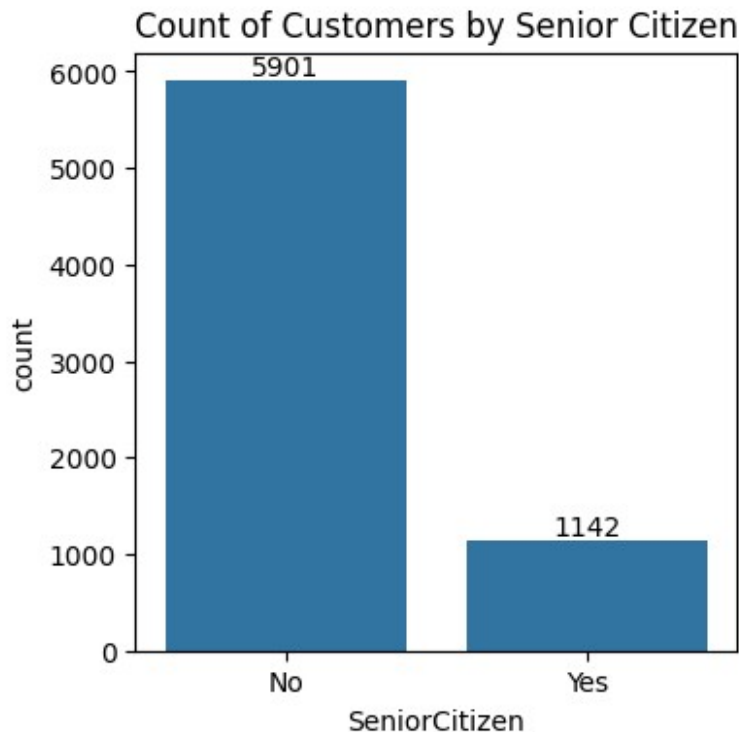
```
plt.figure(figsize = (3,3))
sns.countplot(x = "gender", data = df, hue = "Churn")
plt.title("Churn By Gender")
plt.show()
```



```
plt.figure(figsize = (4,4))
ax = sns.countplot(x = 'SeniorCitizen', data = df, hue = "Churn")
plt.title('count of customer churn by senior Citizen')
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[0])
plt.show()
```



```
plt.figure(figsize = (4,4))
ax = sns.countplot(x = "SeniorCitizen", data = df)
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[0])
plt.title("Count of Customers by Senior Citizen")
plt.show()
```



```
total_counts = df.groupby('SeniorCitizen')
['Churn'].value_counts(normalize=True).unstack() * 100

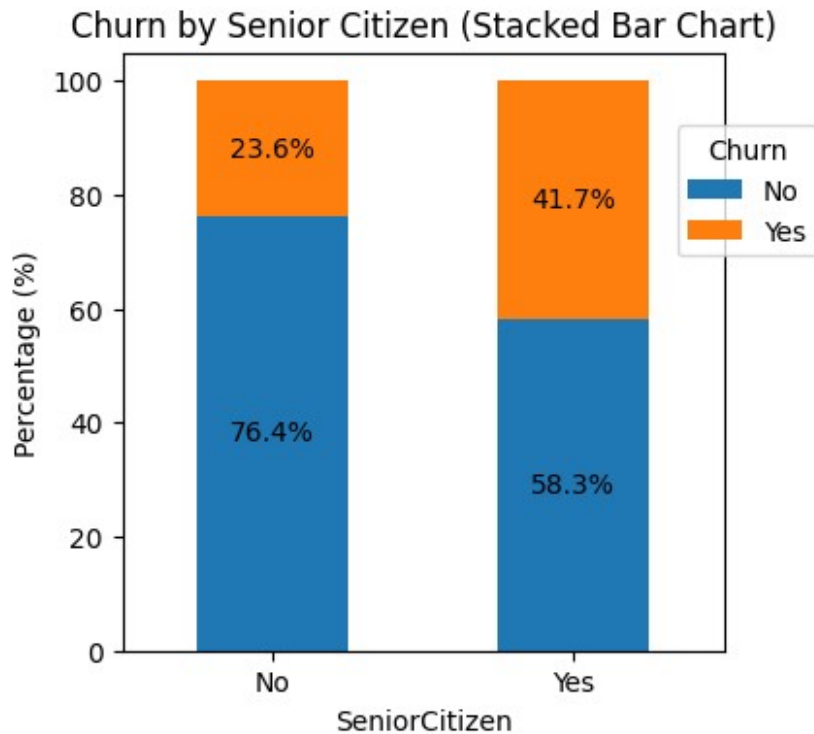
# Plot
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 4)) # Adjust figsize for better
visualization

# Plot the bars
total_counts.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True, ax=ax, color=['#1f77b4',
'#ff7f0e']) # Customize colors if desired

# Add percentage labels on the bars
for p in ax.patches:
    width, height = p.get_width(), p.get_height()
    x, y = p.get_xy()
    ax.text(x + width / 2, y + height / 2, f'{height:.1f}%',
ha='center', va='center')

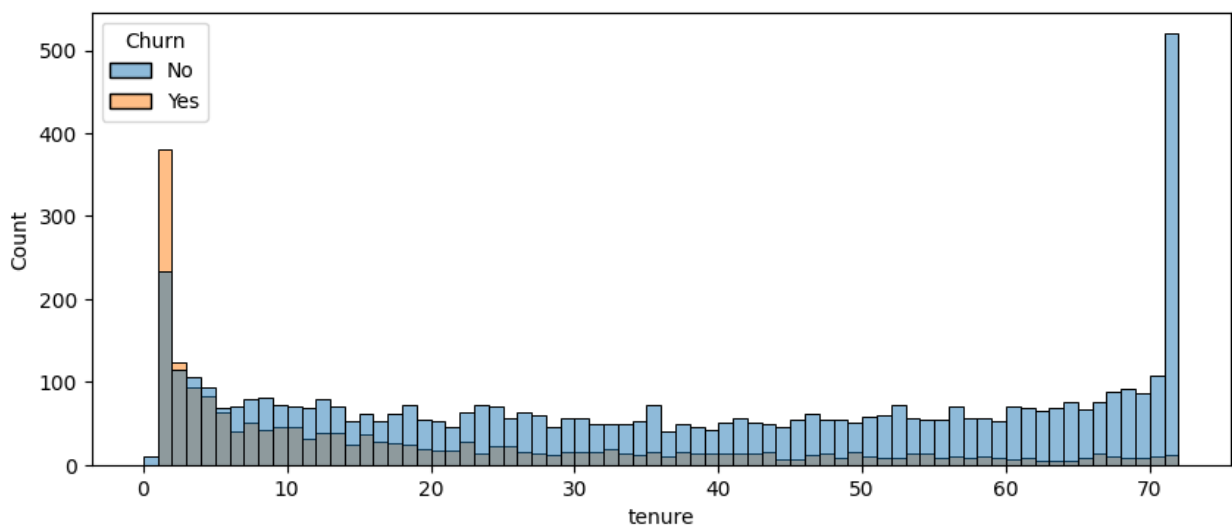
plt.title('Churn by Senior Citizen (Stacked Bar Chart)')
plt.xlabel('SeniorCitizen')
plt.ylabel('Percentage (%)')
plt.xticks(rotation=0)
plt.legend(title='Churn', bbox_to_anchor = (0.9,0.9)) # Customize
legend location

plt.show()
```



#comparative a greater pecentage of people in senior citizen category have churned

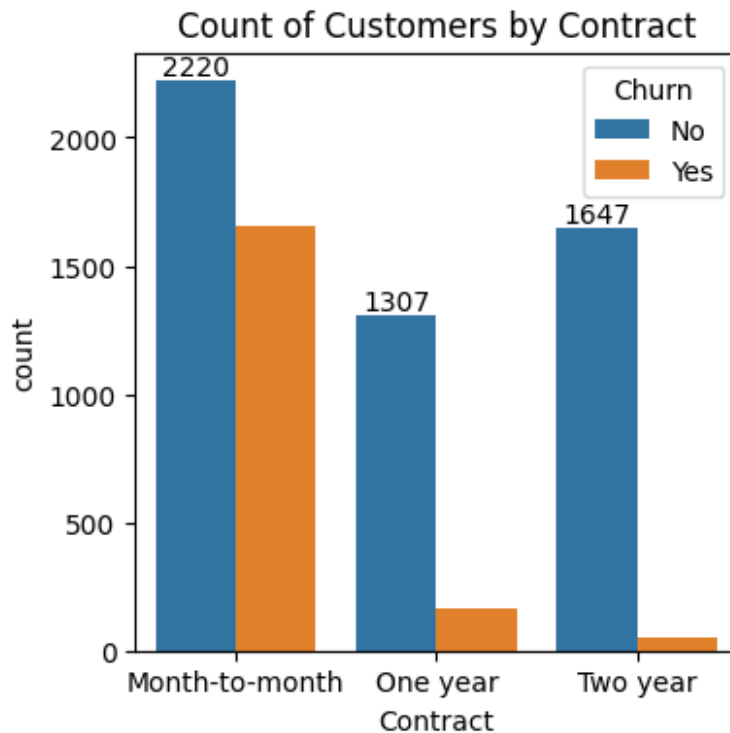
```
plt.figure(figsize = (10,4))
sns.histplot(x = "tenure", data = df, bins = 72, hue = "Churn")
plt.show()
```



#people who have used our services for a long time have stayed and people who have used our services

#1 or 2 months have churned

```
plt.figure(figsize = (4,4))
ax = sns.countplot(x = "Contract", data = df, hue = 'Churn')
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[0])
plt.title("Count of Customers by Contract")
plt.show()
```



#people who have month to month contract are likely to churn then from those who have 1 or 2 years of contract

```
df.columns.values

array(['customerID', 'gender', 'SeniorCitizen', 'Partner',
      'Dependents',
      'tenure', 'PhoneService', 'MultipleLines', 'InternetService',
      'OnlineSecurity', 'OnlineBackup', 'DeviceProtection',
      'TechSupport', 'StreamingTV', 'StreamingMovies', 'Contract',
      'PaperlessBilling', 'PaymentMethod', 'MonthlyCharges',
      'TotalCharges', 'Churn'], dtype=object)

columns = ['PhoneService', 'MultipleLines', 'InternetService',
           'OnlineSecurity',
           'OnlineBackup', 'DeviceProtection', 'TechSupport',
           'StreamingTV', 'StreamingMovies']

# Number of columns for the subplot grid (you can change this)
n_cols = 3
```

```

n_rows = (len(columns) + n_cols - 1) // n_cols # Calculate number of
rows needed

# Create subplots
fig, axes = plt.subplots(n_rows, n_cols, figsize=(15, n_rows * 4)) #
Adjust figsize as needed

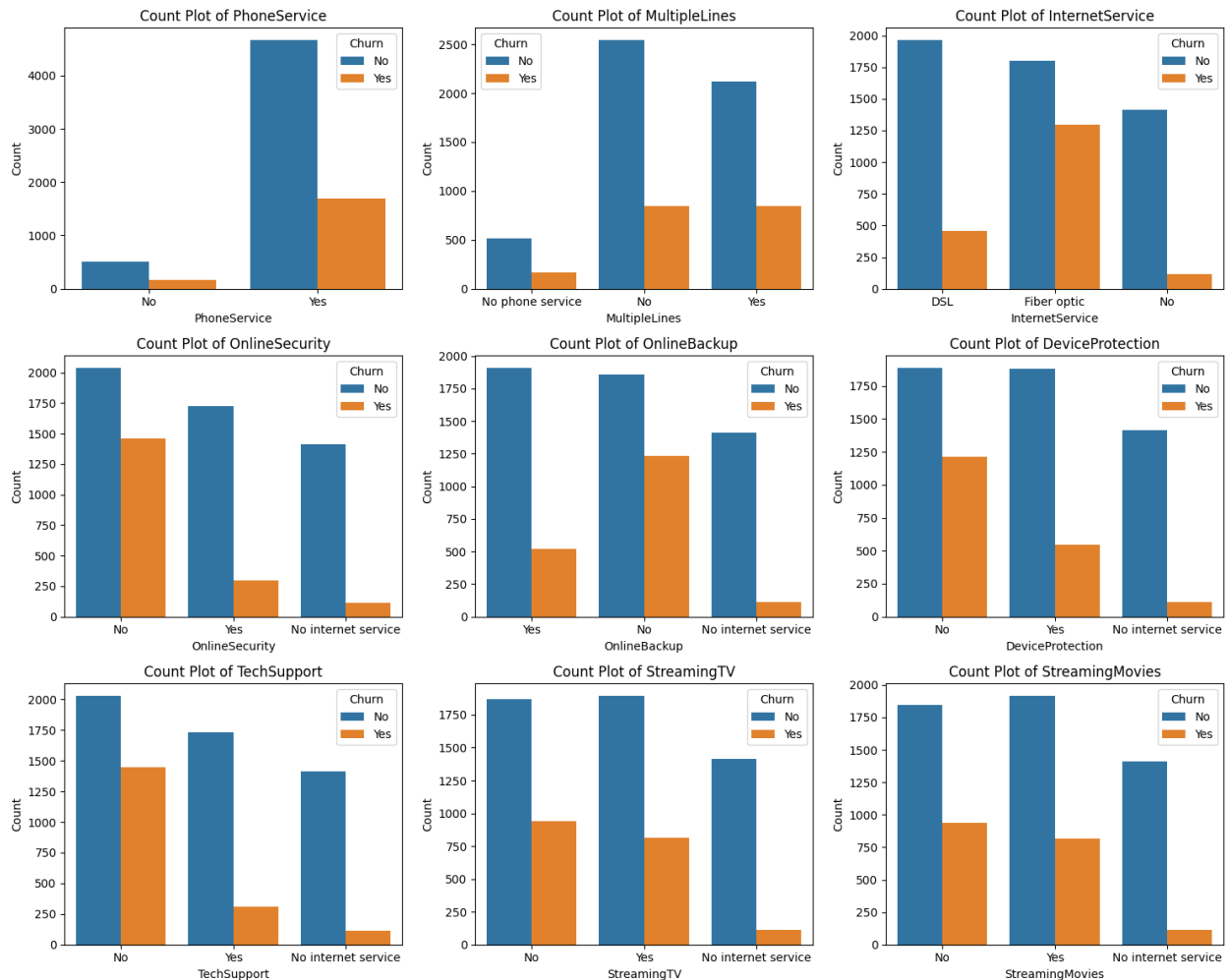
# Flatten the axes array for easy iteration (handles both 1D and 2D
arrays)
axes = axes.flatten()

# Iterate over columns and plot count plots
for i, col in enumerate(columns):
    sns.countplot(x=col, data=df, ax=axes[i], hue = df["Churn"])
    axes[i].set_title(f'Count Plot of {col}')
    axes[i].set_xlabel(col)
    axes[i].set_ylabel('Count')

# Remove empty subplots (if any)
for j in range(i + 1, len(axes)):
    fig.delaxes(axes[j])

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

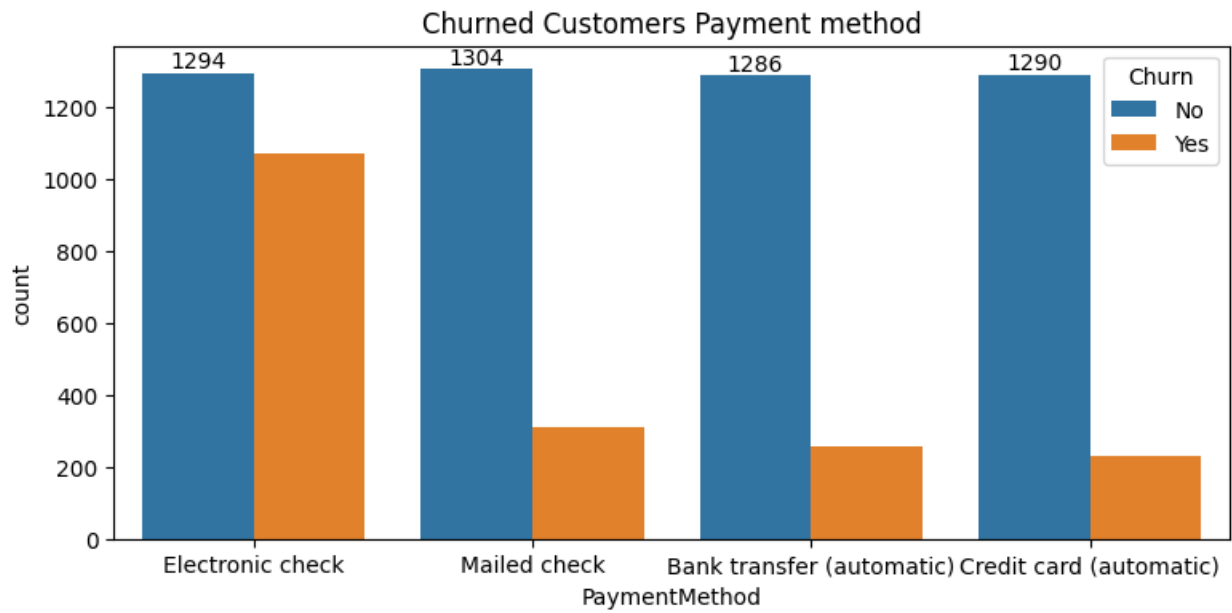
```



#The majority of customers who do not churn tend to have services like PhoneService, InternetService (particularly DSL), and OnlineSecurity enabled. For services like OnlineBackup, TechSupport, and StreamingTV, churn rates are noticeably higher when these services are not used or are unavailable.

```
plt.figure(figsize = (9,4))
ax = sns.countplot(x = "PaymentMethod", data = df, hue = 'Churn')
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[0])
plt.title("Churned Customers Payment method")
plt.show()
```





#customer is likely to churn when he is using electronic check as a payment method.

