Time Complexity

Amount of time taken by algorithm to run as a function of length of input.

```
for(int i=0; i<N; i++)
{
    cout<<"Hello";
}
```

O(n)

Note: It is not actual time, but CPU oper^{n}s.

SPACE COMPLEXITY :-

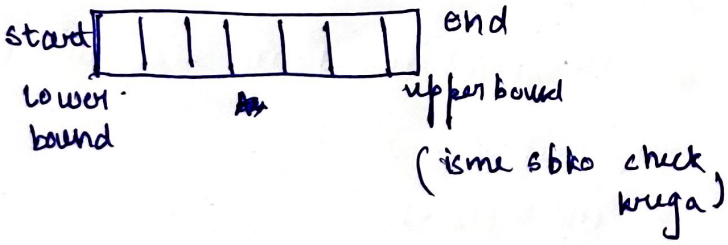
Amount of space taken by algorithm to run as a function of length of input.

Units to represent :-

(i) Big O : Upper bound (Worst)

(ii) Theata Θ : Average case

(iii) Omega Ω : Lower bound



Big O: complexities :-

1. constant time : O(1)
2. Linear time : O(n)
3. Logarithmic time : O(log N)
4. Quadratic time : O(N^2)

   cubic time : O(N^3)

Time complexity order :-

O(1) —— Least complex

O(log N)

O(√N)

O(N)

O(nlogn)

$O(n^2)$

$O(n^3)$

$O(2^n)$

O(N!)

$O(N^n)$ —— Most complex