

Maintaining Your Build Farm



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Upgrading Jenkins



It's easy to get behind on Jenkins updates



This creates an anti-pattern



You don't upgrade often, which makes upgrades painful...



Which means you don't upgrade often enough



If something hurts,
do it often.





If you thought upgrading would be harder

- You were WRONG
- Containerization will (or at least can) force you to do things the right way

We're running on Jenkins LTS

LTS changes over time

When that happens

- Your Jenkins instance changes
- But this is part of the plan

Jenkins auto-updates the volume content if necessary



Upgrading Plug-ins

Jenkins LTS
includes plug-in
versions

But manually
upgraded plug-ins will
not automatically
upgrade

Manually upgrade
them to the LTS
version

Uh, what is that
version?

Execute your docker
container with
`PLUGINS_FORCE_UP
GRADE`



PLUGINS_FORCE_UPGRADE

```
docker run -p 2119:8080 -p 50000:50000  
-e PLUGINS_FORCE_UPGRADE=true  
-v c://Docker/Volumes/jenkins-master:/var/jenkins_home  
--name jenkins-master jenkins/jenkins:lts
```



Upgrading Plug-ins

This does nothing for plug-ins
not part of LTS

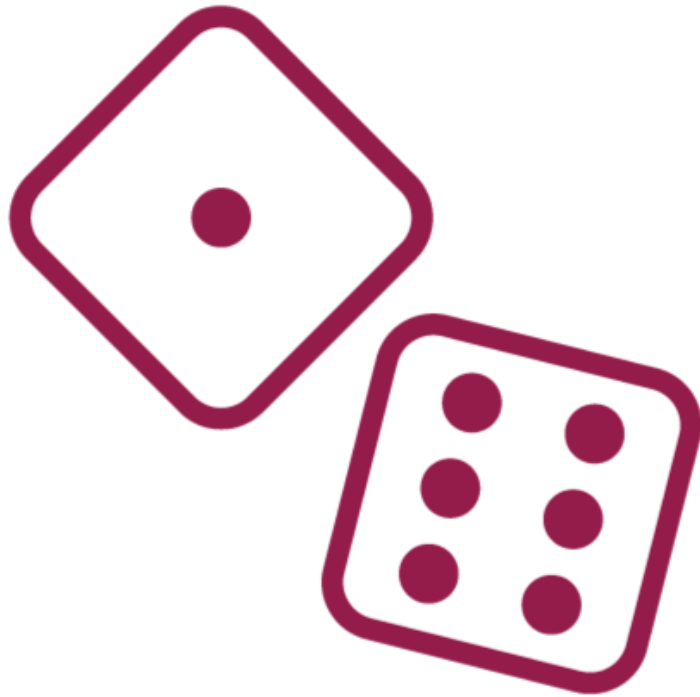
Restart your Jenkins container
to upgrade

And for no other reason

Live Restore does nothing for
this



The Risk Associated with Upgrading



Upgrading entails risk

Broken plug-ins will break Production

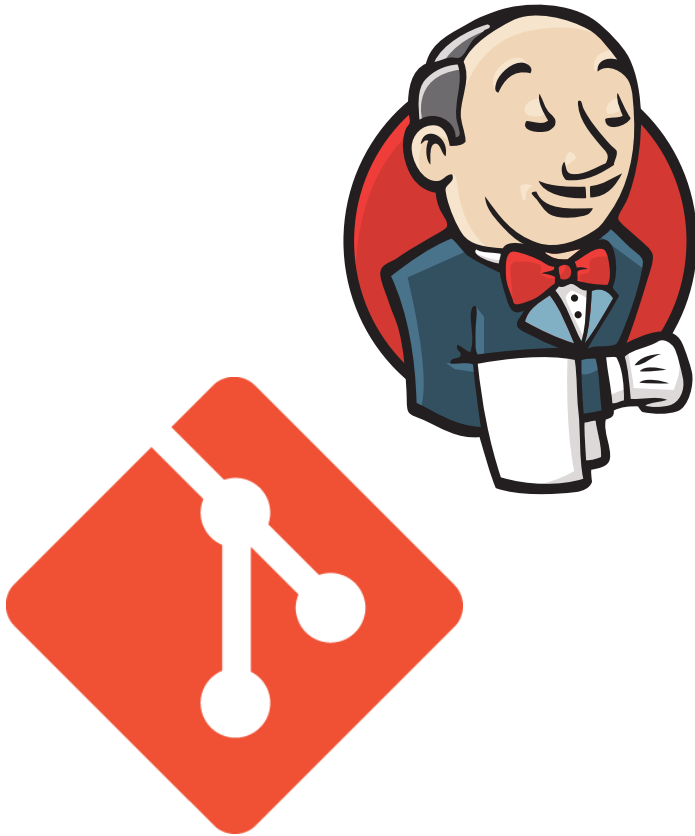
Before you can sort it out on Github

**Test your upgrades in a test environment,
just like anything else mission-critical**

Back up your volumes!



Jenkins in Git?



You just thought we were experimental

Storing *jenkins_home* in Git

Lots of good version-controllable assets

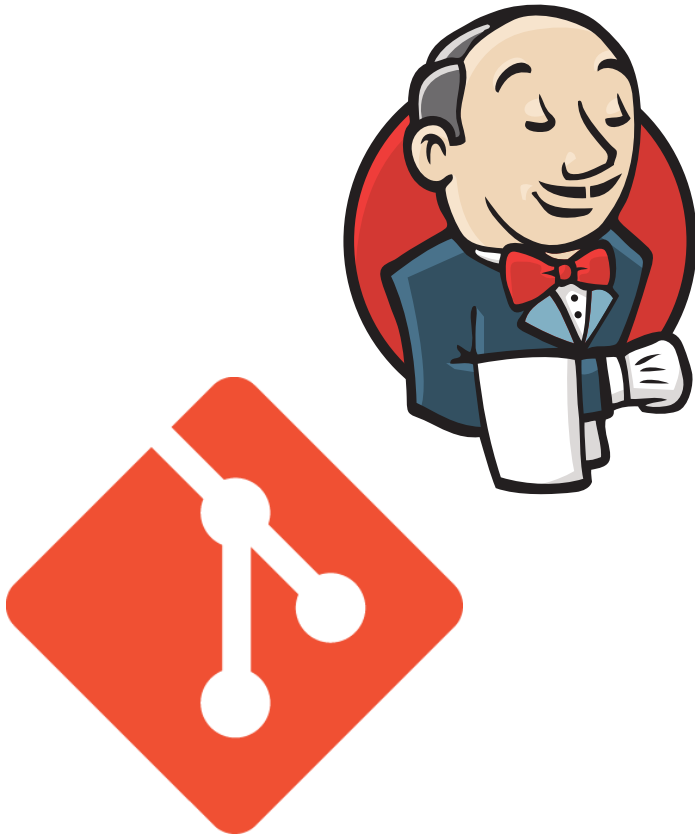
But also other stuff that is not

Create a strong .gitignore

There are actually several online

- But none are perfect

Jenkins in Git How-To



1. Copy *jenkins_home* to another box
2. Check that into a Git repo
 - Minus the binaries

Version history

24-hour backup

Don't Commit, Round Two



Commit is low-level, and again – OPAQUE

If you want detail, get ready to crack open tarballs

Use version control or backup



Things to Think About



`/var/run/docker.sock:/var/run/docker.sock`

Needed to make Docker in Docker work

Be careful about WHICH images you trust

We can trust Jenkins

If we keep our Dockerfiles minimal

Running a Minimal Plug-in Profile



Run a minimal plug-in profile – a Jenkins principle

Every plug-in has:

- Security surface area
- Performance impact (under certain circumstances)
- Potential defects

If you don't need it

You don't want it

<https://app.pluralsight.com/library/courses/automating-jenkins-groovy>



End Credits



Thanks to Docker buddies:

- Floyd May
 - <https://app.pluralsight.com/profile/author/floyd-may>
- Piotr Gaczkowski
 - <https://app.pluralsight.com/profile/author/piotr-gaczkowski>
- Matt Milner
 - <https://app.pluralsight.com/profile/author/matt-milner>



THANK YOU VERY MUCH
FOR WATCHING!!!

