

### **Department Of Computer Engineering**

#### **B.TECH SEM-II**

**NAME**: Abhijeet Dnyaneshwar Damal

**SUBJECT:** Essentials Of Data-Science (EDS)

**DIVISION**: CS4

**BATCH**: C42

**ROLL NO.**: 40

**PRN No.**: 202401040307

Under the Guidance of Course In-charge,

**Prof. Poonam Manjare** 

Theory Activity No. 01-

# **Objective:**

To Formulate 20 problem statements for a given dataset using Numpy and Pandas and Apply Numpy and pandas methods to find the solution for the formulated problem statements.

## **Dataset Name:**

Yelp Reviews

### **Dataset link:**

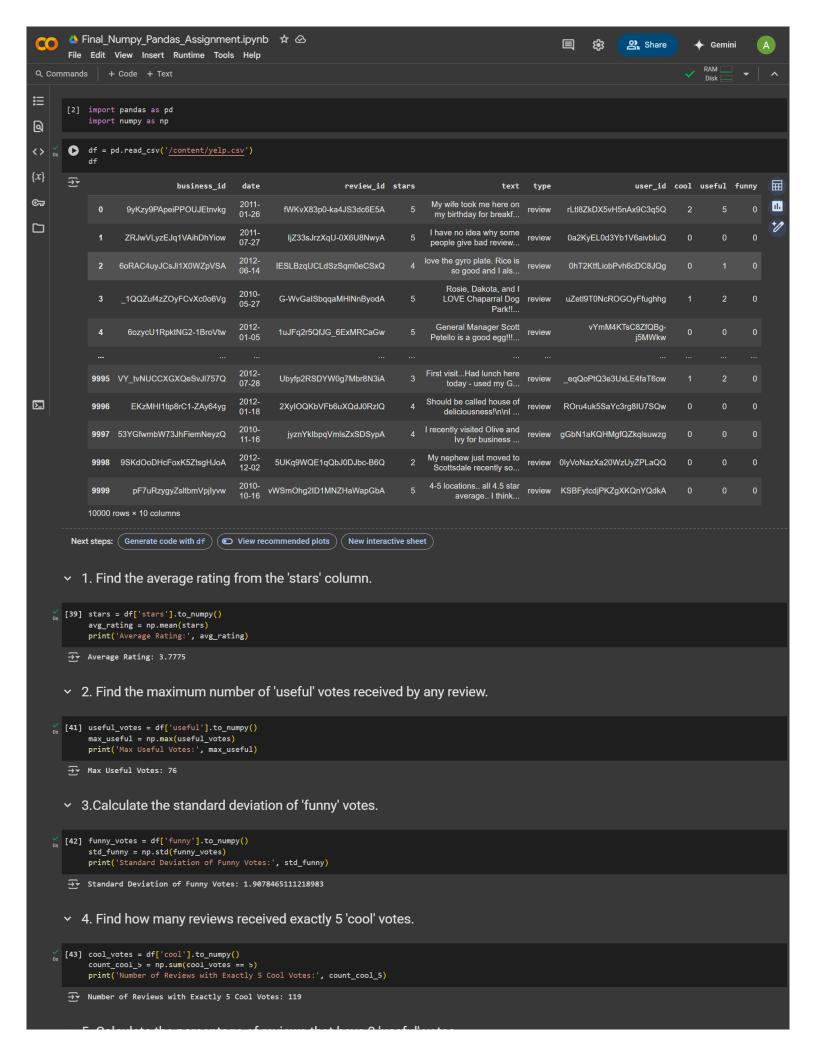
https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/omkarsabnis/yelp
-reviews-dataset

## Google Colab Link for the activity:

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/16tln35L0uY X098XFZGPySlnXgpgVYZkg?usp=sharing

# .ipynb File to open in VS code or any other Editor:





```
5. Calculate the percentage of reviews that have U useful votes.
os [44] percentage_zero_useful = np.sum(useful_votes == 0) / useful_votes.size * 100
       print('Percentage of Reviews with 0 Useful Votes:', np.round(percentage_zero_useful, 2),'%')
   → Percentage of Reviews with 0 Useful Votes: 41.3 %
  6.Find the median value of 'stars'.
\binom{\checkmark}{0s} [45] median_stars = np.median(stars)
       print('Median Stars:', median_stars)
   → Median Stars: 4.0
  7.Find how many reviews have 'funny' votes greater than average 'funny' votes.
\binom{\checkmark}{0s} [46] avg_funny = np.mean(funny_votes)
       count_above_avg_funny = np.sum(funny_votes > avg_funny)
       print('Reviews with Funny Votes Above Average:', count_above_avg_funny)
   Reviews with Funny Votes Above Average: 2987
  8. The percentage of reviews that received a 1-star rating.
                                                                                                                   ↑ ↓ ♦ © 目 ‡ 紀 🗓 :
  print("The percentage of reviews that received a 1-star rating")
print((df['stars'] == 1).mean() * 100)
   9. Find the total sum of 'funny' votes.
\begin{bmatrix} \times \\ 0s \end{bmatrix} [49] total_funny_votes = np.sum(funny_votes)
       print('Total Funny Votes:', total_funny_votes)
   → Total Funny Votes: 7013
  10. Find how many reviews have 'cool' votes equal to 'funny' votes.
[51] count_equal_cool_funny = np.sum(cool_votes == funny_votes)
       print('Reviews where Cool Votes Equal Funny Votes:', count_equal_cool_funny)
   Reviews where Cool Votes Equal Funny Votes: 6790
  11. Find the total number of reviews.
\sum_{0s} [20] total_reviews = df.shape[0]
       print('Total Number of Reviews:', total_reviews)
   → Total Number of Reviews: 10000
  12. Find the number of unique users who have written reviews.
52 unique_users = df['user_id'].nunique()
       print('Unique Users:', unique_users)
   → Unique Users: 6403
  13. Calculate the average number of words per review.
[53] avg_words = df['text'].str.split().apply(len).mean()
       print('Average Words Per Review:', avg_words)
   → Average Words Per Review: 131.0396
  14. Identify the user who has written the most reviews.
[55] top_reviewer = df['user_id'].value_counts().idxmax()
       print('User with Most Reviews:', top_reviewer)
```

→ User with Most Reviews: fczQCSmaWF78toLEmb0Zsw 15. Count the number of reviews per year. [60] print('Reviews per Year:') pd.to\_datetime(df['date']).dt.year.value\_counts().sort\_index() → Reviews per Year: date 2005 2006 2007 285 2008 765 2009 2010 2011 2012 3025 2013 dtype: int64 ▼ 16. The number of reviews for each star rating (star distribution). [67] print("The number of reviews for each star rating:") df['stars'].value\_counts().sort\_index() The number of reviews for each star rating: stars 2 927 1461 4 3526 3337 dtype: int64 17. Find the business that has received the most 5-star reviews. [56] top\_5star\_business = df[df['stars'] == 5]['business\_id'].value\_counts().idxmax() print('Business with Most 5-Star Reviews:', top\_5star\_business) → Business with Most 5-Star Reviews: JokKtdXU7zXHcr20Lrk29A 18. The total number of reviews that mention the word "delicious". () [58] delicious=df['text'].str.contains("delicious", case=False).sum() print("Total Delicious Reviews:",delicious) → Total Delicious Reviews: 1176 19. The number of reviews with more than 10 total votes (sum of 'cool', 'useful', and 'funny'). [59] num\_reveiws=(df[['cool', 'useful', 'funny']].sum(axis=1) > 10).sum()
print("number of reviews with more than 10 total votes",num\_reveiws) → number of reviews with more than 10 total votes 613 20. The earliest date on which a review was submitted. () [30] df['date'].min() **→** '2005-04-18'