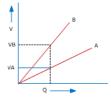


Class XII – Physics (Electric Charges and Fields)

- 1. Show does the force between two point charges change if the dielectric constant of the medium in which they are kept increases?
- 2. A charged rod P attracts rod R whereas P repels another charged rod Q. What type of force is developed between Q an R?
- 3. A free proton and a free electron are placed in a uniform field. Which of the two experience greater force and greater acceleration?
- 4. No two electric lines of force can intersect each other? Why?
- 5. A particle of mass m and charge q is released from rest in a uniform electric field of intensity E. Calculate the kinetic energy it attains after moving a distance s between the plates?
- 6. Two pint charges +q and +9q are separated by a distance of 10a. Find the point on the line joining the two charges where electric field is zero?
- 7. I) The electric field \bar{E} due to a point change at any point near to tit is defined as: $\bar{E} = \lim_{q \to 0} \frac{\bar{F}}{q}$ where q is the test charge and \bar{F} is the force acting on it. What is the significance of $\lim_{q \to 0}$ in this expression?
 - II) Two charges each $2 * 10^{-7}$ C but opposite in sign form a system. These charges are located at points A (0, 0,-10) cm and B (0, 0, 10) cm respectively. What is the total charge and electric dipole moment of the system?
- 8. A) Sketch electric lines of force due to (i) isolated positive charge (i.e. q>0) and (ii) isolated negative charge (i.e. q<0).
 - B) Two pint charges q and –q are placed at a distance 2a apart. Calculate the electric field at a pint P situated at a distance r along the perpendicular bisector of the line joining the charges. What is the field when r >>a?
- 9. The graph shows the variation of voltage V across the plates of two capacitors A and B versus increase of charge Q stored on them. Which of two capacitors have higher capacitance? Give reason for your answer?



10. A sphere of radius r_1 encloses a charge Q. If there is another concentric sphere S_2 of radius r_2 ($r_2 > r_1$) and there is no additional charge between S_1 and S_2 . Find the ratio of electric flux through S_1 and S_2 ?

