



# Introduction to Aadhaar

Vision: To empower residents of India with a unique identity and a digital platform to authenticate anytime, anywhere



#### Unique Identification Authority of India

Government of India



#### Agenda



#### **Aadhaar Enrolment**

#### **Authentication Services**

#### **Aadhaar and Financial Inclusion**

#### **Aadhaar and DBT**

**Privacy and Data Protection** 

**World View on Aadhaar** 

**Financial Inclusion** 



Providing Ration at PDS



**Financial Transactions** 



**Pension Payments** 



**Managing Attendance** 



**MGNREGS Payments** 

Adding New Beneficiaries



#### **About Aadhaar**

- Formal identity proof to Crores of residents 1.16 Bn Aadhaars issued of which 1.14 Bn are LIVE as on 15<sup>th</sup> August 2017
- Gateway to access services
- Tool for streamlining government expenditure & better targeting
- Enabler for transparent and accountable system of public expenditure
- Social inclusion project with a developmental focus & enabler for empowerment

86.7% of total Population Covered

517 Mn+ Residents can receive Govt. Benefits seamlessly using Aadhaar

517 Mn+ Residents can make Banking transactions @ doorsteps using Aadhaar



### Enrolment



#### Need for Unique Identity

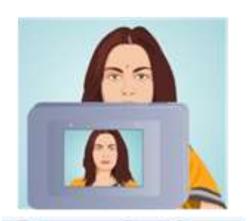
- ✓ Absence of
  - a robust ID utility in the country for residents
  - a nationwide portable Identity across states and services
  - a unique identity that cleanse existing service delivery databases
- ✓ Enabler for -
  - Targeted & efficient delivery of services
  - ❖ Digital ID for 'Digital India' initiative of Govt. of India



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#### HOW AADHAAR GETS GENERATED... ATTRIBUTES CAPTURED DURING ENROLMENT



Photograph of Face



Fingerprints

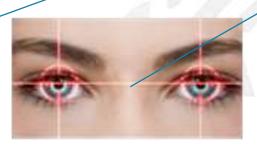






Date of Birth

#### Demographics



Iris

#### Optional



#### MINIMAL DATA COLECTED

#### **DATA NOT COLLECTED**

- RELIGION
- CASTE
- TRIBE
- LANGUAGE
- RECORDS OF ENTITLEMENT
- INCOME OR MEDICAL HISTORY
- PROFESSION

#### **Key Features of Aadhaar:**

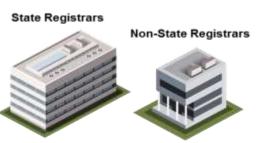
- Only a random number for life time, no smart card
- All residents for children, transgenders
- Uniqueness: 1 person = 1 Aadhaar
- Minimal data collected
- Secured & Privacy of data ensured
- Ubiquitous online authentication
- Enroll & Update from anywhere
- Doesn't confer citizenship, rights, entitlements







#### Aadhaar Enrolment Ecosystem



Registrars





**Enrolment Agencies** 



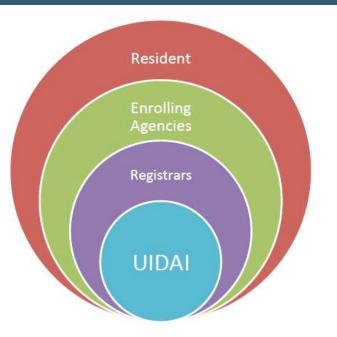
#### **Enrolment Centres**

Salient Traits	Count
Registrars managing enrolment for India	164
Enrolment Agencies conducting enrolment in the field	708
Operator Certification Agencies	1
Certified Operators/ Supervisors	6.28 Lakh
Enrolment Centre	48,000+
Aadhaar Generation Capacity	> 1.5 million per day
Print & Dispatch Capacity	> 1.5 million per day

- Decentralized Enrolment
- Centralized AADHAAR
  Generation
- Scalable Architecture (commodity hardware)
- Standard Software & Processes
- Certified Devices & Manpower
- 2048-bit data encryption using PKI
- Traceability of all actors through audit trail ensured

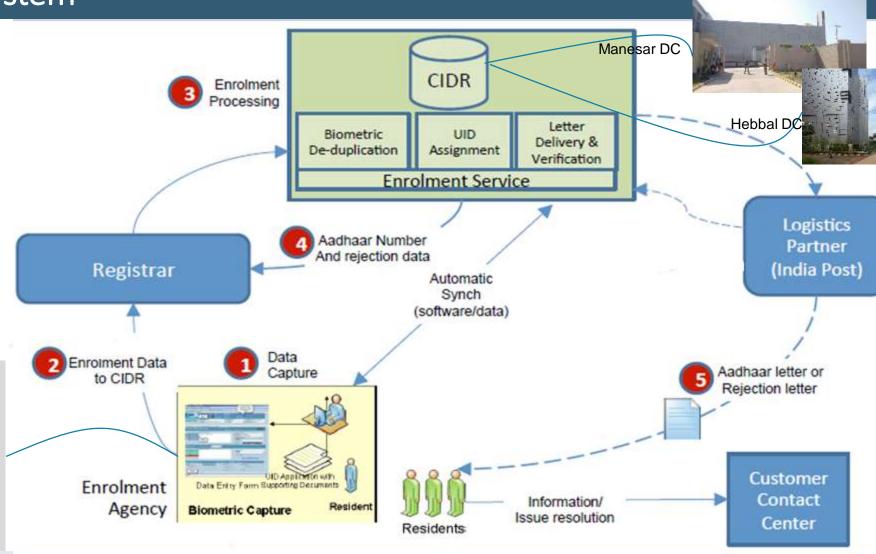


#### Aadhaar Enrolment Ecosystem



#### **Data Security Ensured**

- 2048-bit Encryption of data
- Use of Standard equipment, Certified devices
- Use of certified personnel only





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#### Enrolment Process & Pol/PoA/PoR









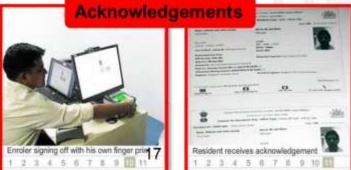








Biometrics Captured



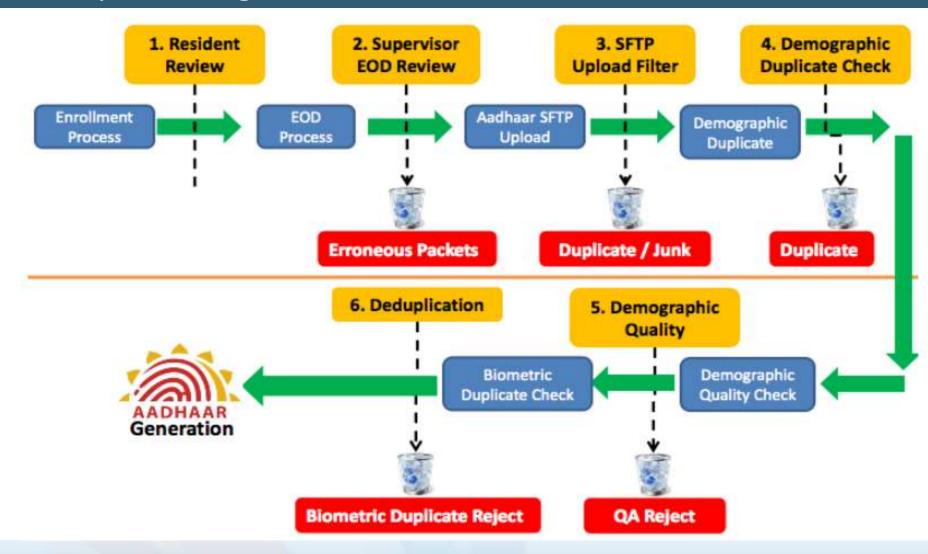


**Enrolment Kit** 

# Approved Documents 18 Proofs of Identity 33 Proofs of Address 8 Proofs of Relationship

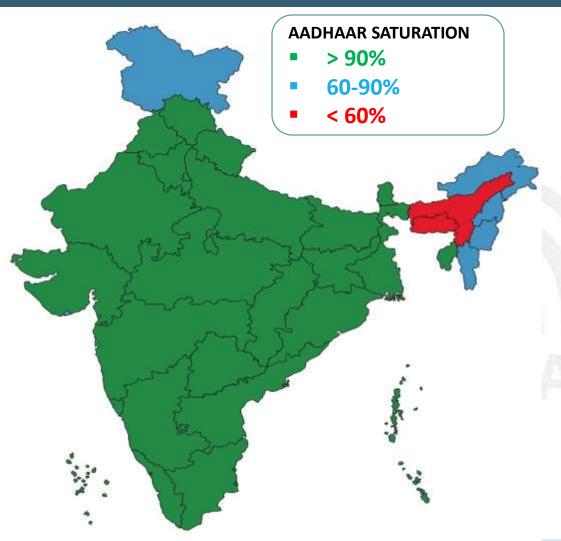


#### **Enrolment Quality Checking Filters**





#### **Aadhaar Progress**



#### **116 CRORE AADHAAR ISSUED**

•	OVERALL	90.4%
•	ADULT	99%
•	CHILDREN 5-18 years age	<b>72.1%</b>
	CHILDREN 0-5 years age	37.6%



#### Architecture Principles

- Design for scale
  - Every component needs to scale to large volumes
  - Millions of transactions and billions of records
  - Accommodate failure and design for recovery
- Open architecture
  - Use of open standards to ensure interoperability
  - Allow the ecosystem to build libraries to standard APIs
  - Use of open-source technologies wherever prudent
- Security
  - End to end security of resident data
  - Use of open source
  - Data privacy handling (API and data anonymization)

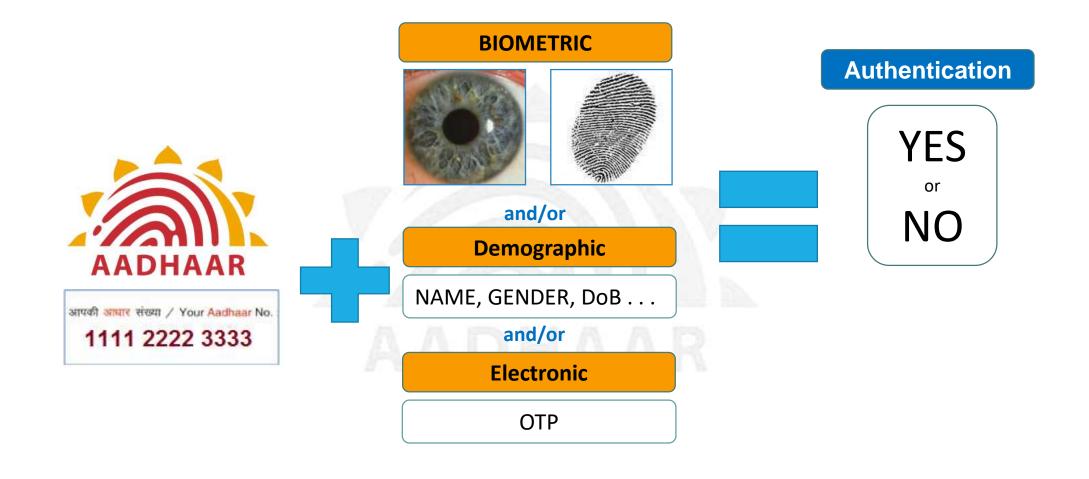
- Inclusion of the marginalized
- Minimal data
- Use in Diverse Services
- High Scalability
- Robust Data Security
- Low Marginal Cost
- High Throughput
- Compliance with Standards
- Vendor Neutrality
- High Availability through Redundancy



### Authentication

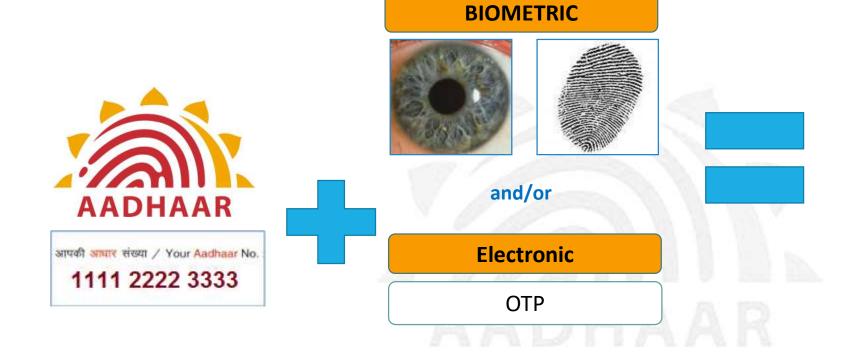


#### **Aadhaar Authentication Services**





#### **Aadhaar Authentication Services – e-KYC**



#### E-KYC

- Name
- Date of Birth
- Gender
- Address
- Photograph
- Phone\*
- Email\*

#### **Advantages**

- Consent based & convenient
- Secure & compliant with IT Act 2000
- Digitally signed by UIDAI thus non-repudiable



#### **Aadhaar Authentication Ecosystem**

Authentication Transactions				
Total number of Authentication Transactions performed since inception	8.65 Bn			
Total number of e-KYC Transactions performed since inception	2.47 Bn			
Avg. No. of Authentication Transactions per day	26 Mn			
Daily Capacity of the system	100 Mn			

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#### Any Aadhaar Enabled Device – microATM Standards 1.5.1









#### Mobile phone with biometric scanner

- Supports PIN/Biometric authentication



### Laptop with fingerprint scanner – Supports Demographic/Biometic/Pin based auth



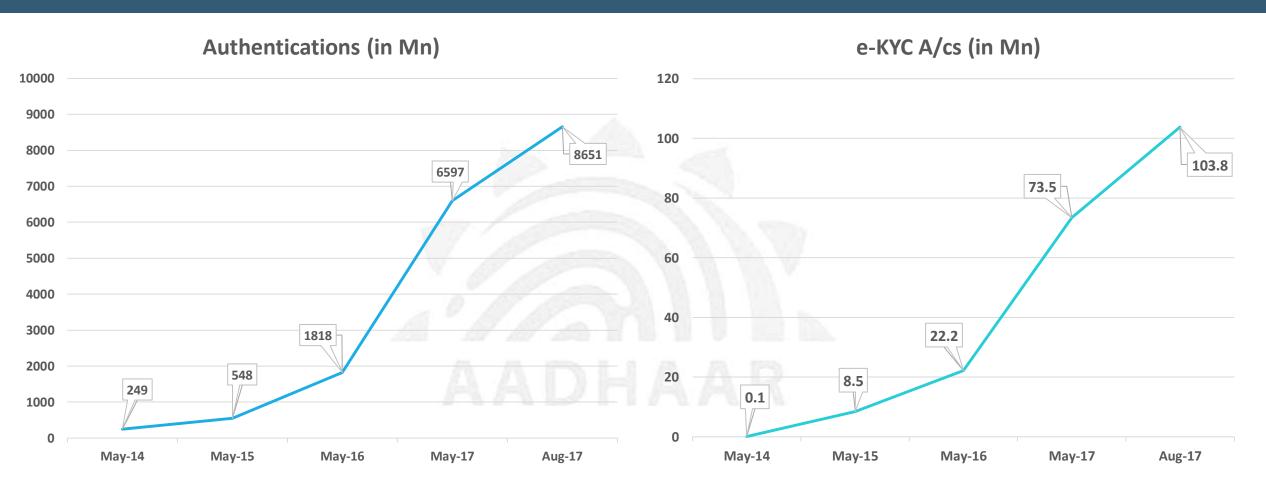








#### **Aadhaar Authentication: Transactions Trend**





# Aadhaar and Financial Inclusion



#### Aadhaar for Digital Payments

#### 1. Aadhaar Payment Bridge (APB):

A payment can be made to a person's bank account via his/her Aadhaar number, provided it is linked to his/her Aadhaar number. Government India transfers benefits and subsidies directly to the beneficiaries bank account through APB. **Over 2.39 billion successful transactions remitted over Rs. 764.7 Bn**.

#### 2. Aadhaar Enabled Payment System (AEPS):

AEPS is the platform in which a person can do basic banking transactions including withdrawal, deposit cash, fund transfer etc. from his /her bank account at Micro-ATMs using biometric authentication. Bank is chosen by resident as it is a resident present transaction. Over 756 million successful transactions done on this platform across nearly 0.33 million microATMs.

#### 3. Aadhaar Pay:

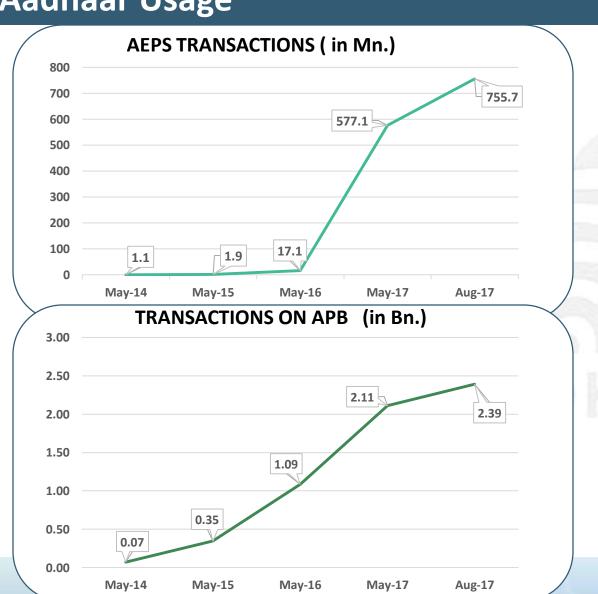
Aadhaar Pay is merchant version of AEPS. The Application works on a low cost android phone with single finger bio-metric device. It enables merchant to take cashless payment from his customers. Launched on 14th April 2017, it is targeting to deploy about 2 million devices by September 2017. Currently 66 banks are already live on Aadhaar Pay system.

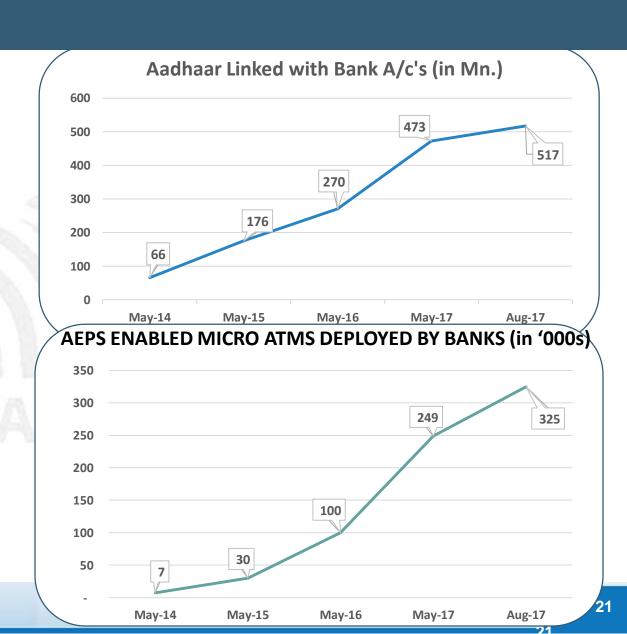
#### 4. Pay to Aadhaar:

It is a facility available on UPI platform integrated in BHIM app. It enables Person-to-Person (P2P) remittance using Aadhaar number of the recipient as financial address. The receiving Aadhaar number should be linked with his/her Aadhaar number. Launched early this year, it has been deployed by over 49 banks and enables over 517 million Aadhaar linked bank a/c's to start receiving money using Aadhaar as financial Address.

# AADHAAR

#### Aadhaar Usage







# Aadhaar and DBT

# AADHAAR

#### **Aadhaar and DBT**

#### Aadhaar as identifier

- Ration Card/ PDS uses Aadhaar bio-metric authentication to identify the beneficiary from BPL families to deliver various food items under food security act
- Aadhaar used for de-duplicating various scheme databases
- Provident fund uses Aadhaar to de-duplicate EPFO accounts

#### Aadhaar based Cash Transfer/ Service

- LPG subsidy credited on placement of refill request
- MGNREGS worker gets his wages in the account based on number of days of work done under the scheme
- Income Tax returns can be e-verified using Aadhaar based OTP
- NSAP beneficiary get his / her cash benefits credited to the Aadhaar linked Bank account every month
- Jeevan Pramaan requires life certificate once a year to get Pension benefits









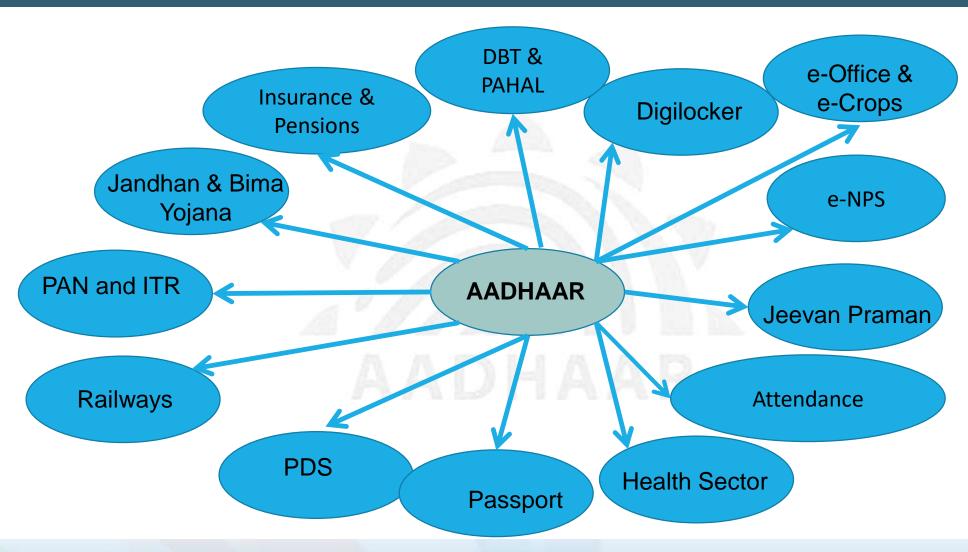
#### **Fiscal Impact Of Aadhaar**

Sr.	Ministry/ Department	ry/ Department Scheme Reported Savings (in Rs. Bn.)		Remarks	
No.			Upto 2015-16	Upto 2016-17	
1	Petroleum & Natural Gas	PAHAL	215.84 Bn (USD 3.17 Bn)	297.69 Bn <b>(USD 4.35 Bn)</b>	Rs 146.72 Bn <b>(USD 2.16 Bn)</b> in 2014-15, Rs 69.12 Bn <b>(USD 1.01 Bn)</b> in 2015-16 & Rs 81.85 Bn <b>(USD 1.20 Bn)</b> in 2016-17
2	Food & Public Distribution	PDS	101.91 Bn (USD 1.50 Bn)	140.00 Bn (USD 2.06 Bn)	In view of deletion of 23.3 Mn Ration Cards upto 2016-17 and better targeting of beneficiaries
3	Rural Development	MGNREGS	30.00 Bn	117.41 Bn	
		NSAP	2.49 Bn	3.99 Bn	
4.	Others	Others	11.20 Bn	11.20 Bn	Information regarding savings in other schemes from States is awaited
TOTA	AL .	•	361.44 Bn (USD 5.3 Bn)	570.29 Bn (USD 8.34 Bn)	

\*Source: www.dbtbharat.gov.in



#### **Key Applications of Aadhaar**





# Privacy and Data Protection



#### **Paradigm Shift**

■ Previous: Government is the OWNER of Data to

New: Government is CUSTODIAN of Data, Resident is OWNER of Data.

#### Privacy - the way forward:

- Resident Consent needed everytime to authenticate, to share his / her data with any registered organization.
- Strict Norms and Penalties on Sharing, Circulating, Display, Publishing, or Posting Publically of Aadhaar Number



#### **Security of Aadhaar data**

- Multi-Layered security and privacy considerations built into core strategy
  - Minimal Information
  - Optimal Ignorance
  - Federated Databases
- Aadhaar authentication services are rarely exposed over any public network
- Authentication of Aadhaar is only allowed through regulated ecosystems of partners
- Entire Aadhaar data (biometric as well as demographic) is secured within the UIDAI's CIDR located within India and fully managed by UIDAI.
- UIDAI is extremely diligent in engaging private agencies and it has a fool proof system to ensures that both security of data and privacy of residents



#### Security of Aadhaar data

- Aadhaar information and UIDAI ecosystems are protected and made secure in two ways
  - through legal provisions of various Acts:
    - CIDR and other assets of UIDAI declared "Protected System" under IT Act 2000
    - Aadhaar Act 2016 has specific chapter on Protection of Information and on Offences and Penalties
  - through technical measures:
    - Usage of encrypted channel, usage of digital certificates, IP filtering, authentication of systems and devices, network protection through firewalls and NIPS, auditing, etc..
- UIDAI has strong process of monitoring each and every operator's work using advanced data analysis and Internal IT Risk Management and Response system and team
- UIDAI has never involved any foreign agency for enrolment and the security measures deployed are such that the Aadhaar data is fully secure and not vulnerable to any attacks.



## World View





#### **World View of Aadhaar**



"...it (AADHAAR) would be the first biometrically verified unique ID implemented on a national scale and would provide the "identity infrastructure" for financial inclusion, as well as for strengthening AML/CFT implementation, delivery of social services, subsidies and other programs and national security, and anti-corruption efforts" (Financial Action Task Force, February 2013)

As per **Digital Dividends Report of World Bank 2016**, once Aadhaar is applied to all social programs and welfare distribution, it is estimated that it will save **USD 11 Billion per annum** 



# Thank You!!