

# Foundations of Audio Signal Processing

## Exercise sheet 2

To be uploaded in eCampus till: 03-11-2018 22:00 (strict deadline)

### Exercise 2.1

[2 + 2 + 2 = 6 points]

Given  $z$ ,  $z_1$ , and  $z_2 \in \mathbb{C}$  and  $z = r \cdot e^{i\phi} = a + ib$ .

- (a) Calculate (without using a calculator) the polar coordinate representation of the following complex number:

$$2e^{\frac{\pi}{2}i}(1+i).$$

- (b) Using polar coordinates, prove the following statement:

$$z\bar{z} = |z|^2$$

- (c) Using the Euler formula  $e^{i\alpha} = \cos(\alpha) + i\sin(\alpha)$  and the equation  $e^{z_1+z_2} = e^{z_1}e^{z_2}$ , prove the following statement:

$$\sin(\alpha) = \frac{1}{2i} (e^{i\alpha} - e^{-i\alpha})$$

### Exercise 2.2

[4 + 4 = 8 points]

- (a) Calculate all  $n$ -th roots of unity and primitive roots of unity for  $n \in \{4, 6\}$ . In addition, illustrate your results in a figure.
- (b) Prove that for all positive integers  $n > 1$ , the sum of all the  $n$ -th roots of unity is equal to 0.

### Exercise 2.3

[2 + 3 + 2 = 7 points]

- (a) Write a Matlab function that converts a complex number from polar to Cartesian coordinates and plots it.
- (b) Write a Matlab function that draws all the primitive  $n$ -th roots of unity for a given  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .
- (c) Verify and visualize using Matlab the following statement:  $\cos(\alpha) = \frac{1}{2} (e^{i\alpha} + e^{-i\alpha})$ .

Please remember that when handing in Matlab exercises you have to follow the rules indicated in exercise sheet 1.