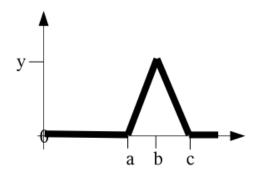
## Department of Computer Science IV, University of Bonn apl. Prof. Dr. Frank Kurth Winter Term 2018/2019

## Foundations of Audio Signal Processing Exercise sheet 7

To be uploaded in eCampus till: 08-12-2018 22:00 (strict deadline)

Exercise 7.1 [3 points]

The following figure shows the Fourier transform  $\hat{f}$  of a function  $f \in L^2(\mathbb{R})$ :



Draw the Fourier transform of the scaled function  $t \mapsto f(t/s)$  for  $s \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$ , specifying explicitly the positions corresponding to a, b, c and y as functions of s.

## Exercise 7.2

[2+2+2+2+2=10 points]

Let  $x, y \in \ell^2(\mathbb{Z}), \lambda \in \mathbb{C}, k \in \mathbb{Z}, \omega_0 \in [0, 1]$ . Prove the following properties of the Fourier transform.

- (a) Linearity:  $\widehat{x+y} = \hat{x} + \hat{y}$  and  $\widehat{\lambda x} = \lambda \hat{x}$ .
- (b) Time shift:  $\widehat{x}_k(\omega) = e^{-2\pi i \omega k} \widehat{x}(\omega)$ , where  $x_k(n) := x(n-k)$ .
- (c) Frequency shift:  $\widehat{x^{\omega_0}}(\omega) = \widehat{x}(\omega + \omega_0)$ , where  $x^{\omega_0}(n) := e^{-2\pi i \omega_0 n} x(n)$ .
- (d) Frequency reversal:  $y = \overline{x} \implies \hat{y}(\omega) = \overline{\hat{x}(-\omega)}$ .
- (e) Time reversal: If, for all integers n, y(n) = x(-n), then  $\hat{y}(\omega) = \hat{x}(-\omega)$ .

When you dial a number on a push-button telephone, each number is associated to a superposition of two sine waves of different frequencies. The following table indicates which frequencies are associated to which number:

	$1209~\mathrm{Hz}$	$1336~\mathrm{Hz}$	1477 Hz
697 Hz	1	2	3
770 Hz	4	5	6
852 Hz	7	8	9
941 Hz	*	0	#

This means that when dialing number 1 on the telephone, a sine wave of 1029 Hz and one of 697 Hz are generated and summed.

- (a) You are given a .wav file in which you can hear a person dialing a 6 digits number. Explain how you could find out which numbers have been dialed.
- (b) Implement a Matlab function that, given the .wav file "dialtones.wav" (which you can find together with the exercise sheet on eCampus), helps you finding out which 6 numbers have been dialed. Note that in the given .wav file, each tone lasts 1 second. Send the .m file and also state clearly in your solutions the numbers you found out.

(Hint: The function does not need to output the numbers, but you should be able to "read-off" the results from suitable plots.).