

Model Equations:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{dV_S}{dt} &= B_V V - (a + \sigma_V + \mu_V) V_S, \\
\frac{dV_E}{dt} &= a \lambda_{VH} V_S - (\tau_V + \mu_V) V_E, \\
\frac{dV_I}{dt} &= \tau_V V_E - \mu_V V_I, \\
\frac{dV_R}{dt} &= [a(1 - \lambda_{VH}) + \sigma_V] V_S - \mu_V V_R, \\
\frac{dH_S}{dt} &= B_H + \delta_H H_R - a \beta_H V_I \frac{H_S}{H} - \mu_H H_S, \\
\frac{dH_E}{dt} &= a \beta_H V_I \frac{H_S}{H} - (\tau_H + \mu_H) H_E, \\
\frac{dH_{I_1}}{dt} &= \nu_H \tau_H H_E - (\gamma_{H_1} + \mu_H) H_{I_1}, \\
\frac{dH_A}{dt} &= (1 - \nu_H) \tau_H H_E - \frac{\gamma_{H_1} \gamma_{H_2}}{\gamma_{H_1} + \gamma_{H_2}} H_A - \mu_H H_A, \\
\frac{dH_{I_2}}{dt} &= \gamma_{H_1} H_{I_1} - [\rho \epsilon_2 \zeta + (1 - \rho) \gamma_{H_2} + \rho(1 - \epsilon_2) p \zeta + \mu_H] H_{I_2}, \\
\frac{dH_R}{dt} &= \rho \epsilon \zeta H_{I_2} - (\delta_H + \mu_H) H_R
\end{aligned}$$

where human birth rate $B_H = \mu_H H + [(1 - \rho) \gamma_{H_2} + \rho(1 - \epsilon_2) p \zeta] H_{I_2}$, the tsetse density-dependent mortality rate $\mu_V = \mu_{V_0}(1 + \mu_{V_1} V)$ and the force of infections

$$\lambda_{VH} = \beta_{VH} \frac{H_{I_1} + k H_A}{H},$$