

## LESSONS LEARNED MINI 2

### Lessons Learned during Individual Assignments

#### Assignment 1 :

Introduced to Activity LifeCycle , learned about Android Development LifeCycle

#### Assignment 2 :

We implemented Mortgage calculator app. In this I learned how to get data from the different input fields and this was like an introduction on using Android. Also learnt about using Content Providers like SQLITE

#### Assignment 3 :

Performed a basic analysis of student records and learned about media player APIs and Containers like Gallery View and so on

#### Assignment 4 :

Learned about Location Services

### Lessons Learned during Project Implementation

Most of the work done in the project borrowed heavily from the **concepts learned in Mini 1**. We learned how to incorporate and use Abstract Classes, Interfaces while developing the application

#### Asynchronous Tasks

We understood the **differences between Background Services and Asynchronous tasks**. The reason we learned about them was because we had to have a clear picture about when to use each of them. When there is **no need for user interaction, we can use a Background service**. If we want to abstract certain activities that are **happening within the application while still presenting an apt user interface** to the user and maintaining screen presence, we can **use asynchronous tasks**

We understood the **bind API** associated with services, the **doInBackground API** associated with Asynchronous tasks and used Asynchronous tasks in our project to connect to remote services

As an extension from Mini 1, we used **HTTP GET** requests to request for services from the Back End via these tasks.

#### Connecting to content provider from the Android Application

We designed and implemented a tiered approach for our application. As part of storing data, we executes SQL queries on a normalized database which we designed ourselves

- **Presentation Tier** : Interacts with the users

- **Business Logic Tier** : Gets components from the user interface and puts into the objects in the front end which implement the logic
- **Integration Tier** : These are typically local and remote services which help us contact the MySQL content provider. At the front end we have services implemented as Asynchronous tasks and at the backend we have
- **Content Provider Tier** : These resources provide mechanism to store user data. It can be databases like SQLITE or MySQL

We connected our servlet to the backend by providing **10.0.2.2 as the IP address** to connect to while testing on the Emulator . While testing on a physical device, we provided the **static IP address** of the machine which runs the server.

### Working with libraries

During the course of this project **we improved code usability** the passing of objects from the Front End to the Back End by using serialization libraries like **JSON and GSON as compared to making our class implement the Serializable interfaces** as in Mini1

We learned to choose **GSON over Jackson** as we are implementing Web Services and GSON has functions like **toJson and fromJson which makes implementation easier.**

### Designing using XML

Although Android Studio provides drag and drop functionality for the purpose of UI design, for fine grain tuning of UI, we grasped some of the properties for the different UI tools and widgets. We also learned how to implement **styles and themes**

### API

Some APIs that we learned during the implementation of this project pertained to the UI class of Expandable Views and SMS and Telephone Managers. Ex :  
The getChild method returns the tab which has been selected by the user.

- The **getGroupView** method returns the parent (in our case this is a user's name) which was selected by the individual using the app.
- We learnt how to invoke a pre-installed app by passing Intents. Ex : We used ACTION\_VIEW intent to check if an SMS can be sent by the **default application or other applications which are pre-installed**

## REFERENCES/ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

1. We referred to example code pertaining to DatePickers in Android Tutorials Point
2. We referred to <http://www.veereshr.com/Android/AndroidToServlet> and developed a similar model to connect to the Android device/emulator
3. We referred to the Best Development Practices document by Aniket Rao and Pushkaraj and implemented a similar design