GATE 2023 EC

EE23BTECH11023-ABHIGNYA GOGULA

Question28:

The Fourier transform $X(\omega)$ of $x(t) = e^{-t^2}$ is Note: $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-y^2} dy = \sqrt{\pi}$

A)
$$\sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{\omega^2}{2}}$$

A)
$$\sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{\omega^2}{2}}$$

B) $\frac{e^{\frac{-\omega^2}{4}}}{2\sqrt{\pi}}$

C)
$$\sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{-\omega^2}{4}}$$

D)
$$\sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{-\omega^2}{2}}$$

Gate 2023 EC Question 28

Solution

$$x'(t) = -2te^{-t^2} (1)$$

$$x'(t) = -2tx(t) \tag{2}$$

doing fourier transform

$$j\omega X(\omega) = -2j\frac{dX(\omega)}{d\omega}$$
 (3)

$$j\omega X(\omega) = -2j\frac{dX(\omega)}{d\omega}$$

$$\int_{0}^{\omega} \frac{dX(\omega)}{X(\omega)} = \int_{0}^{\omega} \frac{\omega d\omega}{-2}$$

$$\frac{X(\omega)}{X(0)} = e^{\frac{-\omega^{2}}{4}}$$

$$X(0) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) dt = \sqrt{\pi}$$

$$X(\omega) = \sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{-\omega^{2}}{4}}$$
(6)

$$\frac{X(\omega)}{X(0)} = e^{\frac{-\omega^2}{4}} \tag{5}$$

$$X(0) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) dt = \sqrt{\pi}$$
 (6)

$$X(\omega) = \sqrt{\pi}e^{\frac{-\omega^2}{4}} \tag{7}$$