Storj Token

```
library(readr)
## Warning: package 'readr' was built under R version 3.5.3
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
##
library(ggplot2)
library(fitdistrplus)
## Warning: package 'fitdistrplus' was built under R version 3.5.3
## Loading required package: MASS
## Attaching package: 'MASS'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
       select
##
## Loading required package: survival
## Loading required package: npsurv
## Loading required package: lsei
token <- read delim('networkstorjTX.txt', delim = " ", col names = F)</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
     X1 = col_double(),
##
##
    X2 = col double(),
    X3 = col_double(),
##
    X4 = col_double()
##
## )
print(token)
```

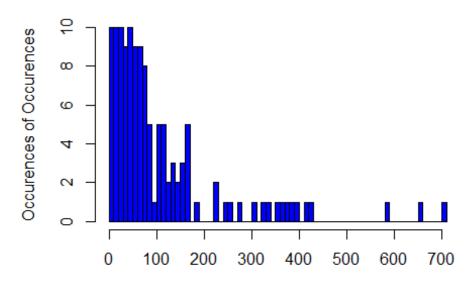
```
## # A tibble: 406,131 x 4
##
           X1
                   X2
                              Х3
                                           Х4
##
        <dbl>
                <dbl>
                           <dbl>
                                        <dbl>
##
   1 6103619 5607448 1524611290 230769000000
##
   2
           17 930403 1524611565
                                  98700000000
   3
##
      930403
                    5 1524612137
                                  98700000000
##
       148332 1757147 1524612282 80312639339
                  573 1524612421 212877929273
##
  5
           17
##
  6
          573
                    5 1524612737 212877929273
  7
##
           17
               87160 1524613395 99700000000
           5
                39994 1524613542 20341300000
## 8
## 9
                   46 1524614390 206106470000
           82
## 10
          171
                  573 1524614582 202600000000
## # ... with 406,121 more rows
names(token) <- c('fromID', 'toID', 'unixTime', 'tokenAmount')</pre>
print(token)
## # A tibble: 406,131 x 4
##
       fromID
                toID
                        unixTime
                                  tokenAmount
##
        <dbl>
                <dbl>
                           <dbl>
##
   1 6103619 5607448 1524611290 230769000000
##
           17 930403 1524611565 98700000000
      930403
##
  3
                    5 1524612137
                                  98700000000
##
  4 148332 1757147 1524612282 80312639339
##
  5
           17
                  573 1524612421 212877929273
## 6
          573
                    5 1524612737 212877929273
##
  7
           17
               87160 1524613395 99700000000
                39994 1524613542
##
  8
           5
                                 20341300000
## 9
           82
                   46 1524614390 206106470000
                  573 1524614582 202600000000
## 10
          171
## # ... with 406,121 more rows
decimals<-10^8
supply<- 424999998.00001337
totalSupply<- decimals * supply
print(totalSupply)
## [1] 4.25e+16
filteredtoken <- filter(token,tokenAmount < totalSupply)</pre>
print(filteredtoken)
## # A tibble: 406,078 x 4
##
       fromID
                toID
                        unixTime tokenAmount
##
        <dbl>
                           <dbl>
                <dbl>
                                        <dbl>
## 1 6103619 5607448 1524611290 230769000000
## 2
           17 930403 1524611565
                                  98700000000
## 3
      930403
                                  98700000000
                    5 1524612137
##
   4
      148332 1757147 1524612282
                                 80312639339
                 573 1524612421 212877929273
## 5
           17
```

```
## 6
          573
                    5 1524612737 212877929273
   7
                87160 1524613395 99700000000
##
           17
            5
##
  8
                39994 1524613542 20341300000
## 9
           82
                   46 1524614390 206106470000
                  573 1524614582 202600000000
## 10
          171
## # ... with 406,068 more rows
filteredtoken <- filter(token,fromID != toID)</pre>
print(filteredtoken)
## # A tibble: 402,453 x 4
       fromID
##
                 toID
                        unixTime tokenAmount
##
        <dbl>
                <dbl>
                            <dhl>
                                         <dbl>
## 1 6103619 5607448 1524611290 230769000000
## 2
           17 930403 1524611565 98700000000
## 3 930403
                    5 1524612137 98700000000
## 4
      148332 1757147 1524612282 80312639339
  5
##
           17
                  573 1524612421 212877929273
          573
                    5 1524612737 212877929273
## 6
##
  7
           17
                87160 1524613395 99700000000
## 8
            5
                39994 1524613542 20341300000
## 9
           82
                   46 1524614390 206106470000
## 10
          171
                  573 1524614582 202600000000
## # ... with 402,443 more rows
NoOfOutliers <- count(token)-count(filteredtoken);</pre>
print(NoOfOutliers)
##
## 1 3678
result <-filteredtoken %>% count(fromID, toID, sort = FALSE)
names(result) <- c('fromID', 'toID', 'Occurences')</pre>
names(result)
## [1] "fromID"
                    "toID"
                                  "Occurences"
sum(result$0ccurences)
## [1] 402453
result$0cc = 1
result_new <- aggregate(result$0cc, by=list(result$0ccurences), FUN=sum)</pre>
names(result_new) <- c('Number','Occurences')</pre>
head(result new)
##
     Number Occurences
## 1
          1
                198834
## 2
          2
                 44017
## 3
          3
                 14089
## 4
          4
                  4207
```

```
## 5     5     2216
## 6     6     1396

hist(result_new$Number, breaks = 100, col = c("blue"), xlab = "Number of
Occurences", ylab = "Occurences of Occurences", main = "Plot for token token")
```

Plot for token token



Number of Occurences

```
fit.exp.result <- fitdist(result_new$Number, 'exp')</pre>
fit.gamma.result <- fitdist(result_new$Number, 'gamma',lower = c(0, 0), start</pre>
= list(scale = 1, shape = 1))
fit.geometric.result <- fitdist(result_new$Number, 'geom')</pre>
fit.log.result <- fitdist(result new$Number, 'logis')</pre>
fit.lnorm.result <- fitdist(result_new$Number, 'lnorm')</pre>
fit.nbinom.result <- fitdist(result_new$Number, 'nbinom')</pre>
fit.norm.result <- fitdist(result new$Number, 'norm')</pre>
fit.pois.result <- fitdist(result new$Number, 'pois')</pre>
fit.unif.result <- fitdist(result_new$Number, 'unif')</pre>
fit.weibull.result <- fitdist(result new$Number, 'weibull')</pre>
gofstat(list(fit.weibull.result, fit.gamma.result, fit.lnorm.result,
fit.exp.result, fit.log.result))
## Goodness-of-fit statistics
                                  1-mle-weibull 2-mle-gamma 3-mle-lnorm
## Kolmogorov-Smirnov statistic
                                     0.08070105 0.09181971 0.06026925
## Cramer-von Mises statistic
                                     0.15736680
                                                               0.10223441
                                                  0.19431060
## Anderson-Darling statistic
                                     0.93148358 1.07418524
                                                              0.63858344
##
                                   4-mle-exp 5-mle-logis
```

```
## Kolmogorov-Smirnov statistic 0.09605241
                                              0.1917018
## Cramer-von Mises statistic
                                 0.21412425
                                              0.8888001
## Anderson-Darling statistic
                                 1.15387288
                                              7.1571758
##
## Goodness-of-fit criteria
##
                                   1-mle-weibull 2-mle-gamma 3-mle-lnorm
## Akaike's Information Criterion
                                        1429.939
                                                                 1430.977
                                                    1430.627
                                                    1436.283
## Bayesian Information Criterion
                                        1435.596
                                                                 1436.633
##
                                   4-mle-exp 5-mle-logis
## Akaike's Information Criterion
                                    1428.733
                                                1540.632
## Bayesian Information Criterion
                                    1431.561
                                                1546.289
plot(fit.lnorm.result)
```

Empirical quantiles

Empirical and theoretical den

