

APPLICATION : ALGORITHMS

The Division Algorithm :

Based on quotient remainder theorem,

$$a = dq + r \text{ and } 0 \leq r < d$$

Algorithm :

$$r := 0, q := 0$$

while ($r \geq d$)

$$r := r - d$$

$$q := q + 1$$

end while

return (q, r)

$$(\gcd(a, b) \times \text{LCM}(a, b) = a \times b)$$

Euclidean Algorithm :

• If $r \in \mathbb{Z}^+$, $\gcd(0, r) = r$

• If $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$ and $a, b \neq 0$

$$a = bq + r$$

$$\gcd(a, b) = \gcd(b, r)$$

Premises

(Lemma on which
Euclid algorithm
is based)

$\gcd(A, B)$:

$$a := A, b := B, r := B$$

$$A, B \geq 0$$

while ($b \neq 0$)

$$r := a \bmod b$$

$$a := b$$

$$b := r$$

end while

return a